Pharmacopœia Londinensis; OR, THE

London Dispensatory

FURTHER

Adorned by the Studies and

collections of the Fellows now living, of the faid COLLEDG.

In this Impression you may find.

- 1. Three hundred Ufefull Additions.
- 2. All the Notes that were in the Margent are brought into the Book between two such Crotchets as are these []
- 3. The Vertues, Qualities, and Properties, of every Simple,
- 4. The Vertues and Use of the Compounds.
- 5. Cautions in giving all Medicines that are dangerous.
- 6. All the Medicines that were in the Old Latin Dispensatory, and are left out in the New Latin one, are printed in this Impression in English, with their Vertues.
- 7. A KEY to Galen and Hippocrates their Method of Physick, containing Thirty three Chapters.
- 8. In this Impression, the Latin name of every one of the Compounds is printed, and in what Page of the new folio Latin Book they are to be found.

By Nich. Culpeper, Gent. Student in Physick and Astrology.

LONDON,

Printed by John Streater, and are to be fold by George Sambridge on Clerken-well-Green, 1660.



To the Reader.

Kind Country-men I conceive it convenient at this time to fay something concerning this Book in particular, and my Books in General.

First for this Book. I have now made Three hundred very useful Additions to this Impression, which are not in any of the former Editions, which will be very beneficial to all that understand not the Latin, or have not studied Physick very many years.

Two bandred of these Additions, are of precious things that I knew my self by Experience, (which are not one quarter so dear as those that are prescribed in the former Editions of the Dispensatory, or such as I have received from the most able Physicians.

There is a Connterfeit Impression of this Book, in which are so many gross errors, that I must say, though it bear my Name, it's none of mine, I do disclaim it, there being thirty gross errors in three sheets thereof. I began to correct the Errors in the Book, but I found them so many (that were dangerous ones) that I had no Patience to go through the Work; and therefore think sit at present (till I am more healthful) only to disclaim it as none of mine, and give as much publick notice thereof as I can.

Secondly, for my Books in Generall: There bave been seve-

ral Men bave made several Objections against them.

First they Object against my making many Additions to the several Impressions that have been printed of my Books.

I. To which I give these Answers: First I seldom made any Additions to any of them, unless they were first counterfeited (by sellows as like Theeves, as a Pomewater is like an Apple,) and then I held my self bound to do something to distinguish my Children from their illegitimate brood.

2. I do hereby engage, not to make any Additions to any of my
A 2

Books

To the Reader.

Books, unless some Thief do steal my Copy by reprinting, from

fuch persons as I have, or shall fell them unto,

3. Seeing it's so difficult to make any thing perfect, it must be done by much labour, time and experience; and Considering my Additions were most of them upon such special occasions as above-said, I hope they rather merit your pardon than indignation.

Secondly, Some have objected against my writing Books

in English.

I. I answer, That I have so many good Presidents for that, in French, Italian, and Greek Authors, as I question not, but will fully satisfie all bonest souls.

2. I have had so much success in them already published, That I shall never be content untill I have compleated all the

Parts of the English Physicians Library.

I have written Seventeen Books of Physick, (besides those already published) which will discover to you the whole Method of Physick, both according to Paracellus and Galen's Practice; I have also to each of the Seventeen Books made two several Appendixes, which I have so contrived, that they may be properly inserted into each of the Seventeen Books in several places in them; which I will undoubtedly do, if any person be so bold as to counterfeit any of my Books: But I shall print them alone, if I be not so abused; that none may be compelled to buy one thing twice.

I shall not trouble the Reader further, being my self sick and weak, no way fit for Study or Writing. But now pleasing my self in viewing those things that were written in my health, with this delightful thought, I shall do good to my Country-men; yea, them that are yet unborn; for their healths (as well as the now living) have I lost my own. And could cheerfully (for the good of the Eng-

lish Nation) even cease to be.

From my House on the East fide of Spittle-Fields, near London. This 30. of Deecmber, 1653.

Nich. Culpeper.

I thou ever intendeft to study Physick, and turn neither Fool nor Knave in that samous Science, be well Skilled in this Astrologo-Physical Discourse sollowing, here's enough for thee to whet thy Wits upon: Sympathy and Antipathy are the two Hinges upon which the whole Body of Physick turns: Thou hast the Radix of them here. Here is a Foundation for thee to erect the whole Fabrick upon, if thou beest wise; if not, thou art unsit to make a Physician. I love well, and am as willing to help all ingenious men, though their parts be never so weak: but I hate pride in whomsoever I find it. I now hid thee farewell for this time.

Jan 2. 1653.

NICH. CULPEPER.

An Astrologo-Physical Discourse of the Human Vertues in the Body of MAN; both

I. Principal. And 2. Administring.

Numane Vertues

Administring

Administring

Procreation.

Conservation.

Attractive.

Digestive.

Retentive.

Expulsive.

Terrues Confervative Natural. The Intellective is Judgments Memory,

An Aftrologo-Phyficall Difcourfe.

CBlood. By the Natural are) Choler. bred Flegm. Melancholy.

CIn:ellective The Animal Vertue is C Senfitive.

Common, The Scaffitive is CParticular.

Seeing, Hearing. The Particular is Smelling Talting, Feeling.

He Scope of this Discourse is, 1 To preferve in foundness, vigor and acuity, the Mind and Understanding of Man; to strengthen the Brain, preserve the Body in health, rto teach a man to be an able Co-artificer, or helper of Nature, to withfand a nd expell Difeafes.

I shall touch only the principal Faculties both of Body and Mind, which being kept in a due decorum, preferve the Body in health, and the

Mind in vigor.

I shall in this place speak of them only in the general as they are laid down to your view in the Syno fis, in the former Pages, and in the lame order.

The first in Vertae Procreative]. order, is the Vertue Procreative ; for like. Nature regards not only the Confervation of it felf, but to beget its like, and conferve it Species.

The feat of this is in the Members of Generation, and is governed principally by the influence of Ve-

It is augmented and increased by the Arength of Venus, by her Herbs, Roots, Trees, Minerals &c.

It is diminished and purged by those of Mirs, and quite extinguished lar Humors, Blood, Choler, Flegm, by those of Saturn.

Observe the Hour and Medicines

of Venus, to Fortifie; of Mars to Cleanse this Vertue; of Satura, to Extinguish it.

Confervative.] The Confervative Vertue is, Vital, Natural, Ani-

Vital. The Vital Spirit hath its residence in the Heart and is disperfed from it by the Arteries; and is governed by the influence of the Sun. And it is fo to the Body, as the Sun is to the Creation : As the Heart is in the Microcosm, so is the Sun in the Megacofm : for as the Sun gives life, light, and Motion to the Creation, so doth the Heart to the Body; therefore it is called, Sol Corporis, as the Sun is called Cor Cali, because the Operations are so

Inimical and destructive to this vertue, are Saturn and Mars.

The Herbs and Plants of Sol, won-

derfully fortifie it.

Natural.] The Natural Faculty of vertue refides in the Liver, and is generally governed by Jupiter, Quafi Juruns Pater ; its office is to nourish the Body, and is dispersed through the body by the veins.

From this are bred four paticu-

Melancholy.

An Aftrologo-Physical Difcourfe.

Blood is made of Meat perfectly concocted, in quality hot and moift, governed by fupiter: it is by a third concoction transmuted into Flesh, the superfluity of it into seed, and its receptacle is the Veins, by which it is dispersed throughout the Body.

Choler is made of Meat more than perfectly concocted; it is the spume or froth of blood: clarifies all the Humors, hears the Body, nourisheth the Apprehension, as Blood doth the Judgment. It is in quality hot and dry fortifieth the attractive faculty, as Blood doth the digestive; moves man to activity and valour: Its receptacle is the Gall, and it is under the influence of Mars.

Flegm is made of meat not prefeetly digefted; it fo fortifies the vertue expulsive, as makes the Body flippery, fit for ejection; it fortifies the Brain by its confimilitude with it; yet it spoils Apprehension by its Antipathy to it. It qualifies Choler, cools and moistens the heart, therby fulraining ir, and the whole Body, from the fiery effects, which continual motion would produce : Its receptacle is the Lungs, and is governed by Ve ms, some say by the Moon, perhaps it may be governed by them both; it is cold and moist in quality.

Melancholy, is the fed ment of blood, cold and dry in quality, fortifying the Retentive Faculty, and Memory; makes them fober, folid and staid; for study, stayes the unbridled toyes and fooleries of lustful thoughts, and reduceth then home to the Centre:

It is like a grave Counceller to the whole body: Its receptable is in the Spleen, and it is governed by Scture.

Of all these Humors, blood is the chief, all the rest are but superfluities of blood; yet are they necessary superfluities, for without any of them, man cannot live.

Namely, Choler is the fiery superfluity; Flegm, the Watry; Melancholy, the Earthly.

Animal.] The third principal Vertue remains, which is Animal a Its residence is in the Brain, and Mercury is the general fignificator of it. Ptolomy held the Moon fignified the Animal vertue; and I am of an Opinion, both Mercur and the Moon dispose it : And my reason is, t. Because both of them in Nativities either fortifie, or impedite it. 2 Ill directions to either, or from either, afflict it, as good ones help it. Indeed the Moore rules the bulk of it, as also the fenficive part of it : Mercury the rational part : and shat's the Reason, if in a Nativity the Moon be stronger than Mercury, Sence many times overpowers Reason; but if Mercury be strong, and the Moon weak, Reason will be Master ordinarily in despice of Sense.

It is divided into Intellective, and Sensitive.

1. Intellective.] The Intellective refides in the Brain, within the Pia Mater, and is governed generally by Mercury

It is divided into Imagination, Judgment and Memory.

Imagination is seated in the forepart of the Brain; it is hot and dry

A 4

in quality, quick, active, alwaies; to know a mans own complexion, by working; it receives vapours from his dreams; I mean a man void of the heart, and coyns them into diffractions, or deep studies (this doughts; it never fleeps, but al- most affuredly shews Mercury to difwaies is working, both when the man pose of the Imagination, as also be-Judgement is awake, it regulates the to any object, as Mercury's nature is Imagination, which runs at randome to do) for then the Imagination will when Judgement is afleep, and forms follow its old bend; for if a man be any thought according to the nature bent upon a business, his Apprehenof the vapour fent up to it, Mercury fron will work as much when he is a-

h is thoughts run at randome.

men do : Imagination never seeps. nate Complexion by the dreams, I Memory sometimes sleeps when men have read some most excellent Vernot been awake to remember it.

it is alwaits fo.

A man may easily perceive his by study, as when the man is awake; Judgement afleep before himself ma- and perhaps more too, because then ny times, and then he shall perceive it is not impedited by ocular objects.

Judgement alwaics sleeps when For the notion of the predomileep, and sometimes it doth not. So les, made by Thomas May Esq; which en when Memory is awake, and the I shall here insert; by which, if the nan afleep, then Memory remembers | Complexion be not altered much in what Apprehension coyns, and that is quantity nor quality, you may know a dream : The Thoughts would by your most usual Dreams, not onhave been the same if Memory had; ly your own complexion, but also what every complexion is prone and These thoughts are commonly (I inclinable to: (I suppose, and really mean in sleep when they are purely believe, That many men and women natural) framed according to the may know strange truths by their nature of the Humor, called Com- dreams, if their Nativities be accorplexion, which is predominate in the dingly either by nature, or perhaps body; and if the humor be peccant, if the business be rectified by art; of which I may happen to write fome-So that it is one of the furest rules thing hereafter.) They are these :

Sanguine Complexion.

There all together flye in Companies Of different colours, shapes and qualities, Bright Sanguise Dreams, that feem to cheer the night with beauteous shapes, and rose wings as bright, As is the morning, or thefe Flowers that g :ce Is milft of Spring the printed Flora's face:

An Astrologo-Physical Discourse.

mithin the Temple merrily do sport, To whom the little Cupids oft refort: The little Cupids from fair Venus Grove, Stealing by night, do thither come and love, With those bright fanguine Dreams to pass away The hours of night, in sport and amorous play.

Cholcrick Complexion.

There Dreams of Choler in a flame-like bue, Through th' Air, like little fiery Metcors flew With (wift and angry motion, to and fro, As if they fought within that place, a foe. Sometimes up to the Temples roof, on high, They foar, as if they meant to feale the Skie: Or some impossible atchievement sought Tallay the the thirst of an aspiring thought.

Melancholick Complexion.

But down below, with fad and heavy cheer. On dead mens Tombs, and every Sepulcher The dasky Dreams of melancholy dight, With Sable wings, like Bats, or Birds of night, Fluttering in darkest corners, here and there, But all alone, and fill cach other fear : Courting dead skulls, and feeming to invite The dismal Ghosts, for company by night.

Flegmatick Complexion.

There all along the Temples whited wall, Flegmatick lazie Drcams, not wing'd at all, But flow like flimy Snails, about do crawl, And evermore, are thence afraid to fall, And fo be drown'd, for on the floor below They do suppose great Pools of water flow.

Nativity.

And thus much for Imagination, of the Brain, to shew that it ought which is governed by Mercury, and to bear rule over all the other fafortified by his influence; and is al- culties; it is the judge of the little so strong or weak in man, according World, to approve of what is good, as Mercury is strong or weak in the and reject what is bad: It is the Seat of Reason, and the Guide of Judgement is feated in the midft Actions; fo that all failings are committee

not rightly judging between a real and an apparent good. It is hot and moift in quality, and under the influence of Fupiter.

Memory is feated in the hinder cel of the Brain, it is the great Regifter to the little world; and its Office is to record things either done

and past, or to be done.

It is in quality cold and dry, & melancholick, and therefore generally melancholick men have the best Memories, and most tenacious every way. It is under the Dominion of Saturn, and is fortified by his Influence, but purged by the Luminaries.

2. Sensitive] The second part of the Animal Vertue, is Senfitive, and it is divided into two parts, Common and Particular.

Common Sente is an imaginary term, and that which gives vertue to all the partic : lar Senies, and knits or unites them together within the Piamater. It is regulated by Mercury, (perhaps this is one reason why men are so fickie-headed) and its office is to preferve a Harmony among the Senfes.

> Particul r Senses are five, Secine , Hearin", Sarlling. Talling, Freling.

Thee Senies are united in one . in the Brain, by the common fenfe, but are operative y diffingu thed into their feveral feats, and places of relidence.

The Sight refices in the Eyes,

committed through its infirmity , it | and particularly in the Christalline Humor; it is in quality cold and moift, and governed by the Luminaries; They who have them weak in their genefis, have alwaies weak fights; if one of them be fo, the weakenetle possesseth but one Eye.

> The Hearing relides in the Bars : is in quality, cold and dry, Melancholy, and under the Dominion of Sa-

tara.

The Smelling relides in the nole, is in quality hot and dry, cholerick, and that is the reason cholerick creatures have fo good fmells, as Dogs. It is under the Influence of Mars.

The Tast resides in the Palate which is placed at the root of the tongue on purpole to discern what food is congruous for the stomach: and what not; as the Meleraick veines are placed to discern what nourithment is proper for the Liver to convert into blood; in some very few men, and but a few, and in those tew, but in a very few meats these two tasters agree not, and that is the reason some men cover mears that m ke them fick, viz. The taft craves them, and the Meieraick veins reject them: In quality hot and moift, and is ruled by Jupiterr.

The Feeling is deputed to no particular Organ, but is spread abroad over the whole body; is of . all qualities hot, cold, dry ard moift, and is the Index of all tangible things ; for if it were only hor alone, it could not feel a quality contrary, viz. cold; and so might be spoken of other qualities. It is under the Dominion of Vinus, some say Mercury: A thouland to one but its

under Mercury.

The

Attractive, Digeftive, R. tent. v. Expulsive.

The Attractive Vertue is hot and dry; hot by hot quality, active, or principal : and that appears, because the fountain of all hear is Attractive, v.z. The Sun. Dry by a quality paffive, or an effect of its heat; its Office is to remain in the Body, and call for what Nature wants.

It is under the Influence of the Sin, lay Authors, and not under Mars; because he is of a corrupting Nature, (Experience is worth more than Tradition ten thousand times told over) yet if we cast an impartial Eye upon Experience we shall find that Martial men call for meat none of the leaft, and for drink the most of all other men, although many times they corrupt the Body by it; and therefore I fee no reason why Mars being of the same quality with the Sim, thould not have there in the dominion.

It is vain to Object, That this Influence of Mars is evil, and therefore he should have no dominion over this Vertue ; for then.

1. By the fame rule, he should have no dominion at all in the Body of man.

2. All the vertues in man are naturally Evil, & corrupted by Adam's fall.

This Atractive vertue ought to be fortified when the Moon is in hery ligns, viz. Aries and Sagitary, but not in Leo for the fignis fo violent, that no Physick ought to be given when the Moon is there : (and why

The four administring Vertues | not Lee, seeing that is the most Attractive fign of all? And that's the reason such as have it ascending in their Genefis, are such greedy eaters) If you cannot stay till the Moon be in one of them, let one of them afcend when you administer the medicine.

> The Digestive Vertue is hot and maift, and is the principal of them all, the other like hand-maids attend it.

> The Attractive Vertue draws that which it should digest, and serves conrinually to feed and supply it.

> The Retentive Vertue retains the substance with it, till it be perfectly digested.

> The Expulsive Vertue casteth out, and expelleth what is superfluous by digestion.

> It is under the Influence of Jupiter, and fortified by his Herbs and Plants, &c.

In fortifying it, let your Moon be in Gemini, Aquarius, or the first half of Libra; or if matters be come to that extremity, that you cannot flay till that time, let one of them afcend, but both of them together . would do better, alwaies provided that the Moon be not in the ascendant. I cannot believe the Moon afflicts the Afcendant to fuch as they talk of if the be well dignified, and in a fign the delights in.

The Retentive Vertue is in quality cold and dry; cold, because the nature of cold is to compress, withers the Ice; dry because the nature of driness, is to keep and lold what is compressed.

It is under the Influence of Saturn. and that is the reason why usually Saturnine men are lo covetous and In fortifying it, make use of the Herbs and Plants, &c. of Saturn, and let the Moon be in Taurus or Virgo; Capricorn is not so good, say Authors, (I can give no reason for that neither) let not Saturn nor his ill aspect molest the Ascendent.

The Expulsive Faculty is cold and moist; cold, because that compresfeth the superfluities; moist, because that makes the body slippery and sit for ejection, and disposeth it

to it.

It is under the dominion of Luna, with whom you may joyn Venus, because she is of the same nature.

Also in whatsoever is before written of the nature of the Planets take notice, That fixed Stars of the same Nature, work the same effects.

In fortifying this, (which ought to be done in all Purgations) let the Moon in Cancer, Scorpio or Pifes, or let one of these signs ascend.

A Lthough I did what I could throughout the whole Book to express my self in such a Language as might be understood by all, and therefore avoided terms of Art as much as might be, (it being the task of the Colledge to write only to the Learned and the Nurslings of Apollo, but of my Self to do my Countrey good; which is the Center all my Lines tend to, and I desire should terminate in) Yet,

1. Some words must of necessity fall in which need Explanation.

2. It would be very tedious at the end of every Receipt to repeat over and over again, the way of admini-fration of the Receipt, or ordering your Bodies after it, or to instruct you in the mixture of Medicines,

In fortifying it, make use of the and indeed would do nothing else but erbs and Plants, &c. of Saturn, and Buff the Book full of Tautologie.

To answer to both these is my

To the first :

The words which need explaining, such as are obvious to my eye, are these that follow.

the usual way of distilling in water. It is no more than to place your Glass Body which holds the matter to be distilled in a convenient vessel of water, when the water is cold (for fear of breaking) put a wisp of straw, or the like, under it, to keep it from the bottom, then make the water boyl, that so the Spirit may be distilled forth; take not the Glass out till the water be cold again, for fear of breaking: It is impossible for a man to learn how to do it, unless he saw it done.

2. Manica Hypocratis, Hypocrates his Sleeve, is a piece of woollen-cloth new and white, fewed together in form of a Sugar-loaf. Its use is, to strain any Syrup or Decocion through, by pouring it into it, and suffering it to run through without

prefling or crushing it.

3. Calcination, Is a burning of a thing in a Crucible or other fuch convenient vessel that will endure the fire. A Crucible is such a thing as your Goldsmiths melt Silver in, and your Founders their Metals; you may place it in the midst of the fire, with coals above, below, and on every side of it.

4. Filtration, Is a straining of a liquid body through a brown Paper:
Make up the Paper in form of a Funnel, the which having placed in

a Fus

Funnel, and placed the Funnel and the Paper in it in an empty Glass, pour in the Liquor you would filter, and let it run through at its which any thing is boyled. leifure.

5. Congulation, Its curdling or hardning : It is used in Physick for reducing a liquid body to hardness

by the heat of the fire.

6. Whereas you find Vital, Natural and Animal Spirits often mentioned in the Vertues of Receipts, I shall explain what they be, and what their operation is in the Body of Man.

The action or operations of the Animal Vertues, are, I. Sensitive. 2. Motive.

Internal.

The External Senses are, I. Secing. 2. Hearing. 3. Tafting. 4. Smelling 5. Feeling.

The Internal Senses are, I. The Imagination to apprehend a thing: 2. Judgment to Judge of it 3. Memory to Remember it.

The Seat of all these is in the accept of these few Rules.

Brain.

The Vital Spirits proceed from the Heart, and cause in Man Mirth, Joy, Hope, Trust, Humanity, Mildness, Courage, &c. and their opposites, viz. Sadness, Fear, Care, Sorrow, Despair, Envy, Hatred, Stubbornnes, Revenge, &c. by hear Natural or not Natural.

The Natural Spirit nourisheth the Body throughout (as the Vital quickens it, and the Animal gives it Sense and Motion) Its office is to alter or Engender, Nourish, and Increase the work. Body.

7. Infusion, is to steep a gross bud dy into one more Liquid.

8. Decoction is the Liquor in

As for the manner of using or ordering the body after any sweating or parging Medicines, or Pill, or the like, the Table at the later end of the Medicines, will direct you to what Pages you may find them inlook but the word [Rules] there,

As also in the next Page.

The different forms of making up Medicines, as some into Syrups, others in Electuaries, Pills, Troches, &c. was partly to please the different Palates of people, that so Medicines might be more delightful, or at least The Sensitive is, I. External less burdensome : in such a case, the Table of Vertues at the later end will univerfally furnish you with the generality of both Simples and Compounds appropriated to the Diseases.

> You may make the mixture of them in what form you please, only for your better instruction at present,

1. Confider That all Discases are cured by their contraries, but all parts of the Body maintained by their likes. Then if heat be the cause of the disease, give the cold Medicine appropriated to it; If Wind, see how many Medicines appropriated to that Disease expell wind, and use them.

2. Have a care you use not such Medicines to one part of your body which are appropriated to another; for if your Brain be over-heated, and concoct Food into Chyle, Chyle into | you use such medicines as cool the Blood, Blood into flesh, to Form, Heart or Liver, you may make mad

Herbe you would take for a Disease, is a fit mixture for the Syrup of the fame Herb, or to make any Electiary in:o a drink. it you affect fuch liquid Medicines best : if you have not the distilled water, make use of the Decoction.

. Diseases that lye in the parts of the Body remote from the Stomach and Bowels, it is in vain to think to carry away the cause at once, and therefore you had belt do it by degrees; Pills, and fuch like Medicines which are hard in the Budy, are fittest for such a bufinels, because they are longest before they digeft.

5. Use no strong Medicines if weak will ferve the turn ; you had better take one too weak by half, than!

too too frong in the leaft.

6. Confider the Natural temper of the part of the body afflicted, and maintain it in that, elfe you extinguish Nature, as the Heart is hot, the Brain cold, or at least the coldest part of the Body.

7. Ooserve this general Rule: That fuch Medicines 'as are hot in Purge. the first degree, are most habitual to our Bodies, because they are just of

the hear of our Blood.

8. All opening Medicines, and such as provoke Urine, or the Terms, or hind them. break the Stone, may most conveniently be given in white Wine, because white Wine of it felf is of an! opening Nature, and cleanleth the Reins gallantly.

9. Let all tuch Medicines as are taken to ftop Fluxes or Loofnels be taken before meat, about an hour you may fafely take them at night, before, more or less that so he y may ea ing but a little Supper three or

3. The distilled Water of any | tive faculty , before the Food come into the Stomach; But such as are lu ject to vomit up their meat, let them take such Medicines as stay vomiting presently after meat, at the conclusion of their Meals, that so they may close up the mouth of the ftomach; and that is the Reason why ulually men car a bit of Cheese after Meals, because by its sowrness and binding it closeth the mouth of the stomach, thereby staying belching and vomitting.

> 10. In taking Purges be very careful; and that you may be so observe

these Rules:

1. Consider what the humor offending is, and let the Medicine be fuch as purgeth that humor, elfe will you weaken Nature, or the Difcafe.

- 2. Take notice if the humor you would purge out be thin, then gentle Medicines will ferve the turn; but if it be tough and viscous, take such Medicines as are cutting and opening, the night before you would take the
- 3. In purging though humors, forbear as much as may be such medicines as leave a binding quality be-
- 4. Having a care of taking of Purges when your Body is aftringent your best way, is first to open it by a Clyster.
- 5. In taking opening medicines, Arcngthen the digestion and reten- four hours before, and the next morning

morning drinking a draught of Poffet-drink, you need not fear to go about your bufiness. In this manner you may take Lenitive Electuary, Diacatholicon, Pulp of Caffia and the like gentle Electuaries, as also all Pills that have neither Diagridium nor Colocyathis, in them. But all violent Purges require a due ordering of the Body, such ought to be taken in the morning after you are up, and not to fleep after them before they have done working, at least before night : two hours after you have taken them, drink a draught of warm Poffetdrink, or breath, and fix hours after eat a bit of Mutton, often walking about the Chamber : Let there be a good fire in the Chamber, and stir not out of the Chamber till the Parge have done working, and not till the next day.

Lastly, Take sweating Medicines when you are in bed, covered warm;

and in the time of your sweating drink Posset-drink as hot as you can drink it: It you sweat for a Feaver, boyl Sorrel and red Sage in your Posset-drink, sweat an hour or longer if your strength will permit; then (the Chamber being kept very warm) shift your self all but your Head, about which (the Cap which you sweat in being kept on) wrap a Napkin very hot, to repell the vapors back.

I contels thele, or many of these Directions may be found in one place of the Book or other, and I delight as little to write Tautology as another; but the Printer desiring they should be put here, and I considering it might make for publick good, inserted them: If notwithstanding any will be so mad to do themselves a mischief, the Fault is not mine.

Weights and Measures in the New DISPENSATORY.

Twenty Grains make a Scruple.
Three Scruples make a Dram.
Eight Drams make an Oance.
Twelve Oances make a Pound.

THE most usual Measures [amongst us] (quoth the Colledg) are these:

A Spoon which in Syrups holds half an ounce, in Distilled waters three

A Tafter which holds an ounce and an half.

A congy which (in their former Dispensatory held nine pound, now) holds but eight pound, viz. just a Gallon: To miss but one Pint in a Gallon, is nothing with a Colledg of Physicians. The reason I suppose is, Because most Nations differ in the quantity of their Measures, and they quoted their Congius from one Nation before, and from another now: for indeed this Dispensatory, is borrowed a great part of it from Arabia, part from Greece, some

from France, some from Spain, and some from Italy, and now they vapor with it. Oh brave ! Should a man that borrowed his Cloaths from so many Brokers in Long-lane be proud

of them ?

Besides these, they have gotten another antick way, ME NS u R A-TION, which they have not let down here, viz. By Handfuls and Pugils, An Handful is as much as you can gripe in one Hand; and a Pugil as much as you can take up with your Thumb and two Fingers; and how much that is, who can tell? In truth this way of Mensuration is as certain as the Weather-cock, and as various as mens Fingers are in length, and the things taken up in drines or form ; for an Handful of green herbs will not be half an Handful, or not above, when they are dry : And your Mother-wit will teach you, that you may take up more Hay in this manner than Bran, and more Bran than Sand. And thus much for their Weights, and also for their Measures.

Weights and Measures in The Old Dispensatory.

T Wenry Grains do make a Scru-qual pole. Three Scruples make a ounce.

drachm (commonly called a dram.)
Eight drams make an Ounce, twelve
Ounces make a Pound.

As for the Colledges Measures, I know not well what English Names to give them. Gooblearum holds in Syrups half an ounce, in diffilled waters three Drachms. Cyathus holds an ounce and an half, Hemina (which also they cal Cotyla) contains 9 ounces; Libra holds twelve ounces. A Sextary contains eighteen ounces. A Congy six Sextaries,

These Measures amongst the Romans contained not just the same quantities; for their Cyathus contained an ounce and an half, a dram and a scruple. Their Sextary contained but 14 ounces three quarters, and half a quartern; and among the Gracians not so much. It is called a Sextary, because it is the fixth part of a Congy. Neither did the Roman Hemina contain altogether feven ounces and an half. Their Libra I suppose to be that which Galen calls μεζεικήν, viz. A Veffel to measure with; it was made of cleer Horn, and by certain lines drawn round it like rings, was divided into twelve equal parts, each part containing an

A Premonitory Epistle to the Reader.

Courteons Reader

Hose things which God did make first in the beginning without means, He now preserveth by Means, and therefore He Hath placed Nature in the World, which by motion acts in all things, according to the quality of the thing acted upon; as fire acts upon Wood to make a fire to warm one by, or the like; therefore as the cause of Diseases is to be understood to be Natural, so is their Cures also to be effected in a Natural way: and if you do but confider the Universe as one united Body, and Man an Epitomy of this body, it will feem strange to none but Mad-men and Fools, that the Stars should have influence upon the Body of Man, confidering he being an Epitomy of the Creation, must needs have a Celestial world within himself: For to wind the strings a little higher, If there be a Trinity in the Deity (which is denied by mone but Ranters) then must there be a Trinity also in all his Works; If there be an Unity in the God-head, there must needs be an Unity in all his Works, and a dependency between them, and not that God made the Creation to hang together like Ropes of Sand. So God made but one World, and yet in this one World a Trinity : First Elementary , which is lowest: Secondly, Celeftial, which is next above that. Thirdly, Intellectual, which is highest in degree, and happy, yea, thrice happy, is he that attains to it. If then Man be capable of the Intellectual World, as having an Epitomy of that in himself, whereby he knowes that there is a God, and that God made this World, and governeth it now he hath made it, that there are Angels, and that he hath an immortal Spirit in himself, which

causeth him to hope and expect Immortality. If he have an Epitomy of the Elementary World in himself, whereby he fearcheth and feeks after the Vertues of Elementary Bodies. and the various Mixtures of Natural things, then Causes, Effects, Times, Fashions, Events, and how they are produced by the Elements: must he not also by the same Rule have an Epitomy of the Celestial World within himself, by which he searcheth out the Motion and Course of the Celestial Bodies, and what their Influence is upon the Elements, and Elementary Bodies. He that denies this, let him also deny that the whole World was made for Man, that so the World may see what he is; it is palpable to those that fear God, and are conversant either in his Word, or in his Works, that every inferiour World is governed by its superiour, and receives Influence from it. God himself the only First-Being, the Maker and Disposer of all things, governs the Celestial World by the Intellectual, namely, the Angels; He governs the Elementary World, and all Elementary Bodies, by the Celestial World, namely, the Stars: and that's the reason the Influence of the Stars reacheth not to the Mind or Rational part of Man, because it is an Epitomy of the Intellectual V Vorld which is a superiour to them. But because there is now some Dispute about it (I should have said Cavilling) by fuch as would fain have their Knaveries hidden, and therefore they would fain have the Stars made to flop bottles, or else for the Angels to play at Bowls with, when they had nothing else to do, but not rule the Elementary VVorld, no, by no means. VVe shall prove they rule over the Elementary; VVorld, first by Scripture, secondly by Reason.

First, by Scripture; I beseech you read in the first place, Genesis 1. 14, 15, 16, 17, 18. Verses. And God said, Let there be Lights in the Firmament of the Heaven, to divide the Day from the Night: And let them be for SIGNS, and for SEASONS, and for DAIES, and TEARS. And let them be for Lights in the Firmament of the Heaven to give light upon Earth: and it was so. And God made two great Lights, the greater Light to RULE the Day, and the lesser Light to RULE the Night. He made the Stars also, and set them in the Firma.

ment of the Heaven to give light upon Earth. And to RULE over the day, and over the night, and to divide the light from darkneß. To this place also answers that in the 136. Psalm. He made the Sun to RULE by Day, and the Moon and Stars to RULE by Night. In these Scriptures God saith he made them to Rule, He set them for Signs, therefore they must signific something: He set them also for Seasons, for Dayes, and for Years: The Scriptures are so cleer, they need no Exposition.

But let us see a little what Reason saith to the business; It is palpable and apparent, That all Elementary Bodies never stand at a stay, but either are encreasing or decreasing: It is as apparent that the Celestial Bodies are not changed, but remain the very same they were at the first Creation; and if so, the Elementary Bodies must needs be by Nature Passive, because they are subject to change; and the Celestial Bodies Active, because they change not. As a Carpenter, when he hews a Timber-log, the Timber-log must needs change form according as

'tis hewed, but the Carpenter himself changeth not.

Secondly, Confider that all Time is measured out by Motion, and that the Original of all Motion is in the Heavens, for it is the Motion of the Sun which causeth Day and Night, Summer, Winter, Spring, and Harvest: From which conve sion of Times and Years, all changes proceed, both Heat and Cold, Drynels and Moisture ; by which four is caused Life and Death, Generation and Putrifaction, encrease and decrease of Elementary things; for the Elementary World is the VVomb of all Elementary Creatures, both Animals, Minerals, and Vegetables, it conceives them, and nourishes and cherisheth them being conceived: This Womb is alwayes full of useful matter, fit for the forming, encreasing, and conserving Bodies, whether Animal, Mineral, or Vegetable: The Sun gives a Vital Seed, and stirs up all to Motion and Action, quickens, and defends what it hath quickned. The Moon subministers moisture to preserve what the Sun hath generated from the scorching Heat, which is caused by Motion: Both Sun and Moon make use of the other five Planets (even as the Heart and Brain make use of the Liver, Spleen, Gall, &c. in the Body of Man) for the [a 3] effecting

effecting and varying things below, and tempering them divers waies according to their several Motions; else all the things generated in the Elementary world, would be of one Nature and Quality, and then the World could not subfift; for Man having all Qualities in him, cannot subsist without any one of them, He, and he only, is a Physitian, that knowes which of these Qualities offends, by which of the Celestial Bodies it is caused, and how safely and speedily to remedy it; all the rest that practife Physick are but Mountebanks. For there is no question to be made, but that all Diseases have their Original from super-abundance or deficiency of Heat, Coldness, Dryness or Mossture: and that the Elements barely from themselves can cause this, is an opinion more fitting for an Hog-herd than a Philosopher ; for whatfoever is begotten, must have a matter to be begotten of, as well as something to beget it, and this matter must be proper to receive Form, for Man cannot make a Timber-log of a Turf, nor a Book of an Egg-shell, therefore this matter must Naturally be affected to fuffer whatfoever Form the Author pleafeth to give it. The Author of every Generation must be altogether active. not subject to any adverse Principles, that so he may not run out of one thing into another before he hath finished; and this is proper to the Sun, Moon, and Stars. This will be denied by none that have lived a Rational man but one Summer, and one Winter, and felt a difference of heat and coldness, dryness and moisture, caused by the Nearness and Remoteness of the Sun. and seen the difference of springing, encreasing and decaying of things upon Earth in those times: for when we see the Loadstone draw Iron, it shews plainly, that Nature bath given it efficacy fo to do. So when we see these things done by the Heavens, we must needs think Nature hath given the Heavens power to do fo; and feeing those qualities, heat, coldness, dryness and moisture, are contrary the one to the other, of necessity fometimes the one must yield, and fometimes the other; and thence comes the Procreation, Corruption, and Viciffitude of things below; and feeing all likes rejoyce in their likes, and disagree with their dislikes, there must needs be something in the Heavens agreeable to all this, therefore some part of the Heavens

Heavens is said to be hot, some cold, some dry, and some moist, not because they are so in themselves, but because they work such Effects in Elementary Bodies, as is evident to the experience of them that search after it.

We have now shewed you what a Physitian ought to be in respect of Knowledg in the Celestial World: I shall only now shew you in a word or two what Knowledg be ought to have in the Elementary and Intellectual World, and that very briefly, and

fo conclude.

As in the Celestial World he ought very carefully to heed the Oppositions and great Conjunctions of the Planets, the Eclipses of the Luminaries, the Quarterly Ingresses of the Sun, and the Crisis of Diseases; so in the Elementary world he ought to heed the Seasons of the Year, whether they be hotter, colder, drier, moister than they should be; he ought to be very well skilled in Vegetables and Minerals, and how the Earth brings them forth, what is the Office of the Central Sun, and what is the Office of the Celestial Sun; what is the Office of the Central Moon, and what the Office of the Celestial Moon in the production of things here below; and how, & by what Mediums they perform it.

Laftly, In the Intellectual World, he ought to be very frequent, fearing God, and eschewing evil, for into his hands as the means, hath the Eternal God of Heaven and Earth put the lives of those Christians whom he loved so well, that he redeemed them by the Blood of his only begotten Son. Let him be very studious in those great Books of God, the Book of the Scripture, and the Book of the Creatures; let the Glory of God, and the good of the Creature be his whole Aim, neither let fuch a Monfter as Covetonfneß have the least entertainment in his Heart; let them be no respecter of Persons, but go as willingly to the Poor for nothing, as to the Rich for reward, Knowing. That he that giveth to the poor, lendeth to the Lord, and he shall be sure to have a good Pay-master. To conclude, In all his Practices let him confider what he would have another do to him if he were in the like case, and do the like to them: and to them that follow this Rule, Peace shall be upon them, as upon the Israel of God.

> Ita dixit, NICH, CULPEPER.

The Translators Preface to the Catalogue of Simples.

B Efore I begin the Catalogue, I thought good to premise a few

I. Let him have a care he mistake not one thing for another; Viz. Herbs for Roots, or either of them for Flowers: If he cast but his Eye up to the top of the Page, he shall there see which it is.

2. Let a due time be observed (cases of necessity excepted) in gathering all Simples; for which take thefe Rules. The time to gather all Roots is before the Herb run up to feed , for then they are fofteft, as you may fee by Radifbes, Carross, Parfneps, &c. The Root of which, you may perceive hard when they run up to feed, and not because the sap is then in the Root, as the vulgar bold : for if the sap rose and fell, they bold, then the Root must grow in Winter only, as the branches do in Summer, which, experience will then to be false; for the root grows only in Summer, as the branches do: you fee what a wooden Doctor Tradition is. Would not this make every one endeavour to study a Reason for what he doth? And see how our Forefathers have been led by Tradition. The truth is, it is the Sun is the author of life and growth to the whole Creation, he was ordained of God for that end : when he comes on this fide of the Equator , the trees fpring, when he paffeth to the South fide of the Equator , they lofe their verdant colour and growth, also till the revolution of the time bring his presence to revive them; but enough of this in this place.

Herbs are to be gathered when they are fullest of Juyce, which is, before they run up to seed; and if you gather them in a hot Sun-shine day, they will not be so subject to putrisse: the best may to dry them, is in the Sun, according to Dr. REASON, though not according to Dr. TRADITION. Such Herbs as remain

The Translators Preface.

green all the year, or are very full of Juyce, it were a folly to a at all; but gather them for present use, Honsleek, Scurvy-gra &c.

Let Flowers be gathered when they are in their prime, in a Sunshine day, and dryed in the Sun. Let the Seeds be perfectly ripe

before they be gathered.

3. Let them be kept in a dry place; for any moisture, though it be but a moist Air, corrupts them, which if perceived in time, the leams of the Sun will refresh the Herbs and Flowers, and do the Sun no harm.

4. Take notice, that only the Latin Names, were quoted by the Colledg, and are to be seen at the beginning of each Simple, in a different Letter: the English Name, together with the Temperance, and Vertues, were added by the Translator, for the pub-

lick good.

5. All the Latin Names to one Herb, are not set down, most of which are superstances, some Ridiculous, some Idolatrous; as to attribute one Herb to the Virgin Mary, another to St. Peter, and a third to St. Paul. Some Blaspemous, as to call one the Holy Ghost, another Allelujah, another an Herb of Trinity, &c. So in the Compositions, To call an Oyntment, the Oyntment of the Apostles; to call one Plaister, Divine; another Holy, a third the Grace of God; Men may be ashamed so to do.

His Book ROOTS.



ROOTS.

The Physitians Library.

breech, or Brank Urfine, It is meanly hot and dry: it helps ach and numbness of the Joynts, and is of a binding qualiry, good for wounds and broken bones. Diofcorides faith , they are profitable for Ruptures, or such as are burften; or burnt with fire, a dram of the root in powder being taken in the morning fasting, in a Decoction made with the same Root and Water.

Acori veri, Peregrin, vulgaris, & c. See Calamus aromaticus. I shall not, nor dare not make a long Paraphrase about the forts of it, one of which is Water flag, or Flower-de-luce, which is hot and dry in the second degree, binds, ftrengthens, ftops fluxes of the belly, and immoderate flowing of the terms in women, a dram being taken in red wine every morning.

Allium. Garlick, It is hot and dry in the fourth de ree, binds naughty and corrupt blood, yet it is an enemy to all poylons, and fuch as are bitten by cold venomous beafts, viz. Adders, Toads, Spider , &c. It provokes U-

rine, and expels wind.

Alcania, Privet. See the leaves. Althea, Marth-mallows. Are meanly hot, of a digeffing foftning nature, ease pains, help bloody Fluxes, the Stone and Gravel : being bruised and well boiled in milk, and the milk drunk, is a gailant remedy for the gripings of the belly and the bloody flux. If a feaver accompany the difeafe, boil a handful of common mallow leaves,

Canthi, Branca Wifine. Bears with a handfull of thefe Root Angelica, Angelica. It is hot and dry in the third degree, ftrengthens the heart exceedingly, and is a fingular remedy against Pestilence and Poyfon; half a dram taken in the morning fasting.

Anchufe, Alcanet. Cold and drys

binding, good for old Ulcers.

Anthore. An outlandish root, the Counterpoylon of Monkshood, it is an admirable remedy for the wind Colick, and refifts Poylon. They that would know more of it, let them read Guainerius and Solerius, both which lived near the places where it plentifully grew.

Api, Smallage. See the Barks. Ariftolochie, Birthwort: of which are three forts, long, round and climbing, all hot & dry in the third degree.

The long being drunk in Wine, brings away both birth & afterbirth, and whatfoever a careless Midwife hath left behind. Diofeorides, Galen.

The round being drunk with wine, helps (besides the former) stuffings of the Lungs, hardness of the Spleen, Ruptures, Convulsions; both of them refift Poylon.

I never read any use of the climbing

Birthwort.

Artanile, Cyclaminis, &c. Scwbread : hot & dry in the third degree, a most violent purge, dangerous: outwardly applied to the place, it profits much in the birings of venomous beafts; also being hung about women in labor, it caufeth speedy deliverance.

e Herb.

udine Vallatoria & Saccharina. on Reeds, and Sugar Reeds. onts of common Reed applied place draw out Thorns, eafe ns: the Ashes of them mixed Vinegar take Scurf or Dandriff from the head, and prevent the Iling off of the hair, they are hot and ry in the fecond degree according to Galen.

I would not have the Reader build too much confidence upon the degrees of temperature (or more properly intemperature) neither of this or any other simple, because most of them are quoted by outlandish authors : and out of question the difference of the Climate may fomething alter their temperature in degree.

I never read any vertue of the root

of Sugar Cane.

Ari, &c. Of Cuckowpints, or Wake-Robinshot and dry in the thir degree, I know no great good they do inwardly taken, unless to play the Rogue with al. or ma'e fport. Outwardly applyed, they take off Scurf, Morphew, or freckies from the face, and clear the skin, and case pains of the Gout.

Afelepiadis, Vincitorici. Of Swallow-wort, hot and dry , good against poylon, and gripings of the belly, as also against the bitings of mad Dogs

taken inwardly.

Af n. Of Alarabacca, the Roots voke Urine. are a fafer purge then the leaves, and not le violent. I do not much ancy any of them both, ignorant people had black, white and red; as for black better fet rhem alone then be too bufie! with that they have no skill in: they they are as rare as black Swans. The purge by vomit, ftool and urine, they red Beet Root boiled and preferare profitable to fuch as have Agues, ved in Vinegar, makes a fine, Dropfies , Stoppings of the Liver or cool, pleafing, cleanfing, dizesting Spleen, Green-licknels.

Aspa agi. Sparagus, or Sperage: they are temperate in quality, opening, they provoke Urine, and cleanfe the Reins and Bladder, being boiled in white Wine, and the Wine drunk.

Aspholeli, Hafta Regis fum. Kings Spear, or female Afphodel. I know no Physical use of the roots; probat bly there is, for I do not believe God

created things of no use.

Alphodeli, Albuci maris. Male Afphodel. Hot and dry in the fecond degree. Inwardly taken, they provoke Vomit, Urine, and the Terms in Women. Outwardly used in Oyntments they cause hair to grow, cleanse Ulcers, take away Morphew and Freckles from the face.

Bardane, &c. Bur, Clot-bur, or But-dock, temperately hot and dry. Helps such as spit blood and matter. Bruised and mixed with Salt, and arplied to the place, helps the bitings of mad Dogs. It expels wind, eafeth pains of the teeth, ftrengthens the back, helps the running of the Reins, & the Whites in Women, being taken inwardly. D fcorides, Apuleus.

Beben. alb. rub. Valerian, white and red. Mefue, S rapio, and other Arabians, say they are hot and moift in the later end of the first or beginning of the second degree, and comfort the heart, flir up luft. The Grecians held them to be dry in the second degree, hat they ftep fluxes, and pro-

Bellidis. Daifies. See the leaves. Betæ nigræ, albæ, rubræ. Beets, Beets, I have nothing to fay, I doubt

Sauce. See the Leaves.

Biftorte, &c. Biftort or Snakeweed cold and dry in the third degree, binding: the quantity of half a dram at a time taken inwardly, refift Pestilence and poylon, help Ruptures and Bruiles, flay Fluxes, Vomiting and immoderate flowing of the terms in women, helps inflamation and forenels of the mouth, and fastens loose teeth, being bruised and boiled in white wine, and the mouth washed with it.

Boraginis. Borrage, hot and moist in the first degree, chears the heart, helps drooping spirits. Dioscorides.

Brionie, &c. Briony, both white and black: they are both hot and dry, some say in the third degree, and fo. e fay but in the first : they purge flegm and watry humours, but they trouble the stomach, they are very good for Dropfies. The white is the fits of the Mother : both of them | taury. externally used, take way freckles, Sun-burning, and Morphew from the face, and cleanse filthy Ulcers. It is but a churlish purge, but being let alone, can do no harm.

Bugloff. Buglofs. Its Vertues are the same with Borrage, and the roots of either seldom used.

Bulbus vomi orius. A vomiting root, I never read of it elsewhere by this general name.

Calami aromatici . Aromatical Reed. or sweet Garden Flag. It provokes Urine, strengthens the Lungs, helps bruises, resists povson, &c. being taken inwardly in Powder the quantity of half a dram at a time. In beating of it, be very speedy, for the strength will quickly flie out. You may mix it with fyrup of Violets, if your body be feaverish.

and dry in the fecond degree, cutting & cleanfing. They provoke the terms, help malignant olcers, case the toothach, astwage swellings, and help the Rickets. See Oyl of Capper.

Cariophillate, &c. Avens, or herb Bennet. The roots are dry, and fomething hot, of a cleanfing quality, they keep garments from being motheaten. See the Leaves.

Caulium. Coleworts. I know nothing the roots are good for, but only to bear the herb and flowers:

Centaurii majoris. Centaury the greater. The roots help fuch as are bursten, such as spit blood, shrinking of finews, thortness of wind, Coughs, Convulsions, Cramps: half a dram' in Powder, being taken inwardly, either in Muskadel, or in a Decoction of the same Roots. They are either not at all, or very scarce in Engmost in use, and is admirable good for Lland, our Centaury is the small Cen-

> Cepa. Onions. Are hot and dry (according to Galen) in the fourth They cause drines, and are degree. extreamly hurtful for Cholerick people, they breed but little nourishment, and that little nought: they are bad meat, yet good Physick for flegmatick people: they are opening, and provoke Urine and Terms, if cold be the cause obstructing. Bruised, and ourwardly applied, they cute the bitings of mad Dogs. Roafted and applied, they help Boils and Apothumes. Raw, they take the fact of Burnings, but ordinarily eaten, they cause head-ach, spoil the Sight. dull the Senses, and fill the body full of wirth.

Chameleontis albi, nieri, &c. Chameleon white and black. Tratus calleth the Carline Thiftle by the name of white Chameleon, the root where-Capparum. Capper Roots. Are hot of is hot in the second degree, and dry

B 2

in the third, it provokes sweat , kills helps the Dropsie and malignant Ulchewed in the mouth, opens the stoppings of the Liver and Spleen, it provokes urine, and brings down the terms: give but a little of it at a time, by reason of its hear. As for the black Chameleon, all Physicians hold it to have a kind of venomous quality, and unat to be used inwardly, both Galen, Clufin , Nicanter, Difcorides and Agiteta. Outwardly in Oyntments, it is profitable for Scabs, Morphew, Terrers, &c. and all things that need clearling.

Chalidonii majori , mino is, Celandine the greater and leffer. The greater is that which we usually call Celan line. The Root is manifeftly hot and dry, cleanfing and scouring, proper for fuch as have the yellow Jaundice, it opens Obstructions of the Liver: being boiled in white Wine, and the Decoction drunk; and if chewed in the mouth, it helps the tooth-

acit.

Celandine the leffer is that which usually we cal Pilewort, which though Gilen and Diofconides teach to be hotin the fourth degree, and might happily be fo in those Countries where they lived: yet with us scarce exceeds the first degree, the juice of the Root mixed with Honey, and Inuffed up into the Nole, purgeth the Head, helps the Hemorrhoids or Piles being bathed with it, as also doth the root only carried about one, being made into an Oyutment, helps the * difcafe in the Neck, commonly called the Kings-Evil. [Scrofsla]

China, wen erfully extenuateth and dryeth, provoketh fwear, refifleth putrifaction , it Arengthens the Liver,

worm , relitis pettilence and poilon, it cers, Leprofie, Irch and French Pox, is given with success in peltilential and is profitable in Diseases coming of Feavers, helps the tooth-ach by being fasting. It is commonly used in diet drinks for the premisses.

> Chichorii, Succhory. Cools and dries in the second degree, strengthens the Liver and Veins, it opens Obstructions, Roppings of the Liver & Spleen. being boiled in white Wine, and the Decoction drunk.

> Colchici, Meadow Saffron. The roots are held to be burtful to the ftomach.

therefore I let them alone.

Confelida muoris, minoris. Confolida major is that which we ordinarily call Comfry. It is of a cold quality: yet pretty temperature, of fuch a glutinous quality, that according to Dioscarides, they will joyn meat together that is cut alunder, if they be boiled with it. It is excellent for all wounds both internal and external, or spitting of blood, Ruptures or burftness, pains in the Back, it ftrengthens the Reins. it stops the Terms, and helpeth Hemorrhoids. The way to ule them is to boil them in water, and drink the Decoction. Confolida minor is that we call Self-heal, and the Latins Prunella. See the Herb.

Cofti utrinfq; Coftus both forts, being roots coming from beyond Sea, hot and dry, break wind. Being boiled in Oil, it is held to help the Gout by anointing the grieved place with

Cucumeris agrestis, Wild Cucumer roots, or Cow-cumber, as the Vulgar call them. They purge flegm, and that with such violence, that I would advice the Country man that knows not how to correct them, to let them alone.

Citare, e.c. Artichoaks. Root purgeth by urine, whereby the

amended.

Cynoglosse, &c. Houndstongue. Cold and dry : being roafted and laid to the Fundament, helps the Hemorrhoids, is also good for burnings and scaldings.

Curcume, Turmerick. Hot in the third degree, opens Obstructions, is profitable against the yellow Jaurdice, and cold diftemper of the Liver and Spleen: half a dram being taken at night going to bed in the Pulp of a roafted Apple, and if you add a little Saffron to it, it will be the better by far.

Ciperi utriufque, longi, rotundi. Cyperus grafs, or English Galanga, both forts, long and round: is of a warming Nature, provokes urine, break the stone, provokes the terms : the ashes of them (being burnt) is used for Ulcers in the mouth , Car-

kers, &c.

Dauci, Carrots. Are moderately hot & moift, breed but little nourishment, & are extreamly windy. I omit what vertues Galen writes of them, as being confident there was fuch a difference between them, that our Carrots will never answer those effects, or if any do, 'tis the wild kind.

Deitaria majoris, &c. Toothwort, toothed Violets, or Corralwort. They are drying, binding and strengthening; are good to ease pains in the fides and bowels. Also being boiled, the decoction is faid to be good to wash green Wounds and Ulcers wit's.

Dictammi, Dittany. It is hot and dry in the third degree, haftens travel in women, provokes the Terms, (See

the Leaves.)

rank favour of the body is much | that Serapio and Avicema and other Arabian Physicians, did not intend that root we now use for Doronicum when they wrote fo much against it. I shall adhere to the Judgement of Gefner, which is verified by daily experience. It is hot and dry in the third degree, ilrengthens the heart, is a foveraign Cordial and Prefervative against the Pestilence. It helps the Vertigo or swimmings of the Head, is admirable against the bitings of venomous beafts and fuch as have raken too much Opium, a also for Lerhargies, the Juice helps hot Rhewms in the Eyes: a scruple of the root in powder is enough to take at one time.

Draconth i, Drecuntuli. Divers Authors attribute divers Herbs to this name. It is most probable to me that they mean Dragons, the roots of which cleanse mightily, and take away proud or dead flesh, the very smell of them is hurtful for Women with Child. Outwardly in Oyntments, they take away Scurf, Morphew and Sunburning. I would not with any unless very we'l read in Physick, to take them inwardly. Mathiolus, Diofcorides.

Ebuli, Dwarf-elder, Walwort or Danewort. Hot and dry in the third degree. The roots are as gallant a purge for the Droplie as any is under the Sun, which besides the authority. of the Antients was often proved by the never dying Dr. Butler of Cambridge as my telfhave in a Manuscript. of his. You may take a dram or two drams (if the Patient be flrong) in white Wine at a time.

Echii, Vipers Bugloss, or wild Buglos. I warrant you if Author: had not differed about this Harb. the Colledge would have fet do n five we Doronici, Doronicum, a fuppoled fix Names to have expliced their kind of Wolf-bane. I am of opinion meaning, as they usually do whe e

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they need not. I have fet down the! most usual name, and alwaies quote their vertues to what I fet down. They tay the Root of this being carried in ones hand, no venomous beaft will bite him (and so they say of Dragons which I torgot before) fo that you may walk without danger amongst Adders, Vipers and Serpents (but I believe you had best have a care you do not tread upon them) this Root is cold and dry, good for fuch as are bitten by venomous beafts, either being boiled in wine and drunk, er bruifed and applied to the place. Being boiled in wine and drunk, it encreafeth milk in Nurles.

Ellebori, Veratri, albi, nigri. Hellebore white and black. The Root of white Hellebore or Sneezwort being grated and inuffed up the Nofe, cau-1eth speezing, kills Rats and Mice, being mixed with their meat. It is but a lcurvy churlish medicine, being taken inwardly, & therefore better let alone than used; and yet Dr. Bright commends it for such as are mad through Mclancholy. Others are of opinion, fuch harth medicines are not convenient for fo fullen a humour, &of that Opinion am I my felf. If you will ule it for ineczing, let your head and neck be wrapped hot for fear of tatching cold.

Black Hellebore, Bears-foot, or Christmas flowers: both this and the former are hot & dry in the third degree. This is nothing to violent nor dangerous as the former. Both Galen & Julius Alexanivinus report the Roots of this boiled [* You must boil them but very little, for the strength will foon fie aut in vapars] in Vinegar, to be an samirable remedy against inveterate Scibs, ligh and Leprofie, the fame lielps the tooth-ach, being held in the grand diftinctions, viz, male and fe-

mouth, and dropped into the Ears, help deafness coming of Melancholy, and noise in the Ears; corrected with a little Cinnamon (in powder) it purgeth melancholy, refisterh madness, Alfo Pliny, Absyrtus and Columella affirm, that a piece of the root put into a hole made in the Ear of a beast troubled with a Cough, or that hath taken any poylon, and drawn quite through next day about that time, helpeth them. Out of question it is a special thing to rowel Cattel withall.

Ennla Campana Helenii. Elecampane. It is hot and dry in the third degree, wholfom for the stomach, relists poyfon helps old Coughs, and shortness of breath, helps Ruptures, and provokes luft. In Oyntments, it is good

against Scabs and Itch.

Endive, &c. Endive, Garden Endive, which is the Root here specified, is held to be somewhat colder, though not fo dry and cleanfing as that which is wild, it cools the stomach, hot Liver, amends the blood corrupted by hear, & therefore must needs be good in Feavers, it cools the Reins, & therfore prevents the stone, it opens Obstructions, & provokes Urine; you may bruise the Root, and boil it in white Wine, 'cis very harmless.

Evingui. Eringo or Sec-holly : the roots are moderately hot, fomething drying & cleanling, bruiled & applied to the place, they help the Scrofula, or disease in the Throat called the Kings Evil, they break the stone, encrease feed, fir up luft, provoke the Terms.

If ule majorii, minoris. Spurge the greater and leffer: they are both (taken inwardly) too violent for a vulgar ule. Outwardly in Oyritments they cleanl the skin, take away funburning.

Filacis, &c. Fern, of which are two

male; I suppose they intend the male the fire, they are also very profitable here, because they adjoin some other for Ruptures, or such as are burft. name to it, which the Greeks attribudifeales of the Spleen, but dangerous and ulcers in the Bladder, (which in for women with child.

what binding; they provoke urine, all falt humors : the root dried and ease pains in the Bladder, and are a beaten into powder, and the powder good preservative against the falling- put into the Eye, is a special remedy fickness.

Fasiculi. Of Fennel. The root is hot and dry, some fay in the third de- don they ca' Couch-graffe, and gree , opening ; it provokes urine, Squirch-graffe; in Siffex Dog-2:alse and the terms, ftrengthens the Liver, It gallantly provokes trine, & cafeth and is good against the Dropsie.

langa, commonly called Galargal, of white Wine, wherein thefe roots the greater and leffer: They are hot (being bruifed) have been boyled, and dry in the third degree and the for their mornings draught; if they leffer are accounted the hotter, it find eafe, let them thank God; if not, ftrengthens the ftomach exceedingly, let them blame me. Bruifed and and takes away the pains thereof co- applied to the place, they speedily ming of cold or wind, the smell of it help green wounds. Galen, Difco-Arengthens the brain, it relieves faint vides. Hearts, takes away windiness of the Lust, you may take half a dram at a specially from the Joynts, therefore time. Mithiolus.

Gentiane. Gentian, called fo from * his name [* Gentius a Prince] that first found it out : Some call it Felwort and Baldmoney. It is hot, cleanfing and scowring, a notable Counter- with Purges. poilon, it opens obstructions, helps the dogs, nelps digeftion, & cleanfeth the in the ferond; they ft p Loofenels, body of raw humors; our Chyrurgions, bind the Belly. use the root in form of a tent, to open !

Gycirrbite, Liquoris. The best ted only to the male: the female is that that is grows in Eigland: It is hot which we in by the call Barks. Both and moift in temperature, helps the of them are hot and dry, and excellent roughnels of the wind-pipe hoarfnels, good for the Ricker, in Children, and diseases in the Kidney, and Bladder, my opinion is a very difficult thing to Filipendu'a. Of Dropwort. The cure, although curable) it consides Roots are hot and dry in the third raw humours in the stomach, helps degree, opening, cleanling, yet fome- difficulty of breathing, is profirable for ... for a Pin and Wer.

Graminis. Graffe, fuch as in Lonthe Kidneys oppressed with Gravel, Frazia. Of Atherree, I know no | gr pings of the belly, and difficulty of great vertues in Phylick of the roots, urine. Let fuch as are troubled Galinge, m jo 15, m! ois Ga- with thefe Difeafes, drink a draught

Hermodactyli. Hermodactils, They Womb, hears the Reins, and provokes are hot and dry, purge Flegm, eare good for Gours, and other Difcases in the Joints. Their vices are corrected with long Pepper, Ginger, Cinnamon or Mastich, I would not have unskilfull people too busie

Hyacinthi. Jacinthe. The Roots bitings of venomous beafts, and mad are dry in the fift degree, and cold

Iridis, valraits, & Riorentine, det.

Orris, or Flower-de-luce (after the of the Root drunk in Wine, pro-French name) both that which grows with us, and that which comes from Florence. They are hot and dry in the third degree, refift poison, help shortness of the Breath, provoke the terms. The root being green and bruiled, takes away blackness and

ROOTS.

thereto. Imperitoria, &c. Masterwort. The root is hot and dry in the third degree; mitigates the rigor of Agues, helps dropfics, provokes swear, breaks Carbuncles, and Plague-fores, being applied to them; it is very profitable being given inwardly in bruifes.

blueness of a stroke being applied

Ifatidis, Glafti, Woad. I know no great Physical vertue in the Root.

See the Herb.

Labri Veneris, Dipfaci, Fullers-Thiftle, Teazle. The Root being boiled in Wine till it be thick (quoth Dioscorides) helps by Unction the cleft of the Fundament, as also takes away Warts and Wens. Galen faith, they are dry in the second degree: and I take it all Authors hold them to be cold and dry.

Unflaked Lime beaten into powder, and mixed with black Soap, takes away a wen being anointed with it.

If you rub Warts with the leaves of Fig-trees, and bury the leaves in the earth, the Warts will infenfibly confume away. Mizaldu.

If you anoint Warts with the juice that have skill. of Elder-berries, it will take them

away:

Warts rubbed with a piece of new Beef, and the Beef buried in the ground, the Warts will confume as the Beef rots.

Laffuce. Lettuce. I know no Phyfeal vertue refiding in the root.

vokes Urine, breaks the Stone, opens obstructions of the Liver and Spleen. But according to Diofcorides is naught for women with Child. Galen.

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Lapathi acuti, Oxylapathi, Sorrel according to Galen; sharp-pointed Dock, according to Dioscorides : both which whether the Colledge intends I know not. The roots of Sorrel are held to be profitable against the Jaundice. Of sharp-pointed Dock; cleanse, and helps Scabs and Itch.

Levistici, Lovage. They are hot and dry, and exceeding good for any

difeases coming of wind.

Lilii albi, White Lillies. root is something hot and day, helps burnings, foftens the Womb, proyokes the terms; if boiled with wine, is given with good success in rotten Feavers, Pestilences, and all Dijeases that require suppuration: (it being outwardly applied) helps ulcers in the head, and amends the ill colour of the face.

Malue, Mallows. They are cool, and digesting, relist poilon, and help corrolions, or gnawing of the Bowels, or any other part; as also ulcers in the Bladder. Sec Marshmallows.

Mandragora. Mandrakes, a root dangerous for its coldness, being cold in the fourth degree: The root is scarcie, and dangerous for the vulgar to use; therefore I leave it those

Mechachana, Of Mechoschan. It is corrected with cinnamon, is temperate yet drving, purgeth flegm chiefly from the head and Toynts; it is good for old difeases in the head, and may fafely be given even to feaver. Ih bodies, because of its temperature, it is also profitable against Coughs and pains Lauri, The Bay tree. The Bir in the Reins; as alse against the

French

dram at any time.

Mei, &c. Spignel. The Roots are hot and dry in the second or third degree, and fend up unwholfome vapors to the head; and therefore seeing God hath allotted fuch plentiful Remedies for those Maladies this root conduceth the cure of I pais it by with filer.ce.

Megerei, Or. Spurge, Olive, or Widdow-wail. See the Herb, if you

think it worth the feeing.

Mororum Celci. Mulberry-Tree. The Bark of the Root is bitter, hot and dry, opens stoppings of the Liver and Spleen, purgeth the Belly, and kills worms, boyled in Vinegar, helps the Tooth-ach.

Morfus Diaboli, Succife, &c. Devils-

bit. See the Herb.

Nardi Spica, Indica, Celtica, &c. Of Spicknard, Indian and Celtick. Celtick Nard, according to Ronaleletius wonderfully provokes Urine. They are both hot and dry, but I let the degree alone, till the Learned are agreed | against all Fluxes, and stops Blood about it. The Indian, also provokes | Urine, and stops Fluxe, helps windiness of the stomach, refisteth the Pestilence, helps gnawing pains of the stomach, and dries up Rheums that molest the head. The Celtick Spicknard performs the fame offices, though in a weaker measure.

Neurbris , Ny np'a. Water-Lillies. They are cold and dry, and stop Luft: I never dived so deep to find any other versue the Roots have.

Ononici, Arrefte Bour &c. Cammock or Reft-harrow, fo called becaule it makes Oven stand still when they are ploughing. The Roots are

French-Pox: The strong may take a helps the Falling-fickness; according to Mathiolus, helps Ruptures : You may take half a dram at a time.

Offrutti, Mafter-wort, given once before under the name of Imperitoria. But I have so wething else to do than to write one thing twice as they did.

Paltinata, Sativa & Silveftris, Garden and wild Parinips. They are of a temperate quality, enclining fomething to heat : The Garden Parinips. provoke Luft, and nourish as much and more too, than any Root ordinarily eaten: The wild are more Physical(and so are usually all wild Plants, I could give you reasons for it if I durst spend time and paper) being cutting, cleanfing and opening : they resist the bitings of venomous Beasts, ease pain and stirches in the fides, and are a foveraign Remedy against the Wind-Cholick.

Pentafylli, Cinquefoyl, commonly called Five-leav'd or Five-finger'dgrass; the Roots are very drying, but very moderately hot: It is admirable flowing from any part of the body, it helps infirmities of the Liver and Lungs, helps putrified Ulcers of the mouth, the Root boyled in Vinegar is good against the Shingles, and arpeafeth the rage of any fretting fores. You may fafely take half a dram at a time in any conven ent L'quor.

Petacita, Butter bur. The roots are hot and dry in the second degree, they are exceeding good in violent and peftilential Fcavers, they provoke the Terms, expel poilor, and kill

Peacedani, Fæ iculi porci ii. Sulphur-wort, Hog-fennel, or Horehot and dry in the third degree; it strange. It is very good applied to the brea's the stone (viz. the Bark of it) Navels of Children that flick out, The Root it felf, according to Pliny, Ruptures : held in the Mouth, it is a pre ent

Mother: it being taken inwardly, loth to make superstition a foundagives speedy deliverance to Women tion to build on, as any of them ; let in Travel, and brings away the After- | Experience be Judge, and then we birth.

Paonie, Maris, Fanelle. Of Peony but more drying; the male is more miration. effectual in operation than the female a time, and less for children.

wounds and ulcers.

good, To bring forth a gal ant Phy- Sympathetical. fical Herb.

there may be a greater truth in it following only Dr. Experience in the

present Remedy for the fits of the than they are aware of; yet I am as weigh not modern Jury men. A little bir of the root being eaten, instantly male & female. They are meanly hot, faies pains in the head, even to ad-

Polypodii. Polypodium, or Fearn (lay Authors) and yet quoth Dr. Rea - of the Oak. It is a gallant though Jon, why thould not the male be best gentle purger of Melancholy : Also for men, and femile for women? The in the opinion of Mejue (as famous a root helps women not furficiently pur- Physitian as ever I read for a Galeged after travel, it provokes the terms, | nift) it dries up superfluous Humors, & helps pains in the belly, as also in takes away swellings from the hands, the rein, & bladder, Falling-fickness, feet, knees and joynts, flitches and Convultions in Children, being either pains in the fides, infirmities of the taken inwardly, or hung about their Spleen, Rickets: correct it with a Necks. You may take half a dram at few Annis feeds, or Fennel feeds, or a little Ginger, and then the stomach Phu, Valeriae, Majoris, Mi oris. Va- will not loath it. Your best way of ta-Ierian or Serwall, greater and leller, king it, is to bruile it well, and boyl They are temperately hotsche greater it in white-wine till half be confuprovokes tirine and the Terms, helps mid, you may put in much or little, the Scrangury, ftaies R'ieums in the according to the ftrength of the Difhead, & take away he pricking pains eased, it works very safely. I can give thereof. The leffer refifts poilon, af- no better reason why Polypodium of Iwageth the swelling of the Cods, the Oak should be best, unless becoming either through wind or cold, cause 'cis ravelt, it draws either very helps cold taken after sweating or la- little sap from the Oak, or none at bour, wind-Cholick : outwardly it all, or if it did, the reason were as far draws out thorns, and cures both to feek. I am of opinion, that which grows on the ground is the best to e-Piminelle, &c. Burnet. It doth this vacuate Melancholy, but it is more

Poligonati, sigilli Solomonis, &c. Plantaginis. Plantane. The Root Solomons Seal. Let it be no dishonour is something drier than the Leaf, but to Galea nor Dioscorides, that English not lo cold, it opens stoppages of the men have found out in late daies that Liver, helps the Jaundice, and Ulcers these Roots may safely be given inof the Reins and Bladder. Diof coides ward y: In truth they may be excuaffirmeth, that one root helpeth a fed, if the difference of the Climates Quoridian Ague, three a Terrian, & they and we lived, and now live in, four a Quartan, which though our be but confidered, neither I hope late Writers hold to be fabulo is, ver will my Countrey-men blame me for

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vertues of this Root : stamped and | diness and weakness of the stomach. boiled in wine it speedily helps (be- fighings, sobbings, spitting of blood, ing drunk I mean, for it will not do difeates of the Liver and Spleen, Ricthe deed by looking upon it) all bro- kets, &c. if you take a drain at a time ken bones, it is of an incredible ver- it will purge a little, but bind much. tue that way; as also being stamped and therefore ht for foal bodies that and applied to the place, it foon heals have fluxes. all wounds, and quickly takes away the black and blew marks of blows, purgeth choier from the stomach and being bruifed & applied to the place, and for thefe, I am perswaded there Dropsie, Hypochondriack Melancheis not a better Medicine under the ly; a little boiling takes away the Sun (or as Copernicus and Kepler will vertue of it, and therefore it is beft have it, above the Sun.)

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> Porri. are hot and drie in the fourth degree; two drams of it at a time being fliced they breed ill-favored nourishment at thin and steeped all night in white the best, they spoil the eies, heat the Wine, in the morning strain it out & they good for something else (than | hind it, therefore dried a little by the the juice of them dropped into the ally given in fluxes. ears takes away the noise of them, mixed with a little Vinegar and fnuf- Radishes Garden and wild. Garfed up the Nole, it staies the bleeding of it, they are better of the two boi- the stone, and purge by urine exceedled than raw, but both waies exceeding hurtful for ulcers in the bladder; and so are Onions and Garlick.

> Prunctiorum Silvestrium, Sloe-bush, or Sloe-tree. I think the College than the former, and more effectual fer this amongst the Roots only for in the premises. fashion sake, and I did it because they did.

> Spain. It is hot and dry in the fourth; the head it mitigates the pains theredegr. chewed in the mouth, it draws of, being somewhat cool in quality. away Rhewm in the Tooth-ach, bruifed and boiled in Oil, it provokes Monks Rhubarb, or Baftard-Rhufwear by unction; inwardly taken, they barb, It also purgeth, cleanfeth the fay it helps Palfies and other cold ef- | blood, opens obstructions of the fects in the brain and nerves.

> Rhapontici. Rhapontick, or Rhubarb of Pontus. It takes away win- were Galen and Dioscorides quite

Rhabarbari. Rhubarb. It gently Liver, opens stoppings, withstands the given by infusion only; If your bo-Lecks. They fay they dy be any thing ftrong you may take body, cause troublesome sleep, and drink the white Wine; it purgeth but are noisom to the stomach, yet are gently, it leaves a binding quality beonly to flick in Welchmens Hats) for fire and beaten into powder, it is usu-

Rhaphani , Domiftici & Sylveftris. den Radishes provoke urine, break ingly, yet breed very bad blood, are offensive to the stomach, and hard of eigestion, hot and dry in quality. Wild, or Horse Radishes, such as grow in ditches, are better and drier

Rho'ic Rad. Role-root, called (I suppose) by that name because of its Pirethri Salvaris, &c. Pelitory of sweetness. Stamped and applied to

Rabarbari Monachorum. Patience, Liver.

Rubiæ tinctorum. Madder. In this

besides the cushion, in saying this root was opening, and cleaning, when clean contrary, it is both drying and binding, yet not without some opening quality, for it helps the yellow Taundice, and therefore opens obstructions of the Liver and Gall; it is given with good fuccess, to such as have had bruiles by falls, stops loosenels, the Hemorrhoids, and the terms in women.

Ru coi. Knee belly, Butchers broom, or Bruscus. They are meanly hot and dry, provoke urin, break the stene, and help such as cannot Piss freely. Use them like grass roots.

Sambuci, Elder. I know no wonders

the Root will do.

Sufa Periglia , Sarla Parilla , or Bind-weed; fornewhat hot and dry, helpful against pains in the head, and joints; they provoke fweat, and are used familiarly in drying diet drinks.

Satirii utriufque. fort, Thy are hot and moist in ling-sickness. remper, provoke luft, and encrease feed; each branch beareth two roots. both spongie, yet the one more solid than the other, which is of most vertue, and indeed only to be used, for some say the most spongy root is quite contrary in operation to the other, as the one encreaseth, the other decreaseth; yet if in your eye they contend for dignities, put them both in water, and the most solid which is for use will fink, the other iwim.

Saxifragie albe. White Saxifrage, in Suffex we call them Lady-Imocks. The roots powerfully break the stone, expel the wind, provoke urine, and

eleanse the Reins.

Sarguifo be, A kind of Burner. Scabiofa, Scabious. The Roots either boiled, or heaten into powder, and fo taken , help fuch as are ex-

treamly troubled with Scabs and Itch, are Medicinal in the French Pox, hard fwellings, inward wounds, being of a drying, cleanfing, and healing faculty.

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Scoraii. Scordium, or Water Germander. See the Herbs.

Scilla, Squils. See Vinegar , and Wine of Squils in the Compounds.

Scropularia, &c. Figwort. Roots being of the same vertue with the Herb, I refer you thither.

Sco. zon via, Vipers grass. root cheers the heart, and ftrengthens the vital spirits, resists poison, helps passions and tremblings of the Heart, faintness, sadness, and melancholy, opens stoppings of the Liver and Spleen, provokes the Terms, eafeth Women of the Fits of the Mother, and helps swimmings in the Head.

Sefelcos, Sefeli, or Hartwort. The Satyrion, each Roots provoke Urine, help the Fal-

Sifari, Secacul, Scirrets. They are hot and moift, of good nourithment, something windy, as all roots are; by reason of which, they provoke Luft, they ftir up appetite, and provoke Urine.

I hope I may without offence forbear mentioning Comfry and black Briony twice, though the Colledge did not.

Sconchi, Sow-Thistles. See the Herb.

Spine alba, Bedequar. I fcarce know what name to give it, that will pleafe the Colledge. Our English, both Physicians and Apothecaries, call that ball of thred that green upon the Briars, Bedeguar; but th Arabians called our Ladies Thiftles by that name; the roots of which are drying and binding, ftop Fluxes, bleeding,

takes away colds, swellings, and ease the pains of the Teeth.

Spitule fe ide, Stinking Gladon, a kind of Flower-de-luce, called fo for its unfavory fmell : It is hot and dry in the third degree; outwardly they help the Kings Evil, foften hard swellings, draw out broken bones: Inwardly taken, they help convulfions, Ruptures, Bruiles, Infirmities of the Lungs.

Tamarifet, Tamaris. See the Herbs

and Barks.

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Tanaceti, Tanfie. The root eaten, is a fingular remedy for the Gout: the rich may bestow the cost to preferve it.

Toapfie, &c. A Venomous Root outlandish: therefore no more of it.

Tormestille, Tormentil. A kind of Cinquefoyl; dry in the third degree, but moderately hot; exceeding good in Pestilences, provokes swear, stayes Vomiting, cheers the Heart, expels Poyfon.

Tyfolii, Trefoyl. See the Herb.

Tribuli Aquitici. Water Caltrops, The roots lie too far under water for! me to reach to.

Trachellii, Throatwort: By fome call'd Canterbury Bells: by fome Coventry Bells. They help difeafes and ulcers in the throat.

Trinit tis hirba. Panacs. I know no great vertue they it is hot and dry in the third degree.

Tunicis. I shall tell you the vertue when I know what it is.

Tripolit. The root purgeth flegm,

expells poylon.

Twb to. The root purgeth fleam. (being hot in the third degree) chiefly from the exteriour parts of the body; it is corrected with Ginger, or Maflick. Let not the vulgar be too bufie with it.

Tuberum, Or Toad-flools. When ther these be Roots or no, it matters not much : for my part I know but little need of them, either in Fcod or Phyfick.

Victorialis. An outland if kind of Garlick. They fay, being hung about the neck of Cattel that are blind fuddealy, it helps them; and defends those that bear it, from evil spirits.

Swallow-wort, and Teazles were

handled before.

ulmaria, Regina prati, &c. Meadlweet. Cold and dry, binding, stops fluxes, and the immoderate flowing of the terms in women : you may take a dram at a time.

urtice, Nettles. See the leaves.

Zedoarie, Zedoary, or Setwall. This and Zunembet, according to R' afis and Mefue, are all one; Avicenna thinks them different: I hold with M fue ; indeed they differ in form, for the one is long, the other round : they are both hor and dry in the fecond degree, expel wind, relift poison, flop fluxes, and the terms, flay vomiting, help the Cholick, and kill worms; you may take half a dram at a time.

Zingiberis , Ginger. Helps digeftion, warms the stomach, clears the fight, and is profitable for old men. heats the joynts, and therefore is pro-Hearts-ease, or fitable against the Gout, expels wind:

BARKS.

Pi Rad , The roots of Smallage. Take notice here, That the Barks both of this Root, as also of Parfly, Fennel, &c. is all of the root which is in ule, neither can it properly be called Bark, for it is ail the Roos, the hard pith in the middle excepted, which is always, t. rown a-

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way, when the roots are used. It is men in travel, helps Coughs and defomething hotter and drier than Par. Huxions of humours upon the Lungs, My, and more medicinal; it opens Dropfies, and difficulty of Urine. In Roppings, provokes Urine, helps digestion, expels wind, and warms a cold stomach: use them like grass roots.

Avellanarum. Hazel. The rind of the tree provokes Urine, breaks the Rone; the husks and shels of the nuts, dried & given in powder flay the immoderate flux of the terms in women.

Aurantimum. Oranges. Both thefe, and also Lemmons and Citrons are of Different qualities, the outward bark, viz. what looks red is hot and dry, the white is cold and moift, the Juice colder than it, the feeds hot and dry; the outward bark is that which here I am to speak to, it is somewhat Roots. hotter than that either of Lemmons or Citrons, therefore it warms a cold flomach more, and expels wind better, but strengthens not the heart fo much.

Barber, &c. Barberries. The rind of the tree according to Chafins, being freeped in wine, and the wine drunk, purgeth Choler, and is a fingular remedy for the yellow Jaundice. Boil it in white wine and drink it. See the directions at the beginning.

Caffin Ligiea, O.c. It is something more oily than Cinnamon , yet the vertues being not much different, I

refer you thither.

Cappai is Rad. Caper Roots. the Roots.

Caftanearum. Chefnuts. The bark of the Chefnut-tree is dry and binding, and stayes fluxes.

cond degree, strengthen the stomach drink now and then a spoonful of it. help digettion, cause a sweet breath, relift pay for, provokes urine, and the rind or peel, cools and forcibly terms, caute freedy delivery to we- binds, flayes fluxes, and the terms in

syntments it takes away red pimples & the like deformities from the face. There is scarce a better remedy for women in labour, than a dram of Cinnamon newly beaten into powder and taken in white wine.

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citri. Pome-Citrons, The outward peel, which I suppose is that which is meant here, It strengthens the heart, refifts poylon, amends a ftinking breath, helps digeftion, comforts a cold ftomach.

Ebuli Rad. The roots of Dwarf-Elder, or Walwort. See the Roots.

Elecampane. See, the Enulz.

Esula Rad. See the Roots.

Fabarum, Beans. Bean Cods (or Pods, as we in Suffex call them) being burned, the ashes are a soveraign remedy for aches in the joynts, old bruifes, Gouts, and Sciaricaes.

Faniculi Rad. Fennel Roots: See the roots, and remember the observation given in Smallage at the be-

ginning of the Barks.

Fraxini Rad. The Bark of Ashtree roots. That the vertue lies only in the bark of the root, I suppose it to be only nicery: but the bark of the tree, helps the Rickets, is moderately hot and dry, stayes vomiting; being See burnt, the ashes made into an oyntment, helps Leprofie, and other deformities of the skin, easeth pains of the Spleen. You may lay the bark in steep in white wine for the Rickets Cinnamomum. Cinnamon and Cassial and when it hath stood so two or Are hot and dry in the fe- three daies, let the difeafed Child

Granaturum. Pomegraners. The

Women,

Women, helps digektion, ftrengthens them as grafs roots, and take our weak ftomachs, fastens the teeth, and the inner pith as you were tought in are good for such whole Gums wast. Smallage roots. You may take a dram of it at a time Prunelli Silvifris. Sloe-tree. I inwardly. Pomegranat flowers are know no use of it. of the same vertue.

Gatrujaci. See the Wood.

Juglandium Virid. Green Wallnuts. As for the outward green bark of Wall-nuts, I suppose the best time; to take them is before the Wall-nuts be shelled at all, and then you may take Nuts and all(if they may properly be called Nuts at fuch a time) you thal find them exceeding comfortable to the stomach, they refist poy fon, and are a most excellent prefervative against the Plague, inferiour to none ; fee any bark they had. they are admirable for fuch as are troubled with confumptions of the thing elfe befices to flop bettles ; be-Lungs, the rich may keep them pre- ing dry and binding, francheth blood, ferved; they that cannot do as they helps fluxes, especially the ashes of would, must be content, to do as they it being burnt. Paulus. may, viz.dry them, and so keep them. | Santuci, &c. Elder Roots and

Lauri. The Bay-tree.

Root.

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Limenum. Lemmons. The outward peel is of the nature of Citron, dle bark of Tameris, easeth the Spleen, but help not lo effectually; however helps the Rickets, you may use them let the poor Countrymen that cannot as Afh-tree bark. get the other, ule this,

Mandragora Rad. Be pleased to water helps burnings.

look back to the root.

Myrabolavorum. Myrabolans. See Ignoramus.

the fruits.

third degree, strengthens the stomach and broken bones, viz. Boyled in and heart exceedingly, and helps con- water and the grieved place bathed coction.

Maceris, &c. It is held to be the inner bark of Nugtmeg-tree, helps

Huxes, spitting of blood.

Petrofelini opens obstructions, provoke Urine and the terms, warm a cold ftomach, A of Aloes; is moderately hot and

Penearum putamire. Pine Queks. or husks. I suppose they mean of the cones that hold the feeds; but those and also the bark of the tree, Rops fluxes, and help the Lungs.

Querci. Oak tree. Both the bark of the Oak, and the Acren Cups drying and cold, binding, flop fluxes and the terms, as allo the running of the Reirs, have a care how you use them

before due purging.

Raphani. Racishes. I could never

Sabirio. Cerk. It is good for feme-

Sce the Branches; purge Water, help the

Dropfie.

Cort. Medius Tamaricis. The mid-

Boiled, the Tillia. Line-tree.

Thuris. Frankinsence. I must plead

ulmi. Elm. Mederately hot and Micis. Mace. It is hor in the cleanfing, very good for wounds, burns with it.

> Woods and their Chips, er a Raspings.

Rad. Parfly roots ; [a Scobs. properly fignifies Saw-duft.] A Gallecius, Lignum Alces. Wood expell wind, and break the stone, use dry, a good Cordial, a rich Persume, a great

Aspil-thus, Rosewood. There are divers Bushes called by the name of Aspalatious; but because the Colledge have fet it down amongst the Wood, (I suppose they mean the Tree) It is moderately hot and dry, stops Lonfnels, provokes Urine, and is excellent to cleanse filthy Ulcers.

Bresilium, Brasil. All the use I know of it is , to dry Cloth , and

Leather, and make red Ink.

Busus, Bex. Many Physitians have written of it, but no Physical Vertue of it: I suppose the Colledge quoted it only as a word of courfe.

Cypressies, Cypress. The wood laid amongst Cloaths, secures them from

moths. See the Leaves.

Ebenum, Ebony. It is held by Dirfcorides, to clear the fight, being either boiled with wine, or burnt to ashes.

Guajacum, Ligium vita, Dries. attehuares, caufeth fwear, relifteth putrifaction, is admirable good for the French Pox, as also for Ulcers, Scabs and Leprofie, it is used in diet drink

Juniperus, Juniper. The Imoak of the wood, drives away Serpents; the Thes of it made into lie, cures Itch,

and Scabs.

Nephraticum. It is a light wood and comes from Hispaniola; being steeped in water, will foon turn it into a blue colour : It is hot and dry in the first degree, and so used as before, is an admirable remedy for the stone, as also for the obstructions of the Liver and Spleen.

Rhodium, Encreaseth milk in Nur-

fer.

Santalon album, Rubrum, Citrinum. White red and yellow Sanders. They are all cold and dry in the second or shird degree : The red Rops defluxins from any part, and helps inflama- humors, cools the Brain, Liver, and

a great strengthener to the stomach. I tions: the white and yellow, (of which the yellow is best) cool the heat of Feavers, ftrengthen the heart, and cause cheerfulness.

> Saffafras. It is hot and dry in the fecond degree, it opens obstructions or stoppings, it strengthens the breft exceedingly, it it be weakned through cold, it breaks the stone, staies vomiting, provokes urine, and is very profitable in the French Pox, ufed in diet drinks.

Timaris. It is profitable for the

Rickets, and Burnings.

Xylobalfamum. Wood of the Balfom tree. Is hot and dry in the second degree, according to Galen. I never read any great vertues of it.

Herbs and their Leaves.

Brotanem, ma', famina. Southernwood, male and female. It is hot and dry in the third degree, refifts poylon, kills worms, provokes luft,outwardly in plaisters, it diffolves cold swellings, and helps the bitings of venomous beafts, makes hair grow: take not above half a dram at a time in Powder.

Absynthium, &c. Wormwood. Its leveral forts, are all hut and dry in the second or third degrees, the common Wormwood is thought to be hottelt, they all help weakness of the stomach, cleanse Choler, kill worms, open storpings, help Surfeits, clear the Sight, relift Poylon, cleanse the Blood, and fecure cloaths from moths.

Abugiliffa, &c. Alkanet. The leaves are fomething drying and binding , but inferiour in vertue to the roots, to which I refer you.

Acetofa. Sorrel. It is moderately cold and dry, binding, cutteth tough

flomach?

flomach , cools the blood in Feavers,

and provokes Appetite.

Acanthus. Bears-breech, or Brankurfine. Is temperate, fomething moift. See the Root.

Adiantum , album , nigrum. Maidenhair, white and black. They are temperate : yet drying. White Maidenhair is that we usually call Wall Rue. They both open Obftructions , cleanle the Breaft and Lungs of groffe flimy humors, provoke Urin, help Ruptures, and thortnets of wind.

Adiaitum aureum politrycum. Golden Maidenhair. Its Temperature and Verenes are the same with the former : helps he Spicen ; burned, and a Lye made with the Ashes, keeps the hair from falling of from

the Head.

Agrimonia. Agrimony. Eupatorium. It is hot and dry in the first degree, binding. It amends the infirmities of the Liver, helps fuch as pis blood, helps inward Wounds, opens O ftructions. Outwardly applied, it helps old Sores tllcers , &c. Inwardly , it helps the Jaundice and the Spleen. You miy either take a dram of this, or that following at a time, inwardly in white Wine, or boil the Herb in white Wine, and drink the Decc-Ction. Galen, Pliny, Diofcorides, Serapio.

Accratum. Mefue his Eupatoriu". Is hot and dry in the Maudlin. second degree; provokes Urin and the Terms, dries the Brain, opens Roupings , helps the Green-fickness, and profits such as have a Cold, weak Liver. Outwardly applied, it takes away the hardness of the Matrix, and fil's hollow Ulcers.

Aynus Caftus, &c. Chaft Tree: The leaves are hot and dry in the third degree : expel wind , confume the Seed, cause Chaftiey, being only born about one, diff lye swellings of the Cods, being applied to them. Headach, Lethargy. Ilo Diofcorides fairh, a branch of it preserves a Iraveller from wearinels.

Allajula , Lujula, &c. Wood Sorrel. It is of the temperature inf other Sorrel, and hald to be more Cordia : Cools the blood, helps Ulcers in the mouth, hot Defluxions upon the Lungs, Wound, Ulcers, &c.

Alcea. Veryain, Mallow, The Root helps Fluxes and burftness. Line

Dioscorides.

Allium. Garlick. Hot and dry in the fourth degree, troublesome to the Stomach, it dulls, the Sight, spoils a clear Skin, relifts poyson, eafeth the pains of the Teeth, helps the bitings of mad Dogs, and venomous beafts, helps Ulcers, Leprofies, provokes Urin, is exceedingly opening, and profitable for Dropfics.

Althea , &c. Marsh-mallows : Are moderately hot, and drier then other Mallows. They help digestion, and mitigate pain, ease the pains of the stone, and in the sides. Use them as you were taught in the Roots, whole Vertues they have, and both together will do better.

A! fine. Chickweed. Is cold and moist without any binding, asswageth Sweilings, and comforts the Sinews much, and therefore is good for fuch as are thrunk up. It diffolves Apostumes, hard swellings, and helps manginels in the Hands and Legs, outward y outwardly applied in a Pultis. Ga- at a time in Powder.

Alshimella. Ladies-mantle. It is hot and dry , some say in the second degree, some say in the third. Outwardly it helps wounds, reduceth Womens breafts that hang flagging. Inwardly, helps Bruises and Ruptures, staies Vomiting, and the Whites in Women; and is very: profitable for such Women as are fubject to miscarry through cold and moifture.

Alkanna, Privet. Hath a binding quality; helps Ulcers in the mouth, is good against Burnings and Scaldings, cherisheth the Nerves and Sinews. Boil it in white Wine to wash the mouth, and in Hogs greafe for Burnings and

Scaldings.

Anaracus, Marjorana. Marjoram. Some fay it is hot and dry in the fecond degree : some advance it to the third. Sweet Marjoram is an excellent Remedy for cold Difeases in the Brain, being only fmelled to; helps fuch as are given to much fighing, easeth pains in the Belly, provokes Urin, being taken inwardly. You may take a dram of it at a time in Powder. Outwardly in Oyls or Salves, it helps Sinews that are thrunk, Limbs out of Joynt, all Aches and swellings coming of a cold Cause.

Argelica. Is hot and dry in the third degree, openeth, digefteth, maketh thin, Arengthens the Heart, helps Fluxes, and loathfomness of mear, it is an enemy to Poyton and Pestilence, provokes the Terms in Women . and brings away the Afterbirth. You may take a dram of it

Anagallis, mas, fæmina. Pimpernel, male and female. They are something hot and dry, and of such a drawing quality, that they draw Thorns and Splinters out of the flesh, amend the fight, cleanse Ulcers , help Infirmities of the Liver and Reins. Galen.

Arethum. Dill. Is hot and dry in the second degree. Dioscoriaes faith, it breeds milk in Nurses, But Galen denies it. Howsoever, it States Vomiting, easeth Hiccoughs, affwageth Swellings, provokes Urin, helps such as are troubled with the hts of the Mother, and digefts raw

humors.

Apium. Smallage. So it is commonly used: but indeed all Parsley is called by the Name of A jum , of which this is one kind. It is something hotter and drier than Parfley, and more efficacious. It opens stoppings of the Liver and Spleen, cleanfeth the blood, provokes the Terms, helps a cold Stomach to digeft its meat, and is fingular good against the yellow Jaundice. Both Smallage and Cleavers may be well used in Pottage in the morning instead of Herbs.

Aparine. Goofe-grafs, or Cleavers. They are meanly hot and dry, cleanfing, help the biting of venomous beafts, keep mens bodies from growing too fat, help the yellow Jaundice, stay Bleeding; Fluxes, and helps green Wounds. Diefcorides, Pliny, Galen, Trages.

Alpreula odorata. Wood-roof: Chears the Heart, makes men merry, helps Melanchely, and opens the

stoppings of the Liver.

Aquilegia.

Aquilegia. Columbines. Help fore Throits, are of a drying, binding

quality.

Argentina. Silverweed or wild Tansie. Cold and dry almost in the third degree; stops Lasks, Fluxes, and the Terms, good against Ulcers, the Stone, and inward Wounds; it stops the immoderate Flux of the Terms in Women if it be but worn in their shoes: easeth gripings in the Belly, fastneth loole Teeth. Outwardly, it takes away Freckles, Morphew, and Sunburning; it takes away Inslammations, and bound to the Wrists, stops the violence of the fits of an Ague.

Artanita. Sowbread hot and dry in the third degree; it is so dangerous a Purge, I dare not take it my self, therefore I would not advise others. Outwardly in Oyntments, it takes away Freckles, Sunburning, and the marks which the small Pox leave behind, dangerous for women with Child; yea so dangerous, that both Dioscorides and Pliny say, it will make a woman miscarry, if she do

but fride ever it.

Aristolochia, longa, rotunda. Birthwort, long and round. See the Roots.

Artemisia. Mugwort. It hot and dry in the second degree, binding: an herb appropriated to the feminine Sex; it brings down the Terms, brings away both Birth and Afterbirth, easeth pains in the Matrix. You may take a dram at a time.

Albaragus. See the Roots.

afarum, &c. Afarrabacca. Hot and dry; provokes Vomiting and Urin, and are good for Dropfies. They are corrected with Mace or Cionamon.

Atriplex , &c. Orach of Arrach! It is cold in the first degree, and moilt in the lecond, laith Galen. and makes the Belly foluble. Diofcorides faith, they cure the yellow Jaundice. Lychus Neop Saith, they help such as have taken Cantharides. * Mathiolus Saith [* I doubt be was mistaken.] it purgeth upwards and downwards. Hypocrates faith, it cools hor Aposthumes, and St. Anthonies fire. It is certainly an admirable Remedy for the fits of the Mother, and other infirmities of the Matrix, and therefore the Latins called it Vulvaria.

Auricula maris, major. Mouseear: Hot and dry, of a binding quality; it is admirable to heal Wounds, inward or outward, as also Ruptures or burstness. Edge tools quenched in the Juyce of it, willcut Iron without turning the edge, as easie as they will Lead. And lastly, it helps the swellings of the Spleen, Coughs, and Consumptions of the Lungs.

Attractivis birsuta. Wild Bastard Sastron, Distast-thistle, or
Spindle-thistle. Is dry and moderately digesting, helpeth the bitings
of venomous beasts. Mesue faith,
it is hot in the first degree, and dry
in the second, and cleanseth the
Breast and Lungs of tough Flegm:
But if the Colledg do intend Carduus
benedictus by this, we shall talk with
that by and by, Galen, Dioscorides.

Balfamita, &c. Coftmary, Ale-cost. See Maudlin, of which I take.

this to be one fort or kind.

Barba Jovis, sedum majus. Housleck or Sengreen: cold in the third degree, profitable against the Shingles, and other hot creeping Ulcers, Inflamma-

tions,

tions, St. Anthonics fire, Frenzies: it cools and takes away Corns from the toes, being bathed with the juyce of it, and a skin of the leaf laid over the pla ce, stops Fluxes, help Scald-

ing and Burning.

Burdana. Clot-bur or Bur-dock. Temperately dry and wasting, something cooling, it is held to be a good Remedy against the shrinking of the Sinews, they ease pains in the Bladder, provoke Urin. Also Mizuldus saith, that a leaf applied to the top of the Head of a Woman, draws the Matrix upwards: but applied to the Soles of the Feet, draws it downwards, and is therefore an admirable Remedy for suffocations, precipitations and dislocations of the Matrix, if a wife man have but the using of

Beta alba, nigra, rubra. Beets white, black and red. Black Beets I have as yet as little skill in as knowledge of. The white are fomething colder and moitter than the red , both of them loosen the belly, but have little or no nourishment. Simcon Sethi tels a large ftory of feveral Difeases they breed in the flomach. I scarce believe him. This is certain, the white provoke to Rool, and are more cleanfing, open Roppings of the Liver and Spicen, help the Vertigo or swimming of the Head. The red stay Fluxes, help the immoderate flowing of the terms in Women, and are good in the yellow laundice.

hor and dry, help the Colick and rawnels of the Stomach, striches in the Sides; help Bruiles, and take away clotted blood in any part of the

boly.

Betonia vulgaris. Common or

wood Betony: Hot and dry in the second degree, helps the falling-ficknels and all Headaches coming of cold, cleanieth the Breafts & Lungs, opens stoppings of the Liver and Spleen, as the Rickers, &c. procures appetite, helps four belchings, provokes urin, breaks the stone, mitigates the pains of the Reins and Bladder, helps Cram; and Convultions, refifts poyfon, helps the Gout, fuch as pils blood, madness and Headach, kills worms, helps bruises, and cleanfeth women after their labor. You may take a dram of it at a time in white Wine, or any other convenient Liquor proper against the Disease you are afflicted with.

Betonica Pauli, &c. Pauls Betony or male Lluellin to which add Elative, or female Lluellin which comes afterwards: they are pretty temperate, stop Defluxions of humors that fall from the Head into the Eyes; are profitable in wounds, help filthy foul eating Cankers. Pena tells of one of her Country men, Shentleman of Wales, who had her note almost eaten off with the Pox, yea it was so pitiful fore, it had almost brought her to a Leprofie, and her was cured by only taking her own Country Herb Llucllin inwardly, and applying the Herb outwardly to the place.

Betonica Colonaria, &c. Is Clovegilli-flowers. See the Flowers.

good in the Bellis. Daifies: Are cold and moist in the second degree: they ease all pains and swellings coming of heat, in Clysters they loose the Belly; are profitable in Fevers and Inflamations of the stones, they take away bruises and blackness and b'ewness: they are admirable in wounds and inflammations of the Lungs or blood.

Elitua

cold and moift, others cold and dry : none mention any great Vertues of Ox tongue.] Its Vertues are the them.

Borrago. Borrage: Hot and moift, comforts the Heart, and chears the Spirits, drives away Sadnels and Mclancholy: they are rather laxative then binding; help Swooning and Heart-qualins, breed special good blood, help Consumptions, madness, and such as are much weakned by fickness.

Borus Henricus. Good Henry, or all good : Hot and dry, cleaning and icouring. Inwardly taken, it loofens the Belly. Outwardly, it cleanfeth old Sores and Ulcers.

Botrys. Oak of Jerusalem: Hot and dry in the second degree; helps fuch as are short winded, cuts and wast gross and tough Flegm : laid among Cloaths, they preferve them from Moths, and give them a sweet fmell.

Bran a urfina. Bears-breech.

Brionia, &c. Briony white and black: Both are hot and dry in the third degree, purge violently, yet are held to be whollome Physick for fuch as have Droffies, Vertigo or swimming in the Head, Falling fickness, &c. Certainly it is a curvy, strong, troublefom purge, therefore ill to be tam; ered with by the unskillful. Outwardly in Oyntments, it takes away Freckles, Wrinkles, Morphew, Scars, Spots, &c. from the Face.

Burfa paftoris. Shepherds-purle, is manifestly cold and dry, though Lob'e and Pens thought the contrary. It is binding, and stops blood, the Terms in Women, spitting and pilfing of blood, cools Inflammations.

Blitum, Blites. Some fay they are | (because they must be frenchified) called Languedebeef in plain English

lame with Borrage.

Buzula. Bugle or middle Comfry: Is temperate for heat, but very drying, excellent for falls or inward bruiles : for it disfolves congealed blood, profitable for inward Wounds, helps the Rickets, and other stoppings of the Liver. Outwardly, it is of wonderful force in curing Wounds and Vicers, though festered; as also Gangrenes and Fiftulaes: it helps broken bones. [* Or members out of joyat.] diflocations. To conclude, let my Country men efteem it as a Jewel. Inwardly you may take it in powder a dram at a time, or drink the Decoction of it in white Wine, being made into an Oyntment with Hogs greafe, you shall find it admirable in green Wounds,

B'phthalmum, &c. Ox Eye. Mathiolus faith they are commonly used for black Hellebore, to the Vertues

of which I refer you.

Buxus. Box-tree. The Leaves are hot, dry, and binding: they are profitable against the biting of mad Dogs. Both taken inwardly, boyled, and applied to the place; befides, they are excellent to cure Horses of the bots.

Calaminth, montana, palustris. Mountain and Water Calaminth For the Water Calaminth. See Mints. then which it is accounted ffronger. Mountain Calaminth is hot and dry in the thir i degree, provokes Urine, and the Terms, haftens the Birth in women, brings away the Afterbirth, helps Cramps, Convultions, difficulty of breathing, kills worms, helps the Bugloffum. + Buglos, [+ In Suffex | Leprofie. Outwardly used, it helps fu:h fuch as hold their necks on one fide: half a dram is enough at one time.

Galen, Dioscorides, Apuleius.

Calendula, &c. Marigolds. The Leaves are hot in the second degree, and something moist, loosen the Belly. The Juyce held in the mouth, helps the Toothach, and takes away any Inhammation or hot Swelling, being bathed with it, mixed with a little Vinegar.

Callitricum. Maidenhair. See

'Adjanthum.

Caprifolium. Honeyfuckles. Leaves are hor, and therefore naught for Inflammations of the Mouth and Throat, for which the ignorant people often give them. And Galen was true in this, let modern Writers write their pleasure. If you chew but a leaf of it in your mouth, Experience wil tel you that it is likelier to cause then to cure a fore Throat. They provoke Urin, and purge by Urin, bring speedy delivery to Women in travel, yet procure barrennels and hinder Conception. Outwardly they dry up foul Ulcers, and cleanse the face from Morphew, Sunburning and Freckles.

carduncellus, & c. Groundsel. Cold and moist according to Tragus, helps the Colick, and pains or gripings in the Belly, helps such as cannot make water, cleanseth the Reins, purgeth Choler and sharp humors: the usual way of taking it, is to boil it in water with Currans, and so cat it, I hold it to be a wholsom and harmless purge. Outwardly it easeth womens breasts that are swollen and instanced; or (as themselves say) have gotten an Ague in their breasts: as also instammation of the Joynts, Nerves, or Sinews, Egiatta.

Carduns bened. Marie. Our Ladies Thistle. They are far more remperate then Carduns benedittus, open obstructions of the Liver, help the Jaundice and Dropsie, provoke Urin, break the Stone.

Carduus Benedict. In plain English Bleffed Tniftle, though I contess it be better known by the Latin name. It is hot and dry in the second degree, cleanfing and opening, helps lwimming and giddiness in the head, deafness, strengthens the memory, helps griping pains in the Belly's kills Worms, provokes sweat , expels poylon, helps inflammation of the Liver, is very good in Pestilences, and the French' Pox. Outwardly applied, it ripens Plague fores and helps hot swellings, the bitings of mad Dogs and venomous beafts, and foul filthy Ulcers. Every one that can but make a Carduus Poffet, knows how to use it. Camerarius. Arnoldus de Villa nova.

Chalina. See the Roots under the

Corallina. A kind of Sea Moss: Cold, binding, drying, good for hot Gouts, Inflammations: also they say it kills Worms, and therefore by some is called Maw-wormseed.

Caffutha , cufcula , potagra Lini.

Dodder. See Epithimum.

Caryophyllata. Avens, or Herb Bennet: hot and dry. They help the Colick, rawness of the Stomach, stitches in the sides, stoppings of the Liver, and bruises.

Cataputia minor. A kind of Spurge.

See Tythymalu.

Cattaria, Nepcta. Nep, or Carmints. The Vertues are the same with Calaminth.

Cauda

ing, drying quality, cures wounds, and is an admirable remedy for finews that are thrunk : Yea, Gaten faith it cures finews though they be cur in funder: But Columbus holds that is incurable, unless they be cut within the Muscle. Well then, we will take Galen in the charitablest sense. However this is certain, it is a fure remedy for bleeding at the noie, or by wounds, stops the terms in women, fluxes, ulcers in the reins and bladder, Coughs, Ulcers in the Lungs, Difficulty of Breathing.

Caulis, Braffica bortenfis, filveftris. Colewort or Cabbages, Garden and wild. They are drying and binding, help dimness of the fight: help the spicen, preserve from drunkenness, and help the evil effects of it: provoke the terms' they fay, being lain on the top of the head, they draw the matrix upward, and therefore are good for the falling out of the womb. Chrysippus writes a whole treatile of them, and makes them a universal medicine sides. for every disease in every part of the

body.

Centaurium, majus, minu , Centaury the greater and leffer. They fay the greater will do wonders in curing wounds: fee the Root. The leffer is that which is commonly in Suffex known by the name of Centaury, and indeed fo throughout that part of the Nation that I have travelled over: a present remedy for the yellow Jaundice, opens stoppings of the Liver, Gall and Spleen: purgerh choler, cellent good for melancholy people, helps the Gout, clears the fight, pur- helps the strangury, provokes Urine, geth the stomach, helps the dropsie and breaks the stone in the Bladder,

Cauda equina. Horstail; is of a bind- | powder, or half a handful boyled in Poffet-drink at any time.

Centinonium, &c. Knotgrals: cold in the fecond degree, helps fpitting and piffing of blood, ftops the terms and all other fluxes of blood, vomiting of Blood, Gonorrhea, or running of the Reins, weakness of the Back and Joynes, Inflammations of the privities, and fuch as pils by drops, and it is an excellent remedy for Hogs that will not cat their meat. Your only way is to boyl it, it is in its prime about the later end of July, or beginning of August: at which time being gathered, it may be kept dry all the year. Braffacolus, Came-YAYIUS.

Caryfolium vulgare & Myrrhis, Common and great Chervil, Take them both together, and they are temperately hot and dry's provoke Urine, they stir up lust, and defire Copulation, comfort the heart, and are good for old people, help Pleurifies and pricking in the

Capaa, Anagallis aquatica. Brooklime, hot and dry, but not so hot and dry as Water-creffes : Tragns faith. they are hot and moift, but the man dreamed waking, they help mangy Horfes. Sec Water-creffes.

Cetrach, &c. Spleenwort: moderately hor, wastes and confumes the Spleen, infomuch that Vitravius affirms he hath known hogs that have fed upon it, that have had (when they were killed) no spleens at all. It is exand green-fickness It is only the cops boyl it and drink the decoction; but & flowers which are uleful, of which because a little boyling will carry you may take a dram inwardly in away the strength of it in vapours, let ture.

third, helps the Jundice, Sciatica, stopping of the Liver and Spleen, provokes the Term', cleanleth the entrails, diffolves congealed blood, relifts poylon, cures wounds and

it in powder at a time.

Chamenelum, f.tivum, fylvefre. Garden and Wild Chamomel. Garden Chamomel, is hot and dry in the fi degree, and as galiant a medicine against the Scone in the Bladger as grows upon the earth you may take it inwardly I mean the d coction of it, being boyled in whire wine, or in-I A the juyce of it into the Bladder with a lyringe, It expels wind, helps belchings, and potently provokes the Terms : Uled in baths it helps pains in the fides, gripings and gnawings in the Belly.

Chanedris, &c. Germander ; hot and dry in the third degree; cuts and brings away tough humors, opens Roppings of the Liver and Spleen, helps coughs and mortness of breath, Brangury and Stopping of Urin, and provokes the terms; half a dram is

enough to take at a time.

Chelido ium utruma; Celandine both forts. Small Celandine is usually ca'led Pilewort, it is something hotter and dryer than the former, but not in the fourth degree as Galen and Dioscorides would have it; they say in helps the Hemorrhoids or Piles, by only carrying it about one (but if it

boyl but very little, and let it stand will not, bruise it and apply it to the close stopped till it be cold before grief) and from thence it took its you frain it out : this is the ge- name. Celandine the greater is hot meral rule for all Simples of this na- and dry (they fay in the third degree) any way used, either the juyce Chamapity. Ground-pine: hot in or made into an Oyl or Oyntment, it the second degree, and dry in the is a great preserver of the fight, and as excellent an help for fore eyes as any is.

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Cinara, &c. Artichokes. Thy pro-

voke luft, and purge by urin.

Cichorium. Succory, to which add ulcers. Strong Bodies may take a Endive which comes after. They are dram and weak Bodies half a dram of cold and dry in the second degree, cleanfing and opening, they cool the Heart and Liver, and are profitable in the yellow Jaundice, and burning Feavers, help exceriations in the Yard, hot Stomachs, and outwardly applied, help hot rheumes in the eyes.

Cista. Hemlock: Cold in the fourth degree, poylonous; outwardly applied, it helps Priapifmus, or continual standing of the Yard, the shingles, St. Anthonies hre, or any eating

Ulcers.

Hemlock boyled, and the yard bathed with the decoction of it, helps the Priapifmus, or continual standing of the Yard.

Clemetis Daphnoydes, Vinca provinca. Perwincle. Hot in the fecond degree, something dry and binding: stops Lasks, spitting of blood, and the Terms in Women.

confolida major. Comfry, I do not conceive the leaves to be fo vertuous as the Roots.

consolida media. Bugles, of which before.

Co folida minima. Daizies.

Consolida rubra. Golden Rod: hot and dry in the second degree, cleanfeth the Reins, provokes Urin, brings

away

away the Gravel : an admirable herb dry, helps difficulty of urine, the yelfor wounded people to take inwardly, Stops blood, &c.

Co folida Regali , Delphinium. Larks heels: refift poylon, help bitings of

venomous beafts.

Saraceritica folidago. Saracens Con-Helps inward wounds, fore mouths, fore throats, wasting of the Lungs and Liver.

Co or pas. Buckshorn Plantane, or Sea-plantane : Cold and dry, helpeth the biting of venomous beafts, either taken inwardly, or applied to the wound; helps the Cholick, breaks

the Stone. Egineta.

Coronavia. Hath got many English names Cottonweed, Cudweed, Chaff. weed and Petry Cotton. Of a drying and binding nature; boyled in Ly. 1t keeps t e head from Nits and L.ce : being laid among Cloths, it keeps them fafe from moths, kills worms, helps the bitings of ve. omous beafts; taken in a Tobacco-pipe. it helps Coughs of the Lungs, and vehement Head-aches.

Croffewort : (here is Cynciat 1 a kind of Gentian called also by this name, which I pass by) is drying and binding , exceeding good for inward or outward wounds, either inwardly taken, or outwardly applied: and an excellent remedy for fuch as are burften.

Crafful . Orpine. Very cool : outwardly used with Vinegar it cleers the skin; inwardly taken, it helps gnawings of the stomach and bowels, Ulcers in the Lungs, bloody flux, and Quinhe in the throat ; for which last disease it is inferiour to none, take not too much of it at a time, becaule of its coldness.

Crithamis, or . Sampier. Hot and

low Jaundice, provokes the Ferms, helps digeftion, openeth ftoppings of the Liver and Spleen. Galet.

Cucumis afiniaus. Wild Cucumers.

See Elsterium.

Cyanus m jor, miner. Blewbettle, great and imall. A fine cooling herb, helps bruiles, wounds, broken veins; the juyce dr pped into the eye, helps the inflammations thereof.

Cygnogloffum. Hounds-tongue, cold and dry : applied to the Fundament, helps the Hemorrhoids , healeth wounds and ulcers, and is a prefent remedy against the bitings of Dogs, burnings and scaldings. Some say if you put the her, under your feet within your stocking, no Dog will bark at you.

Cyprofins, Chame Cypariffus. Cypress tree. The leaves are hot and binding, help Ruptures, and Polypus

of flesh growing on the Nole.

Came Cypari u : Is Lavender Cotton Rifits poylon, kills worms, and withal take notice how learnedly the Collede could confound the Cypress and Lavender Cotton together; and at they fay fome Authors fay Cypreflus and Chamecypariffus are all one and wichal thew you where, then tell them I thought their brain was in their books, not in their head:

Dectimius Cretenfis. Dictamny, or Dittany of Creet, hot and dry, brings away dead children, haftens womens travail, brings away the after birththe very imell of it drives away venomous beafts, to deadly an enemy it is to poylon ; its an admirable remedy against wounds and Gunshot, wounds made with perfened wea-

pons,

pons, it draws out splinters, broken the flowers into a Conserve, and bones, or. The dole from half a dram the Herb into a Syrup: the poor may to a dram. They fay the Goats and keep it dry; both may keep it as a Deers in Creet, being wounded with Jewel. arrows eat this herb, which makes the arrows fall out of themselves: And &c. Rupture-wort, or Burst-wort: The from thence came the tale in * Vir- English name tells you it is good agil. [Virgil, Anad.lib. 12.] about gainst Ruptures, and so such as are Ancas.

Garden and Wild: the leaves bruised ken, or outwardly applied to the place, & applied to the Temples, allay the or both. Allo the Latin names hold heat in feavers, qualifie the rage in it forth to be good against the Ears, kill worms in them (if there be true. any there to kill) dropped into the Eyes, clear the fight, help redness vokes Urine: See the Root. and pimples in the Face, being anointed with it. Galen.

Butler.

herb, Snake-buglos, Wall-buglos, is excellent for Agues in young chil-Limis in Sufer. The rich may make vicenna.

Empetron, Calcifragra, Herniaria, burften shall find it, if they please to Dipfacus, fatio. fylv. Teazles, make tryal of it, either inwardly tafrenzies; the juice dropped into the Stone, which who to tries, shall find

Enula Campana. Elicampane, Pro-

Epithimum, Dodder of Time, to which add common Dodder, which Ebulus. Dwarf-Elder or Walnuts. is usually that which grows upon flax: Hot and dry in the third degree; Indeed every Dodder retains a vertue wasts hard swellings, being applied of that herb or plant it grows upon as in form of a Pulcifs; the hair of the D dder that grows upon Broom, prohead being anointed with the juice vokes urine forcibly, and loofens the of it, turns it black, the leaves being belly, and is moister than that which applied to the place, help inflamma- grows upon Flax; that which grows tions, burnings, scaldings, the bitings upon Time, is hotter and drier than of mad dogs; mingled with Bulls- that which grows upon Flax, even fuet, is a present remedy for the in the third degree, opens obstru-Gout, inwardly taken is a fingular Rions, helps infirmities of the Purge for the Dropsic and Gout. Dr. Spleen, purgeth melancholy, relieves drooping spirits, helps the Echium. Vipers-buglos, Vipers- Rickets: That which grows on Flax, Wild-bugloss, several Countreys give dren, strengthens weak stomachs, it thefe feveral names: It is a fingular purgeth choler, provokes urine, opens remedy being eaten, for the biting of Stopping in the Reins and Bladder : venomous beafts: Continual eating That which grows upon Nettles, of it makes the body invincible a- provokes wrine exceedingly. The way gainst the poylon of Serpents, Toads, of using it, is to boyl it in White-Spiders, &c. however it be admini- Wine, or other convenient decoctions, fired; it comforts the heart, expels and boyl it very little, remembring fadness and melancholy: It grows a- what was told you before in Cetrach. bundantly about the Caftle walls, at Letius, Me'w, Actuarius, Serapio, :-

third degree, being eaten alone, cau- and Spleen. feth Head-ach, by its heat procureth luft. Galen.

Eupatorium. See Ageratum.

Euphragia. Eyebright is something! hot and dry, the very fight of it re- Roppings of the Liver and Spleen, fresheth the Eyes; inwardly taken, helps Rickets, Hypnchondriack Meit restores the fight, and makes old lancho, y, Madnets, Frenzies, quartan mens eyes young, a dram of it taken Agues, Loolneth the Belly, gently in the morning is worth a pair of purgeth Melancholy, and adult Spectacles, it comforts and streng- | Choler : boyl it in white Wine, and theneth the memory, outwardly take this one general rule, All trings applied to the place it helps the of a cleanfing or opening nature may Eyes.

Filix Famina. Filicula, Poly-See the Roots. podrum. Filipendula.

Malabathrum. Indian-leaf, hor and dry in the second degree, comforts the stomach exceedingly, helps digestion, provokes Urin, helps Inflamations, of the Eyes, secures cloths from Moths.

Feniculum. Fennel, encreaseth milk in Nurses, provokes Urin, breaks the stone, easeth pains in the Reins, opens Roppings, breaks wind, provokes the terms; you may boyl it in White Wine.

Fragaria. Strawberry leaves, are cold, dry and birding, a fingular remedy for inflammations and wounds, hot Diseases of the Throat, they stop Fluxes and the Terms, cool the heat of the stomach, and the inflammations of the Liver. The best way is to boyl them in Barley water.

Fraxinu, &c. Ash tree, the leaves are moderately hot and dry, cure the bitings of Adders and Serpents, by a certain antipathy (as they fay) there is between them, they ftop lings, and by its smell amends a hor looines, and stay Vomiting, help the brain.

Eruch. Rocket, hot and dry in the Rickets, open stoppages of the Liver

Fumaria. Fumitory: Cold and dry, it openeth and cleanfeth by urin, helps such as are Itchy and Scabbed, cleers the Skin, opens be most commodiously boyled in white wine. Remember but this, and then I need not write one thing so ofren.

Galiga. Goats-rue : Temperate is quality, refifts Poylon, kills worms, helps the Falling-fickneffe, refifteth the Pestilence. You may take a dram of it at a time in Powder.

Galion. Ladies-bedftraw : Dry and binding, stancheth blood: boyled in Oyl, the Oyl is good to annoin: a weary Traveller; inwardly it provokes luft.

Gentiana. See the Root.

Genista. Broom : hot and dry in the second degree, cleanse and open the Romach, break the stone in the reins and bladder, help the green fickness. Let such as are troubled with heart-qualms or faintings, forbear ir, for it weakens the Heart and vital Spirit.

See the Flowers.

Geranium. Cranebil, there be divers forts of it, one of which is that which is called Muscata, and in Suffex barbaroufly Muscovy; it is thought to be cool and dry, helps hot swel-

Geraniur.

helps the wind-cholick, pains in the belly, stone in the reins and bladder, and is singular good in ruptures, and inward wounds, I suppose, these are the general vertues of them all.

Grames. Grafs : See the Root.

Graiola. Hedge-hysop, purgeth water and Begm, but works very churlishly. Gesaer commends it in Dropsies.

Alphodelus fem. See the Root.

Hepatica, Lichen. Liverwort, cold and dry, excellent good for inflammations of the Liver, or any other infla-

mations, or yellow Jaundice.

Hedera Arborea, Terrestris. Tree and Ground-Ivy. Tree-Ivy helps ulcers, burnings, scaldings, the bad effect, of the Spleen the juyce snusfed up into the nose, purgeth the head, it is admirable for surfets or headach, or any other ill effects coming of drunkenness, and therefore the Poets seigned Bacchus to have his Head bound round with them. Your best way is to boyl them in the same liquor you got your surfet by drinking.

Ground-Ivy is that which usually is called Alchoof, hot and dry, the juyce helps noise in the Ears, Fistulaes, Gouts, stoppings of the Liver, it strengthens the Reins and stops the Terms, helps the yellow Jaundice, and other diseases coming of stoppings of the Liver, and is excellent for

wounded peopel.

He Bi Campborata. Stinking Ground-pine, is of a drying faculty, and therefore stops defluxions either in the Eyes or upon the Lungs, the Gour, Cramps, Palsies, Aches: strengthens the Nerves.

H rb: Meschitz. Mentioned even

now, me thinks the Colledg should not have forgotten themselves so soon: How can a man that forgets himself remember his Patient?

Primroses, or Cowssips, which you will. The leaves help pains in the head and joynts; see the Flowers,

which are most in use.

Herba Paris. Herb True-love, or One-berry. Pena and Lobel, affirm it resists poylons: Matheolus saith it takes away evil done by Witcherase, and affirms it by experience, as also long lingring sickness; however it is good for wounds, falls, bruises, Apostumes, inflammations, ulcers in the privities. Herb True-love, is very cold in temperature. You may take half a dram of it at a time in powder.

Herba Roberti. A kind of Crane-

bill.

Herbs venti, Ancmone. Wind flower, the juyce snuffed up in the Nose purgeth the head, it cleanseth filthy ulcers, encreaseth milk in Nurses, and outwardly by oyntment helps Leprosies.

Herniaria. The fame with Em-

petron.

Helxine. Pellitery of the wall. Cold moist, cleansing, helps the stone and gravel in the kidneys, difficulty of Urin, fore Throat, pains in the Ears, the Juyce being dropped in them; outwardly it helps the shingles and St. Anthonies sire.

Hypogloßum. Horstongue, Tongueblade or Double-tongue. The Roots help the Arangury, provoke urin, ease the hard labour of Women, provoke the Terms, the Herbs help Ruptures and the fits of the Mother: it is hot in the second degree, dry in the first: Boyl it in white wine. Hyppolapathum. Patience, Monks Rhubarb: See the Roots.

Hypposcilinum. Alexanders, or Alifanders, provoke urin, expel the afterbirth, help the strangury, expel wind.

Sage either fod or taken inwardly, or beaten and applied Plaisterwife to the Matrix, draws forth both Terms and after-birth.

If you feeth Mugwort in water, and apply it hor Plaister-wise to the navel and thighs of a woman in Travel, it brings forth both birth and after-birth, but then you must speedily take it away, lest it draw down

Matrix and all. Rogerius.

The smoak of Marigold flowers received up a Womans Privities by a Funnel, brings away easily the after birth, although the Midwife have let

gu her hold. Mizaldus.

Horminum. Clary: hot and dry in the thirds degree; help weakness in the back, stops the running of the reins, and the whites in women; provokes the Terms, and helps Women that are barren through coldness or moisture, or both; causerh fruitfulness, but is hurtful for the memory. The usual way of taking it is to fry it with Butter, or make a Tansie with it.

Hydropiper. Arsmart. Hot and dry, consumes all cold swellings, & blood congealed by bruises and stripes: applied to the place, it helps that Aposthume in the joynts commonly called a Felon: (but in Sussex, an Andicom) Is you put a handfull of it under the saddle of a tired Horses back, it will make him Travel fresh and lustily: strewed in a Chamber, kils all the sleas there: this is hottest Arsmart, and is unsit to be given inwardly: There is a milder fort, cal-

or led Persicaria, which is of a cooler, milder quality, drying, excellent good for putrified ulcers, kils worms:

I had almost forgot that the former is an admirable remedie for the Gout, being rosted between two tiles and applied to the grieved place, and yet I had it from Dr. Butler.

Hysopus. Hysop. Helps Coughs, shortness of breath, wheezing, distillations upon the Lungs: It is of a cleansing quality: kills worms in the body, arends the whole colour of the body, helps the Dropsie and Spleen, fore Throats, and noise in the Ears.

See Syrup of Hylop.

Hyofcyamus, &c. Henbane. The white Henbane is held to be cold in the third degree: the black or common Henbane and the yellow, in the fourth. They stupishe the sences and therefore not to be taken inwardly outwardly applied, they help inslamations, hot Gouts: applied to the

temples they provoke fleep.

Hypericon. St. Johns wert. It is as gallant a wound herb as any is', either given inwardly, or outwardly applied to the wound, it is hot and dry, opens stoppings, helpe h spitting and vomiting of blood, it cleanfeth the Reins, provokes the Terms, helps congealed blood in the stomach and Meseraick Veins, the Falling-sickness, Palsie, Cramps and Aches in the joynts, you may give it in powder, or any convenient decoction.

Hypoglottis, Laurus Alexanarina. Laurel of Alexandria provokes urin and the terms, and is held to be a fingular help to women in Travel.

Hypoglossum, the same with Hypoglossum before, only different names given by different Authors, the one

de.

deriving his name from the tongue of a Horse, of which form the leaf is; the other the form of the little leat, because small leaves like small tongues grow upon the greater.

Iberis Cardamantica, Sciatica-creffes
I suppose so called because they help
the Sciatica, or Hucklebone Gout.

Inguinalis, Afther. Setwort or Shartwort: being bruised and applied, they help swellings, botches, and venereous bubbes in the groin, whence they took their name, as also inflammation and falling out of the fundament.

Iris. See the Roots.

Isatis, glastum. Woad. Drying and binding; the side being bathed with it, it easeth pains in the spleen, cleanseth silthy corroding gnawing ulcers.

Iva Arthritica. The same with

Camapytis.

Juneus odoratus. The same with Schenanthus.

Labrum veneris. The fame with

Dipfacus.

Lattuca. Lettuce. Cold and moift, cool the inflammation of the ste-mach, commonly called heart-burning:provoke sleep, resist drunkenness, and take away the ill effects of it; cool the blood, quench thirst, breed milk, and are good for cholerick bo dies, and such as have a frenzie, or are frenetique, or as the vulgar say, frantick. They are far wholsomer eaten boiled than raw.

Logabus, Herba Loporing. A kind of Trefoyl growing in France and Sp. in. Let them that live there look after the vertues of it.

dry in the third degree; the temples and forehead bathed with the juyce

of it; as also the smell of the herb helps Swoonings, Catalepsis, Falling sickness, provided it be not accompanied with a Feaver. See the Flowers.

Laureola. Laurel. The Leaves purge upward and downward: they are good for rhewmatick people to chew in their mouths, for they draw forth much water.

forth much water.

hot and dry, refift drunkeness, they gently bind and help' Diseases in the bladder, help the stinging of Bees and Wasps, mitigate the pain of the stomach, dry and heal, open obstructions of the Liver and Spleen, resist the Pestilence.

Lappa Minor. The leffer Bur-

dock.

Lintifeus. Mastich tree. Both the Leaves and Bark of it stop Fluxes (being hot and dry in the second degree) spitting and pissing of blood, and the falling out of the Fundament.

and moist in the second degree, helps inflammations, hot swellings, and the falling out of the sundament, being warmed and applied to the place.

Lepidium Piperitis. Dittander, Pepperwort, or Scar-wort: A hot fiery sharp Herb, admirable for the gout being applied to the place: being only held in the hand, it helps the Tooathach, and withall leaves a wan colour in the hand that holds

Livisticum. Lovage. Clears the fight, takes away redress and freekles from the face.

Libreotis Corolaria. See Rofe-

Liniri. Tosuflix, or Wild-flax,

hot

hot and dry, cleanse the reins and shall be taught hereafter, or into a bladder, provoke urine, open the stoppings of the Liver and Spleen, and help dileales coming thereof: outwardly they take away yellownels and deformity of the skin.

tillium Convallinum. Lilly of the

Valley. See the Flowers.

Lingua Cervina. Harts tongue, drying & binding, stops blood, the terms and fluxes, opens stoppings of the Liver and Spleen, and diseases thence arifing. The like quantity of Hartstongue, Knotgrass and Comfey roots being boiled in water and a draught of the Decoction drunk every morning, and the materials which have boiled applied to the place is a notable remedy for fuch as are burft,

Limonium. Sea-baglofs, or Marthbugiofs, or as fome will have it, Sea-Lavender; the feeds being very drying and binding, stop Fluxes and the terms, help the cholick and

strangury.

Lotus urbana. Authors make fome flutter about this herb, I conceive the best take it to be Trifolium Odo a'um, Sweet Trefoyl, which is of a temperate nature, cleanfeth the Eyes gently of such things as hinder the fight, cureth green wounds, Ruptures, or burfiness, help such as Piss blood or are bruffed, and secures Garments from Moths.

Lapitlus. Hops, Opening, cleanfing, protoke urine; the young iprouts open floppings of the Liver & Spleen, cleanse the blood, clear the skin, help Scabs and Itch, help Agues, purge choler: they are usually boiled and taken as they eat Sparagus, but if you would keep them, for they are excellent for these Difeases, you may make them into a Conferve, as you

Syrup.

Lychnitis Corosaria. Or as others more properly from the Greek write it, Lychnis. Role Campion, I know not any great Physical vertue it hath.

Macis. See the Barks.

Magistrantia, &c. Masterwort: Hot and dry in the third degree; it is fingular good against poilon, pestilence, corrupt and unwholfom air, helps windinels in the flomach, caufeth an appetite to ones victuals, very profitable in falls and bruiles, congealed and clotted blood, the bitings of mad dogs; the leaves chewed in the mouth , cleanle the Brain of Superfluous humors, thereby preventing Lethargies and Apoplexies.

Malva. Mallows. The best of Authors account wild Mallows to be best, and hold them to be cold and moist in the first degree, they are profitable in the biting of venomous beafts, the stinging of Bees & Wasps Inwardly they refift poilon, provoke to stool; outwardly they asswage hard swellings of the Privities or other places, in Clysters they help roughness and fretting of the Guts, Bladder, or Fundament; and so they do being boiled in Water, and the Decoction drunk, as I have proved in the Bloody Flux.

Majorana. See Amaracus.

- Mindragora. Mandrakes. Fit for no vulgar use, but only to be used in

cooling Ointments.

Marrabium, albur, nigrum, fætidum; Marribium album, is common Horehoung. Hot in the second degree, and dry in the third, openeth the Liver and Spleen, cleanfeth the break and lungs, helps old Coughs, pains in the fides , Prificks, or experation of the Lungs, it provokes the Terms, eafeth hard labor in Child bearing,

Syrups.

M.r ubium nigrum, & fætidun. Black & flinking Horehound. I take to be all one. Hot & dry in the third degree; cure the bitings of mad dogs, wafte and consume hard knobs in the Fundament & Matrix, cleanse filthy Ulcers. Unless by stinking Horehound the Colledge should mean that which Fuchfius calls Starbys, if they do, it is hot and dry but in the first degree, and a fingular remedy to keep wounds from inflammation.

Marum. Herb Mastich. Hot and dry in the third degree , good against

Cramps and Convulsions.

Mairicaria. Featherfew. Hot in the third degree, dry in the second; openeth, purgeth; a fingular remedy for diseases incident to the Matrix, & other Diseases incident to Women, eases their travel, and infirmities coming after it; it helps the Vertigo or dizzinels of the Head, Melancholy, fad though's: you may boil it either alone, or with other Herbs fit for the fame purpose, with which this Treatife will furnish you : applied to the Wrists, it helps the Ague.

Matrifylva. The same with Capri-

o'ium.

Melilotus. Melilot. Inwardly taken, provokes Urin, breaks the Stone, cleanfeth the reins and bladder . cut teth & cleanfeth the Lungs of tough Flegm; the juice dropped into the Eics, cleers the fight; into the Ears. mitigates pain and noise there; the Head bathed with the Juyce mixed with Vinegar, takes away the pains thereof: outwardly in Pultifies, it affwageth swellings in the Privities, and elfewhere.

Meliffa. Bawm. Hot and dry : outwardly mixed with falt and apbrings away the after birth. See the plied to the Nick, helps the Kings evil bitings of Mad dogs, venomous beafts, and such as cannot hold their necks as they should do; inwardly it is an excellen remady for a cold and moist stomach, cheers the heart, retresheth the mind, takes away gricfs, forrow and care, instead of which it produceth Joy and Mirth. See the Syrup. Galen, Av ce na.

Menta Sativa. Garden Mints, Spear Mints. Are hot and dry in the third degree, provoke hunger, are wholfom for the stomach, stay vomiting, stop the terms, help fore heads in children, ftrengthen the stomach, cau'e digestion; outwardly applied, they help the bitings of mad dogs; Yet they hinder conception, and are naught for wounded people, they fay by reason of an antipathy between them and Iron. Pli y, Galen.

Mntha quitica. Water Mints: Esse pain of the Belly, Head ch, and Vomiting, gravel in the Kidneys and

Stone.

Mithaffrum, Horfe mint. I know no d ff rence between them and warer M nts.

M reurialis, mas, famina. Mercury . male and female, They are both hot and dry in the second degree, cleanfing, digefting, they purge watry humor, and further conception. Theo br lie relates that if a woman use to eat either the male or female Mercury two or three daies after conception, the shall bring forth a Child either male or female according to the fex of the H rb fhe ea s

Mezerion. Spurge Olives, or Widdow-wall. A dangerous purge, better let alone than medled with.

Millefolium

Millefolium. Yarrow. Meanly cold and binding, an healing Herb for wounds, stancheth bleeding; and some say the juyce snutfed up the Nose causeth it to bleed, whence it was called Nosebleed; it stoppeth Lasks, and the Terms in women, helps the running of the reins, helps inflammations and excoriations of the Yard, as also inflammations of wounds. Galen.

Muscus. Mosse. Is something cold and binding, yet usually retains a smatch of the property of the tree it grows on: therefore that which grows upon Oaks is very dry and binding; Scrapio saith, that being insused in Wine, and the Wine drunk, it stayes vomiting & fluxes, as also the whites in women.

My tus. Mirtle tree. The Leaves are of a cold Earthy quality, drying and binding, good for fluxes, fpitting, vomiting and piffing of blood; stop the Whites and Reds in Women.

Nardus. See the Roots.

N:furtium, Aquaticum, Hortenfe. Warer ereffes and Garden creffes.

Garden creffes are hot and dry in the fourth degree, good for the Scurvy, Sciatica, hard iwellings, yet do they trouble the belly, ease pains of the Spleen, provoke Lust. Diescoviaes.

Water creffes are hot and dry, cleanse the blood, help the Scurvy, provoke urin and the terms, break the stone, help the green sicknesse, cause a fresh lively colour.

Nafturtium album, Thlaspy. Treacle mustard. Hot and dry in the third degree, purgeth violently, dangerous for women with child: Outwardly it is applied with profit to the Gout.

Nicorimi. Tobacco. And in reciting the vertues of this Herb, I will follow Clufius, that none should think I do it without an Author, It is hot and dry in the second degree, and of a cleanfing nature: the leaves warmed and applied to the head, are excellent good in * invererate Headaches [* HEDANANYIA, I know not what better a me to give it, Old Headaches, continual Head-aches : take which we will] and Megrims, if the diseases come through cold or wind, change them often til the difeafes be gone, help fuch whose necks be ftiff : it easeth the faults of the breaft : Afthmaes, or head flegm in the lappets of the lungs : eafeth the pains of the stomach and windinetle thereof : being heat hot by the fire, and applied hot to the fide, they loofen the belly, and kill worms, being applied unto it in like manner [* this I know by experience; even where many other medicines bave failed.] they break the stone being applied in like manner to the region of the bladder : help the Rickets, being applied to the belly and fides: applied to the Navel, they give prefent eafe to the fits of the Mother, they take away cold aches i'th joints applied to them : boiled , the liquer absolutely and speedily cures scabs & itch: neither is there any better falve in the world for wounds, then may be made of it; for it clenfeth, fercheth out the filth though it lie in the bones, brings up the flesh from the bottom, and all this it doth speedily : it cures wounds made with poilon'd weapons, & for this Clufius brings many experiences too tedious here to relate. It is an admirable thing for Carbuncles and Plague-fores, inferior to none; 34

green wounds 'twill cure in a trice : Ulcers & Gangrenes very speedily. not only in men, but also in beafts, therefore the Indians dedicated it to their god. Taken in a pipe it hath almost as many vertues; it easeth weariness, takes away the fense of hunger and thirst, provokes to stool; he faith, the Indians will travel four daies without either meat or drink, but only chewing a little of this (made up like a Pil) in their mouths: It easeth the body of superfluous humors, opens ftoppings. Montrius alfo confirms this judgment : & indeed a man might fill a whole volume wi h the vertues of it. See the Ointment of Tobacco.

Nummularia. Money-wort, or Herb Two pence; cold, dry, binding, helps Fluxes, stops the terms, helps ulcers in the Lungs; ourwardly it is a special Herb for wounds.

Nymphea. See the Flowers.

Ocymum. B.fil hot and moift. Simeon Sethi faith, the smell of Basil is good for the head; but Hollerius (and he no mean Phylician neither) faith the continual fmell of it hurts the Brain, and breeds Scorpions there, and affi ms his own knowledge of t, and that's the reason (fath he) there is such an Antipa hy between it and Rue, which I am confident there is; the truth is, it will quickly putrifie, and breed worms. Hollerius fairh , they are venomous, and that's the reason the name Billicon was given to it. The best use that I know of it is, it gives speedy deliverance to women in Travel. Let them not take an bove half a dram of it at a time in powder, and be fure also the birth be ripe, elle it caufeth abortion.

Olea folia. Olive leaves: they are hard to come by here.

Ono. is. Restharrow. See the

O hioglosson. Adders tongue. The leaves are very drying: being boiled in oyl they make a dainty green Ballom for green wounds: taken inwardly, they helpe inward wounds.

Oiganum. Origany: A kind of wild Marjoram; hot and dry in the third degree, helps the bitings of venomous beafts, fuch as have taken Opium Hemlock, or Poppy; provokes urine, brings down the terms, helps old coughs; in an syntment it helps scabs and itch.

O ylspainum. Sorrel. See Acetofa. Papavor, &c. Poppies, white, black, or erratick. I refer you to the Syrups of each.

Parietaria. Given once before un-

der the name of Helxine.

Pasticaca. Parsnips. See the roots.

Persicaria: See Hydropiper. This
is the milder fort of Arsmart I deicribed there: If ever you find it amongst the Compounds, take it under that notion.

Pentapollum. Cinquefoyl: Very drying, yet but meanly hot, if at all; helps ulcers in the mouth, roughness of the Wind pipe, (whence cometh Hoarsness and Coughs, &c.) helps fluxes, creeping ulcers, and the yellow Jaundice; they say one leaf cures a quotidian Ague, three a rertian, and four a quartan. I know it will cure Agues without this curiosity, if a wise man have the handling of it; otherwise a Cart load will not do it.

Petrofelinum, Parfly : See Smal-

lage.

Pes Columbinus : See Geranium.

Perficarium folia. Peach Leaves; they are a gentle, yet a compliat purger of Choier , and diseases coming from thence; fit for children becaule or their gentlenels. You may boil them in white wine, an handful is enough at a time.

Pilofella. Moulear once before.

and that is often enough.

Pi byef . A new name for Spurge,

of the last Edition.

Plantagn. Piantane: Cold and dry; an Herb, though common, yet let none despite it, for the decoction of it prevails mightily against tormenting pains and excoriations of the Gues, bloody fluxes, it stops the terms, and spitting of Blood, Phtisicks, or Confumptions of the Lungs, the running of the reins; and the whites in women, pains in the head, and frenzies: outwardly it clears the fight, takes away inhammations, leabs, itch, the shingles, and all spreading Sores, and is as wholeform an herb as can grow about an house. Tragus, Dioscorides.

Polium, &c. Poley or Polymountain. All the forts are hot in the fecond degree, and dry in the third; help dropfies, the yellow Jaundice, infirmities of the Spleen, and provoke urin. Diofcorides.

Poly onum. Knorgrafs. Politricum, Maidenhair.

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Portulaca. Pu-flain: Cold and moist in the second and third degree: cools hor stomachs, and (I remember fince I was a Child that) it is admirable for one that hath his teeth on edge by eating four apples, it cools the blood, liver, and is good for hot difeases or inflammations in any of thele places, stops fluxes, and the I know no vertue in the Leaves.

terms, and helps all inward inflammations whatioever.

Portum. Leeks. See the Roots. Primula Veris. See Cowfl.ps, or

the Flowers, which you will.

Prunella. Selt heal, Carpentersherb, and in Saffer Sicklewort. Moderately hot and dry, binding. See Bugle. So shall I not need to write one thing twice, the Vertues being the fame.

Pulegium. Penyroyal; hot and dry in the third degree; provokes urine, breaks the stone in the reins (for as I take it, the herb is chiefly appropriated to those parts) strengthen Wo. mens backs, provokes the terms , eafeth their labor in Child bed , brings away the after birth, flays vomiting, strengthens the brain (yea the very [mell of it) breaks Wind, and helps the Vertigo.

Pulmo taria, arborea, & Symplitum maculosum. Lung-wort. I confels I fearching Authors for thefe, found out many forts of Lungworts, yet all agreed that both these were one and the same, and help infirmities of the Lungs, as hoarine's, coughs, wheezing, fhortneffe of breath, oc. You may boil it in Hylop water, or any other water that strengthens the

Lungs.

Pulicaria. Fleabane; hot and dry in the third degree, helps the biting of venomous beafts, wounds & swellings, the yellow Jaundice; the falling fickneffe, and fuch as cannot piffe; it being burnt, the smoak of it kills all the Gnats and Fleas in the chamber, as also Serpents if they be there: It is dangerous for women with child.

Pyrus Sylveftris. Wild Pear-tree.

Pyrola.

Pyrola. Winter-green. Cold and fet the Leaves down. dry, and very binding, stops fluxes, and the terms in women, and is admirable in green wounds.

Duercus folia. Oak Leaves : Are much of the nature of the former, stay the Whites in Women. See

the Bark.

Ranunculus. Hath got a fort of English Names: Crowfoot, Kingkob, Gold cups, Gold-knobs, Butter flowers, &c. they are of a notable hot quality, unfit to be taken inwardly: If you bruile the Roots, and apply them to a Plague fore, they are notable things to draw the Venom to them. Also Apulcius faith, That if they be hanged about the Neck of one that is Lunatick in the Wane of the Moon, the Moon being in the first degree of Taurus or Scorpio, it quickly rids him of his disease.

Raparum folia. If they do not mean Turnep leaves, I know not what they nean, nor it may be themfelves neither, the greateft part of them having as much knowledge of Simples, as a Horse hath in Hebrew. Rapum is a Turnep but lutely Rapa is a Word feldom used : if they do mean Turnep leaves, when they are young and tender, they are held to provoke urin.

Rosmarinum. Rolemary, hot and dry in the second degree , binding, stops Fluxes, helps stuffings in the head, the yellow jaundice, helps the memory, expels w nd. See the Flow-

ers. S rapia, Diofcorides.

Rofa folis. See the Water.

Rumex. Dock; All the ordinary fort of Dock, are of a cool and drying substance, and therefore Rop fluxes; and the leaves are seldome uted in Phyfick.

Rubas Idaus. Raspis, Rasberries, or Hind-berries. I know no great

vertue in the Leaves.

Ruta. Rue, or Herb of Grace; hot and dry in the third degree, conlumes the feed, and is an enemie to generation, helps difficulty of breathing, and inflammation of the Lungs, pains in the fide, inflammarions of the Yard and Matrix; is nought for women with child: An hundred fuch things are quoted by Dioscorides. This I am fure ot, no herb refisterh poylon more. And some think Mithridates, that renowned King of Pontus, fortified his body against poy on with no other medicine. It ftrengtheneth the heart exceedingly; and no Herb better than this in pestilential times; take it in what manner you.

Ruta muraria. See Adianthum.

Sabina. Savin: hot and dry in the third degree, potently provokes the terms, expels both birth and afterbirth, they (boiled in oil and used in ointments) Ray creeping Ulcers, fcour away Spots, Freckles and Sunburning from the face; the Belly anointed with it , kis worms in children.

Salvia. Sige: hot and dry in the fecond or third degree, binding, it stayes abortion in such women as are Refa albi, rubr t, damsfcenz. White fubject to come before their times, red, and Damask Refs, I would lit cauleth fruitfulnels; it is lingufome body would co, fo much to lar good for the brain , Arengthers ask the Colledge, wherefore they the fenfes & memory, helps fpitting,

and vomiting of blood : outwardly, ! heat hot with a little Vinegar, and applied to the fide, helps stitches and

pains in the fides.

Salix. Willow leaves, are cold, dry, and binding, stop spitting of hlood, and Huxes; the boughs stuck about a chamber, wonderfully cool the air, and refresh such as have Feavers; the leaves applied to the head, help difeafes there, and Frenzies.

Samp usum. Marjoram.

Santel. Sanicle; hor and dry in the fecond degree, cleanfeth wounds and ulcers.

Sipanaria. Sopewort, or Bruilewort, vulgarly used in bruises and cut fingers, and is of notable use in the French Pox.

Situreia. Savory. Summer Savo-Ty is hot and dry in the third degree, Winter-lavory is not lo hot, both of them expel wind gallantly, and that (they fay) is the reason why they are boiled with Peafe and Beans, and other such windy things: 'tis a good fashion, and picty it should be

Saxi rigia alba. White Saxifrage. breaks wind, helps the Cholick and

Scabiofa. Scabious: hot and dry in the second degree : cleanseth the breaft and lungs, helps old rotten coughs, and difficulty of breathing, provokes urine, and cleanfeth the bladder of filthy stuff, breaks Aposthumes, and cures scabs and itch. Boil it in white Wine.

Scuriola. An Italian name for

Succory.

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Scheninthus. Schananth, Squinanth or Camels hay; hot and binding. Galen faith, It caufeth

scorides saith, it digests and opens the passages of the veins: furely it is as great an expelier of wind as any is.

Scordinm. Water-Germander, hot and dry, cleanforh ulcers in the inward parts, it provokes urine and the terms, opens stopping of the Liver, Spleen, reins, bladder and matrix, it is a great counterpoison, and eafeth the breaft oppretted with flegm: See Diafco dium.

Scrophula i . Figwort, fo called of Scrophula, the Kings evil, which it cures, they fay, by being only hung about the neck. If you bruile it and apply it to the place, it helps the Piles or Hemorhoids, and (they fay) being hung about the neck preserves the Bodie in health.

The root of Vervain hanged about the neck of one that hath the Kings evil, gives a strange and unheard of cure. The reason is, because it is an Herb of Venus; and Taurus is her house. For the time of gathering, this and other herbs, I refer you to other Treatifes, where the matter is particularly handled. Scribonius, largus.

Sedum. And all his fores: See

Barba Fours.

Sana. In this give me leave to flick close to Mefue, as an unparaleld Author; it heats in the lecond degree and drieth in the tirft, cleanleth, purgeth, and digesteth; it carries downward both Choler, Flegm & Melancholy, it cleanfeth the Brain, Heart, Liver, Spleen; it cheers the lenles, opens obstructions, takes away dulnes of fight, preserves youth, help deafness (if purging will help headach, beleeve him that kift; Dio- it) helps melancholy and madnels keeps back old age, refifts resolution of the nerves, * pains of the head, " MORNEY LE , leabs , itch , talling ficknette; the windin fle of it is correfted with a little Ginger. You may boil half an ounce of it at a time, in water or white Wine, but boil it not too much ; half an ounce is a moderate, do:e to be boiled for a reatonable body.

Se pillum. Mother of Time, wild Time; it is hot and dry in the third degree, it provokes the terms gallandly, as also helps the ftrangury or Stoppage of urin, gripings in the belly, Ruptures, Convultions, Inflammations of the Liver, Lethargy, and infirmacies of he Spleen : boil it in

white wine. Lius, Gales.

Sigitum oloro w. Solomons feal, See the Root.

Smyranm. Alexander of Creet.

Sol num. Nighthade; very cold and dry, binding; it is fomwhat dangerous given inwardly , unlette by a s ilfull hand; outwardly it helps the Shingles, St. Anthonics fire, and other hot inflammations.

So'danella. Bindweed, hot and dry in the fecond degree, it opens obstructions of the Liver, and ourgeth watry humors, and is therefore very prohtable in dropfies , it is very hurtfull to the fromach, and therfore if taken inwardly it had need be well corrected with Cinnamon, Ginger, or Annis feed, &c. Yet the German Physitians affirm that it cures the dropfie being only bruifed and applied to the navil and something lower, and then it needs not be taken inwardly at all. Galen.

smooth and rough, they are of a cold

for frenzies, they increase milk in nurles, and cause the Children which they nurie to have a good colour, help gnawings of the stomach coming of a hot caule; outwardly they help inflammations, and hot Iwellings, cool the heat of the tunda-

ment and privities.

Suphia Criru gooum. Flixweed: drying without any manifest heat or coldnesse; it is usually tound about old ruinous buildings; it is so called because of its vertue in stopping fluxes. Paracelfus highly commends it; nay, elevates it up to the Skies, for caring old wounds and fiftulacs. which though our modern Chirurgions despile, yet if i were in the hands of a wife man, fuch as Paracelfus was, it may do the wonders he laita It will.

Spinachi: Spinage. I never read any Physical vertues of it.

Spina alba. See the Root.

Spica. See Nardus.

Stabe. Silver Knapweed: The vertues be the same with Scabious, and fome think the Herbs too; though I

am of another opinion.

Stath.is. French Lavender. Caffidony, is a great counterpoilon opens obstructions of the Liver and Spleen, cleanfeth the matrix and bladder; brings out corrupt humors, provokes Urin. There is another Stechas mentioned here by the name of Amaranthus, in English Golden Flower, or Flower gentle; The Flowers of which expel worms: being boiled the water kils Lice and Nits.

Succifa, morfus Diaboli. Devilsbit : Hot and dry in the second de-· Sonchus , levis , afper. Sowthiftles | gree ; inwardly taken , it eafeth the fits of the mother, and breaks wind, watry, yet binding quality, good takes away swellings in the mouth,

and flimy flegm that flicks to the Jaws, neither is there a more prefent remedy in the world for those cold swellings in the neck, which the vulgar call the Almonds of the ears, then this herb bruiled and applied to them.

Suchacha. An Ægyptian Thorn Very hard, if not impulible to come

by n.re.

And here the Colledg makes andther racket about the feveral forts of Comfries, which I paff: by with filence, having spoken to them before.

Tanacetum. Tante : hot in the fecond degree, and dry in the third; the very imell of it staies abortion, or miscarriages in Women; so it doth being bruiled and applied to their Navils, provokes Urin, and eafeth pains in making water, and is a special help against the Gour.

better French, Dent-de-lion, for in French Pox. plain English it is called lyons tooth; it is a kind of Succury, and thither I degree, and cold. The ordinary Mea-

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Tamarifeus. Tamaris. It hath a dry cleanfing quality, and hath a notable vertue against the Rickets, and infirmities of the spleen, provokes the terms. Galen, Diofcorides.

Telephiun. A kind of Orpine. Thafpi. See Nasturtium. Thymbra. A wild Savory.

Tinymum. Time. Hot and dry in the third degree; helps Coughs and thortness of Breath, provokes the

fifteth fearfulness and Melancholy > continual pains in the Head, and is proatable for fuch as have the Falling-lickness to smell to.

Toymelea. The Greek Name for Spurge-olive : Magerion being the

Arabick Name.

T. toym lus , Efala, &c. Surge. Hot and dry in the fourth degree : a dogged purge, better let them alone than taken inwarely; Hair andinted with the jayce of it will tall off: It kills fish, being mixed with any thing that they will eat : outwardly it cleanleth Ulcers, takes away Freckles, Sunburnung, and Morphew from the Face.

Tormentilla. See the Root.

Trintatis herb .. Panfies or Hearts cale. They are cold and moift, both Herbs and Flowers, excellent against infl.mmations of the Breaft or Lungs, Convultions or Falling-fickness; Taraxacon. Dandelion, or to write also they are held to be good for the

> Tifelium. Trefoyl:dry in the third dow, Trefoyl, (for their word comprehends all forts) cleanfeth the Guts of flimy humors that flick to them, being used either in Drinks or Clysters, outwardly they take away infla umations. Pliny faith the leaves stand upright before a storm, which I have observed to be true oftner than once or twice, and that in a cleer day, fourteen hours before the ftorm came.

Tustilago. Colts-foot: Something terms; brings away dead children, cold and dry, and therefore good for and the afterbirth; purgeth Flegm, inflamations, they are admirable good cleanfeth the Breaft and Lungs, for Coughs and Confumptions of the Reins and Matrix; helps the Scia- Lungs, Shortnels of Breath, &c. It is tica, pains in the Breaft, expels often used and with good success ta-Wind in any part of the body, re- ken in a Tobacco-pipe, being eut and

mixed with a little Oyl of Annifeeds. write of English Vines.] are binding. See the Syrup of Colts-foot.

the Root.

"Verbascum, Thapks barbatis. Mul-Icin or Higraper. It is tomething dry, and of a digesting, cleanfing quality, stops Fluxes and the Hemorrhoids, it cures Hoselnels, the Cough, and Leaves worn in the shooes, provoke the terms (especially in such Virgins) as never had them) but they must be worn next their feet: Also they when the Sun is in Virge, and the Moon in Aries, in their mutual Anriscions, help such of the falling- Teazles. See Dipfatus. fickness as do but carry it about them , worn under the feet it helps fuch as are troubled with the fits of fweet. the Mother.

Verbena. Vervain: Hot and dry, a greate opener, cleanfer, healer, it the reins and bladder, pains in the head, if it be but bruifed and hung fore. about the neck, all discases in the fecret parts of men and women; made remedy for old Head-aches, called by the name of Keoalarvia as also frenzies, it clears the skin, and caufeth a lovely colour.

Veronica: See Betonica Pauli.

Violaria. Violet leaves: They are cool, ease pains in the head proceeding of hear and frenzies, either inwardly taken, or outwardly applied; heat of the Stomach, or inflammation of the Lungs.

Vivis Venifera. The manured Vine. * The Leaves [* Vines of different Climates, bave different operations, I

and coel withal; the burnt afhes Valeriana, Valerian, or Setwal. See of the Ricks of a Vine scour the teeth, and make them as white as fnow; the Leaves stop bleeding, Fluxes, Heart burnings, Vomitings: as also the longing of Women with child.

The Coals of a burnt Vine, in fuch as are broken winded: the powder mixed with Honey, doth make the teeth as white as Ivory,

which are rubbed with it.

Vincitoxicum. Swallow-wort. A Pultifs made with the Leaves, helps fay, that the Herb being gathered fore brofts, and also foreness of the Matrix.

Virga Pastoris. A third Name for

Virga Aurea. See Confolida.

ulmaria. See the Root. Mead-

umbilicus Veneris. Navil-wort : Cold, dry, and binding, therefore helps all Inflammations; they are vehalps the yellow Jaundice, defects in ry good for kib'd heels, being bath'd with it, and a Leaf laid over the

urrica. Nettles; an herb so well known, that you may find them by into an oyntment it is a foveraign the feeling in the darkest night : they are fomething hot, not very hot; the juice stops bleeding; they provoke Lust exceedingly, help difficulty of Breathing, Pleurifies, Inflammations of the Lungs, that troublesome Cough that Women call the Chincough; they exceedingly break the stone, provoke Urine, and help such as cannot hold their Necks upright. Boyl them in White-Wine.

uf sea. Mois ; once before.

FLOW-

FLOWERS:

profitable in Feavers.

Chamomel flowers heat and affwage swellings, inflammation of the the pains of the Spleen, and such as bowels, diffolve wind, are profitably can hardly fetch their breath, given in Clysters or Drink, to such as are troubled with the Cholick or Stone.

Bowels, and strengthens the whole

Body.

Saftron powerfully concocts, and lends out whatever Humor offends the Body drives back Inflammations; being applied outwardly, encreafeth Lust, provokes Urine.

Clove Gilliflowers, refift the Pestilence, Brengthen the Heart, Liver, and Stomach, and provoke Luft.

Schenanth (which I think I couched flightly amongst the Herbs) proyokes Urine potently, provokes the terms, breaks wind, helps such as spit or vomit blood, easeth pains of the Stomach, Reins and Spieen, helps Drophes, Convultions and Inflammations of the Womb.

Lavender-flowers, refift all cold afflictions of the Brain, Convultions, Falling-sickness, they strengthen cold Stomachs, and open Obstructions of the Liver, they provoke Urine and the terms, bring forth the birth

and after-birth.

Hops open stoppings of the Bowels, and for that cause Beer is better

than Ale.

Bawm flowers, cheer the heart and vital spirits, Arengthen the sto-

Brain exceedingly, and refift Madnels, clear the fight.

Winter-Gilliflowers, or Wall-DOrrage, and Bugloss Flowers flowers (as some cali them) help in-Arengthen the brain, and are flammation of the womo, provoke the terms, and help uicers in the mouth.

Honey-fuckles, provoke urine, cafe

Mallows, help Coughs.

Red Roles, cool, bind, strengthen both vital and animal vertue, restore Stachas, opens stoppings in the such as are in Consumptions, strengthen. There are so many Compositions of them which makes me briefer in the Simples.

> Violets (to wit the blew ones, for I know little or no use of the white in Physick)cool and moisten, provoke fleep, loofen the Belly, refift Feavers, help inflammations, correct the hear of Choler, ease the pains in the head, help the roughness of the wind-pipe, Difeases in the throat, Inflammations in the brest and sides, Pleurisies, open stoppings of the Liver, and help the yellow Jaundice.

> Chicory (or Succory, as the vulgar call it) cools and ftrengthens the

Liver, fo doth Endive.

Water-lillies ease pains of the head coming of Choler and hear, provoke fleep, cool inflammations, and the heat in Feavers.

Pomegranate-flowers, dry and bind, stop fluxes, and the terms in

women.

Cowflips, strengthen the Brain, Senses and memory exceedingly, refift all diteaf the re, as Convultions, Falling-fickness, Palfies.

Centaury purges Choler and gross humors, helps the yellow Jaundice, opens obstructions of the Liver, helps Rolemary flowers strengthen the pains of the Spleen, provokes the

terms,

terbirth.

Elder Howers, help Dropfies, cleanse the blood, cleer the Skin, open ftoppings of the Liver and Spleen, and Difeales arifing therefrom

Bean-flowers cleer the Skin, ftop

humors flowing into the eyes.

Peachtree flowers, purge Choler gently.

Broom flowers spurge Water, and

are good in Dropfies.

The temperature of all these differ either very little or not at all from

the Herbs.

The way of using the flowers I did forbear, because most of them may, and are usually made into Conferves, of which you may take the quantity of a Nutmeg in the morning; all of them may be kept dry a year, and boyled with other Herbs conducing to the cures they do.

FRUITS and their BUDS.

Reen Figs are held to be of ill juyce, but the best is, we are not much troubled with them in Englan ; dry figs helpCoughs, cleanie the breaft, and hel. Infirmities of the Lungs, Shortness of Wind, they loofe the belly, purge the Reins, help inflammations of the Liver and Spleen; outwardly they diffolve swellings; fome fay the continual eating of them makes men lousie.

- Pine-nuts, restore such as are in Cor sumptions, amend he fallings of the Lungs, corc & flegm, and yet are naught for such as are troubled with

the Headach.

Dates are binding, ftop eating ul-· cers being applied to them; they are

terms, brings out the birth and af- very good for weak stomachs, for they foon digest and breed good nourishment, they help infirmities of the reins, bladder and womb.

Sebestens, cool choler, violent heat of the stomaca, help roughnels of the tongue and wind pipe, cool the reins

and bladder.

Raifins of the fun, help infirmities of the Breast and Liver, restor. Confamption, gently cleanse and move to Rool.

Walnuts kill Worms, refift the Pestilence, (I mean the green ones) not the dry.

Capers eaten before meals, provoke

hunger.

Nutniegs arengthen the Brain, Stomach and Liver, provoke Urin, case the pains of the Spleen, stop loo, nels, ease pains of the head, and pains in the Joynts, strengthen the Body take away weakness coming of cols, and cause a sweet breath.

Cloves, help Digestion, stop Loofnels, provoke Lust, and quicken the

Sight.

Pepper, binds, expels wind, helps the chollick, quickens digeftion opp effed with cold, hears the stomach, (for all that old women fay, 'tis cold in the ftom.ch.)

Quinces. See the Compositions. Pears are grateful to the Stomach, drying, and therefore help fluxes.

All Plums that are thirp or four, are binding, the sweet are loofning.

Cucumers, (or if you will Cowcumbers) cool the Stomach, and are good against ulcers in the Bladder.

Gauls are exceeding binding, help Ulcers in the mouth, wasting of the Gums. ease the pains of the Teeth, help the falling out of the womb and Fundament, make the hair black.

Pompions.

Pompions are a cold and moist fruit, of small nourishment, they provoke Urine, outwardly applies, the flesh of them work inflammations and burnings; being applied to the Forehead, they help inflammation of the Eyes.

Melons, called in London Musk millsons, have tew other vertues.

Apr cooks are very gratefull to the stomach, and dry up the humors thereof: Peaches are held to do the like.

Cubebs are hot & dry in the third degree, they expel wind, and cleanse the stomach of tough and viscous humors, they ease the pains of the spleen and help cold diseases of the Womb, they cleanse the head of slegm and strengthen the B ain, they heat the stomach and provoke lust.

Bitter Almonds are not in the first degree and dry in the second, they cleanse and cut thick humors cleanse the Lungs; and eaten every morning, they are held to preserve from drunkennesse.

Bay-berries, heat, expel wind mitigate pain; are excellent for cold infirmities of the Womb, and Dropfies.

Cherries, are of different qualities, according to their different talt, the sweet are quickest of digestion, but the sowr are most pleasing to a hor stomach, and procure appetite to ones meat.

Medlars, are strengthening to the stomach, bindin, and the green are more binding than the rotten, and the dry than the green.

Olives, cool and bind.

English currants, cool the stomach, and are profitable in acute feavers, they quench thirst, resist Vomiting,

cool the heat of choler, provoke apperite, and are good for her complexions.

Services, or (as we in Suffex call them) Checkers, are of the nature of Medlars, but something weaker in operation.

Barberries quench thirst, cool the heat of Choler, resist the pestilence, stay vomitings and Fluxes, stop the terms, kill worms, help spitting of blood, fasten the teeth, and strengthen the gues.

Strawberries, cool the stomache Liver and blood, but are very hurtful for such as have agues.

Winter cherrie, potently provoke Urin, and break the stone.

Cassia Fistula, is temperate in quality, gently purgeth choler & stegm, clarifies the Blood, resists Feavers, cleanseth the brest and lungs, it cools the Reins, and thereby resistent the breeding of the stone, it provokes Urin, and therefore is exceeding good for the running of the Reins in men, and the Whites in women.

All the forts of Myrobalans, purge the stomach; the Irdian Myrobalans are held to purge melancholy most especially, the other slegm; yet ake keed you use them not in stoppings of the bowels: they are cold and dry, they all strengthen the heart, brain, and sinews, strengthen the stomach, relieve the senses, take away tremblings and heart-qualms. They are seldom used alone.

Prunes, are cooling and loofe-

Tamarinds, are cold and dry in the second degree, they purge choler, cool the blood, stay vomiting, help the yellow laundice, quench thirst, cool hot stomachs and hot livers. I omit the use of these also as resting consident, a Child of three years old, if you should give it Raisins of the Sun or Cherries, would not ask how it should take them.

SEEDS or GRAINS.

Orianderseed, hot and dry, expels wind, but is hurtful to the head; sends up unwholsom vapors to the Brain, dangerous for mad people, therefore let them be prepared, as you shall be taught towards the later end of the Book.

Fenugreek feeds, are of a fortning, discussing nature, they cease inflammations, be they internal or external: bruised and mixed with Vinegar they ease the pains of the spleen: being applied to the sides, help hardness and swellings of the Matrix, being boyl'd the Decoction helps scabby heads.

Lin-feed hath the same vertues

with Fenugreek.

Gromwell feed, provokes Urin, helps the Cholick, breaks the stone, and expels wind. Boyl them in white Wine; but bruife them first.

Lupines, ease the pains of the Spleen, kill worms and cast them out: outwardly, they cleanse filthy Ulcers, and Gangreens, help Scabs, Irch and Inflammations.

Dill seed, encreaseth milk in Nurses expels wind, stayes Vomitings, provokes urin; yet it duils the fight, and

is an enemy to generation.

Smallage feed, provokes urin and the terms, expels wind, refifts poyfon, and eafeth inward pains, it opens stoppings in any part of the body, yet is is hurtful for such as have the Falling-sickness, and for women with child.

Racket seed, provokes urin, stirs up lust, encreaseth seed, kills worms, easeth the pains of the spleen: Use all these in like manner.

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Basil seed: If we may believe Diofeorides and Crescentius, cheers the Heart, and strengthens a most stomach, drives away melancholy, and

provokes urin.

Nettle seed, provokes lust, opens stoppages of the womb, helps inflammations of the sides and lungs: purgeth the breast: by them (being bruised in white Wine also.

The feeds of Ammi, or Bishopsweed, heat and dry, help difficulty of urin, and the pains of the Cholice, the bitings of venomous beasts; they provoke the terms, and purge the womb.

Annis seeds, heat and dry, ease pain, expel wind, cause a sweet breath, help the dropsie, resist poyson, breed milk, and stop the whites in Women, provoke lust, and ease the head-ach.

Cardamoms, heat, kill worms, cleanse the Reins, and provoke urin.

Fennel feed, breaks wind, provokes urin and the terms, encreafeth Milk in Nurfes.

Cummin feed, heat, bind, and dry, frop blood, expel wind, ease pain, help the bitings of venomous beafts: outwardly applied (viz. in Plaisters) they are of a discussing nature.

Carrot seeds, are windy, provoke lust exceedingly, and encrease seed, provoke urin and the terms, cause speedy delivery to women in travel, and bring away the after-birth. All these also may be boyled in White Wine.

is hurtful fer such as have the Fal Nigella seeds, boyled in oyl and the ling-sickness, and for women with forchead anointed with it, ease paint, child.

fcurf,

scurf, and help scald Heads. In- duceth a good colour, it strengthens ardly taken, they expel Worms, they provoke Urin , and the Term, help difficulty of breathing. smoke of them (being burned) drives away Serpents and venomous beafts.

Stavefaker, kills Lice in the head: I hold it not fitting to be given in-

wardly.

Olibanum mixed with as much Barrows greafe (beat the Olibanum first in Powder) and boyled together, make an Oyntment which will kill the L.ce in Childrens Heads, and fuch as are subject to breed them, will never breed them. A Medicine cheap, fafe, and fure, which breeds no amnoyance to the Brain.

The Seeds of Water-creffes heat, yet trouble the Stomach and Belly; cale the pains of the Spleen, are very dangerous for Women with Child: yet they provoke luft. Outwardly applied, they help Leprofies, scald Heads, and the falling off of hair; as also Carbuncles, and cold Ulcers in the loynts.

Mustard seed, hears, extenuares, and draws moisture from the Brain. The Head being shaved and anointed with Mustard, is a good Remedy for the Lethargy; it helps Ulcers, and hard Swellings in the Mouth; it helps old Aches coming of cold.

French Barley, is cooling, nou-

rishing, and breeds milk.

Sorrel feeds, potently relift poyson, help Fluxes, and such Stomachs as loath their meat.

Succory feed, cools the heat of the blocd, ex inguisherh lust, openeth Hoppings of the Liver and Bowels, it allaies the heat of the body, and pro-

the Stomach, Liver and Reins.

Poppy feeds, ease pains, provoke fleep. Your best way is to make an Emulfion of them with Barley wa-

Mallows feeds, eafe pains in the Bladder.

Cich pease, are windy, provoke luft , encrease milk in Nurses , provoke the Terms. Ontwardly, they help Scabs, Itch, and Inflammations of the Stones, Ulcers, &c.

White Saxifrage feeds, provoke Urin, expel Wind, and break the Stone. Boil them in white Wine.

Rue feeds, help fuch as cannot hold their water.

Lettuce feed, cools the blood arestrains lust.

Allo Gourds, Citruss, Cucumers, Melones, Pursiain and Endive feeds, cool the blood, as also the flomach, Spleen and Reins, and allay the hear of Feavers. Use them as you were taught to do Poppy feeds.

Worm-feed, expels Wind, kills

Worms.

Ath Tree Keys, eafe pains in the fides, help the Dropfie, relieve men weary with labor, provoke luft, and make the body lean.

Piony seeds, help the Ephialtes, or the Disease the Vulgar call the Mare, as allothe fits of the Mother, and other fuch like infirmities of the Womb, stop the Terms, and help Convultions.

Broom feed, potently provokes Uring, breaks the Stone.

Citron feeds, ftrengthen the hearts chear the viral Spirit, relift peltilence and poylog.

Tears,

Tears, Liquors, and

Abdanum, is of a heating mellifying Nature, it opens the mouth of the Veins, staics the hair from falling off, helps pains in the Ears, and hardness of the Womb. It is used only outwardly in Plaisters.

Affafætida, is commonly used to allay the fits of the Mother by smelling to it. They say, inwardly taken, it provokes suft, and expels wind.

Bengoin or Benjamin , makes a good

Perfume.

Sanguis Dracoms, Cools and binds

exceedingly.

Alters, Purgeth Choler and flegm, and with such deliberation, that it is often given to withstand the violence of other purges, it preserves the Senfes, and betters the apprehension; it strengthens the Liver, and helps the yellow Jaundice. Yet is naught for such as are troubled with the Hemorphoids, or have Agues. I do not like it taken raw. See Aloe Rosata, which is nothing but it washed with the Tuyce of Roses.

Manna, Is temperately hot, of a mighty dilative quality, windy, cleanfeth Choler gently: also it cleanfeth the Throat and Stomach. A Child may take an ounce of it at a time melted in Milk, and the dross strained out is good for them when

they are scabby.

Scammony or Diagridium, call it by which name you please, is a desperate Purge, hurtful to the body by reason of its heat, windiness, corroding or gnawing, and violence of working. I would advise my Country

men to let it alone, it will gnaw their bodies as fast as Doctors gnaw their Purses.

Opipanix, Is of a heating, molli-

fying, digefting quality.

Gum Elemi, Is exceeding good for Fractures of the Skull; as also in Wounds, and therefore is put in Plaisters for that end. See Aycens his Limment.

Traga anthum; Commonly called Gum fragacanth, and Gum Dragon; helps Coughs, Hoarfnels, and Diftillations upon the Lungs.

Baellium, Heats and fostens, helps hard Swellings, Ruptures, pains in the sides, hardness of the Sinews.

Galhanum. Hot, dry, discussing: applied to the womb, it hastens both birth and Asterbirth: applied to the Navel, it staies the strangling of the Womb, commonly called the fits of the Mother, helps pains in the sides, and difficulty of breathing, being applied to it, and the small of it helps the Vertigo or Dizinels in the Head.

Mirth, Heats and dries, opens and foftens the Womb, provokes the birth and Afterbirth. Inwardly taken, it helps old Coughs and Hoarlnels, pains in the fides, kills worms, and helps a stinking breath, helps the wasting of the Gums, fastens the Teeth. Outwardly, it helps wounds, and fills up Ulcers with sless, You may take half a dram at a time.

- Mastice, Strengthens the stomach exceedingly, helps such as vomit or spit blood, it fastens the Teeth, and strengthens the Gums, being chewed in the mouth.

Frankincense and Olibinum, Heat and bind, fill up old Ulcers with flesh, stop bleeding, but is extream

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sad for mad people.

Tu pentine. Purgeth, cleanfeth the cepted. The first of which is. Reins, helps the running of them.

Sto ax Calamitis. Helps Coughs, and Distillations upon the Lung Hoarinels, want of Voice, hardness of the womb : but it is bad for Head-

Ammoniacum. Applied to the fide, helps the hardness and pains of the Spleen.

Easeth pains of the Camphire. head coming of Cold, takes away Inflammations, and cools any place it is applied to.

JUYCES.

Hat all Juyces have the fame Vertues with the Herbs or Fruits whereot they are made, I fuppole few or nor e will deny, therefore I shall only name a tew of them, and that briefly.

Sugar is held to be hot in the first degree, strengthens the Lungs, takes away the roughnels of the Throat, fuccors the Reins and the bladder.

The Juyce of Cirrons cools the blood, ftrengthens the Heart, mitigates the violent heat in Feavers.

The Juyce of Lemmons works the same effect, but not so powerfully (as Authors lay.)

Juyce of Liquoris, ftrengthens the Lungs, helps Coughs and Colds.

I am loath to trouble the Reader with Tautology, therefore I pals to.

Things bred of Plants.

few, and all of those few have up a you thall be taught in Treches

been treated of before, only two ex-

Agaricus. Agarick: It purgeth Flegm, Choler and Melancholy from the Brain, nerves, Muscles, Marrow (or more properly the Brain) of the Back: it cleanieth the Breaft, Lungs, Liver, Stomach, Reins, Womb, Joynts: it provokes Urin, and the Terms, kills Worms, helps pains in the loynts, and caufeth a good color. It is very seldome or never taken alone See Syrup of Roles with Agarick.

Laftly, Vicus Quercinus or Milleto of the Oak, helps the Falling-fickness being either taken inwardly, or hung

about ones Neck.

Living Creatures.

Millepedes (so called from the multitude of their feet, though it cannot be supposed they have a thousand) Sows, Hog-lice (in Suffexthey call them Wood-lige) being bruised and mixed with Wine: they provoke Urin, help the yellow Jaundice. Outwardly being boyled in Oyl the pains in the Ears, a drop being put into them.

The flesh of * Vipers being eaten [* I take our English Adder to be the true Viper sthough happily not so venomous as they are in botter Countries] clear the fight, help the vices of the Nerves, refift poyfon exceedingly, neither is there any better Remedy under the Sun for their bitings than the head of the Viper that bit you, bruised and applied to the place, and the fielh eaten , you need not cat a-F thefe, the Colledg names but bore dram at a time, and make it of Viper. Neither any comparable to the flinging of Bees and Wasps, acc. than the same that sting you bruised and applied to the place.

Land Scorpions cure their 'own fingings by the fame means; the aftes of them (being burnt) potently provoke Urin, and break the stone.

Harthworms (the preparation of which you may find towards the later end of the Book) are an admirable Remedy for cut Nerves, being applied to the place: they provoke Urin. See the Oyl of them, only let me not forget one notable thing quoted by Mazidus, which is, That the Powder of them put into an hollow Tooth, makes it drop out.

an earthen Crucible full of Emmers, Ants, or Pilmires, (call them by which name you will) Eggs and all, and when you have burned them, keep the ashes, with which if you touch a Tooth, it will fall out.

Ecls, being put into Wine or Beer and suffered to die in it, he that drinks it, will never endure that sort of Liquor again.

Oysters, applied alive to a pestilential Swelling, draw the Venom to them.

Crab-fish, burnt to ashes, and a dram of it taken every morning, help the bitings of mad Dogs, and all other venomous beasts.

Swallows, being eaten, clear the fight, the ashes of them (being burnt) eaten, preserve from drunkenness, help fore Throats, being applied to them, and Inflammations.

Grashoppers, being eaten, ease the Colick, and pains in the bladder.

Hedg Sparrows, being kept in Sale or dried y and eaten raw, are an ad-

The Physicians Library.

mirable Remedy against the stone.

Young Pigeons, being eaten, help pains in the Reins, and the Disease called Tenasmus.

Parts of Living Creatures and Excrements.

The Brain of Sparrows being eaten, provoke lust exceedingly.

The brain of an Hare being roafted, helps trembling, it makes children breed teeth eafily, their Gams being rubbed with it: it also helps scald Heads, and falling off of hair, the Head being anointed with it.

The Head of a coal black Cat being burnt to ashes in a new pot, and some of the ashes blown into the Eye every day, help such as have a Skin growing over their sight, if there be any Inflammation: moisten an Oak leaf in water, and lay over the Eye; Mizaldus saith (by this one medicine) he cured such as have been biind a whole year.

The head of a young * Kite [* Some Countries call them Glead, and others Puttocks, Being burned to afhes, and the quantity of a dram of it taken every morning in a little water is an admirable Remedy against the Gout.

Crabs Eyes break the Stone, and opens stoppings of the Bowels.

The Lungs of a Fox well dried (but not burned) is an admirable strengthener to the Lungs. See the Lohoch of Fox Lungs.

The Liver of a Duck flops Fluxes, and strengthens the Liver exceedingly.

The Liver of a Frog being dried,

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and eaten, helps Quartan Agues, or as the Vulgar call them, Toird-day

Agues.

Cocks stones nourish mightily, and refresh and restore such bodies as have been wasted by long sickness: they are admirable good in Hectick Feavers, and (Galens supposed incurable) Marasmus, which is a Consumption attending upon a Hectick Feavers They encrease seed, and help such as are weak in the sports of Venus.

Castorium resists poyson, the bitings of venomous beasts: it provokes the Terms, and brings forth both Birth and After-birth: it expels wind, easeth pains and Aches, Convulsions, Sighings, Lethargies. The smell of it allaies the firs of the Mother. Inwardly given, it helps Tremblings, Falling-sickness, and other such ill effects of the Brain and Nerves. A scruple is enough to take at a time, and indeed Spirit of Castorium is better than Castorium taw, to which I reset you.

The Yard of a Stag helps Fluxes, the bitings of venomous beafts, provokes Urine, and stirs up lust exceed-

ingly.

A Sheeps or Goats bladder being burnt, and the after given inwardly, help the Diabetes or continual pif-

fing.

A flead Mouse dried and beaten into powder, and given at a time, helps such as cannot hold their water or have a Diabetes, if you do the like three dales toge her.

Unicorns horn resists Poylon and the Pestilence, provokes Urine, restores lost Grength, brings forth both

birth and after-birth.

Ivory or Elephants tooth, binds,

stops the whites in women it strengthens the heart and stomach, helps the yellow Jaundice, and makes won men fruitful.

The Vertues of Harts-born are the

fame with unicorns born.

The bone that is found in the Heart of the Stag, is as foveraigh a Cordial, and as great a strengthener of the heart as any is, being beaten into powder, and taken inwardly a also it resists Pestilences and Populon.

The Skull of a man that was the ver buried, being beaten to purder, and given inwardly, the quantity of a dram at a time in Betony water, helps Palfies and Falling-fickness.

That imall triangular bone in the skull of a man, called Os triquerrans fo absolutely cures the Falling-fickness that it will never come again,

faith Paracelfus.

Those small bones which are found in the fore-feet of a Hare, being beaten into powder, and drank in Wine, powerfully provoke Urine:

A Ring made of an Elks claw be-

ing worn; helps the Cramp.

The fat of a man is exceeding good to anoint such Littibs as fall away in the flesh.

Guose-grease and Capons grease are both softning, help gnawing fores, stiffness of the Womb, and this

tigate paih.

I am of opinion that the suer of a Goat mixed with a little saffron, is as excellent an Ointment for the Gout, especially the Gout in the knees, as any is.

Bears-greafe staies the falling off

of the hair.

Fox-grease helps pains in the Ears. Elks claws or hoofs, are a soveraigh

Remedy

Remedy for the Falling fickness, fills fores with flesh, it suffers not the though it be but worn in a Ring, milk to curdle in womens brefts. Inmuch more being taken inwardly: wardly, it is given (ten grains at a but faith Mizalaus, it must be the time) against bloody Fluxes.

hoof of the right foot behind.

Milk is an extreme windy meat ; therefore I am of the opinion of Diofcorides, viz. that it is not profitable in Head-aches: yet this is for certain, that it is an admirable remedy for inward Ulcers in any part of the body, or any Corrolion or Excoriations, pains in the Reins and Bladder: but it is very bad in Discales of the Liver, Spleen, the Falling fickness, Vertigo or Dizinels in the Head, Feavers and Head-aches. Goats-milk is held to be better than Cows for Hectick Feavers, Pthisicks and Confumptions, and fo is Affes alfo.

Whey attenuateth and cleanfeth both Choler and Melancholy: Wonderfully helps Melancholy and madness coming of it : opens stoppings of the Bowels; helps such as have the Dropfie, and are troubled with the stoppings of the Spleen, Rickers, and Hypochondriack Melancholy: for such Diseases you may make up

your Phyfick with Whey.

Outwardly, it cleanfeth the Skin of fuch deformities as come through Choler or Melancholy, as Scabs, Itch,

Morphew, Leprolie, &c.

Honey is of a gallant cleanfing quality, exceeding profitable in all inward Ulcers in what part of the body focver, it opens the Veins, clean-,ifth the Reins and Bladder: he that would have more of the Vertues of it, let him read Butler his Book of Bee', a gallant experimental work. I know no vices belong to it, but only ity. it is foon converted into Choler.

Wax leftens, heats, and meanit

Raw-filk hears and dries, chears the Heart, drives away sadness, comforts all the Spirits, both natural, vi-

tal and animal.

Belonging to the Sea.

CPerma Coti, is well applied outwardly to eating Ulcers the marks which the small Pox leave behind them: it clears the fight, provokes Sweat. Inwardly, it troubles the Stomach and Belly, helps bruises, and stretching of the Nerves, and therefore is good for Women newly delivered.

Amber-greece hears and dries, strengthens the Brain and Nerves exceedingly, if the infirmity of them come of cold, relifts Pestilence.

Sca-sand, a man that hath the Dropfie, being fet up to the middle in it, it draws out all the water.

Red Coral, is cold, dry, and binding, stops the immoderate flowing of the Terms, bloody Fluxes, the running of the Reins, and the Whites in Women, helps such as spit and pils blood, helps Witchcraft, being carried about one. It is an approved Remedy for the Falling-sickness. Also if ten grains of red Coral be given to a Child in a little Brest-milk so soon as it is horn, before it take any other food, it will never have the Fallingfickness, nor Convulsions. The common Dole is from ten grains to thir-

It any one be bewirched, put some Quik-filver in a Quill ftopt clofe,

the door.

S. Johns wort born about one, keeps one from being hurt either by witches or devils.

Pearls are a wonderful strengthener to the Heart, encrease milk in Nurles, and amend it being naught, they restore such as are in Consumptions, both they and the red Corai preserve the body in health, and refift the beginning. Feavers. The Dole is ten grains or fewer; more I suppose, because it is dear, than because it would do harm.

Amber (viz. yellow Amber) heats and dries, therefore prevails against most diseases of the head. It helps violent Coughs, helps Consumption of the Lungs, spitting of blood, the whites in women. It heips such Women that are out of measure unweldy in their going with child, it stops bleeding at the Nofe, helps difficulty of Urine. You may take ten of twenty grains at a time.

The froth of the Sea, it is hot and dry, helps Scabs, Itch, and Leprofie, scald Heads, &c. It cleanfeth the skin, helps difficulty of Urine, makes the Teeth white, being rubbed with it: it helps baldness, and trimly decks

the head with Hairs.

Mettals, Minerals, and Scones.

COLD is temperate in quality, it wonderfully ftrengthens the Heart and vital Spirits, which one dans, faith, it encreafeth riches and perceiving, very wittily inferted thefe wildome. Verles. :

and lay it under the Threshold of For Gold is Cordial; and that's the reafon

Your raking Mifers live fo long a fca-

However this is certain, in Cordials it relifts Melancholy, Faintings, Swoonings, Feavers, Falling fickness, and all fuch like infirmit es incident either to the vital or animal Spirit. What those be, see the directions at

Allum, hears, binds, and purgeth: scours filthy Ulcers, and fastens loofe

Teeth.

Bimftone, or flower of Brimftone, which is Brimstone refined, and the better for Physical ules, helps Coughs and rotten Flegm. Outwardly in Ointments, it takes away Leprofies, Scabs and Irch. Inwataly it helps yellow Jaundice, as also Worms in the Belly, especially being mixed with a little Salt-peter : It helps Lethargies being fnuffed up in the Nofe. The truth is, I shall speak more of this and many other Simples (which I mention not here) when I come to the Chymical Oils of them.

Litharge, both of Gold and Silver, binds and dries much, fills up Ulcers

with flesh, and heals them.

Lead, is of a cold, dry, earthy quality, of an healing Nature: applied to the place, it helps an Inflammation, and dries up humors.

Pompholir, cools, dries, and binds. facinth [* The stone, not the herb] strenthens the Heart, being either beaten into Powder, and taken inwardly, or only worn in a Ring. Car-

Saphire, refisteth Necromantick Apparitions, and by a certain divine

gift, it quickens the Senles, helps | Vapors from the Head. fuch as are bitten by venomous beafts Ulcers in the Guts. Galen, Dioscorides, Garcius, and Cardanus are my Authors.

Emerald, called a Chast stone because it relifteth luft, and will break (as Cardanus faith) if one hath it about him when he deflowers a Virgin. Morcover, being worn in a Ring, it helps, or at least mitigates the Falling-fickness and Vertigo. It Arengthens the Memory, and flops the unruly passions of men. It takes away vain and foolish teares, as of Devils, Hobgoblins, &c. It takes away folly, anger, &c. and cauleth | them. good conditions; and if it do fo, being worn about one, reason will tell him, that being beaten into Powder, and taken inwardly , it will do it much more. Garcius.

Ruby (or Carbuncle, if there be fuch a stone) restrains luft, refists Pestilence, takes away idle and foolish thoughts, makes men chearful, Car-

danus.

Granate, ftrengthens the Heart, but hurts the Brain, cauleth anger,

takes away fleep.

Diamord, is reported to make him that beats it infortunate. It makes men undaunted (I suppose because it is a stone of the Nature of Mars) it makes men more secure or fearless then careful, which it doth by overpouring the spirit: as the Sun though it be light in it felf yet it darkens the fight in beholding its body. Ga ciu, Cardanus.

Amerbift; being worn, makes men fober and Raied , keeps men from drunkenness and 100 much sleep; it quickens the Wit, is profitable in huntings and fightings, and repers

Bezoir, is a notable restorer of nature, a great Cordial, no way hurtful nor dangerous, is admirable good in Feavers, Pestilences and Consumptions, viz. taken inwardly: for this Stone is not uled to be worn as a Jewel. The powder of it being put upon Wounds made by venomous

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Topas (if Epiphanius spake truth) if you put it into boiling water, it doth fo cool it, that you may prefently put your hands into it without harm : if fo, then it cools Inflammations of the body by touching of

beafts, draws out the poylon.

Toadstone, being applied to the place, helps the bitings of venomous beafts, and quickly draws all the poyfon to it. It is known to be a true one by this, hold it near to any Toad, and the will make proffer to take it away from you if it be right, elfe not Lemnius.

There is a stone of the bignels of a Bean found in the Gizard of an old Cock, which makes him that bears it, beloved, constant and bo'd, valiant in fighting, beloved by women, potent in the sports of Venus. Lemnius.

Nephraticus lapis, helps pains in the stomach, and is of great force in breaking and bringing away the stone and gravel, concerning the powerful operation of which I shal only quote you one flory of many out of Minardus, a Physician of note. A certain noble man (quoth he) very well known to me, by only bearing this stone tied to his army voided such a deal of gravel, that he feared the quantity would do him aust by voiding so much of it : wherefore he laid it from him, and then he voided no more gravel: but afterwards being they were hatched, and the next full again troubled with the stone, he Moon, you shall find two stones in wore it as before, and presently the their Ventricle, one reddish, the pain ceased, and he voided gravel as other blackith : these being hung before, and was never troubled with about the neck in a piece of Stags the pain of the stone so long as he Leather, help the Falling-fickness wore it.

ing, eafeth the labour of women, stops | out any regard to the Lunation: but luft, refifts Feavers and Dropfies.

Mathiotus.

Etites, or the stone with child, because being hollow in the middle. it contains another little stone within it, is found in an Eagles nest, and in many other places. This stone being bound to the left arm of women with child, staies their miscarriage or abortion: but when the time of their labour comes, remove it from their arm, and bind it to the infide of their Thigh, and it brings forth the child, and that (almost) without any pain at all. Diofcorides, Pliny.

if you cut them up between the time Inial.

and Feavers. The truth is, I have Tafper, being worn, stops bleed- found the reddish one my felf withnever tried the Vertues of it.

> Lapis Lazuli, purgeth Melincholy being taken inwardly. Outwardly worn as a Jewel, it makes men chear-

ful, fortunate and rich.

And thus I end the stones, the Vertues of which if any think incredible, I answer. 1. I quoted the Authors where I had them. 2. I know nothing to the Contrary but why it may be as possible as the found of a Trumpet is to incite a man to valour, or a Fiddle to dancing: and if I have added a few Simples which the Colledge left cut, I hope my Young Swallows of the first brond, fault is not much, or at leastwife, ve-

Hus much for the old Dispensatory, which is now like an old Almanack out of date. Indeed had not the Printer defired it might not be (and withal promifed me that be would do it in a smaller Print, that so the Book might not exceed the former price) I had left out what bitherto hath been written, having published in print such a * Treatife [* The English Physician] of Hirbs and Plants as my Countrey-men may readily make ufe of for their own prefervation of bralth, or cure of difeafes, such as grown near them, and are easily to be had, that fo by the help of my Book, they may cure themselves, and never be beholding to such Physitians as the iniquity of these times affords.

And thus I come to the New Dispensatory: And first to their Catalogue of

Simples.

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A Catalogue of SIMPLES in

the New Dispensatory.

ROOTS of

Colledg. Correl. Calamus aromaticus . Water flag . Privet. Garlick. Murli -matto . s. Alkanet. Angelica. Antho a. Smillage. Aron. Birthwort long and lound. Sombrad. Recis. A 1 bacca. Virginian Snakeweed. S allow-wo t. Sparagur. Afobodel mil ana fmile. Burdo ks great and Imill. Biben or Bazil. Valerian white and red. Dazies, Beets white, red and blick. Ma fh-mallows. Biftort. Borage. Birny white and black. Buglofs garden and wild. Calamus Aronaticu. Our Ladies Toiftle. Avens. Coleworts. Centaury the lefs. Onions. Chameleon white and black, Celandine, Pilewort. China. Succory. Artichoaks. Virginian Sn keroat. Comfry greater and leffer. Co.tra-yerva. Coftus frect and bitter. Turmerick. Wild Cucumers. Sombread. Hour's tongue. Ciperus long and round. Toothwoit. while Dittary. ger. Doro cim. Dragons. woody Night-Chade. Vipers B.glofs. Smallage. Hillebore white and black, Enaive. Elicampane. Eringo. Coitsfoot. Firn male and female. Filipenduli or Diopwort. & fmall. G atian. Liquoris. Dog-grafs. Hermodactil. Swallow-wort. Jacinth. Henbine. Fallap, Mafterwort, Orrisor Flower-de-lare, both English and Florentine. Tharp pointed Duck, Burdock that I shall not now give over till I greater and less. Lovage. Privet. white have given my Countrey that which

Lillies. Liquorice. Mallows. Mechoacan. Jallap. Spignel. Mercury. Devils-bit. fweet Nav w. Spickaard Celtick and Indian. Water-lillies. R fl-harrow. fharp pointed Dock. Prony m le and female. Parfneps garden and wild. Cinque-foyl. Butter-Bur. Pa fley. Hogs-fennel. Valerian greater and lefer. Burnet, la d and water Plantane. Polipodium of the Oak. Solomors-feal Leeks. Pellitory of Spain. Canque-foyl. Turneps. R'adishes garder a d wid. Rhapontack. comion Riubarb. Monks Rhubarb. Refe-: oot. Midair. Brufcus Sopewort. Sa faparilla. Satyrion mal- and f. male. white Saxifrag. Squils. Figwort. Scorzonera English and Spanish. Virgi ian Snakewied. Solomons feal. Cice, s. Stinking Gladon. Devils-bit. Dandelyon. Thapfus. Tormentil. Turbith. Coltsfoot, Valerian greater and leffer. Vervain. Swallow-wort. Nettles. Zedoary long and round. Gin-

culpipper.] Thefe be the Roots the Colledge hath named, and but only named, and in this order as I have fet them down.

For my own particular, I am Fernel, white Dittany. Galanga great folely at the benefit of my Countrey in what I do, and shall impartially revea to them what the Lord hath reveal d to me in Physick. I fee my first labours were so well accepted, is call'd The whole body of Physick, in their own Mother Tongue.

In antient times when men lived more in health, Simples were more in use by far than now they are; now Compounds take the chief place, and men are far more fickly than before. The reason I conceive to be the incongruity between the Colledges compounds and our bodies. It is pilpably true, that their Receipts were no children of their own brains, but borrowed some from Arana, others from Greece, and some few from Italy. I know no reason why they abscended the names of the Authors fr m whence they borrowed them, unless it were either to make the generation to come believe they were their own, or elfe to put an exceeding difficult; to all, an utter impossibility upon most, to find the vertues of them, as not knowing in what Authors to learch for them.

But to turn to my purpose. My opinion is, that those Herbs, Roots, Plants, &c. which grow near a man, are far better and more congruous to his nature than any outland sh rubish whatsoever, and this I am able to give a reason of to any that shall demand it of me, therefore I am so copious in handling of them; you shall observe them ranked in this order.

1. The temperature of the Roots, Herbs, Flowers, &c. are of viz. Hot, cold, dry, moift, together with the degree of each quality.

2. What part of the body each root, herb, flower, is appropriated to, viz. head, throat, breft, heart, flomach, liver, spleen, bowels, relns, bladder, womb, joynts, and in those which heat those places, and which cool them,

3. The property of each simple, as they bind, open, mollifie, harden, extenuate, discuss, draw out, suppure, cleanse, glutinate, break wind, breed seed, provoke the terms, stop the terms, resist poyson, abate swellings, case pain.

This I intend shall be my general method throughout the simples, which having snished, I shall give you a Paraphrase, explaining these terms, which rightly considered, will be the Key of Galeas way of ad-

ministring Physick.

The temp rature of the Roots.

Roots bot in the first degree. Marshmallows. Bazil. Valerian-Sparing. Poppy. Burdecks. Borrage. Buglois. Calamus Aromaticus. Avens. Pilewort. China. Self-heal. Liquorice. Dog-grass, white Lillies, Peony male and semale, wild Parsneps. Parsley. Valerian great and small, Knee-holly, Satyrion, Scorzonera, Skirrets.

Hot in the second degree. Waterflag, Reeds, Swallow-wort, Asphodel male, Carline thistle, Cyperus long and round; Fennel, Lovage, Spignel; Mercury, Devils-bit, Butter-bar, Hogs-fennel, Sarsaparilla, Squils, Zedoary.

Hot in the third degree. Angelica, Aron, Birthwort long and round, Sowbread, farabacca, Briony white and black, Celandine, Virginian Snakeroot. Hermerick. white Dittany, Doronicum. Hellebore white and black. Elicampane. Filipendula. Galanga greater and leffer. Master-wort, Orris English and Florentine. Rest-harrow, stinking Gladon, Turbith, Ginger.

Hot in the fourth degree. Garlick? Onions, Leeks, Pellitory of Spain.

E A Root

Roots temperate in respect of Hear, are Bears-breech. Sparagus. our Ladies Thiftle. Eringo. Jallap. Mallows, Mechoacan, Garden Parineps. Cinquefoyl. Tormentil.

Roots cold in the first degree. Sorrel. Beets white and red. Comfrey the greater. Plantane, Role-root. Mad-

dir.

Cold in the fecond degree. Alkanet. Daizies. Succory. Hounds-tongue. Endive. Jacinth.

Cold in the third degree. Bistore and Mandrakes are cold in the third degree, and Henbane in the fourth.

Roots dry in the first degree. Bears. breech, Burdocks. red Beets. Cala-Pilewort. Selfmus Aromaticus. heal. Endive. Eringo. Jacinth. Mad-

dir. Knee-holly.

Dry in the second degree. Waterflag. Marsh-mallows. Alkanet. Smallage. Re. ds. Sorrel. Swallow-wort. Alphodel male. Bazil. Valerian and Spatling. Poppy according to the opinion of the Greeks. our Ladies thifiles. Avens. Succory-Hounds-tongue. Cyperus long and round. Fennel. Lovage. Spignel. Mercury. Devilsbir. Butter-bur, Parfly. Plantane. Zedoary.

Dry is the third degree. Angelica. Aron, Birthwort long and round-Sowbread. Bistort. Asarabacca. Briony white and black. Carline thiftle. China, Celandine. Virginian Snakeroot, white Dittany. Doronicum. Heliebore white and black. Elicampane. Filipendula. Galanga greater and leffer. Mafterwort. Orris, Englifh and Florentine. Restharrow. Peony male and female. Cinquefoyl. Hogs Fennel, Sarfaparilla. Stinking Gladon, Tormentil. Ginger ...

Dy in the fourth degree. Garlick.

Onions, Coftus, Leeks. Pellitory of

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Spain.

Roots moift are. Bafil. Valerian and Spatling. Poppy according to the Arabian Physitians. Daisies, white Beets. Borrage. Bugloss. Liquorice. Dog-grass. Mallows. Satyrion. Scorzonera. Parineps. Skirrets.

Roots are also appropriated to several parts of the body; and so they

Heat the Head. Doronicum. Fennel. Jallap. Mechoacan. Spicknard, Celtick and Indian. Peony male and temale.

Neck and Throat. Pile-wort. De-

vils-bit.

Brest and lungs. Birthwort long and round. Elicampane. Liquorice. Orris, English and Florentine, Calamus Aromaticus. Cinquefoyl. Squills.

Heart. Angelica. Borrage. Buglofs. Carline thiftle. Doronicum. Butterbur. Scorzonera. Tormentil. Zedoary. Bazil. Valerian white and

red.

Stomach. Elicampane. greater and leffer. Spicknard, Celtick and Indian. Ginger, Fennel. Avens. Rhadifhes.

Bowels. Valerian great and Small.

Zedoary. Ginger.

Liver. Smallage. Carline thiftle. Celandine. China. Turmerick. Fennel. Gentian. Dog-grass. Cinquefoyl. Parfley. Sparagus. Rhubarb. Rhapontick. Knee holly.

Spleen. Smallage. Carline thiftles. Fern male and female. Water-flag. Sparagus. round Birthwort. Fennel, Capers. Ash. Gentian.

Reins and bladder. Marth-mallows. Smallage. Sparagus, Burdock. Bazil. Valerian. Valerian. Spatling. Poppy. Carline Thiftle. China. Cyperus long and round.Filipendula.Dog-grafs. Spicknard, Celtick and Indian. Parsley. Knee-holly, white Saxifrage.

Womb. Birth-wort long and round. Galanga greater and leffer. Peony male and female. Hogs-fennel.

Fundament. Pilewort.

Toyats. Bears-breech. Hermoda-Ails. Jallap. Mechoacan, Ginger, Coftus.

Roots cool the Head. Role-root. Stomach. Sow thiftles. Endive. Succory. Biftort.

Liver. Maddir. Endive, Cichory.

The properties of the Roots.

Although I confess the properties of the Simples may be found out by the ensuing explanation of the terms, and I suppose by that means they were found our at first : and although I hate a lazie student from my heart, yet to encourage young students in the Art, I shall quote the chiefes: of them: I defire all Lovers of Phylick to compare them with the explanation of these Rules, so shall they see how they agree; fo may they be enabled to find out the Properties of all Simples, to their own exceeding benefit in Physick.

Roots bind. Cyperus. Bistort, Tormentil. Cinquefoyl. Bears-breech. Water-flag. Alkanet. Toothwort, &c.

Difcus. Birthwort. Afphodel.

Briony, Capers, &c.

Cleanfe. Birthwort. Aron. Sparagus. Grafs, Afphodel. Celandine, &c.

Open. Afarabacea. Garlick. Lecks. Onions. Rhapontick, Turmerick, Carline thiftle. Succofy. Endive. Fi-I pendula. Fennel. Parfly. Brulcus. Rhapontick. Fern, &c. Sparagus. Smallage, Gentian, &c.

Extenuate.. Orris, English and Florentine. Capers, &c.

Burn. Garlick. Onions. Pellitory of Spain, &c.

Molifie. Mallows, Marth-mallows,

Suppure. Marth-mallows. Briony. white Lillies, &c.

Glutinate. Comfry. Solomons-seal. Gentian. Birthwort. Daifies, &c.

Expell wind. Smallage. Parfly. Fennel. Warerflag. Garlick. Coftus. Galanga. Hogs-fennel. Zedoary. Spikenard, Indian and Celtick, &c.

Breed feed. Waterflag. Eringo. Satyrion, Galanga, &c.

Provokes the Terms, Birthwort. Asarabacca. Aron. Waterflag. white Dittany. Asphodel. Garlick. Centaury the less. Cyperus long and round. Costus. Capers. Calamus Aromaticus. Dittany of Creet. Carrots. Eringo. Fennel. Parfly. Smallage, Grass. Elicampane. Peony. Valerian. Knee-holly, &c.

Stop the Terms. Comfry. Tormen-

til. Biftort, &c.

Provoke fweat. Carline thiftle.

China. Sarfaparilla, &c.

Refist Poyson. Angelica. Garlick. long Birthwort. Smallage. Doronicum. Costus. Zedoary. Cyperus. Gentian, Carline thiftle. Biftort. Tormentil. Swallow-wort. Vipirs Buglois. Elicampane, &c.

Help burnings. Afphodel, Jacinth.

white Lillies, &c.

Eafe pains. Waterflag. Eringo. Orris. Reftharrow, &c.

Of Roots, Some Purge. Choler. Alarabacca, Rhubarb. Melancholy. Milancholy. Hellebore white and

black. Polypodium.

Fleem and watry bunors. Squils: Turbith. Hermodactils. Jallap. Mecheacan. wild Cucumers. Sowbread. male Afphodel. Briony white & black. Elder. Spurge great and small.

I quoted some of these Properties to teach you the way how to find the rest, which the Expla nation of these terms will give you acople instructions in : I quoted not all, because I would fain have you Rudious: be diligent therefore gentle Readers.

How to use your bodies in, and af-

by and by.

The BARKS which the Colledge blot litchy. parer with, are thefe that follow.

Colledge. L J 42'l Nuts, Oranges; part of the Book. 3 rberries, Birch-tree, Caper-roots, Callia Lignea, Cheftauts, Cinnamon, Citron-prels, Dwarf-Elder, Spurge Roots, Alder, Alb, Pomegranates, Guajacum, Walnut-tree, green Walnuts, Laurel, Bay, Lommons, Mace, Pomegranates, Mandrake roots, Megercon, Mulberry-tree roots, Slae-tree roots, Pinc-nuts, Fistick-nuts, Poplartree, Oak, Elder, Saxafras, Cork, Tamaris, Line-tree, Frankincenfe, Elm, Capt. Winters Cimamor.

Culpeper.] Of thele, Captain Winters Cinnamon, being taken as ordinary spice, or half a dram tagen in the morning in any convenient liquor, is an excellent remedy for the Scurvy, the powder of it being fnuffed up in the nofe, cleanfeth the head of Rheum

gallantly.

The bark of the black Alder-tree purgeth choler and flegm if you make a decoction with it, agrimony, Wormwood, Dodder, Hops, Endive, and Succory Roots, Parsley and Smallage roots, or you may bruile a handful of each of them; and put them in a gallon of new Ale, and let them work together (put the Simples in * a draught [* Half a boulter-bag) a pint, more or less, according to the age of him that ari ks it.] being drunk every morning, helps the Dropsie, Jaundice, evil Disposition of the Body; helps the Rickets, strengthens the Liver and Spleen; ter taking Purges, you shall be taught makes the digestion good; troubles not the stomach at all, caufeth appetite, and helps such as are scabby and.

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The rest of the Barks that are worth the noting, and the vertues of them, are to be found in the former

Barks are bot in the fift degree. Guajacum, Tamaris, Oranges, Lemmons, Citrons.

In the fecond. Cinnamon, Caffia Lignea, Captain Winters Cinnamon, Frankincense, Capers.

In the third. Mace.

Cold in the first. Oak, Pomegranares. In the third. Mandrakes.

According to place, they

Heat the Head. Captains Winters Cinnamon.

The Heart. Cinnamon, Caffia Lignea, Citron-peels, Walnuts, Lemmon-peels, Mace.

The Stomach. Orange-peels, Caffia Lignea, Cinnamon, Citron-peels, Lemmon-peels, Mace, Saxafras.

The Lungs. Caffia Lignes, Cinnamon, Walnuts.

Toe Liver. Barberry-tree, Bay-tree, Capt.

Capt. Winters Cinnamon.

The Spiece. Caper-bark, Afh-treebark, Bay-tree.

Saxafras.

peels.

berry-tree.

Dwarf-elder, Spurge, Laurel.

colleage quotes a few WOODS, which are thefe.

Colledge. LIr, Wood of Aloes, Rhodium, Brazil, Box,Willow, Cypr Is, Ebony, Guajacum, Juntp.r, Lentisk, Nephriticum, Rhoaium, Rosemary, Sanders, white, yellaw ana red, Saxafras, Tamarisk.

of Aloes, Rhodium, Box, Ebony, Guajacum, Nephriticum, Rofemary,

Saxafras, Tamaris.

Some cold: As, Cypres, Willow, Sanders, white, red, and yellow.

Rolemary is appropriated to the Head, Wood of Aloes to the Heart and bladder Nephriticum to the Liver, Spleen, Reins and Bladder, Saxafras to the breft, flomach and bladder; Tamaris to the Spleen. Sanders cool the hear and spirits in Feavers.

For the particular vertues of each, fee that part of the Book preceding.

The HERBS which the colleage Spent so much pains and study, barely to name, are

wood common, Roman, and fuch as bears wormseed, Sorrel, wood-Sorrel, Maiden-hair common, white or wall-The Reins and Bladder. Bay-tree, Ru, black and golden Mauclie Agrimo y , Vervain , Mallows. La-The womb. Cassia Lignea, Cinna- dies Mantle, Chickweed, Marshmallows, and Pimpernel, both mile cool the Stomach. Pomegranate- and female, Water Pimponel, Dill, Angelica, Smallage, Goofe-grafs or Purge Choler. The bark of Bar- Cleavers, Columbiac, wil Tinfie or : Silverweed, Mr. mort, Af rabac-Purge Flegm and Water. Elder, ca, Woodrof, Arach, Dift.ff thiftle, Monferr, Costmary or Alcost, Bur-To fill up another part of a Page, the dock greater and liffer, B. ooklime or Water Pimpernel, Beets white, red and black, Bettony of the Wood and water. Daizies greater ari. leffer, Blite, Mercuy, Borrage, Oa of Jerusalem, Cabbages, Solda nelli, Bitony white aid black, Bugloss, Bugle, Shephcards-purfe, Oxey, Box-leaves, Calaminth of the Of thefe fone are hot: As, Wood Mountains and Fens, Growd-Pine, Woodbine or Hmey-fackles, Lady-(mecks, Marigolds, Our Lidies thiftles, Carduns Bened Etus, Avens, small Spurge, Hoise-tail, Coleworts , Centaury the lefs , Kintgrafs, Cetrach, Chervil, Germander, Chamomil, Champyis, temale Souand Stomach; Rhodium to the bowels therawood, Chelie, Pilewort, Ch cory; Hemlock, Garden and Sea Seurygrafs, Fleamont, Comfry great, middle or Bugle, leaft or Daifies, Sarafens Conford, Buck-born Plantane, Myweed, (or Margweed, as we in Suffex call it) Orpine, Sampier, Croffwert, Dodder, Blew-bottle great and Small, Artichoak, Houndfrangue, Cypre leaves, Dandelyon, Dittary of Cort, Bor-leave, Terale garden and wild, Dw ir -Elder , Vipers Buglefs, Mutlir, Smillage, Endier, Elicampine, The Colledge. Couthernwood male Horfetail, Epithimum, Grossafel, bedge and female, torm- instand, Sourge, Agrimony, Ma din, E; . 0.12 1,

Filipendula. Indian Leaf. Strawberry leaves. Ah-tree Leaves. Fumitory. Gats R.w. Ladies Bedftraw. Broom. Mufcatu. Herb Robert. Doves fost. Cottos weed. Hedge Hyfop. Tree Ivy. Ground Ivy or Aleboof. Eli-Pellitory of the Wall. campane. Liver-wort. Comflips. Rupturc-wort. Hawk-weed. Monks Rhubarb. Alexanders. Clary girden and wild. Henbane. St. Johns Wort. Horfetongue, or double torques. Hyfop. Sciatica creffes, [mall Sengreen, Shartwort, wood. Reeds. Schenanth. Chamepi:ys. Glaße-wort. Lettuce. Lagobus. Archangel. Burdock great and small. Lavender. Laurel. Bay-leaves English and Alexandrian. Duckmoat. Dittander, or Pepper-wort. Lovage. Privet. Sea Buglofs. Toad-flax. Harts-tonque. freet Trefoyl. Wood-forrel. Hops. Willow berb. Marierom. common and tree Mallows. Mandrake. Horebound white and black. Herb Miftich. Fcatherfew. Woodbine. Melilot. B. wm. Garden and water Mints. Hor mints. Mercary. Mezereon. Yarrow. Devils-bit. Mofs. [west Chervil. Mirtle-leaves. garden and water Creffes. Nep. Tobacco. Moreywort, water Lillies. Bazil. Olive-leaves. Reft-harrow. Adders togue. Origanum, harp pointed Docks. Poppy white, black and red, or Erratick. Pellitory of the Wall. Cinquefoyl. Arsmirt spotted and no! (potted. Peach leaves. Thoroughwar. Parfley. Harts tongue. Valerian. Moufear. Burnet. Small Spurge. Plantane common and narrow leaved. Mountain and Critick Poley. Knot-grafs. golden Maiden-bair. Poplar leaves and buds. Lecks. Purfain. Silver weed or wild Tanfic. Horehound white and black. Primrofes, Self-beal. Field Pellitory, or Sneezwort. Peniroyal. Fleabane.

Eye-bright. O'pine. Fennel. Sampicy: Longwort. Winter green. Oak leaves and buas. Docks. common Rem, or Herb of Grace. Goats Rew. Wall Rem, or white Maiden hair. wild Rew. Savin. Ozier leaves. Girden Sage the greater and leser. Wild Sage. Elder leaves and buds. Marjerom. Eurnet. Sanicle. Sopewort. Savory. white Saxifrage. Scabious. Cicioiy. Schenanth. Clary. Scordium. Figwort. House k, or Sengreen the greater and liffer. Groundfel. Senna Laves and cods. Mother of Time. Solomons feal. Alexanders. Nightshade. Soldanella. Som thiftles smooth and rough. Flixweed .common Spike. Spinach. Hawthorn. Devils-bit. Comfry, Tamaris leaves. Tansie. Dandelion. Mullen or Higtaper. Time. Line-tree leaves. Spurge. Tormentil. common and golden Trefoyl. Wood-forrel. Sweet Trefoyl. Colts-foot. Valerian. Mullen. Vervain. Pauls Bettony. Llucllin. Violets. Tanfies. Pereminkles. Swallow-wort. Golden Rod. Vine Leaves. Meadsweet. Elm-leaves, Navel-wort. Nettles common and Roman, Archangel, or Dead Nettles white and red.

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Culpepper. These be the Herbs as the Colledge set them down to look upon: we will see if we can translate them into another form to the use and bencht of the body of man.

Herbs temperate in respect of heat, are common Maiden-hair, Wall-rew, black and golden Maiden-hair, Woodroof, Bugle, Goats Rew, Hartstongue, sweet Trefoyl, Flixweed, Cinquefoyl, Trefoyl, Pauls Bettony, Lluellin.

Intemperate and bot in the first degree, as Agrimony, Marsh-mallows, Goof-grals or Cleavers, Distaff thiftle,

Melilor, Bazil, Self-heal.

Koman Wormwood, Maudlin, Ladies Mantle, Pimpernel male and female, Dill, Smallage, Mugwort, Costmary , Berony , Oak of Jerusalem, Ma-Benedictus, Centaury the leffe, Chamepitys, Scurvygraffe, Indian Leaf, Broom, Alchoof, Alexanders, Double tongue, or Tongue blade, leaves, Marjoram, Horehound, Bawm, Mercury, Devils bit, Tobacco, Parfly, Poley mountain, Rosemary, Sage, Sanicle, Scabious, Senna, Soldanella, Tanfie, Vervain, Perewinkle.

In the third degree. Southernwood male and female, Brooklime, Angelica, Briony white and black, Calaminth, Germander, Celandine, Pilewort, Fleabane, Dwarf Elder, Epithimum, Bank-creffes, Clary, Glaffewort, Lavender, Lovage, Herb Mastich , Featherfew , Mints , Water-creffes, Origanum, biting Arfmart, called in Latin Hydropiper, (the Colledge confounds this with Perficaria, or wild Arlmart, which is cold) Sneez-wort, Peny royal, Rew , Savin , Summer and Winter Savory, Mother of Time, Lavender,

Spike, Time, Nettles.

In the fourth degree. Sciaticacreffes, Stone-crop, Dittander or Crowfoot, Rola folis, Srurge.

thiftle , Borrage , Bugloss , or Ladies | Yarrow , mild Arimart , called P. rithiftles, Avens, Cerrach, Chervil, caria. If you be afraid of miltaking Chamomel, Eyebright, Cowflips, this for the other, break a leaf cross your tongue, that which is hor, In the fecond degree. Common and will make your tongue fmart, fo will not this, (and here by the way, let me tell the Colledge one of their errors, and I will tell them but the truth : Whereas they affirm Perfirigolds , Cuckooflowers , Carduus caria Maculata , or spotted Arsmarr, to be the Hydropiper, 'tis no fuch matter in our Country: most of the wild Arfmart, though not all, hath blackish spots in the leaves, almost Archangel , or Dead Nettles , Bay- semicircular, like a half Moon : But to proceed) Burner, Coltsfoot, Violets.

> cold in the second degree. Chickweed, wild Tanfie, or Silverweed, Daizies, Knotgraffe, Succory, Buckhorn Plantane, Dandelyon, Endive, Fumitory, Strawberry leaves, Lettuce, Duckmear, Plantane, Purslane,

Willow leaves.

In the third degree. Sengreen, or Housleek, Nightshade.

In the fourth degree. Hemlock, Henbane, Mandrakes, Poppies.

Herbs dry in the first degree. Agrimony, Marth-mallows, Cleavers, Burdocks, Shepherds purie, our Ladies Thiftles , Chervil, Chamomel, Eyebright, Cowslips, Hawkweed, tongue blade, or double tongue, Melilot, mild Arsmart , Self-heal , Senna, Flixweed, Coltsfoot, Perewinkle.

Dry in the second degree. Common & Roman Wormwood, Sorrel, wood Pepperwort, Garden creffes, Leeks, Sorrel, Maudlin, Ladies Mantle, Pimpernel mole and female, Dill, Smal-Herbs cold in the first degree. Sor- lage, Wild Tansie, or Silverweed, rel, Wood-forrel, Arach, Burdock, Mugwort, Diftaff Thiftle, Coft-Shepherds purse, Pellitory of the mary, Bettony, Bugle, Cuckocflow-Wall , Hawk-weed , Mallowes , ers , Carduus Benedictus , Avens, Centaury

Buck-horn Plantane, Dandelyon, Endive, Indian-Leaf, Strawberryleaves, Fumitory, Broom, alchoof, Alexander, Archangel or dead Nettles white and red, Bay-leaves, Marjerom, Featherfew, Baum, Mercury, Devils bit, Tobacco, Parfley, Burnet, Plantane, Rosemary, Willowleaves, Sage, Sanicle, Scabious, Soldanella, Vervain.

Dry in the third d gree. Southernwood male and female, Brooklime, Angelica, Briony white and black, Calaminth, Germander, Chamepitys, Celandine, Pilcwort, Fleabane, Epithimum, Dwarf-Elder, Bankcreffes, Clary, Glasswort, Lavender, Lovage, Horehound, Herb Mastich, Mints, Water-creffes, Origanum. Cingfoyl, hot Arimart, Poley-mounrain, Sneezwort, Peniroyal, Rew, or Herb of Grace, Savin, Winter & Summer Savory, Mother of time, Livender, Silk, Tanlie, Time, Trefoyl.

In the fourth degree. Garden creffes, Wild Rew, Leeks, Onions, Crowfoor, Rosa-solis, Garlick, Spurge.

Herbs moilt in the first degree. Burrage, Bugloss, Marigo'ds, Pellitory of the Wall, Mallows, Bizil.

In the fourth degree. Chickweed, Arach, Daifies, Lettuce, Duckmest, Purslain, Sow-thistles, Violets, Water Lillies.

Herb: appropriated to certain parts of the body of man, and so they

Heat the leid; as Maudlin, Cost- hoof, Alexanders. mary, Betony, Carduns Benedictus, Celandine, Scurvy-gra's, Eye bright, I Gorts Rue, Cowflips, Lavender, Laurel, Lovage, Herb Maftich, Fea-

Centaury the less, Cichory, com- royal, Senna, Mother of Time, Lamonly called Succery, Scurvy-grais, vender, Spike, Time, Vervain, Rofemary,

> Heat the Throat. Archangel white and red, otherwise called dead Net-

tles, Devils-bit.

Heat th Breft. Maiden-hair, white black, common and Golden, Distaff Th.ftle, Time, Becony, Calaminth, Chamomel, Fennel, Indian-leaf, Bayleaves, Hylop, Bawm, Hore-hound, Oak of Jerusalem, Germander, Melilot, Origanum, Rew, Scabious, Perwinkles, Nettles.

Heat the Heart Southernwood male and female, Angelica, Wood-roof, Bugloss, Carduus Benedictus, Borrage, Goars Rew, Bay-leaves, Bawm, Rew, Senna, Bazil, Rosemary, Eli-

campane.

Heat the Stomach. Wormwood common and Roman, Smallage, Avens, Indian-leaf, Broom, Schenanth, Bay-leaves, Bawm, Mints, Parfley, Fennel, Time, Mother of Time,

Sage.

Heat the Liver. Agrimony, Maudlin, Pimpernel male and female, Smallage, Costmary or Alccost, our Ladies Thistles, Centaury the less, Germander, Chamepyris, Celandine, Sampier, Fox-gloves, Afh-treeleaves, Bay-leaves, Toad-flax, Hops, Hore-hound, Water-creffes, Parfley, Poley-mountain, Sage, Scordium, Senna, Mother of Time, Soldanella, Asarabacca, Fennel, Hysop, Spicknard.

Heat the Bowels. Chamomel, Ale-

Hear the Spicen. All the four forts of Maiden-hair, Agrimony Smallage, Centrury the les, Cetrach, Germander, Chamepitys, Sampier, Foxgloves, ther-few, Meillor, Sneez-wort, Peny- Epithimum, Afhetree, Bay-leaves, Toad La-

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Toad flax, Hops, Hore hound, Parsley, Poley-mountain, Sage, Scordium, Sanna, Mother of Time, Tamaris, Wormwood, Water-cresses, Hartstongue.

Heat the Reias and Bladder. Agrimony, Maudlin, Marth-mallows, Pimpernel male and temale, Brooklime, Coftmary, Betony, Chervil, Germander, Chamomel, Sampier, Broom, Rupture-wort, Clary, Schenanth, Bay-leaves, Toad-flax, Hops, Melilot, Water-creffes, Origanum, Peniroyal, Scordium, Vervain, Mother of Time, Rocket, Spicknard, Saxifrage, Nettles.

Het the Womb. Maudlin, Angelica, Magwort, Costmary, Calaminth, Fleabane Mayweed, or Margweed, Dittany of Creet, Schenanth, Archangel, or Dead Nettles, Melilot, Feather-few, Mints, Devils-bit, Origanum, Bazil, Peniroyal, Savin. Sage, Scordium, Tansie, Time, Vervain, Perwinkles, Nettles.

Heat the Joynts. Cowflips, Sciatica-creffes, hot Arfmar, Garden-creffes, Costmary, Agrimany, Chamomel, S. Johns wort, Mulilot, Watercreffes, Rotemary, Re Sage, Stechas.

Hibs cooling in the lead. Woodforrel, Teazles, Lettuce, Plantane, Willow-leaves Sengreen or Housleck, Strawberry-leaves Violet-leaves, Fumitory, Water Lillies.

Coal the Throat. Orpine, Strawberry-leaves, Privet, Bramble-leaves.

Breft. Mulberry-leaves, Bramble-leaves, Violet-leaves, Strawberry-leaves, Sorrel, Wood-forrel, Poppies, Orpine, Money-wort, Plantane, Colts-foot.

Heart. Sorrel, Wood-forrel, Vipers Bug'os, Letrice, Burner, Violet-leavs, Strawberry-leaves, Water Lillies. Stomach. Sorrel, Wood-sorrel, Succory, Orpine, Dandelyon, Endive, Strawberry-leaves, Hawkweed, Lectuce, Purslain, Sow-thistles, Violetleaves.

Liver. Sorrel, Wood-forrel, Dandelyon, Endive, Succory, Strawberryleaves, Fumitory, Liverwort, Lettuce, Purslain, Nightshade, Water Lillies.

Bowels. Fumitory, Mallows, Buckhorn Plantane, Orpine, Plantane, Burner.

Spleen. Fumitory, Endive, Succory, Lettuce.

Reins and Bladder. Knot-grass, Mallows, Yarrow, Money-wort, Plantane, Endive, Succory, Lettuce, Purflane, Water Lillies, Housleek, or Sengreen.

The Womb. Wild Tanfie, Arrach, Burdocks, Willow herb, Mirtle leaves, Moneywort, Purflane, Sow-thiftles, Endive, Succory, Lettuce, Water-Lillies, Sengreen.

The Joynts. Willow leaves, Vine leaves, Lettuce, Henbane, Night-shade, Sengreen or Housleek.

Herbs altering according to property, in operation, some bind, as

Amomus, Agnus Castus, Shepheards-purse, Cypress, Horstail, Ivy, Bay-Leaves, Melilot, Bawm, Mirtles, Sorrel, Plantane, Knot-grass, Comfry, Cinquetoyl, Fleawort, Purslane, Oak-leaves, Willow leaves, Sengreen or Housleek, &c.

Open, as Garlick, Onion, Worm-wood, Mallows, Marsh-mallows, Pellicory of the Wall, Endive, Succory:

Softer. Mallows, Marth-mallows, Beets, Pellitory of the Wall Viel :

leaves , Straw-berry leaves, Arrach, | was the season in ancient times, wol wort, &c.

Harden. Purstain, Nightshade, Housleek or Sengreen, Duckmeat, and most of other herbs, that are very

Extenuate. Mugwort, Chamomel, Hylop, Penyroyal, Scachas, Time, Mother of cime, Juniper, &c.

Arrach, Beets, Chamomel, Mints, Melilet, Pellitory of the wall. Chickweed. Rew. Stæchas. Marjoram.

Draw. Pimpernel, Birthwort. Dittany, Leeks, Onions, Garlick, and also take this general Rule, as all cold things bind and harden, as is apparent by the frost binding and hardning water and mire; fo all things very hot and drying, as is clear by the Sun, who is the original of heat, drawing up the dew.

Support. Mallows, Marth-mallows,

white Lilly leaves, &c.

wood, Beets , Pellitory of the Wall, Chamepitis, Dodder, Liver-wort, Horehound, Willow leaves, &c.

Glutinate, Marsh-mallows, Pimpernel, Centaury, Chamepitys, Mallows, Germander, Horstail, Agrimony, Maudlin, Straw-berry leaves, Woodchervil, Plantane, Cinquefoyl, Comfry, Bugle, Self-heal, Woundwort, Tormentil, Rupturewort, Knotgrafs, Tobacco.

Dill, Smallage, Chamomel, Epithi- Ihall not burthen their Consciences, mum, Fennel, Juniper, Marjoram, they may make the Herb into a Origanum, Savory both Winter and Conferve with Sugar, or boyl it

Cypress leaves, Bay-leaves, Floa- men also boiled Savory with their Beans and Peale, viz. to expell the windiness of them; it was a good fashion, and therefore I would not have it left : however this thews that in antient times people were more fludious in the nature of fimples, or at the least Physitians more free in imparting their knowledge for the Discuss. Southernwood male and benefit of the vulgar, at least honefemale, all the four forts of Maiden- fty began to leave the Earth; and hair, Marsh-mallows, Dill, Mallows, then ignorance quickly stepping up in the place of knowledge, people used them a while for custom fake, at laft they were efteemed superftitious, and quite left off.

I cate not greatly (now I am at it) if I quote one more of tike nature (I am confident, were it my present scope, I could quote an hundred) and

that is Tanfie.

Tansie is excellent gord to cleanse the stomach and bowels of tough viscous flegm, and humours that flick to them, which the flegmatick constitution of the Winter usually in-Cleanse, Pimpernel, Southernwood, fects the Body of Man with, and Sparagus, Cetrach, Arrach, Worm- occasions Gouts and other Discases of like nature and lasting long, this was the Original of that Cuftom to eat Tanfies in the fpring; which afterwards grew to be superstitious, and appropriated only to some certain dayes, as Palm-findaye, &c. and so at the last the evil of observing Dayes being known, and the vertues of the meat absconded, it is quite almost left off. For my part if any think it superstiti-Expel Wind. Wormwood, Garlick, ous to ear a Tanfie in the Spring, I Summer; and that (I am of opinion) in Wine, and drink the Decostion, or make the Juyce into a Syrup with Sugar, which they will. But to proceed.

Herbs breed Seed. Clary, Rocket, and most Herbs that are hot and

moift, and breed wind.

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Provokes the Terms. Southern-wood, Garlick, all the forts of Maidenhair, Mugwort, Wormwood, Bishopsweed, Cabbages, Betcny, Centaury, Chamomel, Calaminth, Germander, Dodder, Dittany, Fennell, St. Johns-wort, Marjeram, Horehound, Bawm, Water cresses, Origanam, Bazil, Pennyroyal, Poley mountain, Parsy, Smallage, Rew, Rotemary, Sage, Savin, Hartwort, Time, Mother of Time, Scordium, Nettles.

Stop the Terms. Shepherds purse, Strawberries, Mirtles, Water Lillies, Plantane, Housteek, or Sen-

green, Comfry, Knotgrafs.

Resist Poyson. Southernwood, Wornswood, Garlick, all forts of Maidenhair, Smallage, Betony, Carduus Benedictus, Germander, Calaminth, Alexanders, Carline thistle, Agrimony, Fennel, Juniper, Horehound, Origanum, Peny-royal, Poley mountain, Rew, Scordium, Plantane.

Discuss swelling. Maidenhair, Cleavers or Goosgrass, Mallows, Marshmallows, Docks, Bawm, Water-Cresses, Cinquesoyl, Scordium, &c. Ease paiss. Dil, Wormwood, Arach, Chamomel, Calaminth, Chamepitys, Henbane, Hops, Hogs Fennel, Parsly, Rosemary, Rew, Marjoram, Mother of Time.

He bs purging.

Challer. Ground'el, Hops, Peach leaves, Wormwood, Centaury, Mallows, Senna.

Melancholy. Oxe-eye, Epithimum, Fumitory, Senna, Dodder.

Flegm and water. Briony; white and black Spurge; both work most violently, and are not therefore sit for a vulgar use, Dwarf Elder, Hedg Hysop, Laurel leaves, Mercury, Mezereon alto purgeth violently, and so doth Sneezwort, Elder leaves, Senana.

For the particular operations of these, as also how to order the Body after purges, the quantity to be taken at a time, you have been in part instructed arready, and shall be more fully hereafter.

The FLOWERS which the Colledg acquaints you with the Latin names of, only, are th se.

Colledg.] W/Ormwood , Agnus Castus , Amaranthus , Dil , Rofemary, Columbines, Oranges, Balaustins or Pomegranate flowers, Bettony , Borrage, Buglois, Marigolds, Woodbine, or Honey-luckles, Clove-Gilliflowers, Centaury the lefs, Chamomel, Winter-gilliflowers or Wall-flowers; Succory, Comfry the greater, Saffron, Blewbottle great and small, (Synosbatus, Tragus, and Dodoneus hold our white Thorn to be It ; Cotdus; and Marcelus think it to be Bryars; and Lugduner fis takes it for the fweet Bryar : Dioscorides calleth the Flowers of the Manured Pomegranates , Cytrinus : But Pliny calleth the flowers of the wild kind by that name:) Fox gloves, Vipers, Buglo's, Rocker, Eyebright, Beans, Fumitory, Broom, Cowflips, St. Johns. wort , Hylop , Jasmine , or Shrub, Trefoyl, Arch-angel, or dead Nettles white and red, Lavender, Wall-flowers or Winter Gilliflowers, Privet, Lillies white, & of the Valley, Hops, common and tree Mallows , Featherfew, woodbin or Honey-fuckle, Melilot, Bawm, Walnuts, Water Lillies white and yellow, Origanum, Poppies white and red , or Erratick, Poppies or Corn Roles, to called because they grow amongst Corn, Peony, Honey- suckle or woodbine, Peach-Howers, Prim-Roles, Self-heal, Sloebuth, Rosemary flowers, Roses white, Damask and red, Sage, Elder, white Saxifrage, Scabious, Siligo (Ithink they mean " heat by it : Authors are not agreed about it) Stochis, Tamaris, Tanfie, Mullein or Higtaper, Lintree, Clove gilliflowers, Coltsfoot, Violets, Agnus Castus, dead Nettles, white and red.

Culpeper.] That these may be a little explained for the publick good be pleased to take notice that of these.

Some are hot in the first degree, as Borrage, Bugloss, Bettony, Ox-eye,

Melifot, Chamomel, Stochas.

Hot in the feconi degree. Amomus,
Saffron, Glove Gilliflowers, Rocket,
Bawm, Spicknard, Hops, Schenanth,
Lavender, Jalmine, Rolemary.

Hot in the third degree. Agnus Castus, Epithimum, Winter Gillifluwers or Wall-flowers, Wood-

bine or Honey-fuckles.

Roles red, white, and Damask, Vic-

La the feeded. Anemone or Windflowers, Endive, Succory, Water Lillies, both white and yellow.

Lette third. Balauft ins or Pome-

granate flowers.

Is the fourth. Henbane, and all the Spicknard.

The Physicians Library.

forts if Poppies, only whereas Authors say, Field Poppies, which some call red, others Erratick and Corn Roses, are the coldest of all the others; yet my opinion is, That they are not cold in the fourth degree.

Moist in the first degree. Borrage, Bugloss, Mallows, Succory, Endive.

In the fecond, Water Lillies, Vio-

Dry in the first degree. Ox-eye, Saffron, Chamomel, Melilot, Roses.

In the second. Wind-flowers, Amomus, Clove Gilliflowers, Rocket, Lavender, Hops, Peony, Rosemary, Spicknard.

In the third. Woodbine or Honeyfuckles, Balaustines, Epithimum,

Germander, Chamepitys.

The temperature of any other Flowers not here mentioned, are of the same temperature with the Herbs; you may gain skill by searching there for them; you can lose none.

For the parts of the Body they are appropriated to, some heat

The Head; as Rolemary flowers, Self-heal, Chamomel, Bettony. Cowflips, Lavender, Melilot, Peony, Sage, Stoechas.

The Breaft. Bettony, Bawm, Sca-

bious, Schænanth.

The Heart. Bawm, Rosemary flowers, Borrage, Bugloss, Sastron, Spicknard.

The Stomsch. Rosemary-flowers,

S, icknard, Schananth.

The Liver. Centaury, Schananth, Elder, Bettony, Chamomel, Spick-nard.

The spleen. Be tony, Wal-flowers.
The Reins and Blander. Bettony,
M. rsl:-mallows, Melilor, Schananth,
Spicknard.

Th:

The womb. Bettony, Squinanth or Schenanth, Sage, Orris or Flower-de-luce.

The Joyats. Rolemary flowers, Cowflips, Camoniel, Melilot.

Flowers as they are cooling, fo

The Head. Violets. Roles, the three forts of Poppies and Water-Lillies.

The breaft and heart. Violets, red

Rofes, Water Lillies.

The Stomach. Red Roses, Violets. The Liver and Spleen. Endive and Succery.

Violets. Borrage and Bugloss moiten the Heart: Rolemary flowers, Bawm and Bettony, dry it.

According to property fo they bind.

Balaustins, Saffron. Succory. Endive. red Roses. Melilot. Bawm. Clove Gilliflowers. Agnus Castus.

Discuss. Dil. Chamomel. Marshmallows, Mallows, Melilot, Stoechas. &c.

Cleanse. Damask Roses. Elder Howers. Bean flowers &c.

Extenuate. Orris or Flowerdeluce. Chamomel. Melilor. Stoechas &c. Mollifie. Saffron. white Lillies,

Mallows. Marsh-mallows &c. Suppure. Saffron. white Lillies &c. Glutinate. Balaustines. Centaury.

Provoke the Terms. Bettony, Centaury. Chamomel. Schænanth. Walflowers. Bawm. Peony. Rosemary. Sage.

Stop the Terms. Balaustines, or Pomegranate flowers. Water Lillies. Expel wind, Dil, Chamomel, Schr-

nanth. Spicknard.

&c.

Help burnings. White Lillies, Mallows. Marth-mallows.

R fift Poyfon. Bettony. Centaury.

Ease pain. Dil, Chamomel, Centaury, Melilot, Rosemary.

Flowers purge Choler. Peach flowers, Damask Roses, Violets.

Flegm. Broom flowers, Elder flowers.

If you compare but the quality of the Flowers with the Herbs, and with the explanation of these terms at the later end, you may easily find the temperature and property of the

reft.

As for the vertues of the Flowers, there were but few quoted before, & those very briefly; I think the reason was, because the Printer was afraid, the Book would be too big. I shall therefore give a supply here to what was wanting there; and where I was too brief there, I shall be more large here. The flowers of Ox-cye being boyled into a pultis with a little Barley meal; takes away swellings and hardness of the flesh, being applied warm to the place.

Chamomel Flowers heat, discuss, loosen and rarise; boyled in Clysters, they are excellent in the wind cholick, boyled in wine, and the Decoction drunk, purge the Reins, break the stone, open the pores, cast out cholerick humours, succour the Heart, and ease pains and aches, or stiffness coming by

travelling.

The Flowers of Rocket used outwardly, discuss swelling, and dissolve hard tumors; you may boyl them into a pultis or Cataptasme, as Scholars call it; but inwardly taken, they tend but unwholesome vapours up to the head.

Hops open obstructions of the bowels, Liver and Spleen; they cleanse the body of Choler and Flegm, pro-

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voke

woke Urin. I wonder in my Heart how that apish fathion of drinking Beer and Ale together for the Stone, came up; and others affirm, That the disease of the stone was not in revum natura, before Beer was invented: a gross untruth, for Physicians have written of the stone that lived a thousand years before Beer was invented. I deny not, but staleness of beer may cause sharpness of Urin; otherwise beer if mild, is ten times better drink for such as are troubled with the stone, then Ale, as being more opening.

Jasmine flowers boyled in oyl, and the grieved place bathed with it, take away cramps and stitches in the sides. The plant is only preserved here in the Gardens of some sew, and because hard to come by, I pass it; If you desire more vertues of it, be pleased to search in Dadoneus.

The flowers of Woodbine, or Honeyluckles, being dryed and beaten into powder, and a dram taken in white Wine in the morning, help the Rickets, difficulty of breathing, provoke thrin, and help fuch as cannot make water: I would have none make a common practice of taking it, for it cleanfeth the aretory veffels fo potently, that it may cause pissing of blood.

The Flowers of Mallows being bruifed and boyled in Honey (two ounces of the flowers is sufficient for a pound of honey, and having first clarified the honey before you put them in) then strained out; this honey taken with a Liquoris stick; is an excel ent remedy both for Coughs, Astmaes, and Consumptions of the Lungs.

certain FRUITS me tioned by the Colledg in this order.

TInter Cherries, I ove Apples, Almo ds freet and bitter, Anacardia, Oranges, Harel-nuts, the Oyly Nu Ben , Barberries , Capers , Guiny Pepper , Figs, Carpobalfamum , Cloves, Caffi : Fiftul., Chestnuts, Cherries black and red, Cicers white, black and red, Pome-Citrons , Coculus Indi , Colocynthis , Currants, Cornels, or Cornelian Cheiries, Cub bs, Cucumers garcer and wild, Gonrds, * Cynosbates , [fee the flowers] Cypres, Cones, Quinces, Dates, Dwarf-Elder, ercen Figs; Strawberries, common and Turky Galls , Acorns , Acorn cups , Pomegranates, Goosberries, Ivy, Herb Truelove, walauts, Jujubes, Juniper berries , Bay berries, Lemmons, Oranges, Citrons, Quinces, Pomegranates, Lemmons, Mandrakes, Peaches, Stiamontum, Apples garaca and wild, or Crabs and Applies; Mask Melones, Medlars or open Aifes , Mulberries , Myrobalans, Bellericks, Chebs, Enblicks , Citron and Indian Mirtle berries, Water Nuts, Hazel Nuts, Cheftnuts, Cyprels Nuts, Walnuts, Nutmeg, Vomiting Nuts, Olives pickled in brise, Heads of white and black Poppi's, Pompions, Perches, French or Kidney Beans . Pine Cores , white, black and long Pepper. Fiftick Nuts, Apples and Crabs . Prunes Freich and Damask , Sloes , Pears , English Carrants, berries of purging Thorn, black Berries, Rasberries , Elder berrie: Sebesters, Services or Checkers, Hawthorn berries , Pinenuts , Water-Nuts , Graves, Goofiberries, Raifins, Currants.

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nefit by these, be pleased to consider Raisins of the Sun, Jajabes. that they are some of them.

Temperate in refpect of heat. Rai- Juniper berries. fins of the Sun, Carrants, Figs, Pinenuts, Dates, Seb ftens,

Hot is the first degree. Sweet Al- megs, Pine nuts, Olives. monds, Jujubesh Cyprels nuts, green Hazelnuts, green Walnuts.

Bin. Capers, Nutmegs, dry Walnuts Pine nuts, Radins of the Sun. dry Hazelouts, Fiftich Nats.

In the third degree Juniper berries, Bayberries, Juniper berries. Cloves, Carpobalfamum, Cubebs, Anacardi m, bitter Almonds.

11 t cfourth degree. Pepper white ! black and long, Guinny pepper.

Cold in the first degree. The flesh of Pears. Cirrons, Quinces, Pears, Prunes, &c. Melones (or as they are called in Pompions, Cherries, Gooteberries, Londo: Musk melones: I suppose for Cornelian Cherries, Lemons, Apples, the sweetness of their smel) Pom- Medlars , Oranges , Pears , Englith pions, Oranges, Lemmons, Citrons, Currants, Services or Checkers. Pomegranates: viz the juice of them, Peaches, Prunes, Galls, Apples.

Inthe third. Mandrakes. In the fourth. Stramom um.

Moift in the first degree. The Hefh of Citrons, Lemmons, Oranges: viz the inner Rind which is white: for the outer Rind is hot.

In the fee ni. Guords, Melones, Peaches, Prun's. &c.

Juniper-Dy in the fift degree. berries.

In the fecord. The Nut Ben, Capers, Pears, Fistick Nuts, Pine nuts, Quinces, Nutmegs, Bayberries.

Lithethird. Clove, Galls, &c. In the fourth. All forts of Pepper. As appropriated to the body of man, fo they heat the head as Anacardia, Cubebs, Nutmegs. The breaft. Bitter Almonds, Dates,

Culpeper. That you may reap be- Cubebs, Hazelnu:s, Pine nuts, Figs,

The beart. Walnuts, Nutmege,

The ftomach. Sweet Almonds. Cloves, Ben, Juniper berries, Nat-

The plean. Capers.

The R ins and Bl dier. Bitter Al-Hat is the froad d gire. The Nut monds, Juniper berries, Cubebs,

The Womb. Walnus . Natmegs,

Cool the breat. Sebeitens, Prunes, Oranges, Lemmons.

Te heart. Oranges, Lemmons, Citrons, Pomegranates, Quinces,

The stomach. Quinces, Citruls, Cu-In the fecoad. Guord, Cucumers, cumers, Guords, Musk melones,

The liver. Those that cool the stomach and Barberries.

The Reins and womb. Those that cool the flomach and Strawberries. By their feveral Operations, Jone

Bind. As the berries of Mirtles, Barberies , Chestnuts , Cornels or Cornelian Cherries, Quinces, Galls, Acorns, Acorn cups, Medlars, Checkers or Services, Pomegranates, Nutmegs, Olives, pears, peaches.

Discuss. Capers, all forts of pep-

Ertenuate. Sweet and bitter Ala monds, Bayberries, Juniper berries.

Gluticous. Acorns, Acorn cups, Dates, Raifins of the Sun, Currants.

Expelwind. Bayberries, Juniperberries, Nutmegs, all the forts of pepper.

Breed feed. Raifins of the Sun , F 3 INCC8 Provoke urin. Winter Cherries. Provoke the Terms. Lyy berries,

Capers, &c.

Stop the Terms. Barberries. &c. Refift poyfon. Bayberries, Juniperberries, Walnuts, Citrons commonly called Pomecitrons: all the forts of Pepper.

E:fe pain. Bayberries, Juniperberries, Ivy berries, Figs, Walnuts, Raifins, Currants: all the forts of

Pepper.

F wits purgung.

Choler. Caffia Fiftula, Citron, Myrobalans, Prunes, Tamarinds, Ra.fins.

Mela choly. Indian Myrobalars.

Fl. em. Colocynthis and wild Cucurrers purge violently, and thereto e not rashly to be medled withal:1 defire my book thould be beneficial, not hurtful to the vulgar: but Myrobalans of all forts, especially Chebs, Bellerick and Emblicks, purge flegm very gently; and without danger.

Of all these, besides what hath been formerly mentioned in this book (to which I refer you) give me leave to commend only one to you as of special concernment, which is Juniper berries. They may be found all the Winter long plentifully growing on Warley Common in Effex , near Brentwood, about fifteen miles from Lundon.

Tragus faith the vertues of Juniper berries are fo many, that they cannot be numbered; amongst which these are some. The berries eaten (for they are pleasant in tast) are exceeding good against the biting of Adders: they relitt poylon, peftilence, or any infectious difeafe: help the Strangury and Dropfie. Mathiolas affirms, that Fumitory. Broom. Grains of Paradice.

Iweet Almonds , Pinenuts, Figs, &c. | 2 Lye made with the afhes of Juniper and water, is as great a provoker of Urin as can be. The berries expel wind exceedingly, hear the Stomach, help the digestion, provoke the Terms. The Germans make an universal medicine of them : they help the Cough, shortness of breath, weakness of the Lungs, Convulsions. Cramps. They give cafie delivery to Women with Child : five or fix berries taken every morning , preferve the body in health: help the Colick and Stone, rawnels of the flomach, Fainting, and Heart qualms, madness and Frenzies. They strengthen the Eyes, and help Rhewms there, the yellow Jaundice, Fallingfickness, Gout and Palfie.

Take those berries which are ripe,

which look black.

SEEDS barely mentioned by the Colledg. are of

Colledge.] Correl, Agnus castus, Marsh mallows. Bihops weed true and common. Amomus. Dil. Angelica. Anise. Rose seed. Smallage. Columbines. Sparagus. Arach. Oats. Oranges. Burdocks. Bafil. Barberries. Cotton. Bruscus or Kneeholly. Hemp. Cardamoms greater and leffer. Cardurs benedictus, our Ladies Thiftles. baftard Saffio: Caraway. Spurge greater and leffer. Coleworts. Ogion, the kernels of Cherry Stones. Chervil. Succory. Hemlock . Citrons. Citrels. Garden Scurvygraß. Colocynthis. Corrander. Samphire. Cucumers Garden and wild. Guerds. Oninces. Cummin. Cynosbatus. Dateflores, Carrots Englift and Cretish. Dwarfelder. Endive. Rocket. Hedg Mustard. Orobus. Bean. Fenn l. Fenugreek. Ah tree keyes. Pomegranates.

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Penegranates, wild Rew, Alexarder, fay what they will: for if the Herb Barley, white Heibane. St. Johnswort, of Smallage be somewhat hotter Hysop, Lettuce, sharp pointed Dock, than parsly, I know little reason why Spurge, Laurel, Lentils, Lovage, the seed should not be so hot) Car-Lemmons , Ash tree keyes , Linfeed or damoms : Parfly: Cummin: Carots: Flaxfeed , Gronwel , Danel , Smeet Nigella : Navew: Hartwort: Stavef-Trefoyl, Lupias, Mafterwort, Marjoram, aker. Mallows, Mandrakes, M. lones, Mediars, Mezereon, Gromwel, fweet Navew, ftard feed. Nigella, the Kernels of Cherries, Apricocks and Peaches, Bazil, O obus, Kic, Panick, Poppies white and black, flain: Succory : Guords: Cucumers: Parsaeps Garden and wild, Iborough Melones: Citruls: Pompions: Sorrel: wax, Parfley English and Micedonian, Nightshade. Burnet, Peafe, Plantane, Peony, Leiks, Purstain, Fleawort, Turneps, Raushes, Poppies white and black. Sumach, Spurge, Rofes , Rem Garden and wild, wormfeed, Saxifrage, Succory, &c. Sefami, Hartwort common and Cretish, Mustard feed, Alexanders, Nightshade, nel: Fenugreek: Barley: Wheat, &c. Stavefaker, Sumach, Treacle, Muftard, sweet Trefoyl, Wheat, both the fine Rice: Poppies: Nightshade, and the flour and the bran, and that which like. Starch is made of [* I think the Colledg hath almost as much skill shops weed: Anise: Caraway: Cumin making Starch as I have] Vetches min: Coriander: Nigella: Gromwel: or Tares, Violits, Nettles common and Parfley. Roman, the stones of Grapes, Greek Wheat or felt wheat.

Culpeper.] That you may receive a little more benefit by thefe, then the bare reading of them, which doth at the most but tell you what Peony, &c. they are. The following Method may instruct you what they are good for.

Seeds are hot in the first degree.

Linfeed : Fenngreek: Coriander: Rice: Gromwel: Lupines.

In the second. Dill: Smallage: Orobus: Rocket: Bazil: Nettles.

In the third. Bishops weed: Anile: Amomus: Caraway: Fennel (and to I believe Smallage too) let Authors | tercreffes.

It the fourth, Watercrefles: Mu-

Cold in the firft degree. Barley, &c. In the fecond. Endive: Lettuce: Pur-

It the third. Henbane : Hemlock:

Moift in the first degree. Mallows,

D.y in the first degree. Beans: Fen-In the fecond. Orobus : Lentils:

In the third. Dill : Smallage : Bi-

Apprepriated to the body of Man, and so they.

Heat the head. Fennel: Marjoram,

The breaft. Nettles. .

The heart. Bafil : Rew, &c. Mu-Stard leed, &c.

The stomach. Anile: Bishops weed: Amomus: Smallage: Cumminy; Cardamoms: Cubebs: Grains of Paradice.

The Liver. Anise, Fennel; Bishops weed; Amomus; Smallage; Sparagus; Cummin, Caraway; Carrots.

The Spleen. Anile; Caraway; Wa-

The

The R ins and Bl dder. Cicers, Rocket, Saxifrage, Nettles, Gromwel.

The mb. Peony ; Rew.

The Joyats. Watercreffes; Rew, Mustard seed.

Cool the head. Lettuce, Purflain, white Poppies.

The breaft. White Poppies, Violets.

The heart. Orange, Lemmon,

Citron and Sorrel feeds.

Laftly, the four greater and four leffer cold Seeds, which you may find in the beginning of the Composions, as also the Seed of white and black Poppies cools the Liver and Spleen, Rens and Bladder, Womb and Joynts.

According to Operation , Some Seeds

Bind. As Rose seeds , Barberries, Shepherds purfe , Purfliin, &c.

Difcif. Dill , Carrots , Linfeed,

Fenugreck , Nigella.

Cleanfe. Beans, Orobus, Barley,

Lupines , Nettles &c.

Mollifie. Linseed or Flax seed, Fenugreek feed. Mallows, Nigella.

Haraen. Purffiin feed, &c.

Surrare. Linfeed, Fenugreek feed, Darnei, Barley husked, commonly called French Barley.

Glutinate. Orobus , Lupines ,

Darnel, &c.

Expel mina. Anise, Dill, Smallage, Carway, Cummin, Carrots, Fennel, feed.

Ash tree keys.

Provoke the Terms. Amomus ,! Sparagus, Anife, Fennel, Bishops rax liquid and Calamitis: Tachaweed , Cicers , Carrots , Snallage, mabacca : Tartar : Frankinsenfe : Parfley, Lovage, Hartwort.

Break the flone. Mallows , marthmallows , Gromwel, &c.

Stop the terms. Role feeds , Cum-

re

fh

min , Burdock, &c.

Refift payfor. Bishops weed, Annis, Smallage, Cardamoms, Oranges, Lemmons, Citrons, Fennel, &c.

Eafe pain. Dill, Amonius, Cardamoms, Cummin, Carrots, Orobus, Fenugreek , Linfeed , Gromwel , Parfley, Panick.

Asswage swellings. Lineseed, Fenugreek feed , Marth mallows, Mallows , Coriander , Barley , Lu-

pines , Darnel, &c.

Then the Colledg tells you a tale that there are such things in Rerum Natura, .ts the fe Gums, Rofins, Balfoms and Juyces, made thick, viz.

Colledg.] Tuyces of wormwood and Mandlin: Acacia: Aloes: Lees of Oil: Affafætia: balfom of Peru and India: Bde llium: Benzoin: Campbive: Caranni : Colophonia : Juyce of Maudlin : Euphorbium : Lees of wine : Lees of Oyl: Gums of Galbanum: Ammoniacium : Anime: Arabick: Cherry trees: Coopal: Elemi: Juniper: Ivy: Plum trees : Cambuge : Hypocistis : Iabdanum: Lacca: liquid Amber: Manna: Maftich : Mirrh : Olibanum : Opium: Opopanax: Pice bitumen: pitch of the Crdar of Greece: liquid and dry Rofin of Fir tree : Larch tree : Pine tree : Pine Nigella, Parlly, Hartwort, Worm- fruit : Maftich : Venice and Cypreß Turpentine: ingar white, red & cryfal-Breed feed. Rocket, Beans, Cicers, line, or Sugar candy white and red : Sagapen: Juniper Gun: Sanguis Draconis : Sa; cocolla: Scammony : Sty-Brimflone,

culpeper,

receive the more benefit from these, I shall treat of them severally.

i. Of the Juyces.

3. Of the Gums and Rofins.

Concrete Juyces, or Juyces made touch, are either

Temperate, as. Juyces of Liquoris, white Starch

Hot in the first degree. Sugar. In the fecond. Labdanum.

rathe third. Benzoin, Affafætida. cold in the third degree. Sanguis Draconis, Acacia.

In the third. Hypocistis.

Authors think Opium, and yet some furthers think Opium is hor, because of its bitter tast.

Aloes and Manna purge Choler gently; and Scammony doth purge choler fo violently, that it is no ways fit for a vulgar mans use, for it corrodes the bowels. Opopanax purgeth flegm very gently.

Confidering I was very brief in the handling the Vertue of these in my former part, I shall here supply what

was wanting there.

White Starch gently levigates or makes smooth such parts as are rough, Syrup of Violets being made thick with it, and to taken on the point of a knife, helps Coughs roughness of the threat, wheezings, exconations of the bowels, the bloody-sux, or the plague in the Guts.

Juyce of Liquoris helps roughness of the Teachea Activia, which is in plain English call'd the windo perthe roughness of which causeth Coughs and hoartness, difficulty of breathing, &c. It allayes the heat of the stomach

and Liver, easeth pains, soreness and roughness of the reins and bladder, it quencheth thirst, and strengthens the stomach exceedingly. It may easily be carried about in ones pocket, and eat a little now and then.

Sugar cleanseth and digesteth, takes away roughness of the tongue, it strengthens the reins and bladder, being weakned: being beaten into fine powder and put into the eyes, it takes away films that grow over the sight.

Labdanum is in operation, thickning, heating and mollifying, it opens the passage of the veins, and keeps the hair from falling off, the use of it is ulnally external : being mixed . with Wine, Mirrh and Oyl of Mirtles, and applied like a plaister, it takes away filthy fears, and the deformity the small pox leave behind them, being mixed with Oyl of Roles, and dropped into the ears, it helps pains there; being used as a peffary, it provokes the terms, and helps hardnels or stiffnels of the womb: It is cometimes used inwardly in such medicines as ease pains and help the Cough: if you mix a little of it with old white wine and drink it, it octh provokes urin and stops loolness or Huxes.

Dragons blood cools, binds and

The juyce of Maudlin, or for want of it Costmary, which is the same in effect, and better known to the vulter (fome Countries call it Alecost) the juice is made thick, for the better keeping of it; first clarifie the juyce very well, before you boyl it to its due thickness, which is something thicker than Honey.

It is appropriated to the Liver:

and

The Physicians Library. nels, either in man er beafts : as alfo against the Leprosie, Tetters, Ringworms and scald head.

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All forts of Rozins fill up hollow ulcers, and relieve the body ore-

preffed with cold griefs.

The Rozin of Pirch tree, is that which is commonly called Burgony pitch, and is something hotter and tharper than the former, being spread upon a cloath is excellent good for old aches coming of former bruiles or diflocations,

Pitch mollines hard Swellings and brings boyls and fores to Suppuration, it breaks Carbuncles, difperfeth, Aposthume, cleanfeth ulcers of cerruption, and filleth them with fleth.

Bdellium heats and mollifies, and that very temperately, being mixed with any convenient Oyntment or Plaister. It helps kernels in the neck and throat, Scrofula, or the Kings evil.

Inwardly taken in any convenient Medicine, it provokes the terms, and breaks the stone, it helps Coughs and bitings of Venomous Beasts. It helps windiness of the Spleen, and pains in the fides thence coming. both outwardly applied to the place and inwardly taken, it helps ruptures or such as are burst, it softens the hardness of the womb, dries up the moisture thereof, and expels the dead child.

Bitumen Judaicum is a certain dry pitch which the dead fea, or lake of Sodom in Judea cast forth at certain times, the Inhabitants thereabouts pitch their Ships with it. It isof excellent use to mollifie the hardness of fwellings and discuss them; as also against Inflammations; the smoke of it

burns

and the quantity of a dram taken every morning, helps the Cachexia, or evil Disposition of the Body proceding from coldness of the Liver: it helps the Rickets and Worms in Children , provokes urin , and gently, (without purging) disburdens the body of Choler and Flegm, it fuccors the Lungs, opens Obstru-Aions, and relifts putrifaction of blood.

The rest which are material and easie to be had, may be found in what goes before : fuch as are hard to come by, I pals by, as confidering it would do the Reader little good to tell him a long tale of what things are in the Eift Indies or Arabia.

Gums are either temperate, as, Lac-

ca, Elemi, Tragacanth, &c.

letemp rate, and so are hot in the firt degree, as. Bdellium, Gum of Ivy.

In the fecond. Galbanum, Mirrh. Mastich , Frankincenle , Olibanum,

P.tch; Rozin, Styrax. In the third. Ammoniacum.

It the fourth. Euphorbium. Gum Arabick is cold.

Colophania and Styrax foften.

Gum Arabick and Tragacanth, Sangarack, Juniper Gum, and Sarcocolla b nd.

Gum of Cherry tree breaks the ftone.

Styrax provokes the terms.

Opopanax gently purgeth flegm.

Because I was brief in the Vertues of these before, I shall supply here what was wanting there.

From the prickly Cedar when it is burned, comes forth that which with us, is usually known by the name of Tar, and is excellent good for unction either for scabs, itch, or mangithe Mother, and the Falling-fickness: ftops fluxes, and the running of the Inwardly taken in wine, it provokes the terms, helps the bitings of venomous beafts, and diffolyes congealed

blood in the body.

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fecond degree, I will not dispute the case whether it be a Gum or not : It strengthens nature much which way foever it be taken , there are but few grains usually given of it at a time, k suppose rather for fear it should be too heavy for the purse, than too hot for the body, mixed with a little byntment of Orange flowers, and the temples and forehead anointed with it, it easeth the pains of the head, and strengthens the brain exceedingly: the same applied to the privities, helps the fits of the mother, inwardly taken it strengthens the brain and memory, the heart and vital spirit, warms cold stomachs, and is an exceeding strengthener of nature to old people, adding vigor to decayed and worn out spirits, it provokes lust, and makes barren women fruitful, if coldness and moisture or weakness be the caule impediting.

vulgarly known to repress the fits of dice and dropfie; provokes Urin, the mother; a little bit put into an breaks the stone in the reins and bladaking tooth , presently easeth the der. pains: ten grains taken before din-

much.

Gold, Silver and Coppar, &c. In- in the furt.

burnt is excellent good for the fits of wardly given in small quantities, it reins : being in fine powder, and put into green wounds, it cures them at

once dreffing.

Cambuge, which out of many Ambergreece is hot and dry in the names which every Country bestows upon it, the Colledge are pleased to call Gutta Gamba: Authors are extreamly different both about its being, what it is, whether a juyce or not? If a juyce, of what? And about its operation; whether it work violently or not ? For my part I care not for medling with an unknown medicine my felf, neither would I advise my Countrymen.

Caranna outwardly applied, is excellent for aches and swellings in the nerves and joynts : If you lay it behind the ears, it draws back humors from the eyes, applied to the temples as they usually do Mastich, it helps

the toothach.

Gum Elemi Authors appropriate to fractures in the skul and head. See

Arcens his Liniment.

Gum Lacca being well purified, and the quantity of half a dram taken in any convenient Liquor, ftrengthens the Stomach and Liver, opens Affafætida, being smelled to, is obstructions, helps the yellow jaun-

Liquid Amber is not much unlike ner walking half an hour after it, liquid Styrax : by unction it warms provokes appetite, helps digeftion, and comforts a cold and moist brain, strengthens the stomach, and takes it easeth all griefs coming of a coid away loathing of meat, it provokes cause, it mightily comforteth and lust exceedingly, and expels wind as strengtheneth a weak stomach, being anointed with it, and helps digeftion Borrax, or Borrace as some call it, exceedingly, it dissolves swellings. It befides its Vertues it hath to fodder is hot in the third degree, and moift

I think

wealth no harm if I should speak a word or two of Mains here, although it be no Gum : I confess Authors make some flutter about it, what it is, some holding it to be the juyce of a tree ; I am confident it is the very same condensed that our honey-dews here are, only the countries whence it comes being far hotter, it fills in greater abundance. Let him that defires reason for it, be pleased to read Butler his Book of Bees, a most excellent experimental work, there he shall find reason enough to fatisfie any reasonnable man. Chuse the drieft and whitelt; it i a very gentle purger of Choler, quencheth thirst, provokes appe- gree, and dry in the first, you may tice , eafeth the roughnels of the take a dram of it at a time , it ftops throat, helps bitternels in the throat, I loofnels and the running of the reins, and often proneness to vomit; it is it strengthens the memory exceedvery good for fuch as are subject to ingly, comforts the heart, expels fadbe costive, to put it into their granks ness and melancholy, strengthens the instead of sugarist hath no obnoxious heart, heips Coughs, Rheums and quality at all in it, but may be taken Pleurifies, your best way (in my opiby a woman with child wi hout any nion to take it, is to mix it with condanger; a child of a year old may ferves of Roles, and take it in the take an ounce of it at a time diffolved | morning failing.). in milk, ir will melt like fugar, neitaft.

roughnels of the throat and windpipe, halt a dram of it taken at a time helps rheumatick distillations upon the Lungs, prins in the fides; it stops fluxes, provokes the terms, brings aloftens the hardness of the womb; thence as trouble the Eyes, Ears, being taken two hours before the fit or Teeth, it helps the Gout and comes, it helps Agues. Matthiolus Sciatica.

I think it would do the Common- I faith he feldom used any other med cine for the qua tane Ague then a dram of Mi rh given in Muskadel an hour before the fit ulually came, if you make it up into Pills with freacle, and take one of them every morning falling, it is a fovereign prefervative against the pestilence, against the poyson of serpents, and other venomous bealts, a fingular remedy for a flinking breath, if it arise from putrifaction of the ftemach, it fasten; loole teeth, and stays the shedding off of the hair outwardly used it breeds flesh in deep wounds, and covers the naked bones with fl.th.

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Olibanum is hot in the second de-

Tachanabic, is seldom taken inther will it be known from it by the wardly, outwardly spread upon leather, and applied to the Navil, it Mirrh is hot and dry in the second stayeth the fite of the mother, a plied degree, exceeding dangerous for wo- to the fide it mitigates speedily, and men with child; it is bitter, and yet in little time quite takes away the all Authors hold it to be good for the pain and windiness of the spleen, the truth is, whatfoever ach or fwelling proceeds of wind or cold raw humors, I know no better plaister coming from beyond sea than this Gum. It strengthens the brain and memory exceedway both birth and after-birth, inely, and thops all such defluxions

Gum

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Gum Coopal and Gum Anime are very like unto one another both in body and operation, the former is hard to come by, the last not very easie, it stops defluxions from the Head, if you perfume your cap with the smoak of it, it helps the Head ache and Megrim, strengthens the Brain, and therefore the sinnews.

Gum Tragacanth, which the vulgar call Gum Dragon, being mixed with Pectoral Syrups (which you shall find noted in their proper places) it helps Coughs and Hoarfness, falt and sharp distillations upon the Lungs, being taken with a Liquoris flick, being diffolved in fweet wine, it helps (being drunk) gnawing in the bowels, tharpnels and frettings of the Urin , which caufeth excoriarions either in the reins or bladder, being diffolved in milk and the eyes washed with it, it takes away Wheals and Scabs that grow on the Eyelids, it is excellent good to be put in Pultiffes to lodder wounds, especially if the nerves or finews be hurt.

Sagapen, distolved in juyce of Rew and taken, wonderfully breaketh the stone in the bladder, expels the dead Child and afterbirth; cleers the sight distolved in Wine and drunk, it helps the Cough, and distillation upon the lungs, and the sits of the mother, outwardly in Oils or Ointments, it mightily helps such Members as are out of joynt or over-stretched.

Galbanum is of the same operation and also taken from the same Plant, wire Fennel. Glant.

Gum Arabick thickneth, cooleth, and correcteth cholerick tharp humors in the body, being diffolyed in the white of an Egg well beaten, it helps burning, and keeps the place from bliftering.

Martich stayes Fluxes, being taken inwardly any way. Three or four small grains of Mastich, swallowed down whole at night going to bed, is an excellent remedy for pains in the stomach: Being beaten into powder and mixed with conserves of Roses, it strengthens the stomach, stops distillations upon the Lungs, stayes vomiting, and causeth a sweet breath, being mixed with white wine and the mouth washed with it, it cleanteth the Gums of corruption, and fastneth loose Teeth.

Frankincense being used outwardly in the way of a Plaister, heats and
binds, being applied to the Temples,
stops the Rhewms that flowes to the
eyes, helps green wounds, and fils hollow tilcers with flesh, stops the bleeding of wounds, though the Arteries
be cut, being made into an Oyntment with Vinegar and Hogs grease
helps the Itch, burnings, ulcers in the
head, pains in the ears, inflammations
in womens breast, commonly casted
Agues in the Breast; beware of taking it inwardly, least it cause Madnesses.

Turpentine is hot in the second degree, it heals, softens, it discusseth and purgerh, cleanseth the Reins, provokes Urin.

Styrax Calamitis is hot and dry in the second degree, it healeth, mollisieth, and concocteth; being taken inwardly helps the cough, and distillation of the Lungs, hoarinesse and lesse of the Womb, and provokes the Terms if you take ten grains of it at a time made up in the form of a Pill.

Ammo-

Ammoniacum, hot and dry in the third degree, foftens, draws & heats; being diffolved in Vinegar, strained and applied Plaisterwise, it takes away bunches & hardnets in the flefh, it is one of the best remedies that I know for infirmicies of the Spleen, being applied to the left fide : being made into an Ointment with Oil it is excellent good to anoint the limbs of fuch as are weary: a fcruple of it being taken in the form of a Pill loofens the belly, gives speedy delivery to Women in Travel, helps diseases in the spleen, the Sciatica, and all pains in the joynts, fuch as piffe blood, and have any humour afflicting their breaft.

Camphire, it is held by all authority to be cold and dry in the third degree, it is of very thin lubtil parts, in fo much that being beaten into very fine powder it will vanish away into the air, being beaten into powder and mixed with Oil, and the temples anointed therewith, it eafeth headaches proceeding of hear, all inflammations what oever, the back being anointed with the fame. cools the Reins and Seminal Veffels, stops the running of the Reins, and whites in women, the moderate use of Venery, the like it doth if it be drunk inwardly with Betony water, take but a fmall quantity of it at a time inwardly, it refifts Poylon, and bitings by venomous beafts; ourwardly applied as before, and the Eyes anointed with it , ftops hot Rhewms that flow thither.

from the most remote parts of the Body, viz the brain, joynts, head and feet, the Nerves and breast,

and strengthens all these parts when they are weak, if the weaknesse proceed of cold, as usually it doth, it helps weaknesse of the fight, old rotten Coughs, and Gouts of all forts, Dropfies and swellings of the Spleen, it helps the strangury and duficulty of making Urine , provokes the Terms, and helps all cold afflictions of the Womb, have a care you give it not to any women with Child. The dose is one drawn at most corrected with a little Mastich, diffolved in Vinegar and outwardly applied helps the passions of the Spleen.

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In the next place the Colledge tels you a fowr tale concerning Liquid Juyces and Tears, which are to be

kept for present use, viz.

Colledg. Vinegar; Juyce of Citrons; Juyce of fower Grapes; Oranges; Barberries; Tears of a Birch tree; Juyces of Cherms; Quinces; Pomegranates; Lemmons; Woodforrel; Oil of unripe Olives; and ripe Olives both n.w. and old; Juyce of red and Damask Roses; Wine; Tears of a Vine.

of these may be found in the Syrups, and are few of them used alone, unless it be Vinegar to make sawce, and Wine to drink.

Then the Colledge tels you there are these things bred of PLANTS, and that every child knows, viz.

Colledg. A Garick; Jews ears; the berries of Chermes; the Spuney substance of the Bryar; Moss; Viscus Quercinus, Oak Apples.

Culpeper. As the Colledge would have you know these, so would I know what the chiefest of them are

Tows

drunk, helpeth fore Throats : it is the opinion of those that have studied Hermetick Philosophy, that those things which refemble any part of mans body, strengthen those parts of the body they resemble, and help the diseases they are vulgarly incident to, which is an approved truth in this; for as they refemble the Ear of a man, fo being boiled in white Wine, and the Wine drunk, and the Jews ears applied to the Ear outwardly, will help deafneffe, inflammations, and other infirmities of the Ear.

Moffe is cold, dry, and binding; therefore good for Flaxes of all forts: if you defire to know more of it, I defire you would fee my English Phy-

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Our Colledge must have none but Misseto of the Oak used, and what has any body to do to question them for fo doing? let the Apothecaries buy only fuch, and pay fawce for it; it is nothing to me, but as for the poor Countryman, I can tell him this, and I will tell him but the truth, and am able to prove it when I have done; that one fort of Miffelto is as good as another; it helps the Falling ficknesse and the Convulsions, being discreetly gathered and used.

Oak Apples : Mathiolus faith, if Oak Apples be broken afunder about the time of their withering, before they have a hole through them, they contain in them one living creature or another, which if it be a Fly, it fignifieth War, if a Spi- the fimplicity of most Physitians der , Pestilence , if a Magor , mur- who prescribe that the Snails ought ren of Beafts, if a Worm, Scar- to be purged from their flime ei-

Jews Ears boyled in Milk and jof Corn for us: Ile bind no bodies Faith to beleeve it, because I never tried it my felf; this I fay, they are dry and binding : being boiled in Milk and drunk, they flop Fluxes and the Terms, and being boiled in Vinegar, and the body anointed with the Vinegar cures the Irch.

Then the Colledg acquaints you, that there are certain living Crea-

tures, called

Colledge. DEES, Woodlice, Silk-D worms, Toads, Crabs of the River, little Puppy Dogs, Grafboppers, Cantharides, Cothanel , Hedghogs, Emets or Ants, Larks, Swallows, and their young ones, Horfeleeches, Snails, Earth worms , Dishwashers or Wagtails, House Sparrows and Hedge Sparrows, Frogs, Scincus, Land-Scorpions, Moles, or Worms, Tortoise of the Woods, Tenches, Vipers and Foxes.

Culpeper. That part of this crew of Cattel, and some others which they have not been pleased to learn. may be made beneficial to your fick bodies, be pleased to understand that

Bees being burnt to ashes, & a Lie made with the ashes, trimly deck a bald head being washed with it.

Snails with shels on their backs, being first wash'd from the dirt. then the shels broken, and they boiled in spring water, but not scummed at all, for the feum will fink of it felf , and the water drunk for ordinary drink is a most admirable remedy for a consumption, and here by the way I cannot but admire at city of Victuals; if an Ant, plenty ther with falt or bran before they Parts of Living Creatures, O'C.

be used; which if you do you take away their vertues; for the reason why they cure a confumption s this; man being made of the fl.me of the Earth, the flimie substance recovers him when he is wasted : it you please to eat the inails when they are boiled you may, for they have a very pleasing taste, and it would be very cunningly done of you, if you did fo, especially in these hard times, for then would you have meat, drink and medicine altogether. this, being bruiled and applied to the place, they help the Gour, draw Thorns out of the flesh, and held to the Nose help the bleeding thereof.

Frogs. It is a vulgar fashion of the Walloons to catch live Frogs and cut off their hinder Legs and fry them and ear them, whether they be good meat or no, I know nor; but am fure tis a good medicine for the biting of Serpents: And oil made of it is excellent good for the stiffnels of the Tendons, and the falling off of Hair.

Before I come to the compounds, left any should think I go about to hide from them any thing that might do them good, I have here inferted the living creatures, and excrements. &c. in the order the Colledge left. them. The use of the fats and suers, you fhail have, if you please but to Ray, til I come to the Oil and Ointments: the other which you think not uleful for P. vlick, will lerve to laugh at, the reading of them may make you merry, though the smel of rhem migh turn your stomach : My in what part of the Apothecaries

kept, they had need place them neer the Civit pot.

Therefore confider that the Colledge give the Apothecaries a Catalogue of what Parts of Living Creatures and Excrements they must keep in their shops.

Colledg. He Fat, Greafe or Suet of a Duck, Goofe, Ecl, Bore, Heron, Thymallos (it you know where to get them) Dog, Capon, Bever, wils Cat, St. rk, Coney, Horfe, Hedg og, Hen , dian, Lyo , dar , Pike or Jack, (If they have any fat, I am perswaded 'tis worth twelvepence a grain) Wolf, Mouse of the mountains (if you can catch them) Pardal, Hog, Sarpent, Badger , Gray or Brock, Fox, Vultur, (if you can catch them) Albam Græcum, Anglice a Dogs turd, the buckle bone of a Hare and a Hog, East and West Bezoar, Butter not falted and falted, Stone taken out of man : bladder, Vicers flesh , fr. fb Cheefe , Caftorium, white, yellow, and virgins wax, the b ain of Hires and Sparrows, Crabs clams, the mints of a Lamb, Kid, Hare, calf, and Horfe, the heart of a Builet; , a St g , Hog and a weather, the born of an Elk, a Heart, a Rhinoceros, an unicoin, the skull of a man killed by a violent death, a Cocks comb, the touth of a Boar, an Elephant, and a Sea-hofe, Ivory or Elephants Toct., the skin a Snake bith caft off, the Gall of a Hawk , Ballock , a fhe Goat, a Hare, a Kite, a Hig, a Ball, a Bear, the cases of a Silk worm, the Liver of a Wolf, as Oter, a Frog, Ifing glaffe, the Guts of a Wolf and a felf can not chule but imile to think Fox, the milk of a fhe Affe, a fhe Goat , a Woman , an Em; an beifer, Shop the Colledge would have them | East and West Bezoar , the stone in the brad

bead of a Crab, and a Pearch, if there Bladder of a man, the jaw of a Pike or Jack, Pearls the marrow of the leg of a Sheep, Ox, Goat, Stag, Calf, common Swallows neft, Crabs cyes, the Omentum of the bowels. or call of a Lamb, Ram, weather, Calf, the white, yolks and hells of Hens eggs, Emets eggs, bone of a Stags heart, an Ox leg, Offipia, the inner skin of a bares Dropfie. Gizard, the wool of harcs, the feamake at the entrance of theHive, [to keep out cold if they make any thing admiration. at all : for I affure you I could never find any yet, and have been a diligent fearcher after it;] the pizle of a Stag, of a Bull, Fox-lungs, Fasting-spittle; blood of a Piageon, of a Cat, of a Hee-Goat, of a Hare, of a Partridge, of a Sow, of a Bull, of a Badger, of a Snail, that might have been a little plainer, Teftu o, which in their word fignifies any fhell-fifh, as alfo fnails that have shells on their backs,] Silk, I bey, the fuet of a Bullocks of a Stags of a her-Goat, of a Sheep, of a Heifer, Sperma Ceti, a Bullocks fpleen, the skin ges, Amber. a Scake bath caft off, the turds of a Goose, of a Dog, of a Goat, of Pidgeons, METALS, STONES, of a stone-Horse, of a Hen, of Swallows, of Men, of Women, of Mice, of a Peacock, of a Hog, of a Heifer, the ancle of a Hare, of a Sow, Cub bs, water hells, as Blatta Bazantia, Buccine, Crabs, Cockles, Dentalis, Entalis, Mother of Pearl, Mytuli purpure, Os Sepie, umbelicus marinus, the stones of a Horfe, a Cock, the hoof of an Elk, of an Ass, a Bullock. of a Hoise, of a Lion, the piss of a Bore, of a [bee-Goat, of a man or woman that is a maid, and that is not a maid, the moss on a mans skull, Zibeth.

Culpeper. The Liver of an Hedge be any; stone in an Ox gall, stone in the hog being dried and beaten into pow der, and drunk in Wine, ftrengthen' the Reins exceedingly, and helps the Dropfie, Convultions, and the Faland Virgin Honey, Muk, Mummy, a ling-fickness, together with all fluxes

The liver being in like manner brought into powder, strengthens the liver exceedingly; and helps the

The heart of a Frog being applied thers of Part idges, that which Bees to the Region of the Heart in a burning Feaver, mitigates the fits to

> The Heart of a Lark being bound to the Thigh of those that have the Cholick, helps them. It doth the like also being eaten.

Then the Colledge tells you the things may be taken from the

SEA, as Colledge. A Mbergrecce, Seawater; Sca-fand Bitumen, Amber white and yellow, Jet, Carlines Coral white and red, Foam of the Seas Spunge-ftone, Pumice, Sea-falt, Spun-

SALTS, and other MINERALS.

V Erdegreece, Scales of Brass, Atites, Alana Terra, Alabafters Alectorius, Allum, Scicily and Roach, Amethift, Amianth, Amphelites, Antimony, leaves and filings of Silver, Quickfilver, Lapis armenius, Native Arfnick both white and red, artificial Arfaick white and realgar. Argilla; Afteria, leaves & flings of Gold, Bele= mintes, Beril, Bolearme ick, Borax, to ds stone, lanis calaminaris, Gadmia, limes quick

and green, Steel Borax Chrifolite Chri-Sopus. Cynabris native and artificial.

Whet flore, Chilk white and green. Chri-

ftal. Diphriges, the ruft, fuft scales and

flakes of Iron: Ganate. Mortar, fuch

as walls are daubed with. Hematitis: Heliotropium. Faciath. Hyber. Nicius.

Jafper. Lipis Judaicus. Tiles. Lapis

Lazult. Lapis Lincis. Lithauthrar.

Litborge of Silver and Gold. Lo ichtone. Marchafite or Fire-ftone. Marble. red

Lead, native and artificial. M. fi. Naptha. Lapis N phriticus. Niter. Oaker;

yellow and red. Onyx. Opalus. Op yees.

Officocolly Lead white and black, Plum-

bazo. Pompholix. Mir hafite. Realgar.

Rabi, red Oaker: Sal Armoniack. Sal

Gem. and Salt Nitre. Saphire and

Sardine. Schenites. Flints. Emerald.

Smiris. Soit. Spodium, Peuter. Brim-

flone quick and common. Talth. Earth

of Cimilia. Samos. Lemnos. Sylefia. Topas. Alma Terra. Tutty. Vitriol white,

The Physicians Library. Pretions Stones cold, are in the first degree. Jacinth. Saphire Emerald, Christal, Lapis Samius, Lapis Phrigius.

In the fecond degree. Ruby, Car-

buncle, Granate, Sardony.

In the fourth degree. Diamond.

In respect of property, they bind : as Lapis Afius, Neftius, Geodes, Pumice ftone.

Emollient. as Alabafter, Jet, Lapis

Thrafius.

Stupifie: as Memphitis, Jafper, Ophites.

Cleanfe, as Lapis Arabicus.

Glutiante. as Galactitis, Melites. Scarifie. as Morochtus.

Break the floor, as Lapis Lyncis, Lapis Judaicus, Lapis Sponge.

Ketain the fruit in the Womb. as Atites, Jasper.

Provoke the Terms. Offracitus.

blew and green. When the ground of our Institution required us, to repeat one thing in divers places, it pleafed us to note those that are iterated in a different Character, left me Could frem to mak a necdlefs repetition; or increase our Catalogue for vain glory faka 1. 1. =

Calpepper. Of some pretious Stones. I spake before in the former Edition I shall here reduce them all into order, and treat of fuch as were cafually there omitted; whether they were mentioned by the Colledge or no, it matters nothing to me.

Pietious Stones alter by a may minifest or hidden.

By a way manifest, they are bot in the first degree. Hematitis, Pyritis, Lapis Afius, Thyitis, Smyres, Lapis Schiftus.

Stones altering by a hidden property (as they eall it) Art,

Bezoar, Topas, Lapis Colubrinus, Teadstone, Emerald, Alectorius, Calcidoneus, Amethift, Saphire, Jafper, Lapis Nephriticus, Lapis tibernum, Lapis spongites, the stone found in the maw of a Swallow, Loadstone, Lapis Vulturis, Mercurius, Coral, Lynturius, Jer, Etites, the ftones of Crabs, Amber, Christal, &c.

The Loadstone purgeth gross hu-

Lapis armenius and Lapis lazuli purge Melancholy.

To speak a word or two of those which were then pretermitted.

A Water Snake, a string being thruft through her tail, and she hung up, a Veffel full of water being fet ungerneath, into which the may put her head; after certain hours or daies being bound to the Navel of one that rises held that it was little inferior hath the Droplie, drinks up all the to Lapis Acites in all his Vertues. Water. Hollerins.

Lapis Calcidonius, being hung about the Neck, helps melaneho-

CICS.

In the Indian Sea, are taken certain frong fighting fish, called Tyburones, in the heads of which are found three or four stones, sometimes more, very white, great and pondetous, infomuch that tometimes they weigh two pound. The powder of this Stone is very profitable for such as are troubled with the Stone and difficulty of Urine, breaks the stone in the Reins and Blidder.

Bloodstone is a kind of Tasper of divers colours, with red spots in it like blood, stops the Terms and bleed. ing in any part of the body. Nicolaus

Monardus.

Hemarites stops blood, the Eyes often stroken with it, helps bloodthot, being beaten into powder and taken inwardly provokes Urine, and Stops the Terms. Dioscoride.

Pyrites heats and cleanfeth, takes away dimnels of light. Diofcorides.

Lapis Asius binds, and moderately corrodes, and cleanieth fil hy Ulcers, and fills them up with flesh : being mixed with Honey, and applied to the place, is an admirable Remedy for the Gout.

Christal being beaten into very fine powder, and a dram of it taken at a time, helps the bloody-Flux, stops the whites in Women, and increafeth milk in Nurfes. Mathiolu.

Lapis Samins is cooling and bind- Stone of the Moon: the

daies, the will vomit up a stone, ing, it is very comfortable to the stowhich being received in a Veffel full mach, but it dul's the fenfes, helps of water, will drink it all up, which Huxes of the Eyes and Ulcers. Diofco-Diofcorides.

That which comes off from a Whetstone of Cypress by whetting ly illusions and melancholy Fan- it, helps baldness: being taken itwardly with Vinegar, confumes the Spicen, and helps the Falling-fick-

nels.

Geodetes binds and dries, being beaten into powder, and mixed with water, and applied to the place, takes away inflammations of the Telticles.

Pumice stone being beaten into powder, and the Teeth rubbed with it, cleanfeth them. Dioscovides.

Jet, it is of a foftning and discusling Nature, it refilteth the fits of

the Mother.

Lapis Memphites, Diofcorides laith that if it be beaten to powder, and made into an Ointment, and the part of a man which is to be cut off; anointed with it, takes away the lense of it without any danger.

Lapis Ophices, some of these scones have white lines in them : thefe are an admirable Remedy both for the Headach and Lethargie: all of them being born about one, help the headach, and the biting of Serpents.

Lapis Arabicus being beaten into powder, and made into an contment,

helps the Hemorrhoids.

Oftracites, a dram of it taken in powder, provokes the Terms, being taken after that purgation, cauleth Conception, also being made into an Ointment, helps Inflammations of the brefts.

Lapis Selenites, is an admirable

Germany wear them as jewels because they would be fruitful. They cure the Falling sickness, and being bound to trees, make them fruitfull.

Lapis Amanthus, being born about one, helps such as are bewitch-

cd. Diescorides.

Myexis, being born about one, takes away pains in the Reins, and hinders the breeding of the stone.

Lapis Armenius, purgeth Melancholy, and also causeth Vomiting, I hold it not very lase for our English bodies, and therefore I will speak no more of it.

An EXPLANATION of certain Vacupations comprehending more things then one under one name.

The five opening Roots.

Smillige, Sparogus, Fennel, Parfley,

Knicholm.

The two opening Roots.

Fennel, Parfly.

The five Emollient Herbs.

Marsh-mallows, Millows, Beets, Mercury, Pellitory of the Wall, Violet Lazer.

The five Chapellary Herbs.

Ma'denhair, wall Rue, Ceterach,

Harts tongue, Politricum.

The Four Cordial Flowers.

Burage, Buglofs, Rofes, Violets.

The four greater hot Seeds, Carminative or breaking Wind.

Anife, Caraway, Cammir, Feancl.

The four leffer hot Seeds

Bishops weed, Amonu, Smillige,

Carrors.

The four greater cold Seeds. Citral, Curumer, Gunr , Melones.

The four leffer cold Seeds.

Succey Endive, Lettuce, Pueffain.

Five Fragments of precious Stones.

F. Anta, Jacinth, Suppire, Sardine, Schiftus.

Simple Distilled. Waters.

Of fresh Roots of

Briony. Onions. Elicampane. Orris.
or Flower-de-luce. Turneps.
Of Flowers and Buds of

Southernwood. both forts of wormwood. wood Sorrel. Ladies Mantle. May h mallows. Angelica. Pimpernel with purple flowers. Smallage, Columbires. Sparagus. Monfear. Borrage. Shepherds pur fe. Calaminth, woodbine, or Hotey-suckles. Carduns beneaittus. our Ladies thiftles. Kiot-grafs. Succey. Dragons. Colts-foot. Fennel. Goats Rew. Grass. Hysop. Lettuce. Lovage. Toad flats. Marjoram. Hops. Mallows. Horebound. Featherfew. Balm. Mints. Horfe-mints. Watercriffes. English Tobasco. white Poppies. Pellitory of the wall. Parfley. Plantane. Purflain. Selfbeal. Pennireyal. Oak leaves. Sage. Scabious. Figwort, or Throatwort. Housek or Sengreen, the greater and leffer. Mother of time. Night hade. Tanfie. Tormentil. Valeriar.

Of Flowers of

Oranges (if you can get them)
Blew bottle the greater. Beans, waterlillies, Lavender, Nut-tree, Cow-flips,
Sloes, Rosemary, Roses white, Damask
and red, Satirion, Line-tree, Clovegillistowers.

Of Fruits of

Oranges, black Cherries, Pomecitroas, Quinces, Cucumers, Strawb, rries, Winter Cherries, Lemmons, Raberries, united Walnuts, Apples: Of Parts of Living Creatures, and their Excrements.

* Lobsters, Cockles, or Snails. [*1 know not which their word fignifies Cockles, Snails, Periwinkles, and all such shell-fish; as their former word which I translated Lobsters, fignifies Crabs as well as Lobsters, and I could afford to think they intend. River Crabs here, by two or three le ters of a word, which they add at the later end of it, being usual with Physicians because they cannot write true Latine, to abreviate their words by the middle, that fo a man can nether tell what gender nor what cafe they are of.] Harts born, Bullocks dung made in Mry, Swallows, Earth worms, M gpies, Spawn of Frogs.

Simple Waters Distilled, being digefted before hand.

Of the fresh Roots of Nettles.

Of the leaves of Agrimony, wild Tanfie, or Silver weed, Mugwort, Bottony, Marigolds, Chamomel, Chamepi- shall first thew the temperatutes, setys, Celandine greater and leffer, Pile- condly the vertues of the most usual wort Scurvy-grafs, Comfry the greater, and mole easie to come by. If any Horstail, S. John's wort, Tarrow, Monty- write to please every body) I anwort, Restharrow, Burnet, Solomon's fwer first, I mention enough. Mead-freet, Nettles.

Of the Flowers of Mayweed, Broom, Comflips, Butter-bur, Peony, Elder. Of the Berries of Broom, Elder.

Culpeper. Then the Colledge gives you an admonition concerning distilling these (such a one as it is) which

being converted into your Native Language, is as followeth.

m'e give you warning that thefe common Waters be better prepared for time to come, either in common stills, putting good flore of Ashes maderneath, the roots and herbs being diger, &c. or if they be full of Juice, by distilling the Juice in a-convenient Bath, that so burning may be avoided, which hitherto hath feldom b en. Bit let the other Herbs, Flowers or Roots be bruifed, and by adding Tartar, common Salt, or Leven be digeften , then putting water to them, distil them in an Alimbick with his refrigeratory, or worm, till the change of the tafte frew the vertue to be drawn off, then let the Oy's (if any be) be feparated from the water ascording to art.

late the number of these waters may

be afiribed.

The Tears of Vines , the liquer of the

Birch tree, May dew.

Culpeper. That my Country may receive the benefit of thele waters. I Dandelyon, Albetree leaves, Eyebright, should take exceptions that I menti-Fumitory, Alchoof, or Ground-Ley, on not all (for it is impossible to scal, Ros solis, Rem, Savin, Saxi- condly, Who ever makes this obfrage, Hirts torque, Scordium, Tama- jection , they fhew extream ingraris, Mullein, Vervaix, Pauls Betony, titude, for had I mentioned but only one, I had revealed more to them than ever the Colledge intended they should know, or will give me thanks for doing; but the best is, I respect their love, and fear their ham tred much at one.

The quality and appropriation of the simple Distilled Waters.

Simple distilled Waterseither cool or hear : fuch as cool, either cool the

Blood or Choler.

Waters conling the Blood. Lettuce, Purflan, Water-lillies, Violets, Sorrel, Endive, Succory, Fumitory. . Waters cooling and repressing choicrick humors, or vapors of the head.

Nightshade, Lettuce, Water-lillies, Plantane, Poppies, viz. The flowers both of white, black and red Poppies,

black Cherries.

The Briaft and Lungs. Violers, Poppies all three forts, Colts-foot.

In the Heart. Sorrel, Quinces, Waper-lillies, Roles, Violers, green or unripe Wallnuts.

In the Siomach. Quinces, Roles, Violets, Nightshade, Houstek, or Sengreen, Lettuce, Purflain.

In the Liver. Endive, Succory, Nightshade, Purshin, Water-lillies.

In the Reins and Bladder. Endive, Succory, Winter-cherries, Plantane, Water-lillies, Strawberries, Houfleek or Sengreen, black Cherries.

It the Womb. Endive, Succory, Letquee, Water-lillies, Purflain, Rofes.

Simple Waters which are hot, concoct either flegm or melancholy.

> Waters concocting flegm is the Head, are of

Betony, Sage, Marjoram, Chamomel, Fennel, Calaminth, Rolemary flowers, Primroles, Eyebright.

In the Breaft and Lungs. Maidenhair, Betony, Hylop, Horehound, Carduus benedictus, Scabious, Orris Ø5.

In the Heart. Bawm, Rosemary. In the Storach Wormwood, Mines, Fennel. Chervil, Time, Mother of Time, Marigolds.

In the Liver. Wormwood, Centaury, Origanum, Marjoram, Maudlin,

Costmary, Agamony, Fenrel.

In the Spleen. Watercrefles, Wormwood, Calaminth.

In the Reins and Bladder. Rocker, Nettles, Saxifrage, Pellitory of the Wall, Elicampane, Burnet.

In the Womb, Mugwort, Calaminth, Peniroyal, Savin, Mother of Time,

Lovage.

Waters concoffing Melancholy in the Head, are of

Hops, Fumitory.

The Breaft. Bawm, Cardus benedictus.

The Heart. Borrage, Bugloss, Bawm, Rolemary.

The Liver. Endive, Chicory, Hops. The Spleen. Dodder, Harts-tongue, Tamaris, Time.

Having thus ended the appropriation, I shall speak briefly of the Ver-

tues of Distilled Waters.

Lettuce-water cools the blood when it is over-heared, for when it is not, it needs no cooling: it cools the Head and Liver; stays hot vapors alcending to the Head, and hindreth fleep; it quencheth immoderate thirlt. and breeds milk in Nurses. Distill it in May.

Purslain water cools the blood and Liver, quencheth thirft, helps fuch as fpit blood, have hot coughs, or peti-

lences.

The distilled water of Water-lilly flowers, cools the blood and the bowels, and all internal parts of the or Flower-de-luce, Bawm, Self-heal, body; helps such as have the yellow jaundice, Jaundice, hot Coughs and Pleurifies, head-aches coming of heat, and too the head-ach coming of heat, Feavers long standing in the Sun, Distill them pestilential and not pestilential, as in June or thely. also Hectick Feavers.

The Water of Violet flowers cools the Blood, the Heart, Liver, and Lungs over-heated, and quencheth an infatiable defire of drinking : they are in their prime about the later end of March, or beginning of April; according as the year falls out.

The Water of Sorrel cools the faculty in man. Blood, Heart, Liver and Spicen: If Venice Treacle be given with it, it is profitable in pestilential Feavers:

distill it in May.

Endive and Succery-water are excellent against heat in the stomach, if you take an ounce of either (for their operation is the same) morning and it is binding. evening, four dayes one after another, they cool the Liver, and cleanse the known to be excellent against hor Blood. They are in their prime in Rhewms, and Inflammations in the May.

Fumitory-water is usual with the the former. City Dames to wash their faces with, The Water of red Poppy flowers, to take away Morphew, Freckles, and called by many Corn-roles, because Sunburning. Inwardly taken it helps they grow fo frequently smongst corn, the yellow Jaundice and Itch, clean- cool the blood and fpirits over-heatfeth the blood, provokes sweat, streng- ed by drinking or labour, and is therethens the stomach, and cleanfeth the fore excellent in Surfeirs. body of adust humours. It is in its

prime in May and June.

The Water of Nightshade helps pains in the head coming of hear. Take heed you diftill not the deadly Nightshade instead of the common, if you do, you may make mad being dropped into the Ear it helps work. Let fuch as have not wit e- the tooth-ach, helps the Prifick, nough to know them afunder, have Dropfies and Fluxes, and is an adtill they do.

guisheth all heat against nature, helps prime in May.

Coles-foor water is excellent for burns to wath the place with it; inwardly taken it helps Prificks and other Difeases incident to the Lungs.

Datill them in May or June.

The Water of Diftilled Quinces strengthens the heart and stomach exceedingly, flaves Vomiting and Fluxes, and strengthens the recentive

Damask Rofe water cools, comforts and strengthens the Heart; fo doth red Rose water, only with this difference, the one is binding, the other loofning; if your body be coflive,use Damask Rose water, because it is loofning; it loofe, ufe red, because

White Rose water is generally Eyes, and for this it is better than

Green Wal-nuts gathered about the later end of June, or beginning of Fuly, and bruised, and so stilled, strengthen the Heart, and refist the

Pestilence.

Plantane water helps the head-ach, wit enough to let them both alone mirable remedy for Ulcers in the Reins and Bladder, to be used as The water of white poppies extin- common Drinks, the Herb is in its

Straw

Simple Distilled Waters. 28

Strawberry water cooleth, quencheth Thirst, clarifieth the Blood, breaks the stone, helps all inward Infummations, especially those in the Reins, Bladder and paffages of the Urine : it Arengthens the Liver, and helps the yellow Jaundice.

The distilled Water of Dog-grass, or Couch-grass, as some call it, cleanfeth the Reins gallantly, and provokes Urine, opens obstructions of the Liver

and Spleen, and kills worms.

Black Cherry water provokes Urine, helps the Dropfie. It is usually given in diseases of the Brain-as Convulfions, Falling-fickness, Palfie and

Apoplexy.

Betony is in its prime in May, the distilled Water thereof is very good for such as are pained in their heads, it prevails against the Dropsie and all forts of Forvers, it fuccours the Liver and Spleen , and helps want of digestion and evil disposition of the Body thence arising; it hastens travel in Women with Child; and is excellent against the bitings of venomous Beafts.

Distill Sage whilst the flowers be with Child. on it; the water strengthens the Brain provokes the Terms, helps Na-

ture much in all its actions.

Marjoram is in its prime in June; the distilled Water is excellent for fuch whose brains are too cold , it provokes urine, hears the womb, provokes the terms, ftrengthens the men ory, and helps the judgement, causeth an able brain.

Distil Chamomel water about the beginning of June. It easeth the cholick and pains in the belly, it breaks the stone in the reins and bladder, provokes the terms, expels the dead Stomach and Liver. child, and takes away pains in the June. bead.

Fennel water strenthens the heart and brain, dilates the breast, the cough, provokes the terms, encreafeth milk in nurles; and if you wash your eyes with it, it clears the fight.

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The Hoots of the fore-teet of a Cow and dried taken any way, encresse Milk in Nurses: the smoak of them burnt drives away Mice.

zalaus.

Calaminth water heats and cleanfeth the womb, provokes the terms, and ealeth the pains of the head : di-

Stil it in May.

The distilled Water of Rosemary flowers helps fuch as are troubled with the yellow Jaundice, Afthmaes; it cleanfeth the blood, helps concoction, strengthens the brain and body exceedingly.

Water of the Flowers of Lillies of the Valley, strengthens the brain and

all the fenses.

The water of Cowslip flowers help the Palsies (and thence they obtained the name [Paralyfis] takes away pains in the head, the Vertigo and Megrim and is exceeding good for Women

The eyes being washed every morning with Eye-bright water, most strangely clears and strengthens the

fight.

Maiden-hair distilled in M:y, the water cleanseth both Liver and Lungs, clarifies the blood, and breaks the itone.

Hylop water cleanfeth the Lungs of Flegm, helps Coughs and Afth-

maes. Diftil it in August.

The water of Horehound helps the Cough and straitness of the Breast; it strengthens the Breast, Lungs and Distil it in

Car-

Carduus water succours the head, frengthens the memory, helps fuch as are troubled with Vertigoes and quartan Agues; it proyokes Iweat, strengthens the heart, and is good in Pestilences, and all other Feavers of Choler. It is in its prime in May and Fune.

Scabious water helps Pleurifies and pains, and pricking in the fides, Aposthumes, Coughs, Pestilences,

and ftraitnesse of the Breast.

Water of Flower-de-luce is very profitable in Dropfies, an ounce being drunk continually morning and evening; as also pains and torments in the bowels.

Bawm water diftilled in May, reftores memory when it is loft, it quickens all the fenfes, ftrengthens the Brain, Heart and Stomach, caufeth a merry mind and a fweet breath.

The water of Comfry foders broken bones, being drunk, helps rup tures, outwardly it stops the bleeding of wounds, they being washed with it.

Wormwood water diffilled cold, about the end of May, hears and strengthens the stomach, helps concoction, stayes vomi'ing, kills worms in the stomach and bowels : it mitigates the pains in the teeth, and is prehtably given in Feavers of Cho-

Mint water strengthens the Stomach, helps concoction, and staies leth the Reins and Bladder of grayomiting. Distil it the later end of May, or beginning of June, as the year is in forwardness or backwardness: observe that in all the refr.

Chervil water distilled about the end of May, helps Ruptures,

breaks the Stone, diffolyes congealed blood, ftrengthens the heart and fromach.

The water of Mother of Time strengthens the Brain and Stomach, gets a man a good stomach to his victuals, provoke urine and the terms. hears the womb. It is in its prime about the end of Tunc.

The water of Marigold flowers is appropriated to most cold diseases of the head, eyes and fromach: they are in their vigour when the Sun is in the

Lion.

Distilled water of Centaury comforts'a cold stomach, helps in Feavers of Choler, which the Geeks call xavoG, and reflatoposs; it kills worms, and provikes appetite to victuals.

Maudlin and Costmary water distilled in May or June, strengthens the Liver, helps the yellow Jaundice, opens obstructions, and helps the

Dropfie.

Watercreffes distilled in March, the water cleanfeth the blood, and provokes Urine exceedingly, kills worms: outwardly mixed with heney, it clears the skin of morphew and fun-burning.

Distill Nettles when they are in flowers, the water helps Coughs and pains in the Bowels, provokes Urine,

and breaks the stone.

Saxifrage water provokes Urine, expels wind, breaks the ftone, cleanvel: diftill them when they are in

The water of Pellitory of the wall opens Obstructions of the Liver and Spleen by drinking an ounce of it every morning, it cleanleth the Reins and Bladder, and eafeth the

gripings of the bowels coming of wind. Distill it in the end of May, or beginning of June.

Cinquefoyl water breaks the stone, cleanleth the reins, and is of excellent use in putrified Feavers. Distill

it in May.

The water of Rhadishes breaks the stone, cleanseth the reins & bladder. provokes the Terms, and helps the yellow Jaundice.

Elicampane water strengthens the Stomach and Lungs, provokes urine, and cleanfeth the passages of it from

Gravel.

Distill Burnet in May or June, the water breaks the stone, cleanfeth the passages of urine, and is exceeding profitable in pestilential times.

Mugwort water distilled in May, is excellent in coughs and difeases proceeding from stoppage of the Terms in women, it warms the stomach, and

helps the Dropfie.

Distill Peniroyal when the flowers are upon it : the water heats the wemb gallantly, provokes the terms, expels the after-birth; cuts and cafts out thick and gross humors in the brelt, easeth pains in the bowels, and confumes flegm.

The water of Lovage distilled in May, eafeth pains in the head, and cures ulcers in the womb being washed with it inwardly taken it expels wind, and breaks the Stone.

The tops of Hops when they are young, being distilled, the water cleanfeth the blood of adust and me-Jancholy humors, and therefore helps fcabs, Irch, and Leprofie, and fuch like diseases thence proceeding, it opens obstructions of the Spleen, helps the Rickets and Hypochondriack Melanchoiy.

The water of Borrage and Bugloss distilled when their flowers are upon them, strengthen the heart and brain exceedingly, cie infe the blood, and takes away ladnels, griefs and Melancholy.

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Dodder water cleanfeth the Liver and Spleen, helps the yellow Jaun-

Tamaris water opens the obstructions, and helps the hardness of the

Spleen, and strengthens it.

English Tobacco distilled, the water is excellent good for such as have Dropfies to drink an ounce or two every morning; it helps ulcers in the mouth, strengthens the Lungs, and helps such as have Asthmaes.

The water of Dwarf Elder hath

the fame effects.

Thus have you the vertues enough of cold waters, the ule of which is for mixtures of other Medicines, whole operation is the same, for they are very feldome given alone. If you delight most in liquid Meascines, having regard to the disease and part of the body aft cred by it, these will furnish you with wherewithal to make them so as will please your palate best.

COMPOUNDS.

Spirit and Compound Distilled Waters.

culpeper. DEfore I begin thefe, 1 thought good to premile a few words. They are all hot in operation, and therefore not to be medled with by people of hor conftitions when they are in health, for fear of feavers and adultion of blood,

blood, but for people of cold confti- skin, bitterness in the throat, pricktution, as melancholy and flegmatick people. If they drink of them; moderately now and then for recreation, due confideration being had to the part of the body which is weak elt, they may do them good : yet in dileales of melancholy, neither strong Waters nor Sack is to be drunk, for they make the humor th n, and then up to the head it thies, where it fills the Brain with foolish and fearful imaginations.

2. Let all young people forbear them whilft they are in health, for their blood is usually hot enough

without them.

3. Have regard to the season of the year, fo shall you find them more benencial in fummer than in winter, because in summer the body is alwayes coldeft within, and digeftion weakest, and that is the reason why men and women eat less in summer than in winter.

Thus much for people in health, which drink strong Waters for re-

creation.

As for the medicinal use of them, it shall be shewed at the latter end of every receipt, only in general they are (due respect had to the humours afflicting, and part of the body afflicted) medicinal for Dileales of Cold and Flegm, Chilliness of the Spirits, &c.

But that my Countrymen may not be mistaken in this, I shall give them some symptomes of each Complexion how a man might know when I

it exceeds it limits.

Signs of Choler abounding. . Leanness of body, costiveness, hollow Eyes, Anger without cause, a testy Disposition, Yellowness of the

ing pain in the head, the pulse swifter and ftronger than ordinary, the urine higher coloured, thinner and brighters troublesome fleeps, much dreaming of Fire, Lightning, Anger and Fishting.

Signs of Blood abounding.

The Veins are bigger (or at least they feem fo) and fuller then ordinary, the skin red, and as it were swoller, pricking pains in the fides, and about the temples, thortness of breath, head-ach, the pulse great and ful, urine high coloured and thick, dreams of blood, &c.

Signs of Melancholy abounding.

Fearfulnels without cause, fearful and foolish imaginations, the skin rough and swarthy, leanness, want of Deep, frightful dreams, fournels in the Throat, the Pulle very weak, folitarines, thin clear urine, often fighing, &c.

Signs of Flegm abounding.

Sleepiness, dulness, flowness heavinels, Cowardlinels, Forgetfulnels, much spitting, much superfluities at the Nose, little appetite to meat and as bad digestion, the skin whiter, colder and impother than it was wont to be; the pulse flow and deep, the urine thick and low coloured, dreams of rain, floods and waters, &c.

These things thus premised, I

come to the matter.

The first the Colledge presents you with, is

Spiritus & Aqua Absinthii minus Composita. Pag. 30. Or, Spirit and Water of Wormwood, the leffer Composition.

colledge. Take of the leaves of dryed Wormwood two pound, Annis

feeds half a pound, fleep them in fix Gallens of small Wine twenty four hours, then distill them in an Alembick, adding to every pound of the distilled water two ounces of the best

Let the two first pound you draw out be called Spirit of Wormwood; those which follow, Wormwood wa-

ter, the leffer Composition.

culpeper. I like this distinction of the Colledge very well, because what is first stilled out, is far stronger than the rest, and therefore very fitting to be kept by it felf: You may take which you please, according as the temperature of your body, either to heat or cold, and the seaton of the year requires.

It hath the same vertues Wormwood hath, only fitter to be used by fuch whose bodies are chilled by age and whose natural heat abateth. You may fearch the Herbs for the vertues, it heateth the stomach, and helpeth

digestion.

Colledge. After the same manner. (only omitting the Annis seeds) is distilled spirit and water of Angelica, bath Herb and Root, Barrm, Mints, Sage, &c. the Flowers of Rosemary, clary , Clove-gilliflowers , &c. the feeds of Caramay, &c. Juniper beries, Orange peels, Lemmons, Citrons, &c. Cinnamon, Nutmegs, &c ..

Spiritus & Aqua Absinthii magis composita. 30. Or, Spirit and Water of Wormwood, the greater

Composition.

Colledge. Take common and Roman Worm wood, of each a pound; Sage, Mints, Bawm, of each two handfuls; the Roots of Galanga, Ginger, Calames aromaticus, Elicampane, of each three drams; Liquoris an ounce, name of Water.

Raifins of the Sun stoned three ounces. Annis-feeds and freet Fennel feeds, of each three drams: Cinamon, Cloves, Nutmegs, of cach two drams; Cardamons, Cubebs, of each one dram. Let the things be cut that are to be cut, and the things be bruifed that are to be bruised, all of them infused in twenty four pints of Spanish Wine, for twenty four hours, then distilled in an Alembick, adding two ounces of white Sugar to every pint of ristilled water.

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Let the first pint be called Spirit of Mormwood the greater Composition.

Calpeper. In this Receipt they have only in their new Master-piece left out A:cording to Art; and I commend them, for fure it was advisedly done of them.

The Opinion of Authors is, That it hears the stomach and strengthens it and the Lungs, expells wind, and helps digeftion in antient people.

Spiritus & Aqua Angelica magis composita. 31.

Or, Spirit and Water of Angelica, the greater Composition.

Take of the leaves of Colledge. Angelica cight ounces, of Carduns Benedictus fix ounces, of Bawm and Sage, of each four ounces; Angelica feeds fix ounces, sweet Fennel seeds nine ounces. Let the Herbs be dried, and the Seed be grofty bruised, to which add of the Species called Aromaticum Rosatum, and of the Species called Diamoschu Dulce, of each an ounce and an half; infuse them two dayes in thirty two pints of Spanish wine, then distill them with a gentle fire, and with every pound mix two ounces of Sugar dissolved in Rose water.

Let the three first pound be called by the name of Spirit, the rest by the

Culpepper

different from that Angelica Water which they described in their last

Dispensatory.

The chief end of composing this Medicine, was to ftrengthen the heart and relist infection, and therefore is very wholfome in pestilential times, and for fuch as walk in stinking air.

I shall now quote you their former Receipt in their former Dispensatory.

> Angelica water the greater Composition.

The Colledge. Take of Angelica two pound, Amiseed balf a pound, Coriander and Caraway feeds, of each four ounces; Zedoary bruifed three ounces : ficep them twenty four hours in fix gallons of small wine, then araw out the Spirit, and Sweeten it with Sugar.

Culpeper. It comforts the Heart, cherisheth the vital Spirits, refisteth the Pestilence, and all corrupt Airs, which indeed are the natural causes of Epidemical Diseases, the fick may take a spoonful of it in any convenient Cordial, & fuch as are in health, and have bodies either cold by Nature, or cooled by age, may take as much either in the morning fasting, or a little before meat.

Spiritus Lavendule compositus Matthias 33. Or, Compound Spirit of Lavender. Matthias.

The Colledg. Take of lavender flowers one gallon, to which pour three gallons of the best Spirit of mine, let them stand together in the fun fix daies, th n diftill them with an Alembick with his R frigeratory.

Take of the flowers of Sage, Rosemary

Culpeper. This Receipt was far | and Bettony, of cach one handful; the flowers of Borrage, Buglofs, Lillies of the Valley, Comflips, of each two handfuls; let the flowers being newly and feasonably gathered, being infused in one gallon of the best spirit of wine, and mingled with the aforegoing spirit of lavender flowers, adding the leaves of Balm, Featherfew and Orange-tree fresb gathered, the flowers of Stachas and Orange-tree, Barberries, of each one ounce. After convenient digestion, distil it again, after which add Citron-peels the outward bark : Prony feeds husked, of each fix drams; Cingamon, Mace, Nutmegs, Card moms, Cubebs, yellow Sanders, of each half an ounce; wood of Aloes one dram, the best Jujubes, the stones being taken out half a pound, digest them six weeks, then strain it and filter it, and add to it prepared Pears two drams, Emeralds prepared a scruple, Ambergreece, Musk, Saffron, of each half a scruple ; red Roses dried, red Sanders, of each balf an curce: yellow Sanders, Citron-peels dried, of each one dram; let the species being tied up in a rag, be hung into the aforegoing Spirit.

> Spiritus Caftorii. 32. Or, Spirit of Castorium.

The Colledge. Take of fresh Ca-(torium four ounces, lavend r florers an ounce, the tops of Sage and Rofema y, of each half an ounce; Cinaamon fix drams, Mace, Cloves, of cach two drams; Spirit of wine rectified fix pound: digest thm in a V.ol filled only to the third part, close stopped with ork and bladder in warm after for two daies .. then diftill it in * Balneo Mariz [* A Table at the later end thall instruct you in all such crabbed words] and the distilled Water kept close tropped.

Culpeper.

culpepper. By reason of its heat it is no wayes fit to be taken alone, but mixed with other convenient Medichies appropriated to the discales you would give it for, it refifts poyion and helps such as are bitten by venomous Beafts, it caufeth speedy delivery to women in travel, and cafteth out the after-birth, it helps the fits of the Mother, Lethargies and Convultions, being mixed with white wine, and dropped into the Ears, it helps deafnels, if stopping be the cause of it, the dole to be given inwardly is between one dram, and half a dram, according to the ftrength and age of the patient.

Aqua Petaficidis composita. 32 .Or, Compound water of Butter Burs.

The Colledge. Take of the fresh roots of Butter Bur bruisea one pound and an half, the roots of Angelica and Masterwort, of each half a pound: steep them in ten pints of strong Alc, then distill them till the change of the taste gives a testimony that the strength is drawn out.

Culpepper. This water is very effectual being mixed with other convenient Cordials, for such as have Pestilential Feavers, also a spoonfull taken in the morning, may prove a good preservative in Pestilential times: it helps the Fits of the Mother, and such as are short-winded, and being taken inwardly, dries up the mossure of such sores as are hard to be cured.

Equa Raphani Composita. 33. Or, Compound water of Rhadishes.

The Colledge. Take of the leaves Gilli-flowers and Cowflig of both sorts of Scurzy-grass, of each eight pugils; then adding fix pound, having bruised them, press of the juice of black Cheriste juice of them; with which mix it in a glass till it be dry.

of the juice of Brooklime and Watercreffes, of each one pound and an half, of the bift white Wine eight pound; twelve whole Lemmons, peels and all, frish Briony roots four pound; the roots of wild Radishes two pound, Capt. Winters Cinnamon half a pound, Nutmegs four ounces, steep them altogether, and ther distill them.

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Aqua Peonia Composta. 33. Or, Compound water of Peony.

Colledge. Take the flowers of Lillies of the valley one pound, infuse them in four gallons of Spanish wine so long, till the following flowers

may be had fresh.

Take of the forenamed flowers half a pound, Peony flowers four ounces: freep them together 14. dayes, then diffill them in Balaco Marie till they be dry : in the diftilled liquor infuse again male Peony roots gathered * in due time, [* And that is they know not when; If you will be precise in your time, let it be in the bour and day of the Sun, be rifing in the Lion, and the Moon applying it to his * or \(\Delta \) two ounces and an half, white Dittany, long Birthwort, of each half an ounce; the leaves of Miselto of the Oak and Rew, of each two handfulls; Peony feeds husked ten drams, Rew seeds three drams and an half, Cafterium two scruples. Cubebs. Mace, of each two drams : Cinnamon an ounce and an half, Squills prepared, three drams, Rofemary flowers fix pugils, Arabian Stochas, Lavender, of each four pugils; the flowers of Betony, Clove Gilli-flowers and Cowflips, of each eight pugils; then adding four pound of the juice of black Cherries, distill

Eulpeppere

Culpeper. Erifus, or daily experience will serve the turn, then was this Receipt chiefly compiled against the Convulfion-Fits; but the derivation of the word notes it to be prevalent against the Falling-sickness also, for ETINELIA in Greek, fignifies Falling-fickness; and indeed Eraftus and Experience pleads for this also: it is true, the Composition of Evaltus differs from this, and so doth another secited by Josannes Langius; but it feems our Physicians (for some reafons best known to themselves) efteemed this the best at this time, for their minds are mutable.

Well then, having now learned the Vertues of the Water, a word or two of the ufe will not be amis : Eraftus was of opinion, that both these diseases were caused by the Moon, (and so am I of that opinion alfo, for I know some at this time that are constantly troubled with the Falling-fickness only at the new and full Moon. I could give reasons for this Judgement of Eraftus, but I am unwilling to be redious.) Then faith he, If the Disease come daily, let a spoonful of it be taken morning and evening; if weekly, then let it be taken only at the new and full Moon, and at her Quartiles to the Sun: if it begin to wear away, then only twice a moneth, viz. at the new and full Moon will suffice. It profits also in time of the fit, by rubbing their temples, nostrils and jaws with it.

> Aqua Bezoartica. 34. Ot, Bezoar Water.

landine the greater roots and all, sufficient at a time, and that mixed

If the Authority of three handfuls and a half: Rew two handfuls, Scordium four handfuls, Dittany of Creer, Carduus, of each one handful and a half, Zedoary and Angelica-roots, of each three drams; Citron and Lemmon-peels, of each fix drams; Clove-Gilliflowers one ounce and an half; red Roles, Centaury the less, of each two drams ; Cinnamon, Cloves, of each three drams; Venice Treacle, three ounces, Methridate, one ounce and an half, Camphire two scruples, Trochés of Vipers two ounces, Mace two drams, Wood of Aloes half an ounce, yellow Sanders one dram and an half, Carduus feeds one ounce, Citron feeds fix drams: Let them be cut and infused in Spirit of Wine and Malaga-wine, of each three pound and an half : Vinegar of Clove-Gilliflowers, juice of Lemmons, of each one pound and diffilled in a glass-Still in Balaco Marie; after it is half stilled off, the relidue may be strained through a linnen cloath, and be reduced to the thickness of honey, and called the Bezoartick Extract.

> Culpeper. Extracts have the fame vertues with the Waters they are made from, only the different form' is to please the quaint palats of such whole fancy loaths any one particular form.

This Bezoar water strengtheneth the Heart, Arteries and Spirits vital: It provokes sweat, and is exceeding good in pestilential Feavers, in health it withstands Melancholy and Confumptions, and makes a merry, blith, chearful Creature. Of the extract you may take ten grains at a time, or fomewhat more, if your body be not colledg. Take of the leaves of Ce- feaverish, half a spoonful of water is

with other Cordials or Medicines appropriated to the Difease that Aqua Gentiane composita. 35. Or, troubles you, which the table at the later end of the Book will direct you to: And take this for a general rule, when any thing is too hot to take by it felf, refort to the Table of Difeases, which will amply furnish you with what to mix it, and especially the cold waters, the vertues of which you have amply in this Edition. This is Langius his Receipt.

Aqua & Spiritus Lumbricorum, Migiftialis 34. Or, Water and Spirit of Earthworms.

Colledge. Take of Earthworms well cleanfed three pound, Snails with shells on their Backs cleanfed two Gallons, b at them in a Mortar, and put them into a co wenient Vescl, adding flinging Netiles, roots and all, fix bandfuls, wild Angelica four banafuls; Brank urfine seven handfuls; Agrimony, Bettony, of each three bandfuls; Rew one bandul, common Wormwood two bandfuls, Rosimary flowers fix ounces, Dock roots ten ounces, the roots of Sorrel five ounces, Turmerick, the inner bark of Baibciries, of cach four ounces; Fenugreck-feeds two ources, Cloves powdered three ounces, Harts-horn, Ivo-Ty in grofs powder, of each four ounces : Saffina thice drams, Small Spirit of Wine four gallons and an half, after twesty four hours infusion; distill them in an Aiembich. Let the four first pounds be referred for Spirit, the reft for water.

Culpeper. 'Tis a Mels of Altogether, it may be they intended it for an universal Medicine.

Gentian water Compound.

Colledge. Take of Gentian roots [liced one pound and an balf, the leaves and flowers of Centaury the lift, of each four ounces; steep them eight daics in twelve pound of white Wine, then di-

full them in an Alembick.

Culpeper. It conduceth to prefervation from ill Air and Pestilential Feavers, it opens obstructions of the Liver, and helps such as they say are Liver-grown; it eafeth pains in the stomach, helps digestion, and easeth such as have pains in their bones by ill lodging abread in the cold; it provokes appetite, and is exceeding good for the yellow Jaundice, as also for prickings or stitches in the fides ; it provokes the Terms, and expels both birth and afterbirth, it is naught for Women with Child: If there be no Feaver, you may take a spoonful or tafterful by it felf, if there be, you may if you please mix it with some cooler Medicine appropriated to the same use you would give it for.

Aqua Gilberti. 31. Ot, Gilberts water.

Colledge. Take of Scabious, Burnet, Dragous, Bamm, Angelica, Pimpernel with purple floaers, Tormentil, roots and all, of each two handfuls; let all of them being rightly gathered and prepared, be fleeped in four gallons of Canary wine; fill off three gallons in an Alembick, to which add three ounces of each of the Euraial flowers, Clove-Gill flowers fix owners, Saffron balf an ounce, Turmerick two ounces, Gas langa, Bazil-feeds, of each one aram; Citron-pecls dried one ounce, the feeds of Citrons & Carduns, Cloves, of each five

five ounces; Harts-born four ounces: steep them tuenty four bours, and then distill them in Balneo Maria, to the filled water add Pearls prepared an ounce and an half, red Coral prepared, Crabs Eyes prepared, white Amber, of each two drams; Crabs claws finely powdered fix drams, Peroar, Ambergreece, of each two feruples: fleep them fix weeks in the fun in a vestel well stopped, often shaking it, then filter it (you may keep the powder for Sp. cord. temp.) by mixing twelve ounces of Sugar-cardy with fix ounces of red Rose water, and four ounces of spirit of Cinnimon with it.

culpeper. I suppose this was invented for a Cordial to strengthen the heart, to relieve languishing nature. It is exceeding dear, I forbear the Dose: they that have money enough to make it themselves, cannot want time to study both the Vertues and Dose. I would have Gentlemen to be studious.

Only one thing I would demand of the Colledge that makes their brags so much of minding their Countreys good, these same species which they appoint to be lest (after use in this Medicine) for Species coradiales temperatæ: doth the Vertue come out of them in this medicine of not? If not, why are they put in? if yes, then will the Species cordiales temperatæ be like themselves, viz. good for nothing but to deceive people.

Aqua cordialis frigida Saxonia. 36.
Colledge. Take of the juice of Bortage, Buglofs, Balm, Biftort, Tormentil, Scordium, Vervain, sharp pointed Dock, Sorrel, Goats Rew, Mirrh, blew Bottle great and small, Roses, Marigolds, Lemmons, Citrons,

of each fix ounces ; Burner, Cinque toyl, of each three ounces; white Wine Vinegar one pound, Purflain leeds two ounces, Citron & Carduns feeds, of each half an ounce ; Watet Lilly flowers two ounces, the flowers of Borrage, Bugloss, Violets, Cloves Gilliflowers, of each one ounce Diarrionsantalon six drams: let all of them being rightly prepared, be infused three daies, then distilled in a glass-still: to the distilled liquos add earth of Lemnos, Siletia and Samos, of each one ounce and an half : Pearls prepared with the juice of Citrons three drams, mix them, and keep them together.

Culpeper. Some small afterations they have made in some medicines, (of which this is one) not worth speaking of: yet will they serve to vapour with Look here (quoth they) here's such a thing altered, here is a grain and an half put in, where there was but a grain before, the other is dangerous and destructive to the Common-wealth, and so care not a straw for defaming their Predecessors; nay some of their own handy-works.

It mightily cools the blood, and therefore profitable in Feavers, and all Diseases proceeding of heat of blood: it provokes steep. You may take half an ounce at a time, or two drams if the party be weak.

> Aqua Theriacalis. 36. Or, Treacle Water.

Colledge. Take of the juice of green Walnuts four pound, the juice of Rew three pound, juice of Cardnus, Marigolds and Balm, of each two pound; green Petasitis roots one pound and an half, the roots of Burs one pound, Angelica and Masterwort, of each half a pound; the leaves of Scordium four handfuls, old

Venice

Venice Treacle, Mitbridate, of each body of what a Midwife by heedlef. eight odnces; Candry Wine I i pound, Vinegar fix pound, juice of Lemmons two pound : digeft them two daies, either in Horfe-dung, or in a Bath, the Veffel being close hist, then diffit them in fand, in the distillation you may make Theriacal Extraction.

culpeper. This water is exceeding good in all Feavers, especially Pe-Atlential: it expelleth venomous humors by fweat. It frengthens the Heart and Vitals. It is an admirable Counterpoylon; special good for fuch as have the Plique, or are poy-Toned, or bitten by venomous beafts, The Dole is from a spoonful to an ounce.

Aqua Brionie Composita, 27. Oc, Briony water compound.

colledge. Take of the juice of Briony-roots four pound, the leaves of Rew and Mugwort, of each two pound; dried Savin three handfuls, Featherfew, Nep, Peniroyal, of each two handfuls; Bazil, Dittany of Creet, of each one handful and an half; Orange-peels four ounces; Mirrh two ounces, Castorium one ounce, Canary Wine twelve pound: digest them four daies in a convenient vellel, then still them in Bilaco Mavia. About the middle of the distillasion frain it out, and make an Hifterical Extraction of the relidue.

Culpiper. A spoonful of it taken, eafeth the fits of the Mother in Women that have them. It petently expels the After-birth, and clears the

nels or accident hath left behind. It cleanfeth the Womb exceedingly, and for that I fancy it much. Take not above a Tafterful at a time, and then in the morning fasting : for it is of a purging quality, and let women with child forbear it. This was called Aqua Histerica in their former Edition.

> Aqua Imperialis, 37. Or. Imperial Water.

Colledge. Take of dried Citrons and Orange-peels, Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinnamon, of each two ounces; the and expelleth virulent humors from roots of Cyperus, Orris Florentine, fuch as have the French-Pox. If you Calamus Aromaticus, of each an defire to know more Vertues of it, onuce; Zedoury, Galanga, Ginger, fee the Vertues of Venice Treacle, of each half an ounce; the tops of Lavender and Rolemary, of each two handfuls; the Leaves of Bay, Mar-jerom, Balm, Mints, Sage, Time, of each one handful; the flowers of white and damask Roses fresh, of each half a handful; Rose water four pound, white Wine 8 pound: Let all of them being bruised, be infuled twenty four hours, then diftill them according to Art.

Culpeper. You must distill it in a Bath, and not in Sand. It feems the Colledge were but mean practitioners in Alchimy! but in this and many other Receipts trufted to that Monfter called Tradition, Therefore take this for a general Aphorisme: All grofs bodies stilled in fand, will flink

egregion fiy.

It comforts and strengthens the Heart against Fainting and Swoonings, and is held to be a Prefervative against Consumptions and Apoplexies. You may take half a spoonful at a time.

Agus

Apua Mirabilis. 38.

Colledge. Take of Cloves, Galanga, Cubebs, Mace, Cardamoms, Nutmegs, Ginger, of each one dram; juice of Celandine half a pound, Spirit of Wine one pound, while Wine three pound. Infuse them twenty four hours, and draw off two pound with an Alembick.

regard the stomach, and therefore the Water heats cold Stomachs: besides Authors say it preserveth from Apoplexies, and restoreth Speech

loft.

Aqua Protheriacalis. 38.

colledge. Take of Scordium, Scabious, Carduus, Goats Rew, of eacl: two handfuls; Citron and Orange peels dried, of each two ounces; the feeds of Citrons, Carduus, Hart wort, Treacle, Mustard, of each one ounce; the flowers of a Marigolds and Rofemary, of each one handful: cut them, and bruile them grofly, then infuse them in four pound of white Wine, and two pound of Carduus water in a glaffe close stopped, and · fet in the Sun or Bath for a fortnight often shaking it, then still it in Balnco Maria. Let the two first pound be kept by themselves for use, and the remainder of the distillation by it felf. Laftly, mix one ounce of Julep of Alexandria, and a speonful of Cinnamon water with each pound.

culpeper. Aqua Protheriacalis fignifies a Water for Treacle, so then if you put Diascordium to, tis a Water for Diascordium, well, then we'l take it for a general Water for

all Physick

Aqua Caponis. 38. Or Capon Water.

collede. Take a Capon the Gutz being pulled out, cut it in pieces, the fat being taken away, boiled in a sufficient quantity of Spring water in a close vessel, take of this Broth three pound: Borrage and Violet water, of each a pound and an half; white Wine one pound, red Rose leaves two drams and an half, the flowers of Borrage, Violets and Bugloss, of each one dram; pieces of Bread hot out of the Oven half a pound, Cinnamon bruised half an ounce, still it in a

glass still, according to Art.

Culpeper. Divers Physicians have written several Receipts of this Water, as G feer , Andr. e Becanna, Med. Florent. and Colonienf. But the truth is, this Receipt (although our Physicians conceal it) was borrowed from the Augustan Poysitians, and only because they thought (as I suppose) Capon must not be eaten without bread, they added the bread to it, the rest is verbatim from the Augustan Piysitians. The Simples are most of them appropriated to the Heart, and in truth the Composition greatly nourishes and strengtheneth fuch as are in Consumptions, and restoreth strength lest, either by Fevers or other fickness. It is a foveraign Remedy for Hectick Feavers and Marasmus, which is nothing else but a Comfumption coming from them. Let fuch as are subject to those Difeases, hold it for a jewel.

Aqua Limacum Magistr. 39. Or,

Water of Snails.

Colledg. Take of the juyce of

Ground Ivy (Or Aleboof which is

all one) Colts foot, Scabious, Lungwort, of each one pound and half; the juice of Purstain, Plantane † Ambrofia († O k of Cappadocia if you can get it) Pauls Betony, of each a pound; Hogs blood, white Wine, of each four pound; Garden Snails fliced two pound, dried Tobacco leaves eight, powder of Liquoris two ounces, of Elicampane half an ounce, of Orris an ounce, Cotton feeds an ounce and an half, the greater cold Seeds, Annis-leed, of each fix drams; Saffron one dram, the flowers of red Roles fix pugils, of Violets and Borrage, of each four pugils : fleep them three daies warm , and then diftill them in a glass fill in Sand.

Culpiper. It purgeth the Lungs of flegm, and helps Consumptions there. If you should happen to live where no better not readier Medicine can be gotten, you may use this.

Aqua Scordii composita. 29 Or, Compound Water of Scordium.

Colledge. Take of the juice of Goats Rew, Sorrel, Scordium, Citron, of each one pound; London Treacle half a pound: steep it three daies, and distill it in fand.

Culpeper. A tafterfull taken in the morning, preserves from ill Air.

Aqua Marie. 37.

colledge. Take of Sugar candy a pound, Canary wine fix ounces, Rose water four ounces: boil it well into a Syrup, and add to it Imperial water two pound, Ambergreece, Musk, of each eighteen grains; Saffron fifteen grains, yellow Sanders infused in Imperial water two drams: make a clear water of it.

Culpep'r. The difference between this and their former Agua Marie,

is this, Here they appoint Imperial water, and before Aqua caleftis, which they very subtilly have left out here; any tooth good Barber, so we may hold up our honour and gains. Both Receipts are very costly, as far beyond the reach of a poor mans purse, as of his brains.

Aqua Papaveris composita. 39. Or, Poppy Water Compound.

Colledge. Take of red Poppies four pound: sprinkle them with white wine two pound, then distill them in a common still; let the distilled water be poured upon fresh Flowers, and repeated three times, to which distilled Water add two Nutmegs sliced, red Poppy Flowers a pugil, white Sugar two ounces: set it to the Sun to give it a pleasing sharpness. If the sharpnesse be more than you would have it, put some of the same water to it which was not set in the Sun.

Aqua Juglandium composita. 40. Or, Wainut Water Compound.

Colledge. Take of green Wainuts a pound and an half, Garden Radish roots one pound, green Asarabacca six ounces, Radish seeds four ounces. Let all of them being bruised, be steeped in three pound of white wine Vinegar for three daies, then distilled in a leaden Still till they be dry. And when you have done so, I pray ask the Colledge what is good for, in truth I know not.

Some WATERS kind Country men, the Colledge have plaid the men, and left out in their new Dispensatory, which were in their old one; and they are these:

Mathiolus

Mathiolus bis Bezoar Water.

Colledge, Take of Mathiolus bis great Antiaote, Syrup of Citron-peels, of each one pound; Spirit of u ine distilled five times over five pound: put all thefe in a glass that is much too big to hola them; flop it close that the Spirit flic not out, then [bake it togetoer, that the Electuary may be well mirgled with the Spirit, fo let it fland a moneth, haking it together twice a week (for the Electuary will fettle to the bottom) The moneth being ended, pour off the clear water into another glafs to be kept for your ufe, stopping it very close with Wax and Parchment, vapors.

Culpeper. Mathiolus is very large in commendation of this Water : for (quoth he) four drams (that is half an ounce) of this Water being taken either by it felf, or in the like quantity of good Wine, or any other Cordial Water, fo absolutely and speedily cureth the bitings of any venomous beafts whatfoever, that although the danger of death be such that the Patient have loft his speeche fight, and almost all the rest of his senses: yet will he be rouled up like a man out of his fleep, to the wonderful admiration of the beholders which he faith he hath proved a thousand times (if it want 900 of it, it matters not much; it is but a figure called an Hyperbole. which is as much as to fay in English, an Eloquent lye.) It draws aaway poylon from the Heart, and cures fuch as have drunk poylon. It casts poylon out of the Stomach by Vomit, and helps such as have the to which I refer you. Pestilence.

For my own particular part, thus

much I can say by Experience in the commendations of it, I have known it given in acute, in peracute Feavers with gallant fuccels; and also in Consumptions: yea in Hectick, and in Galen's supposed incurable Marasmos (which had it been so, my felf had not been alive to have written this Book) neither hath it missed the defired effects; and therefore out of question it ftrengtheneth the Heart exceedingly, and the Spirit vital. It helps in the Falling-fickness, Apoplexies and Convulsions, And then your own Genius will tell you this is fittest for cold Complexions, cold Diseases, and such Diseases as elfe the Brength will easily fire away in the Heart is most afflicted in. It is too hot to be taken alone, and half a dram is the most may be taken at a time.

> Cut a Frog through the middle of the back with a knife, and take out the Liver, which wrap in a Colewort leaf, and burn it in a new Crucible well stopped, the ashes given to one that hath the Falling-fickness: if once doth not the deed, use it oftner.

Cinnamon Water.

Colledge. Take of bruised Cianamon a pound and an half, Spanish it ine two pints. Infuse the Cinnamon in the wine, twenty four hours, then distill them in an Alembick; draw out three pints of frong waters (and small as much as you think Sufficient) Sweeten it with Sugar Sufficiently, and so keep it for your ufe.

Culpeper. The Vertues are the fame which Cinnamon it felf hath,

Mathiolus his Cinnamon Water. Colledge. Take of bruised Cinnamon a pound, put it into a glals Still, pouring upon it four pints of Rolewater, a pint and an half of Spanish wine; Rop the still body close, and put it in a warm bath twenty four hours, then put on the Still head, lute it well, and distill it ac-

cording to Arr.

Culpep:r. Mathiolus attenuating, opening, digelling and Leaves of Clary, Time, Marjoram, it prevails in cold Diseases, being red Roles, Sage, Rosemary, Berony, the age and strength of the Patient, three drams : Let the things be bruiand the feafon of the year : have a lied that are to be bruifed , and infucare of caking too much of it in fed fifteen dayes in 12 pints of the Feavers.

Cinnamon Water made by Insusion.

up in a linen rag, and hanged to the |ufe. top of the Glasse.

Culpeper. In my opinion this later water is more prevalent for Heartqualms and taintings, than Mathiolus his, neither is it half so hot, theretore more lafe.

Aqua Caleftis. Mathiolus.

Clleage, take of Cinnamon an ounce, Ginger half an ounce, white red and yellow Sanders, of each lix appoints drams; Cloves, Galanga, Numegs, wine of Creet four pines, and that is of each two drams and an half; all the alteration. The Authors own Mace, Cubebs, of each one dram; Judgement is, That it strengthens both forts of Cardamoms, Nigella the Brain, Heart, Liver, Stomach, feeds, of each 3 drams; Zedoary Lungs, Spleen, and Nerves, quickens half an ounce; feeds of Annis, sweet the fight, refisteth poyton, helpeth Fennel, wild Parinips, Bazil, of each bitings by venomous beafts, caufeth a dram and an halt; Roots of Ana sweet breath, bringeth down the gelica, Avens, Calamus Aromatiterms in women, and hath vertue, cus, Liquoris. Valerian the lels, the Arengthning, The truth is, I believe of each two grams; the Flowers of orderly regulated in quantity, ac- Stoechas, Bugloss, Borrage, of each cording to the nature of the disease, one dram and an half; Cirron peels best spirit of wine in a glasse body well stopped, and then let it be distilled in Bala o Marie according to Art. Adding to the distilled water, colledge. Take of Cinnamon brui- powders of Diambra, Diamofchu dulfed four ounces, spirit of wine two ce, Aromaticum rosatum, Diamagaripints, infuse them together four ton frigidum, Diarhodon Abbatis, powdayes in a large Elass close stopped der Electuarii de Gemmis, of each with co k and a blidder, thaking the 3. drams; yellow Sanders bruiled glass twice a day. Diffolve half a two drams; Musk, Amber-greece, of pound of white Sugar Candy in a fearh a scruple tied up in a fine rag, quart of Role water, then mix both clear Julep of Roles a pound, thake these Liquors together, then put them well together, stopping the into them four grains of Musk , and glass close with wax and parchment, half a scruple of Amber-greece ried till it grow clear to be kept for your

Culpefer. It comforteth and ches rifecth

risherh the heart, reviveth drooping therefore must needs strengthen cold fpirits, prevaileth against the Plague and weak stomachs, and help digeand all malignant Feavers, preserveth Ition: besides, Authors say, It restothe fenfes, and restoreth such as are reth memory lost, quickens all the in Consumptions. It is of a hot na- fenses, keeps away gray bairs and ture. Let not the quantity taken at baldness, threngtheneth the brain. a rime exceed half a dram.

cerning this, and all other strong waters. They are not fafely given breath. by themselves in Feavers, (because by their hot quality they inflame the blood, and add fewel to the fire) but mixed with other convenient Cordials, and confideration had to the strength, complexion, habit, age, and fex of the Patient: For my own part, I aim fincerely at the publick good in writing of this, and therefore as I would not have Physitians domineer, lo I would not have fools turn Physicians.

Balm-water the greater Composition.

Colledge. Take of Balm a pound, Time, Peniroyal, of each three gar. drams; Cinnamon two drams, Cardamoms the less, one dram, * Grains of Paradife [* And they are the greater Caidaments, as malt of the Arabian ling quality, and appropriated to the Phylitians held | half an ounce, fweet Fennel-feeds an ounce, Nutmegsi drams, Calamus Aromaticus, Cy- this Herb provokes Lust exceedingpints of Spanish Wine, and 6 pints refist Luft. of strong Ale, for twenty four hours together, and then distilled by an Alembick, draw out of the ftronger water three pints.

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makes the heart chearful, and helps Only take this Caution, both con- the lisping of the tongue, eafeth the pains of the teeth, and caufeth a fweet

Rofa Soli:.

colledge. Take of Nurmegs, Annis feeds, Coriander feeds, of each one ounce; Galanga, Ginger, Cloves, of each half an ounce; red Rose leaves one handful, Rosa Solis six handfuls, Liquorice two handfuls, Cardamoms, Zedoary, Grains of Paradile, Calamus Aromaticus, of each one dram; red Sanders, Cinnamon, of each an ounce and an half; of the best Aqua-vita twelve pints; make an infution of them for eight daies, then strein it, and add to the Liquor one pound and an half of Su-

Culpeper. The Basis of this Medicine, seems to be the Herb Rosa Solis, which is of a drying and bind-Lungs, and therefore must needs be available for Pthilicks, or Consump-Ginger, of each a dram; Galanga fix tions of the Lungs; and because perus, of each one dram and an half; ly, I suppose therefore the Rose Dictamni half a dram. Let all of leaves were added, which according them be bruifed and infused in 8 to * Authors, [* School. Salero.]

Dr. Stephen's Water.

Colledge. Take of Cinnamon, Ginger Culpeper. The Simples seem chief- Galanga, Cloves, Nurmegs, Grains ly appropriated to the stomach, and of Paradife, Seeds of Annis, Fennel, Caraway , Caraways of each one dram; herbs of Time, Mother of Time, Mints, Sage, Peniroyal, Pellitory of the wall, Rosemary, flowers of red Rofes, Chamomel, Origanum, Lavender, of each one handful; infuse them twelve hours in twelve pints of Galcoign wine, then with an Alembick, draw three pints of ftrong wazer from it.

Culpeper. Authors hold it profitable for women in labour, that it provokes the terms, and brings away

the After-birth,

Ordinary Agua-vita. colledge. Distill Ale and Lees of Wine in an Alembick (whose worm runs through cold water) into fmall wine, in ten congies of which, infufe one pound of bruifed Annis-feeds, for twenty four hours, then diftill it again into ftrong water.

Aqua-vita Compound colledge. Is made of small Wines, in fix Congies of which, infuse Annisfeeds half a pound, feeds of Fennel, and Caraway, of each two ounces, Cloves, Cinnamon, and Ginger, of each one ounce; and then draw the ftrong spirit from it.

Culpeper. This is excellent good in my opinion for such as are trou-

bled with wind.

usquebath.

Colledge. Take of ftrong Aquavite twenty four pints, in which, fofour daies infule, a pound of Liquorice, Raifins of the Sun half a round, Cloves half an ounce, Mace, Ginger, each two drams : frain it, and keep it for your ufe.

Culpeper. It ftrengthens the Stomach, and helps indigeftion coming

of flegm and cold.

It is possible I may have overflipped some others of their Alterations of names; my time is short, and my understanding is dull: & the truth is, their new Model shews far more fubtilty than honefty.

TINCTURES.

Tinetura Croci. 41. Or, Tincture of Sattron.

Colledge. Take two drams of Saffron, eight ounces of Treacle water, digest them fix daies,

then strain it.

Culpeper. See the Vertues of Treacle water, and then know, that this strengthens the heart something more, and keeps melancholy vapors thence by drinking a spoonful of it every morning.

> Tiactura Cafterii. 41. Or, Tineture of Castorium.

Colledge. Take of Castorium in powder half an ounce, Spirit of Caftorium half a pound; digest them tea daies cold, strain it, and keep the Liquor for Tincture.

Culpeper. A Learned Invention! Tis fomething more prevalent than

the Spirit.

Tinctura Fragorum. 41. Or, Tincture of Strawberries.

Colledge. Take of ripe wood-ftramberries two pound : put them in a Viol, and put so much small spirit of wine to them, that it may overtop them the thickness of four fingers; stop the vessel close,

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and fet it in the Sun two daies, then frain it, and profs it but gently; pour this spirit to as many fresh Strawberries, repeat this fix times, and at last keep the clear Liquor for your ufe.

calpeper. A gallant fine thing for Gentlemen that have nothing elfe to do with their money, and will Eyes.

> Tinttura Scordii. 41. Ot, Tincture of Scordium.

Colledge. Take of the leaves of Scardium gathered in a dry time, half a pound a digest them in fix pound of [mall spirit of wine, in a veffel well (topped for three daies, prefs them out gently, and repeat the Infusion three times, and keep the clarified Liquor for ufc.

So is made Tineture of Celandine,

Rest-harrow, Ros solis.

Culpeper. See the Herbs for the Vertues, and then take notice that these are better for cold stomachs, and old bodies.

Tinctura Theriacalis, vulgo Aqua Theriacalis, Lugd. per infus. 41. Or,

Tincture of Treacle.

Colledge. Take of Canary Wine often times distilled, Vinegar in which half an ounce of Rem-feeds have been boyled, two pound; choice Treacle, the best Methridate, of each half a pouna; mix them and fet them in the Suit, or heat of a Bath, digest them, and keep the water for ufe.

Tinetura Cinnamomi, vulgo, Aqua Clareta Cingam. 42.

Or, Tincture of Cinnamon.

Colledge. Take of bruifed Cinnamos two ounces, rectified Spirit of Wine two pound, infafe them four daies in a large Glass stopped with cork and Bladder, Shake it iwice a dry, then dif-Solve half a pound Sugar-cardy by it have a lovely look to please their felf in two pound of Rost-water, mix both Liquors, into which hang a module containing Amber-greece balf a Scruple, Musk four grains.

> Culpeper. This was before among ft the Waters, only there is four ounces of Cinnamon appointed, and here

but two.

Tinctura Viridis. 42. Or, A Green Tincture.

Colledge. Take of Verdegreece, b. If an ounce, Auripigmentum fix drams, Allum three drams; boyl them in a pound of white wine till balf be consumed, adding after it is cold, the water of red Roses and Nightshade, of each fix ounces.

Culpeper. This was made to cleanle

ulcers, but I fancy it not.

Aqua Aluminofa Magistralis. 42. Colledge. Take of Plantane an i red Rose-water, of each a pound: Roch-Allum and Sublimatum, of each two drams; let the Allum and Sublimatum being in powder boyl in the waters, in a Viffel with a narrow mouth, till half be consumed, when it hath stood five daies, frainit.

Culpeper. Now they have left out the Quick-filver as I bid them, I like men will do as they are bid, yet I fancy it not. Fallopius invented it.

Phylical

Physical Wines.

Vinum Asinthitis. 43. Or, Wormwood Wine.

Colledge. T Ake a handful of dryced wormwood, for every callon of wine, flop it in a refel close, and so let it remain in steep: so is prepared wine of Rosemary flowers, and Eye-bright.

Culpiper. It helps cold stomachs, breaks wind, helps the wind-Cholick, strengthens the stomach, kills worms,

and helps the green-fickness.

Rosemary flower wine is made after the same manner that Wormwood wine is made. It is good against all cold Diseases of the head, consumeth slegm, strengtheneth the Gums and Teeth.

Eye-bright wine is made after the fame manner. It wonderfully clears the fight being drunk, and revives the fight of antient men. A cup of it in the morning is worth a pair of Spe-Racles.

All other wines are prepared in the same manner, when the Physician shall see fit [quoth the Colledge] in their former, but here they left it out. But what if there be never a Phyfitian worth a rufh in 20, 30,40, or so miles (as some such places may be found in this Nation) must the poor Countrey-man lose his cure? truly this charity is according to the vulgar fervent cold. In fuch etfes let them view the Vertues of the Simplethe Wine is made of, and then let them know the Wine of that Simple is far berter and fitter for cold Bo-· dies, and weak Stomachs, than the Simple it felf.

The best way of taking any of these Wines is, to drink a draught of them every morning. You may, if you find your body old or cold, make wine of any other herb, the vertues of which you desire; and make it, and take it in the same manner.

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Vinum Cerassorum nigrorum. 43. Or, Wine of Black Cherries.

Coiledge. Take a gallon of the juice of Black Cherries, keep it in a veffel close stopped till it begin to work, then filter it, and an ounce of Sugar being added to every pound, let it pas through Hypocrates his steve, and keep it in a

vessel close stopped for use.

culpeper. If ever I knew the like of the Colledge, never trust me, here they go and appoint the Wine of Black Cherries with never a drop of Wine in it, and the juice will not keep without it, above a week or so, and so if you are minded to make it, you may by that time sing:

Alack, Alack, now have I loft, My pains, my labour, & all my coft.

Vinum Helleboratum. 43. Or, Wine Helleborated.

Colledge. Take of white Hellebore, cut small, four ounces, the best Spanish time two pound: steep it is the Sun in a Vi. 1 close stopped, in the Doz-anies, or other hot weather.

Culpeper. And then it will make a dogged Purge, as like the Colledge as a Pomewater is like an Apple.

Colledge. Take of Stibium in powder one ounce, Cloves siced two drams.
Claret Wine two pound: keep it in a Vial close sout.

Vinum

Vinum Benedictum. 43.

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Colledge. Take of Crocus Metallorum in powder one ounce, Muse one dram, Spanish wine one pound and an balf: steep it.

> Vinum Antimoniale. 43. Or, Antimonial Wine.

Colledge. Take of Regulus of Antimony in powder four ounces: steep it in three pound of the best white wine in a Glasse well stopped: after the first sha-

king let the Regulus fettle.

Cul eper. These three last mentioped are vomits, and vomits are fitting Medicines for but a few, as I told you before, the mouth being ordained to take in nourishment, not to calt out Excrements, and to regulate a mans body in vomiting; and Doles of Vomits requires a deeper study in Physick, than I doubt the generality of people yet have; I omit it therefore at this time, not because I grutch it my Country, but because I would not willingly have them do themfelves a mischief, I shall shortly teach them in what Diseases Vomits may be used, and then, and not till then, the use of Vomits.

Wine of Squils.

Calledge. Take of a white Squil of the mountains, gathered about the rifing of the Dog star, cut in thin pieces, and dried for a month, one pound; put it in a glasse bottle, and pour to it eight pound of French wine, and when it hath stood so four daies, take out the Squil.

Squils grew by the Sea side, and not upon mountains; but a man shall as soon knock a Spunge into a Mill-

tione, as any wit into the head of a conceited fool; and then again it must be gathered at the riling of the Dog ftar, yes forfooth, by all means. Therefore know, that the Dogs are two contrel ations between the Equator and the South sole, confitting of divers Stars. two of which are mose remarkable, and of the first magnitude; whereof that in the great Dog is called yijus: that in the letter Dog , Procyon : each of thele two fears hath three rifings, Acionical, Cosmical and Heliacal; and as many fertings. I dare paffe my word it is not the Heliacal rifing here meant & Procyon rifeth Acronically upon the fifteen or fixteen of Ja ua y, Syrjus upon the twenty fixth, or twenty feventh of the fame month : Procyon rifeth Cosmically upon the nineteenth of July and Syrius upon the last day of the same month : the next time you write, pray frudy out at which of these times the Squil must be gathered. The Vertues of this are the same with Vinegar of Squils, only 'tis hotter.

Physical Vinegars.

Acctum distillatum. 45. Or, Distilled Vinegar.

Colledge. I'll a Glass or stone Alembick with the best Vinegar to the third part, separate the slegm with a gentle fire, then energies the fire by degrees, and perform the work.

Acetum Rofaceum. 45. Or.

Colledge. Take of red Rose buds gathered in a dry time, the whites cut off, dried in the shadow three or four dayes, daies, one pound ; Vinegar eight Sextaries, fet them in the Sun forty daies, then strain out the Roses, and repeat the infusion with fresh ones.

After the same manner is made Vinegar of Elder flowers, Rolemary, flowers, and Clove-gilliflowers.

Culpeper. For the vertues of all Vinegars, take this one only observation, They carry the same vertues with the flowers whereof they are made, only as we said of Wines, that they were better for cold bodies than the bare Simples whereof they are made, so are Vinegars for hot bodies. Besides Vinegars are often, nay, most commonly uled externally, viz. to bath the place, then look amongst the simples, and see what place of the body the simple is appropriated to, and then you cannot chuse but know (if you have but a grain of understanding, more than a Beaft) both what Vinegar to use, and to what place to apply it.

Acetum Scillicum. 45. Or, Vinegar of Squils.

Colledge. Take of that part of the Squil which is between the outward bark and the bottom, cut in thin flices. and placed thirty or forty daies in the Sun of some remiss beat, then a pound of th m (being cut small with a knife mide of Ivory or some white wood) being put in a Veffel, and fix pound of Vin gar put to them; fet the Veffel being close Ropped in the Suz thirty or forty daies, ofterwards strain it, and keep it for ufe.

Culp per. A little of this Medicine being taken in the morning fasting, and walking half an hour after, preferves the body in health, to extreme old-age (as Sieius testifies, who using no other medicine but this, lived in

perfect health till one hundred and Seventeen years of Age) it makes the digestion good, a long wind, a clear voice, an acute fight, a good colour, it fuffers no offensive thing to remain in the Body, neither Wind, Flegm, Choler, Melancholy, dung nor urine, but brings them forth; it brings forth filth though it lye in the bones, it takes away falt and four belchings, though a man be never to * licentious in diet [* I would not have Galen's Judgement tried in this particular, it is far fafer to take upon his word] he shall feel no harm: It hath cured such as have the Pthisick, that have been given over by all Physitians: It cures fuch as have the Falling-fickness, Gouts, and Discases and Swellings of the Joynts; It takes away the hardnels of the Liver and Spleen. We should never have done if we should reckon up the particular benefits of this Medicine: Therefore we commend it as a wholfome Medicine for foundness of body, preservation of health, and vigor of mind. Thus Ga-

Acetum Theriacale. Norimberg 46. Or, Treacle Vinegar.

Colleige. Take of the roots of Celandine the greater, one ounce and an half; the roots of Angelica, Mafterwort, Gentian, Bistort, Valerian, Burnet, white Dittany, Elicampane, Zedoary, of each one dram; of Plantane the greater, one dram and an half, the leaves of Mousear, lage, scabious, scordium, Dittany of Creet, Carduus, of each haif a handful, bark and feeds of Citrons, of each half a dram; Bole-Armenick one dram, Saffron three drams, Harts-horn one dram and an half, of these let the Saffron, Hartshorn, Dittany and Bole, be tied up in a rag, and steeped with the things before mentioned, in five pints of the sharpest Vinegar, for certain daies by a temperate heat in a glass well stopped, strain it, and add six drams of the best Treacle to it, shake it together, and keep it for your use.

> Acetum Theriacale. 46. Or, Treacle Vinegar.

Colledge. Add to the description of Treacle water, Clovegillishowers two ounces, Lavender slowers an ounce and an half, Rose and Elder slower Vinegar, of each four pound: digest it without boiling three daies, then strain it through Hypocrates his sleeve.

Culpeper. See Treacle water for the vertues, only this is more cool, a little more phantalical.

Decoctions.

Or, a common Decoction.
for a Clytter.

Colledge. Take of the leares of Mallows, Violets, Pellitory, Beets and Mercury, Chamomel flowers, of each one handful; sweet Fennel seeds half an ounce, Linsteeds two drams: boil them in a sufficient quantity of common water to a pound.

collipper. This is the common decolling of all Clysters, according to the quality of the humour abounding, fo you may add what Simples, or Syrups, or Electuaries you please; (which I shall quote when I come to only kalf a score Linseed, and a hand of Chamomel slowers are added.

Decoction Epithimum, 47. Or, a Decoction of Epithinum.

Colledge. Take of Mirabolans Chebs and Inds, of each half an ounce; Steechas, Raisins of the Sun stoned, Epithimum, Senna, of each an ounce; Fumitory half an ounce, Maudlin five drams, Polipodium fix drams, Turbith half an ounce, Whey made with Goats milk or Heifers milk four pound. Let them all boil to two pound, the Epithinium excepted, which boil but a walm or two, then take it from the fire, and add black Hellebore one dram and an half, Agarick half a dram, Sal Gem one dram and an half: free them ten hours, then preffe it strongly

Culpeper. Here is half a dram of black Helleboro added, and I like the Receipt never the better for that.

It purgeth Melancholy gallantly, as also adust Choler; it it resistests madnesse, and all diseases coming of Melancholy; and therefore let Melancholy people esteem it as a Jewel.

I cannot but commend it to fuch of my Country men as abound with melancholy humours. Let them take a quarter of a pint of this in the morning, and keep by the fire fide all day, imagine they take it at fix of the clock, then let them drink a draught of Poffer drink at eight, and eat a bit of hor Mutton at twelve, if their bodies be strong (for people oppressed with Melanchely, usually go hardly to stool by reason it is a retentive humor) Let them mix those Syrups (which I shall quote when I come to them) with it, and I dare hazard that it shall in a few mornings fetch them

out of their Melancholy dumps, which though they may frem pleafing, yet are no way profitable to the body of man, especially if the body be troubled also with [ill Humours] I know not what better word to give [Cacachymia:]

geth not. I shall quote some Syrups fitting to be mixed with it, when I come to the Syrups.

Decostum Senna Gereoris 47. Ot. A Decoction of Senna.

Decoctum Traumaticum. 47. Take of Agrimony, Colledge. Mugwors t wild Angelica [† And why wild? I know no reason, nor a Ho se that hath a bigger head than I. The Garden is best] St. John's wort, Mousear, of each two handfuls, wormwood half an handful, Southernwood, Betony, Bugloffe, Comfry the greater and lester, roots and all, Avens, both forts of Plantane, Sanicle, Tormentil with the roots, the buds of Barberries and Oak, of each a handful: all these being gathered in May and June, and diligently dryed, let them be cut and put up in skins or papers against the time of use, then take of the fore-named herbs three handfuls, boil them in four pound of Conduit water and two pound of white wine gently till half be confumed, strain it, and a pound of Honey being added to it, let it be fcum-

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colledge. Take of Senna two ounces, Polipodium half an ounce, G'nger. one dram, Raifins of the Sun Stoned two ounces, Sebestens, Prunes, of each twelve; the flowers of Borrage, Violets, red Roles and Rolemary, of each two drams : boil-them in four pound of water till half be confumed.

> Culpeper. If fight of a Medicine will do you good; this is as like to do it as any I know.

med and kept for ule.

Culpeper. It is a common Decoctien for any purge; by adding other Simples or Compounds to it, according to the quality of the humour you would have purged, yet in its felf, it chiefly purgeth Melancholy. I shall quote it when I come at fuch Compounds as are fit to mix with it.

> Some they have left out in their new Model, which are these that follow.

Decoctum Pectorale. 48. Or, A Pectoral Decoction.

> A Carminative Decoction. TAke of the † Seeds [† You must bruise the Car-

Colledge. Take of Raifins of the Sun Stoned an ounce, Sebestens, Jujubes, of each fifteen ; Dates fix, Figs four, french Barly one ounce, Liquoris half an ounce, Maidenhair, Hylop, Scabious, Colts foot, of each one handful: boil them in three pound of water till two remain.

culpeper. The Medicine is chiefly appropriated to the Lungs, and therefore causeth a clear voice, a long Colledge. wind, refisteth Coughs, hoaisnesse, Afthinaes, &c. You may drink a quar- feeds , elfe the Decottion will be but ser of a pint of it every morning, little the better for them] of Annis, of each three drams; Chamomel flowers half a handful; Raifins of the Sun an ounce and an half; boyl them in two pints of water till almost half be consumed.

Culpeper. It is commonly used in Clysters, to such whose bodies are molested or oppressed with wind, these seeds being added to the for-

mer Decoction.

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A Decoction of Flowers and Fruits:

colledge. Take five Figs, fifteen Prunes, Jujubes, and Sebestens, of each twenty, Tamarinds an ounce, the flowers of Roses, Violets, Borrage, Buglos, of each a dram; Maidenlair, Hops, Endive, of each half a handful, Liquotice two drams, being cut and bruised, boyl them in three pints of Spring water to the consumption of the third part.

Culpeper. Ir ftrengthens the Lungs,

and helps Obstructions.

I at Virgineum.

ces, boyl it in a quart of spring water to the third part: Afterward,

Take of * Litharge [* Beaten into very fine powder.] half a pound, white Wine Vinegar a pint and an half; boyl it to a pint, strain both the waters, then mix them together, and stir them about till they are white.

culpeper. It takes away Pimples, redness, freckles, and fun-burning, the Face being washed with it.

A Drink for wounded Men.

Collidge. Take of Crabs of the River calcinated, and beaten into very fine powder, two drams; the Roots of round Birthwort, and of Comfry the greater, Self-heal, Bay-berries lightly bruifed, of each one dram; tye them all up in a linnen-cloath, and boyl them in three pints of white Wine, till the third part be confumed, adding about the middle of the Decoction, one pugil of * Perewinkles, [* The Herb, not the fish] then strain it for your use.

This Decection must be prepared only for the present when the Phyfitian appoints it, as also must almost all the rest of the Decections.

Culpeper. And therefore left my poor wounded Country-men should perish for want of an Angel to fee a Physician, [* Too many Physicians in England being like Balzams Affe, they will not speak unless they fee an Angel : yet I accuse not all.] or if he have it, before the Physician, (which in some places is very remote) can come at him; I have taken the pains to write the Receipt in his own Mothertongue; he may get any friend to make it: He may drink half a pint of it in the morning; or if he please to boyl it in small Ale instead of Wine; he would be well the fooner if he drink no other drink.

SYRUPS.

ALTERING STRUPS.

Colpeper.] Reador, Before we begin with the particular Syrups, I think good to advertise thee of those few things which concern the Nature, Miking, and use of Syrups in General. I. A Syrup is a Medicine of a liquid Body, compounded of Decoction, Insusion, or Juice, with Sugar, or Honey, and brought by the heat of the Fire into the thickness of Honey. 2. Because all Honey is not of a thickness, understand new Honey, which of all other is thinness. The Reason why Decoctions, Insusions, and Juices are thus used, is, because thereby, First, They will keep the longer. Secondly, They will taste the better. 4. In boyling Syrups, have a great care of their just consistence, for if y u boyl them too much, they will candy, if too little, they will sour. 5. All simple Sy. ups have the vertues of the Simples they are made of, and are far more convenient for weak people, and queasse Stomachs.

Syrupus de Absiathio simplex. Pag. 49.
Or, Syrup of Wormwood simple.
The Colledge. TAKE of the cla-

eommon Wormwood, claified Sugar, of each four pound; make it into a Syrup according to Ait. After the same manner, are prepared simple Syrups of Betony, Borrage, Bugloss, Carduns, Chamomel, Succory, Endive, Hedge-mustard, Strawberries, Fumitory, Ground-Try, Saint Johns wort, Hops, Mercury, Monsear, Plantane, Apples, Purstain, Rasberries, Sage, Scabions, Scordium, Housteek, Celis-foot, Pauls Betony, and other juices not sour.

culpeper. See the Simples, and then you may easily know both their Vertues, and also that they are plea-santer and fitter for delicate stomachs, when they are made into Syrups.

Syrupus de Absinthio compositus 49.Or, Syrup of Wormwood compound.

Colledge. Eake of common wormwood Fire, scumming meanly dry, half a pound: red Roses consumed, then two ounces, Indian Spicknard three of white Wine I drams; old white wine, juice of Quin-sect the Syrup.

ces, of each two pound and an half speech them a whole day in an carthen vessel, then boyl them gently, and strain it, and by adding two pounds of Sugar, boyl it into a Syrup according to Art.

culpeper. M sue is followed verbatim in this, and the Receipt is appropriated to cold and flegmatick Stomachs, and in my opinion tis an admirable remedy for it, for it strengthens both Stomach and Liver, as also the Instruments of Concoction: a spoonful taken in the morning, is admirable for such as have a weak Digestion, it provokes an Appetite to ones victuals, it prevails against the yellow Jaundice, breaks Wind, purgeth Humors by Urine.

Syrupus Acetofus simplex. 50. Or, Syrup of Vinegar simple.

Colledge. Take of clear Water four pound, white Sugar five gound, boyl them in a glazed Vessel over a gentle Fire, scumming it till half the water be consumed, then by putting in two pound of white Wine Vinegar by degrees, perfect the Syrup.

Culpoper.

fugar with the vinegar over the fire, feum it, but boyl it hot.

Syrupus Acetofus simplicior. 50. Or, Syrup of Vinegar more simple.

Colledge. Take of white Sugar five pound, white Wine Vinegar two pound, by melting it in a Bath, make it into a

Syrup.

Culpeper. Of these two Syrups let every one use which he finds by Experience to be best, the difference is but little. I hold the last to be the best of the two, and would give my reasons for itabut that I fear the book will swell too big. They both of them cut flegm, as also tough, hard, viscous humors in the stomach: they cool the body, quench thirst, provoke urine, and prepare the ftomach before the taking of a Womit. If you take it as a Preparative for a Vomit. take half an ounce of air when you go to bed, the night before you intend to vomit, it will make you to vomit the easier: but if for any of the foregoing occasions, take it with a Liquorice-flick.

Syrupus Acetofas compositus. 50. Or, Syrup of Vinegar compound.

Colledge. Take of the Roots of Smallage, Fennel; Endive, each three ounces; the seeds of Annis, Smallage, Fennel, of each an ounce; of Endive half an ounce, clear water fix pound. Boyl it gently in an earthen veffel till balf the mater be confumed, then ftrain and clarific it, and with three pound of Jugar, and a pound and an half of white Wine Vinegar; boyl it into a fyrup.

Culpeper. This in my opinion is a gallant fyrup for fuch whole bodies are fluffed either with flegm of tough humors: for it opens obstructions or Hoppings both of the Stomach, Liver,

Culpeper. That is, only melt the Spleen and Reins. It cuts and brings away tough Flegm and Choler, and is therefore a special remedy for such as have a stuffing at their Stomach. Mesue prescribes ten pints of water; and a quart of Vinegar : let every one use which Dr. Experience tells, him is beft.

Syrupus de Agno casto. 50. Or;

Syrup of Agnus Castus. Colledge. Take of the feeds of Rem. and Hemp, of each balf a dram; of Endive, Lettuce, Purflai , Guords; Melons, of each two drams; of Flea-work balf an ounce, of Agnus costus four ources, the flowers of water Lillies, the leaves of Mints, of each half an handful; Decoction of feeds of entils and Coriander-feeds, of each balf an ounce ; three pound of the disoction : will them all over a gentle fire till yo pound be consumed, add to the residue being strais ned two ounces of juice of Lemmons, a pound and an half of white Sugar, make it into a Syrup according to Art.

Culpeper. A pretty Syrup, and good

for little.

Syrupus de Althea. 51. Or, Sytup of Marsh-mallows.

Colledge. Take of Roots of Martha mallows two ounces, the roots of Grass, Sparagus, Liquorice, Raifins of the Sun toned, of each balf an ounce; the tops of Mallows, Marsh-mallows, Pellitor) of the Wall, Burnet, Plantane, Maiden-hair white * What and black: red Cicers an they are ounce, of the * four greater fee at the and four teffer cold Seeds; end of the of each three drams: boyl Simples, them in fix pound of clear and before Water till four remain, the Comwhich being strained, boyl pounds in into a Syrup with four this Book. pound of white Sugar.

culpeper. It is a fine cooling, open. ing, flippery Syrup, and chiefly commendable for the Cholick, Stone, or Gravel in the Kidneys or Bladder. I shall only give you a Cantion or two concerning this Syrup, which for the forenamed effects, I hold to be excellent. 1. Be fure you boyl it enough: for if you boyl it never fo little too little, it will quickly be four. 2. For the Cholick (which is nothing else but an Infirmity in the Gut called colon, and thence it takes its Name) you had best use it in Clyflers, but for Gravel and the Stone, drink it in convenient Medicines, or by it telf, if both of them afflict you, use it both waies. I assure you, this 'Medicine will fave those that are fub-Ject to fuch Difeales, both money and milery.

Syrupus de Ammoniaco. 51. Or, Syrup of Ammoniacum.

Colledge. Take of Maudlin and Ceterach, of each four handfuls; common Wormwood an ou ce, the roots of Succory, Sparagus, bank of Caper-roots, of each two ounces : after due preparation, fteep thein 24 hours in three ounces of white-wine, Rhadish and Fumitory water, of each two pound: then boyl it away to one pound right ounces : let it fettle; in four ounces of which, whilft is warm, diffolue by it felf Gum-Ammoniacunsfirst dissolved in white wire Vinegar two ounces. Boyl the rest with a pound and an half of white Sugar into a syrup, adding the mixtures of the Gum at the end.

culpeper. It cools the Liver, and opens Obstructions both of it and the Spleen, helps old Surfeits, and such like Diseases as Scabs, Itch, Leprofie, and what else proceeds from the Liver over-heated. You may take an ounce at a time.

Syrupus de Artemifa. 51. Ot, Syrup of Mugwort.

Colledge. Take of Mugwort two bandfuls, Peniroyal, Calaminth, Orig:num, Balm, Arsmart, Ditta y of Creet, Savin, Marjerom, Germander, St. Johns wort, Camepitis, Featherfew with the flowers, Centany the left, Rem, Bettony, Bugless, of each an handful : the roots of Fennel, Smallage, Parfley, Sparagus, Brufcu: , Saxifrage, Elicampane, Ciperus, Maddir, Orris, Peony, of each an ounce; Juniper birries, the feeds of Lovage, Parfley, Smallage, Annis, Nigella, Carpobalfamum or Cubibs, Coftus, Caffia lignea, Cardanoms, Calamus aromaticus, the roots of Afarabacca, Pellitory of Spain, Valerian, of cach half an ounce; being cleanfed, cut and bruifed, let them be infufed 24 hours in fourteen pound of clear water, and boyled till half be consumed, bing taken off from the fire, and rubbed between your hands whilft it is warm : ftrain it, and with Homy and Sugar, of each two pound, Vinegar four ounces: boyl it to a Syrup, and perfume it with Cinnamon & Spicknard, of each three drams.

Culpeper. It helpeth the passion of the matrix, and retains it in its place. It dissolves the coldness, wind, and pains thereof. It strengthens the Nerves, opens the Pores, corrects the blood, it corrects and provokes the Terms in Women. You may take a spoonful of it at a time.

Syrupus de Betonia compositus. 52. Or, Syrup of Bettony Compound.

Colledge. Take of Betton three handfuls, Marjerom four handfuls and an half, Time, red Rufes, of each a handful; Violets, Stuchas, Sage, of each half

a handful; the seeds of Fennel, Annis, Liquorice-flick, or take a spoonful in and Ammi, of each half an ounce; the the morning fasting. roots of Peony, Polipodium & Fennel, of each five drams. Boyl them in fix pound of River water to three pound: strain it, and add juice of Betteny two pound, Sugar three pound and an baif; make it into a Sy-Bp.

Culpeper. It helps Diseases coming of cole, both in the head and stomach: as also luch as come of Wind, Vertigoes, Madnels, it concocts Melancholy, it provokes the Terms in Women, and so doth the simple Syrup more than the compound. The composition was framed by the Auguftan Physitians.

Syrupus Bizartinus fimple. 53.

Colledge. Take of the juice of the leaves of Endive and Smallage, of each two pound; of Hops and Bugloss, of each one pound. Boyl them together, and foum them, and to the clarified Liquor add four pound of white sugar to as much of the juices, and with a gentle fire boyl it to a Syrup.

Syrupus Byzantinus compound. 53.

Colledge. Take of the juices fo ordered as in the former four pound, in which boyl red Roses two ounces, liquorice half an ounce, the feeds of Aunis, Fennel & Smallage, of each three drams; Spickeard two drams: strain it, and to the 3 pound remaining, add two pound of Vinegar, four pound of Sugar: make foot. it into a fyrup according to art.

Culpeper. They both of them (viz) both simple and compound) open uses. You may take them with a grains, Musk one grain.

of Oake of Jerusalem.

Colledge. T. k of Oak of Jerufalem, Hedge Maftard, Nettlet, of cach two han fuls; Colts-foot one bandful and an half: boyl them in a sufficient qua tity of clear water till batf be confimed : to two pound of the decoction add two pound of the juice of Turneps biked is an over in a close pot, & with three pound of white sugar, boyl it into a fyrup.

Chipep r. This lyrup was composed ag init Coughs, thorenels of Breath, and other the like Infirmi ies of the Breft proceeding of cold, for which (if you can ger it) you may take it

with a Liquorice-stick.

Syrums Capilloium Veneris.53. Or, Syrup of Maiden-hair.

Colledge. Take of Liquorice two ounces, Maiden-hair five ounces, fleep them a natural day in four pound of warm water; then after gentle boyling, and ftrong ftirting with a pound and an half of fine fugar, make it into a Syrup.

Culpeper. It opens stoppings of the Stomach, strengthens the Lungs, and helps the Infirmities of them. This may be taken also either with a Liquorice-stick, or mixed with the Pe-Aoral Decoction like Syrup of Coles-

Syrupus Cardiacus, vel Julepum Cardiacum. 53. Or, a Cordial Syrup.

coll ege. Take of Rhenish wine two stoppings of the Stomach, Liver and pound, Role-water two ounces and an Spleen, help the Rickers in children, half, Cloves two scruples, Cinnamon cut and bring away tough Flegm , half a dram, Ginger two scruples, of and help the yellow Jaundice. Mefue! the best sugar three ounces and an faith the compound Syrup is of more half. Boyl it to the confiftence of a effect than the simple for the same Julep, adding Amber-greece three

Culp per. He that hath read thus far in this Book, and doth not know he must first boyl the Simples in the Wine, & then strain them out before he puts in the sugar, is a man that in my Opinion hath not wit enough to be taught to make a Medicine, and the College in their new Masterpiece hath lest it our. If you would have this Julep keep long, you may put immore sugar: and yet if close stopped, it will not easily corrupt, because 'tis made up only of Wine.

Indeed the wisest way is

*That lito order the quantity of
titude may
be given

*Palage of him that
fafely in all takes it, It restoreth such
composition
ons.

Indeed the wisest way is
to order the quantity of
the given

*Palage of him that
Composition
takes it, It restoreth such
comforts the Heart, cherisheth the drooping spi-

rits, and is of an opening quality, thereby carrying away those vapors which might otherwise annoy the Brain and Heart. You may take an ounce at a time, or two if you please. Syrupus Insufacionis florum Cariophillorum.

54. Or, Syrup of Clovegilliflowers.

Colledge. Take a pound of Clovegillistowers, the whites being cut off, infuse them a whole night in two pound of water, then with sow pound of sugar melted in it, make it into a syrup with-

out boyling.

culpep r. In their former, they added three pound of water, if you would infuse them, you must do it at several times. The syrup is a fine temperate syrup; it strengthens the heart, liver, and sometimes a good cordial the vital spirits, and is a good cordial in Feavers: and usually mixed with other cordials, you can hardly erre in saking it, it is so harmless a syrup.

Syrupus de Cinna non. 54. Or, Syrup of Cinnamon.

Colledge. Take of Cinnamon groffy bruised, sour ources: strep it in white wine, and small Cinnamon water, of each half a pound; three daies in a glass by a gentle five: strain it, and with a pound and an half of sugar, boyl it gent-

ly to a fyrup.

Culpeper. This comes something nearer the Augustan Dispensatory than their former did. It is not altogether the same: for then people would have said they did nothing, whereas now 'tis apparent they did something. It refresheth the vital Spirits exceedingly, and cherisheth both heart and stomach languishing through cold. It helps digestion exceedingly, and strengthens the whole body. You may take a spoonful at a time in a Cordial.

Colledge. Thus also you may conveniently prepare Symps (but only with white u ine) of Annis-seeds, sweet Fennel-seeds, Cloves, Nutmeg, Ginger,

O.C.

Syrupus Acctositatis Citriorum. 54. Or, Syrup of Juice of Citrons.

Colledge. Take of the juice of Citrons strained without expression, and cleansed a pound, white sugar two pound, make it into a syrup like a syrup of clove-gillistowers.

Culpeper. It prevails against all Diseases proceeding from Choler, or heat of Blood, Feavers both Pestilential and not pestilential. It resistes poyson, cools the blood, quencheth thirst, cureth the Vertigo or diziness

in the head.

Colledge. After the Jame manner is made fyrup of Grapes, Oranges, Barber-ries, Cherries, Quinces, Lemmons, "Tood-

Jorrel,

forrel, Mulberries, Sorrel, English Cur- pound of this juice add a pound and

rance, and other four Juices.

Cuipeper. If you look the Simples, you may see the vertues of them: they all cool and comfort the Heart, and strengthen the Stomach; Syrup of Quinces staies vomiting, so doth also Syrup of Grapes.

Syrupus Corticum Citriorum. \$4. Or, Syrup of Citron-peels.

colledge. Take of fresh yellow Citron-peels five ounces, the Berries of Chermes, or the juice of them brought over to us, two drams; spring water four pound: steep them all night, boyl them till half be confumed, taking off the scum, strash it, and with two pound and an half of the whitest Sugar boyl it into a syrup: let half of it be without musk, but perfume the other half with three grains of musk tied up in a rag.

Culpeper. It strengthens the stomach, resists poyson, strengthens the heart, and resists the passions thereof, palpitation, faintings, swoonings; it strengthens the vital Spirits, restores such as are in Consumptions, and Hectick Feavers, and strengthens Nature much. Take a spoonful at a

time.

Syrupus e Corallis simplex. 55. Or, Syrup of Coral simple.

colledge Take of red Coral in very fine powder four ounces; dissolve in it clarified juice of Barberries in the heat of a bath, a pound; in a Glass well stopped with wax or cork, a digestion being made three or four daies, pour off what is dissolved, put in fresh clarified juice, and proceed as before, repeat this so often till all the Coral be dissolved; lastly, to one

pound of this juice add a pound and an half of Sugar, and boyl it into a fyrup gently.

Syrupus e Corallis compositus. 55. Or, Syrup of Coral, compound.

Colledge. Take of red Coral fix ounces, in very fine powder, and levigated upon a Marble, adde of clarified juice of Lemmons, the flegm being drawn off in a bath, fixteen ounces; clarified juice of Barberries, eight ounces; tharpest white Wine Vinegar, and juice of Wood-forrel, of each fix ounces; mix them together, & put them in a glass stopped with cork and bladder, shaking it every day till it have digested eight daies in a bath, or horfe-dung; then filter it, of which take a pound and an half; Juice of Quinces half a pound; Sugar of Roses twelve ounces: make them into a fyrup in a bath, adding fyrup of Clove-gilliflowers fixteen ounces, keep it for use, omitting the half dram of Amber-greece, and four grains of Musk till the Phylitian command it.

culpeper. Syrup of Coral bothfimple and compound, restore such as are in Consumptions, are of a gallant cooling nature, especially the last, & very cordial, special good for Hectick Feavers, it stops fluxes, the running of the Reins, and the whites in Women, helps such as spit blood, and such as have the falling-sickness, it staies the Terms in Women: And indeed it had need be good for something, for it is exceeding costly. Half a spocmful in a morning is enough for the Body, and it may be too much for the purse.

4

Syrupus

Syrupus Cylonorum. 56. Syrup of Quinces.

Colledge. Take of the juice of Quinces clarified fix pound, hoyl it over a gentle fire till half of it be confuned, founding it, adding red Wine three pound, with white Sugar four pound, boy, ir into a lyrup to be perfumed with a dram and a half of Cinnamon. Cloves and Ginger, of each two icruples.

and fromach, staies looseness and womiring, relieves languishing Nature: for loofnesse, take a spoonful of it before mear; for vomiting after meat; for both, as also for the rest, in the

morning.

Syrupus de Esyluno. 55. Or, Syrup of Hedge-mustard.

Colleage. Take of Hedge-mustard fresh fix handfuls : the Roots of Elicampane, Colts-foot, Liquorice, of each two ounces : Borrage, Succory, Maiden-hair, of each a handful and an half; the Cordial flowers of Rolemary & Beriony of each half a hand-Iul; Annis feeds half an ounce, Railins of the stone stoned two ounces : let all of them, being prepared according to arr, he boyled in a sufficient quantity of Bariey-water and Hydromel, with fix ounces of Juice of Hedge-mustard to two pound and an half; the were taught there. It helps surfeits which with three pound of fugar, boyl into fyrup according to art.

as Afthmae hoarfnesse, &c. You may this Receipt to those whose Bodies take it either with a liquorice-flick, are subject to scabs and itch. If you with three or four ounces of Pectoral, it felf every morning.

decoction, and drink it off warm in the morning.

Syrupus de Fumaria. 56. Or, Syrup of Fumitory.

Colledge. Take of Endive, common Wormwood, Hops, Dodder, Hartstongue, of each a handful; E ithimum an ounce and an half: boyl them in rour pound of water tid half be consumed: frain it, and add the juice of Fumitory a pound and an Culpeper. It Brengthens the heart half, of Borrage and Buglois, of each half a pound, white fugar four pounds, make them into a fyrup according to art.

Culneper. The Receipt is a pretty concocter of Melancholy, and therefore a rational help for Diseases arifing thence, both internal and external; it helps diseases of the skin, as Leprofie, Carcers, Warts, Corns, Itch, Tetters, Ring-worms, Scabs, &c. and it is the better to be liked because cf its gentleness, for in my Experience. I could never find a violent Medicine do good, but ever harm in a melancholy disease (for melancholy is a sad fulien humor, you had as good vex a nest of wasps as vex it) It also strengthens the stomach and liver, opens obstructions, and is a soveraign remedy for Hypechondriack melancholy. You may add an ounce of this to the decoction of Epithimum before mentioned, and order your body as you exceedingly, cleanfeth, cooleth, and strengtheneth the Liver, and causeth Eulpepir. It was invented against it to make good blood, and good blood cold afflictions of the breft and lungs, cannot make bad fleft. I commend or which is better, mix an ounce of it ple fe you may take two ounces by

Syrupus de Glycyrrhiza 56. Or. Syrup of Liquorice.

scraped and bruised two ounces: Hylop half an ounce, fteep theie in the feeds the herbs, about a quarter four pound of hor water; after twenty four hours boyl it till half be confumed, ftrain it, and clarific it, and (being first strained and clarified) into reft Sugar, of each eight ounces, make of the best fugar. it into a syrup, adding before it be | Culpeper. You may thank Mefue perfectly boyled, red Role water fix for it, not the Colledge. It mightily ounces.

lungs, and helps continual Coughs is called Thorax) caufeth long wind, and Pleurisies. You may take it with clear voice, is a good remedy against a Liquorice-stick, or add an ounce of coughs. Use it like the syrup of Liit or more to the Pectoral Decoction, querice.

go, Oxyfaccarum simplex. 57. Or, Syrup of Pomegranates with Vinegar.

colledge. Take of white fugar a pound and an half, juice of Pomegranates eight ounces : white Wine Vinegar four ounces, boyl it gently into a lyrup.

Culpeper. Look the vertue of Pomegranates among the Simples.

> Syrupus de Hyssopo. 57. Or, Syrup of Hylop.

colledge. Take eight pound of spring water, half an ounce of Barley, boyl it about half an hour; then add the Roots of Smallage, Parfley, Fennel, liquorice, of each ten drams; Jujubes, Sebestens, of each fifteen; Raifins of the Sun stoned, an ounce and an

ces, Gum-Tragacanth tyed up in a rag, of each three drams ; Hylop meanly dried ten drams; Ma den-Colledge. Take of green Liquorice hair fix drams : boyl them toge her. yer so, that the Roos may precede white Maiden-hair an ounce, dried the Fruits, the fruits the feeds, and of an hour; at laft, five pound of water being confumed, boyl the other three with the best honey, penids, and pu- a fyrup with two pound and an half

strengthens the brest and lungs (by Culpeper. It cleanseth the breft and the breft I alwaies mean that which

Syrapus Granatorum cum Aceto; vul- Syrapus Iva arthritica, five Chamamapityos. 57. Or. Syrup of Chamepitys.

colledge. Take of Chamephys. two handfuls; Sage, Rolemary, Poleymountain, Origanum, Calaminth, wild Mints, Peniroyal, Hylop, Time, Rew, garden and wild, Bertony, Mother of Time, of each a handful; the roots of Acorns, Birth wort long and round, Briony, Dittany, Gentian, Hogs-Fennel, Valerian, of each half an ounce; the roots of Smallage, Sparagus, Fennel, Parily, Bruscus, of each an ounce; Pelitory of Spain, an ounce and an half; Stoechas, the feeds of Annis, Ammi, Caraway, Fennel, Lovage, Hartwort, of each three drams; Raifins of the Sun two ounces ; boyl them in ten pound of water to four, to which add honey and fugar, of half; Figs, Dates, of each ten; each two pound, and make it into the feeds of Mallows and Quin- la lyrup to be perfumed, with Cinnamon,

Syrups.

Culpeper. I bid them mend this for Thame last time, and the truth is, fo they have; before it was a hodgepodge that could not be made, and now tis a hodge-podge only nor worth the making.

> Syrupus Jujubinus. 58. Ot, Syrup of Jujubes.

Colledge. Take of Jujubes, Violets, five drams, Maiden-hair, new Liquorice bruiled, French-Barley, of each an ounce; the feeds of Mallows hve drams; the feeds of white Poppies, Melons, Lettuce, (feeds of Quinces and Gum-Tragacanth tied up in a rag) of each three drams; boyl them in fix pound of rain or spring water till half be confumed; strain it, and with two pound of Sugar make

it into a Syrup.

Culpeper. Those that adore the Colledge as so many little God-a-mighries, let them ask them what part of the Violers must be put in, for they must operate as near to their meanings as the men of Benjamin could throw a stone and not mis; others that do not, may be pleased to make use of the Howers. It is a fine cooling fyrup, very available in Coughs, Hoariness, and Pleurisies, Ulcers of the Lungs and Bladder, as also in all inflammations what foever. You may take a spoonful of it once in three or four hours, or if you please take it with a Liquorice-stick.

Syrupus de Meconio, five Diacodium. 58. Or Stup of Meconium, or Diacodium.

Colledge. Take of white Poppy-heads with their feeds, gathered a little af-

namon, Nutmegs, and Cubebs, of ter the flowers are fallen off, and kept three daies, eight ounces; black Poppybeads (fo ordered) fix ounces : Rain water eight pound: (teep them twenty four bours, then beat and press them gently; beyl it to three pounds, and with twenty four ounces of Sugar boyl it into a Syrup according to Art.

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Syrupus de Meconio compositus 59. Ors Syrup of Meconium compound.

Colledge. Take of white and black Poppy-heads with their feeds, fifty drams: Maiden-bair fifteen drams, Jujubes thirty: the feeds of Lettuces farty drams: of Mallows and Quiaces tied up in a rag, of each a dram and an half : Liquorice five drams, Water eight pound, boyl it according to art, strain it, and to three pound of Decoction, add Sugar and Penids, of each one pound, make it into a fyrup.

Culpeper. Meconium (the blush of which, this receipt carries in its frontispiece) is nothing else but the juice of English Poppies boyled till it be thick, as I am of Opinion that Opium is nothing else but the juice of Poppies growing in hotter Countreys (for such Opium as Authors talk of comes from utopia) and therefore in all reason is colder in quality, and therefore (I speak purely of Meconium & Opium, not of these syrups) though they be no edge-tools, yet 'tis ill jesting with them. All thele former fyrups of Poppyes provoke fleep, but in that I defire they may be used with a great deal of Caution and wariness: such as these are, are not fit to be given in the beginning of Feavers, nor to fuch whose bodies are costive: ever remember my former Motto,

Fools are not fit to make Physitians: yet to fuch as are troubled with hor sharp Rheums, you may lafely give them. And nate this, The laft, which is borrowed from Mefue, is appropriated to the Lungs, whole own words (translation excepted) of it are thefe, It prevails against dry Coughs, Pthificks, hot and tharp gnawing Rheums, and provokes sleep. It is an usual fathion for Nurles when they have heat their Milk by Exercise or strong Liquor (no marvel then if their Children be froward) then run for fyrup of Poppies to make their young ones fleep. I would fain have that fashion left, therefore I forbear the dose : let Nurles keep their own Bodies temperate, and their Children will fleep well enough, never tear.

Syrupus Mellissophilli. 59. Or, Syrup of Balm.

Colledge. Take of the Bark of Bugloss-roots, an ounce: the roots of white Dittany, Cinquefoyl, Scorzonera, of each half an ounce: the Leaves of Balm, Scabious, Devils-bit, the flowers of both forts of Buglofs, and Rofemay, of each a handful: the Seeds of Sorrel, Citrons, Fennel, Carduus, Bazil, of each three drams, boyl them in four pound of water till half be consumed; strain it, and add three pound of white Sugar: mice of Balm, and Rose-mater, of each half a pound; boyl them to a Dup, the which perfume with Cinnamon and yellow Sanders, of each half an оипсе.

culpeper. The Scorzonera roots, and Bugloss roots are added, and the Bettony roots left out, and Fernelius his name buried in oblivion; that is all the alteration. Alwaies tye the

Perfumes up in a rag, and hang them into the syrup by a string when it boyls; and hang them by a string in a Vessel (be it pot or glass) that you may keep the syrup in, being boyled. It is an excellent Cordial, and strengthens the Heart, Brest and Stomach: it resistest Melancholy, revives the Spirits, is given with good success in Feavers, it strengtheneth the Memory, and relieves languishing Nature. You may take a spoonful of it at a time.

Syrupus de Mentha. 59. Or,
Syrup of Mint.

Colledge. Take of the juice of sweet Quinces, and between sweet and sour, the juice of Pomegranates sweet, between sweet and sour, and sour, of each a pound and an half: dried Mint half a pound: red Roses two ounces: let them the in steep one day, then boyl it half away, and with sour pound of Sugar boyl it into a syrup according to art. Persume it not, unless the Physitian command.

Culpeper. The fyrup is in quality binding, yet it comforts the stomach much, helps digestion, states vomiting, and is (in my opinion) as excellent a Remedy against sour or offensive belching, as any is in the Dispensatory. Take a spoonful of it after meat.

Syrupus de Mucilaginibus. 60. Or, Syrup of Musilage.

colledge. Take of the seeds of Marshmallows, Mallows, Quinces, of each an ounce: Gum-Tragacanth three drams: let these infuse six hours in a warm Decoction of Mallows, white Poppy-seeds, and winter Cherries:

ounce and half: with which, and three ounces of the aforefaid Decoction, and two ounces of Sugar, make a

Syrup according to art.

enlpeper. A spoonful taken by it felf, or in any convenient liquor, is excellent for any sharp corroding humors, be they in what part of the body foever, Pthisicks, Bloody Flux, Srone in the Reins or Bladder, or Ulcers there: it is excellent good for fuch as have taken purges that are too strong for their Bodies, for by its flippery nature it helps corrolions; and by its cooling helps Inflammations.

> Syrupus Myrtinus. Or. Syrup of Mirtles.

Colledge. Take of Mirtle-berries two ounces and an half; Sanders white and red, Sumach, Balaustines, Barberry-flones, red Roles, of each one ounce and an half: Medlars fliced half a pound, bruise and boyl them in 8 pound of clear water to four: strain it, and add juice of Quinces and four Pomegranates, of each fix ounces: then with 3 pound of Sugar, boyl it into a fyrup.

Culpeper. The fyrup is of a very binding, yet comforting Nature; it helps such as spit blood, all fluxes of the Belly, or corrolions of the internal parts; it strengthens the retentive faculty, and stops immoderate Hux of the terms in women. A spoon

ful at a time is the Dole.

Syrupus Florum Nym be simplex. 60. Or, Syrup of Water-Lilly-

flowers, Simple. Colledge. Take of the whitest of white water-Lilly-lowers, a pound; fleep them in 3 pound of warm water

then press out the Muscilage to an i fix or seven bours; let them boy! a little, and frain them out; put in the Same weight of flowers again the second and third time : when you have frained it the last time, add its weight of Sugar to it, and boyl it to a fyrup.

> Syrupus Florum Nympheæ compositus, 60. Or, Syrup of Water Lillyflowers Compound.

Colledge. Take of white Water-Lilly-flowers half a pound, Violets two o. ces, Lettuce two banefuls, the feeds of Lettuce, Purstain, and Guords, of each half an ounce; boyl them in jour pound of clear mater till one be confumed: strain it, and add balf a pound of red Rofe-water; white Sugar four pound : boyl them into a syrup according to art.

culreper. They both are fine cooling Syrups, they allay the heat of Choler, and provoke fleep, they cool the Body, both Head, Heart, Liver, Reins and Matrix, and therefore are profitable for hot Discases in either : you may take an ounce of it at a time when your stomach is empty.

Syrufus de Papavere Biratico, five Rub. o. 61. Or, Syrup of Erratick or red Poppies.

Colledge. Take of the fresh flowers of red Poppies two pound: steep them in four pound of warm (pring-water: the next day strain and pross it, and boyl it into a syrup with its equal weight in Sugar.

Culpeper. I know no danger in this lyrup, fo it be taken with moderation (and bread immoderately taken, hurrs:) the fyrup cools the blood, helps Surfeits, and may tafely

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be given in Frenzies, Feavers, and hot Agues.

Sylupus de Pilofella. 61. Or. Syrup of Mousear.

colledge. Take of Moulear three handfuls : the roots of Ladies mantle in ounce and an hal : the roots of Comtry the greater, Maddir, white Dittany, Tormentil, Bistort, of each an ounce: the leaves of Wintergreen, Horstail, Ground-Ivy, Plantane, Adders-tongue, Strawberries, St. Jonps-wort with the flowers, Golden Rod, Agrimony, Bertony, Burner, Avens, Cinquefoyl the greater, red Coleworts, Balaustines, red Roles, or each a handful : boyl them gently in fix pound of Piantane water to three, then strain it strongly, and when it is fetled, add Gum-Tragacanth, the feeds of Fleawort, Marsh-mallows, and Quinces, made into a Musilage by themselves in Strawberry and Bettony water, of each three ounces : white fugar two pound, boyl it to the thickness of Honey.

Culpeper. Certainly they intended ling-ficknesse, and Convulsions. an universal Medicine of this, and may prove as good as Chrysippus his Coleworts. It is profitable for wounded people to take, for it is drying and healing, and therefore good for

Ruptures.

Syrupus infusionis florum Paonia. 62. Or, Syrup of the infusion of Peony Flowers.

Colledge. It is prepared just for all the world like Syrup of Clove-Gilli-

Culpeper. See Syrup of Meconium. tor the vertues.

Syrupus de Paonia compositus. 62. Or, Syrup of Peony compound.

Colledge. Take of the Roots of both forts of Peony taken up at the full-Moon, cut in flices, and steeped in white Wine a whole day, of each an. ounce and an half: Contra-yerva half an ounce: Siler mountain fix drams: Elks claws an ounce: Rolemary with the flowers on, one handful: Bettony, Hylop, Origanum, Chamepitis, Rew, of each three drams .: Wood of Aloes, Cloves, Cardamoms the less, of each two drams: Ginger, Spicknard, of each a dram ; Steechas, Nutmegs, of each two drams and an half: boyl them after. one daies warm digestion, in a sufficient quantity of distilled water of. Peony-roots, to four pound: in which (being strained through Hypocrates his fleeve) put four pound and an half of white fugar, and boyl it to a syrup.

Culpep.r. It is somewhat costly to buy, and as troublesome to make : a spoontul of it taken, helps the Fal-

Sy upus de Pomis alterans. 62. Or, Syrup of Apples.

Colledge. Take four pound of the juice of sweet sented Apples, the juice of Buzloss, garden and wild, of Violetleaves, Rose-water, of each a pound; boyl them together, and clarifie them, and with fix pound of pure Sugar, boyl it into a fyrup according to art.

Culpeper. It is a fine cooling Syrup for such whose Hearts and Stomachs are over-prefled with hear, and may fafely be given in Feavers, for it rather loofens than binds: it breeds good blood, and is profitable in Hectick Feavers, and for such as are troubled with palpitation of the heart, it quencheth thirst admirably in Feavers, and stayes Hiccoughs. You may take an ounce of it at a time in the morning, or when you need.

Syrupus de Prafid. 62. Or, Syrup of Horehound

Colledge. Take of white Horehound frefh, two ounces; Liquorice, Polipodium of the Oak, Fennel, and Smallage roots, of each half an ounce; white Maiden-hair, Origanum, H)lop, Calaminth, Time, Savory, Scabicus, Colts-foot, of each fix drams; the feeds of Annis and Cotton, of each 3 drams; Raifins of the Sun floned two ounces, fat Figs ten, boyl them in eight pound of Hydromel eill half be confumed, boyl the Decoction into a fyrup with Honey and white fugar, of each two pound, and perform it with an ounce of the Root of Orris Florentine.

Breft and Lungs, and is a fine cleanfer to purge them from thick and putrified flegm; it helps Pthisicks and Coughs, and Discases subject to old men, and cold Natures. Take it with a Liquorice-stick. Both this Receipt and the former, Fernelius was the Au-

thor of.

Syrupus de quinq; Radicibus. 63. Or, Syrup of the five opening Roots. Colledge. Take of the roots of Smallage, Fennel, Parfly, Bruscus, Sparagus, of each two ounces, spring water

gus, of each two ounces, fpring water fix pound boyl away the third part, & make a fyrup with the rest according to art, with three pound of Sugar, adding eight ounces of white Wine Vinegar towards the later end.

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Culpeper. It cleanseth and openeth very well, is profitable against obstructions, provokes Urine, cleanses the body of flegm, and is safely and profitably given in the beginning of Feavers. An ounce at a time upon an empty stomach is a good dose.

Syrupus Raphani. 63. Or, Syrup of Rhadithes.

Colledge. Take of Garden and wild Rhadish roots, of each an ounce; the roots of white Saxifrage, Lovage, Bruscus, Eringo, Relharrow, Partly, Fennel, of each half an ounce; the Leaves of Bettony, Burnet, Penyroyal, Nettles, Water-creffes, Sampire, Maiden-hair, of each one handful; Winter Cherries, Jujubes, of each ten; the seeds of Bazil, Bur, Parily of Macedonia, Heartwort, Caraway, Carrots, Gromwel, the bark of the Root of Bay-tree, of each two drams; Raifins of the Sun stoned, Liquorice, of each fix drams; boyl them in twelve pound of water to eight; strain it, and with four pound of Sugar, and two pound of Honey, make it into a fyrup, and perfume it with an ounce of Cinnamon, and half an ounce of Nutmegs.

Culpiper. A tedious long Medicine for the Stone. I wonder why the Colledge affect fuch long Long Receipts.

Syrupus Regius, alias Julapium Alexandrinum. 64. Or, Julep of Alexandria.

Colledge. Boyl four pound of Rosewater, and one pound of white Sugar into a Julep. Julep of Roses is made with Dumask Rose-water, in the very same manner.

Culpeper.

in the heat of Summer for them that have nothing elic to do with their money.

Syrupus de Rosis siccis. 64. Or, Syrup of dried Rofes.

Colledge. Take four pound of spring or well-water hor, in which infule a pound of dried Roses, by some at a time; press them out, and with two pound of fugar boyl it into a fyrup

according to art.

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Culpiper. If you boyl it, it will lofe both Colour (in fyrups made of Decottions, the colour is not so material) and Vertue, and then who but the Colledge would first cry out against such paltry fluff > I am weary with noting this in every Receipt, therefore be pleased to accept of this one general rule, It is not best to boyl any fyrups made of Infusions, but by adding the double weight of lugar (viz. Two pound of fugar to each pint of Infusion) melt it over a fire only. Syrup of dried Roses strengthens the heart, comforts the spirits, bindeth the body, helps fluxes, and corrolions, or gnawings of the Guts, it strengthens the stomach, and staies vomiting. You may take an ounce at a time, before mear, it for Fluxes; after meat, if for vomiting.

Syrupus Scabiose 64. Or, Syrup of Scabious.

Colledge. Take of the Roots of Elicampane, and Polypodium of the Oak, of each two ounces; Railins of the Sun stoned an ounce; Sebestens twenty; Colts-foot, Lungwort, Savory, Calaminith, of each a handful and an half; Liquorice, Spanish Tobacco, of each half an ounce; the

Cu'peper. Two fine cooling drinks | feeds of Nettles and Cotton, of each three drams; boyl them all (the roots being infuled in white Wine the day before) in a sufficient quantity of Wine and Water to eight ounces : frain it, and adding four ounces of the Juice of Scabious, and ten ounces of Sugar, boyl it to a Syrup adding to it twenty drops of oyl of Sulphur.

Culpeper. It is a cleanfing Syrup appropriated to the Breft and Lungs: when you perceive them oppressed by Flegm, Crudities, or Stoppings, your remedy is to take now and then a spoonful of this syrup; it is taken also with good success by such as are

Itchy or Scabby.

Syrupus de Scolopendrio. 64. Or. Syrup of Harts-tongue.

Colledge. Take of Harts-tongue three handfuls: Polipodium of the Oak, the Roots of both forts of Bugloss, bark of the roots of Capers and Tamaris, of each two ounces; Hops, Dodder, Maiden-hair, Balm, of each two handfuls; boyl them in nine pound of spring water to five, and strain it, and with four pound of Sugar, make it into a fyrup according

Culpeper. It helps the stoppings of Melancholy, opens Obstructions of the Liver and Spleen, and is profitable against splenetick evils, and therefore is a choice Remedy for the Difeafe which the vulgar call the Rickets, or Liver-grown : A spoonful in a morning is a pretious Remedy for Children troubled with that Difeafe: men that are troubled with the fpleen, which is known by pain and hardness in their left fide, may take three or four spoonfuls, they shall find this

one Receipt worth the price of the them hard out, and in two pound of whole Book.

Syrupus de Stæchade. 65. Or, Syrup of Steechas.

Colledge. Take of Stoechas flowers four ounces; Rosemary flowers half an ource, Time, Calamiath, Origanum, of each an ounce and an half; Sage, Bettony, of each half an ounce; the feeds of Rem, Peony and Fennel, of each three drams : Spring water ten pound, boyl it till half be confumed, and with Honey and Sugar, of each two bound, boyl it anto a Syrup, which perfume with Cinnamon, Ginger and Calamus Odoratus, of each two drams tied up in a Rag.

> Syrupus de Symphyto. 65. Or, Syrup of Comfry.

Colledge: Take of Roots and tops of . Comfry, the greater and leffer, of each three handfuls; red Roses, Bettony, Plantane, Burnet, Knot-graf, scabious coltsfoot, of each two handfuls; press the juice out of them, all being green and bruifed, boyl it, foum it, and ftrain it; add its weight of Sugar to it that it may be made into a fyrup, according to art.

Cuipeper. The fyrup is excellent for all inward Wounds and Bruises, Excoriations, Vomitings, Spittings, or Piffings of blood; it unites broken Bones, helps Ruptures, and stops the Terms in Women: You cannot erre in taking of it.

> Syrupus Violarum. 65. Or, Syrup of Violets.

Colledge. Take of Violet Howers fresh and picked a pound; clear water made boyling hot, two pound; fhut them up close together in a new glazed Pot, a whole day, then press

the Liquor diffolve four pound and three ounces of white fugar, take away the foum, and fo make it into a fyrup without boyling. Syrup of the Juice of Violets is made with its double weight of fugar, like the former.

Culpeper. This later fyrup is far more chargeable than the former, and in all reason is better, although I never knew it used; they both of them cool and moisten, and that very gently, they correct the sharpnesse of Choler, and give ease in hot vices of the Breft, they quench thirst in acute Feavers, and relift the heat of the Discale; they comfort het ftomachs exceedingly, cool te Liver and Heart, and refift putritaction, Pestilence, and Poyson. It is so harmleffe a lyrup, you shall hurt your Purse by it sooner than your Body.

Colledge. Julep of Violets is made of the water of Violet flowers and sugar, like Julep of Roses.

Culpeper. It is cooling and pleasant for the Gentry when they are hot with walking, for few of them much trouble their fludy.

Purging Syrups.

Syrupus de Chicorio cum Rhubarbara: Or, Syrup of Succory with Rhubarb.

Colledg. T Ake of whole Barley, the roots of smallage, fennel, and Sparagus, of each two ounces, Succory, Dandelion, Endive, Imooth Sowhistles, of each two handfuls; garden Lettuce, Liverwort, Fumitory, tops of Hops, of each one handful; Maidenhai que Cac fixt the of cne of

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hair white and black, Cetrach, Liquorice, Winter-cherries, Dodder, of each fix drams; to boyl these, take fixteen pound of spring-water, strain the liquor, and boyl it in fix pound of white Sugar, adding towards the end fix ounces of Rhubarb, fix drams of Spicknard bound up together in a thin and slack rag, the which crush often in boyling, and so make into a syrup according to art.

Culpeper. This Receipt (without a name) was borrowed from Nicho laus Fiorentinus; the difference is only in the quantity of the Rhubarb and Spike, belides the order inverted, whole own approbation of it runs in these Terms. It cleanseth the Body of venomous Humors, as Boyls, Carbuncles, and the like; it prevails against Pestilential Feavers, it strengthens the heart and nutritive vertue, purgeth by stool and urine, it makes a man have a good stomach to his meat, and provokes sleep. But by my Authors leave, I never accounted Purges to be proper Phylick in Pestilential Feavers; this I believe, the fyrup cleanfeth the Liver well, and is exceeding good for such as are troubled with Hypochondrizck Melancholy. The strong may take two ounces at a time; the weak one: Or you may mix an ounce of it with the Decoction of Senna.

Syrupus de Epithymo. 67. Or, Syrup of Epithymum.

colledge. Take of Epithimum twenty drams, Myrabolans, Citron and Indian, of each fifteen drams; Emblicks, Bellericks, Polypodium, Liquorice, Agarick, Time, Calaminth,

Bugloss, Stochas, of each fix drams; Dodder, Fumitory, of each ten drams; red Roles, Annis-seeds, and sweet Fennel-feeds, of each two drams and an half: * fweet Prunes ten, [*Would I could fee them: truly if ye would have them, I doubt you must go to Arabia where Mesue dwelt.] Raisins of the Sun stoned four ounces, Tamarinds two ounces and an half; after twenty four hours intufien in ten pound of spring Water, boyl it away, to fix, then take it from the fire and strain it, and with five pound of fine Sugar boyl it into a fyrup according to art.

Culpeper. It is best to put in the Dodder, Stoechas and Agrick, towards the later end of the Decoction. This-Receipt was Misue's, only instead of hive pound of Sugar, Mefue appoints four pound of Sugar and two pound of Sapa (the making of which shall be shewed in its proper place) and truly in my opinion the Receipts of Mefue are generally the best in all the Dispensatory, because the simples are lo pertinent to the purpole intended, they are not made up of a mels of hodge-podge, as many others are z but to the purpole. It purgeth melancholy, and other humors, it ftrengtheneth the Stomach and Liver, cleanfeth the Body of adust Choice and adust Blood, as also of falt humors, and helps Discales proceeding from thefe, as Scabs, Itch, Tetters, Ringworms, Leprosie, &c. And the truth is, I like it the better for its gentlenels, for I never fancied violent Medicines in Melancholy Diseases. A mean man may take two ounces at a time, or add an ounce to the Decoction of Epithimum.

Syrupus

Syrupus & Floribus Perficorum. 68. Or, Syrup of Peach-flowers.

colledge. Take of fresh Peach-flowers a pound, steep them a whole day in three pound of warm water, then boyl it a little, and strain it out, repeat this Insusion five times in the same Liquor, in three pound of which, dislove two pound and an half of sugar, and boyl it into a Syrup.

Culpeper. It is a gentle Purger of Choler, and may be given even in Feavers, to draw away the sharp cholerick humors according to the opinion of Andernacus, whose Receipt (all things considered) differs little

from this.

Syrupus de Pomis purgans. 68. Or, Syrup of Apples purging.

Colledge. Take of the juice of sweet smelling Apples two pound, the juice of Borrage and Bugloss, of each one pound and an half; Senna 2 ounces, Annis-seeds half an ounce, Saffron one dram. Let the Senna be steeped in the juices twenty four hours, and after a warm or two, strain it, and with two pound of white sugar boyl it to a Syrup according to art, the Saffron being tied up in a rag, and often crushed in the boyling.

Calpeper. Mosue appoints Senna Cods, and so do the Augustan Physicians, viz. the husk that holds the seeds, and the Colledge altered that, and added the Annis-seeds, I suppose to correct the Senna, and in so doing they did well. The Syrup is a pretty cooling Purge, and tends to rectifie the distempers of the blood, it purgeth Choler and Melancholy, and therefore must needs be effectual both in yellow and black Jaundice, Mad-

ness, Scurf, Leprosie and Scabs. It is very gentle, and for that I commend both the Receipt, and Mesue the Author of it. The dose is from one ounce to three, according as the body is in age and strength. An ounce of it in the morning is excellent for such Children as break out in scabs.

Syrupus de pomis magistralis. 68. Or, Syrup of Apples Magisterial.

Colledge. Take of the juice and water of fweet imelling Apples, of each a pound and an half, the juice and water of Borrage and Bugloss, of each nine ounces, Senna half a pound, Annis-feeds, and sweet Fennel-feeds, of each three drams, Epithimum of * Creet [* and why of Creet? There grew most Time upon Himertus in Greece, and Hybla in Sicilia, and fo by confequence most Epithimam] two ounces, the whitest Agarick, the best Rhubarb, of each half an ounce; Ginger, Mace, of each four scruples, Cinnamon two scruples, Saffron half a dram; infuse the Rhubarb and Cinnamon apart by it felf, in white Wine and Juice of Apples, of each two ounces; let all the reft; the Saffron excepted, be steeped in the Waters above mentioned, and the next day put in the Juices, which being boyled, scummed and strained, then with four pound of the whitest lugar boyl it into a fyrup, crushing the Saffron in it being tied up in a linnen Rag, the infusion of the Rhubarb being added at the later end.

culpeper. Out of doubt this is a gallant fyritp to purge adust Choler and Melancholy, & to relist madness. I know no better purge for such as are almost, or alrogether distracted by

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Melancholy than one ounce of this mixed with four ounces of the Decoction of Epithimum, ordering their bodies as they were taught.

Syrupus de Rhabarbaro. 69. Or, Syrup of Rhubarb.

colledg. Take of the best Rhubarb and Senna, of each two ounces and an half; Violet slowers a handful, Cinnamon one dram and an half, Ginger half a dram, Bettony, Succory and Bugloss water, of each one pound and an half: let them be mixed together warm all night, and in the morning strained and boyled into a Syrup, with two pound of white Sugar, adding towards the end four ounces of Syrup of Roses.

Culpeper. It cleanseth Choler and Melancholy very gently, and therefore fit for Children, old people, and weak bodies. You may add an ounce of it to the Decoction of Epithimum or to the Decoction of Senna. It is a very pretty Receipt made by the

Augustan Physicians.

Syrupus Refaceus folutious. 69. Or, Syrup of Rofes folutive.

colledg. Take Spring water boiling hot four pound, Damask Role leaves fresh as many as the water wil contain: let them remain 12 hours in Infusion, close stopped : then press them out, and put in fresh Rose leaves, do fo inine times [God rejoyceth in odd numbers; quoth one of their Patriachs, I should have faid a Port in the same Liquor, increasing the quantity of the Rofes as the Liquor increafeth, which wil be almost by the third part every time. Take fix parts of this Liquor, and with four parts of white Sugar, boyl it to & Syrup according to art.

culpeper. It loosneth the belly, and gently bringeth forth choler and flegm, but leaves a binding quality behind it.

Syrupus e succo Rosarum. 70. Or,

Syrup of Juyce of Roles.

Colledg. It is prepared without fleeping, only with the Juyce of Damask Roses pressed out, and clarified, and an equal proportion of Sugar added to it.

Syrupus Rosaceus selutivus cum Agarico. 70. Or, Syrup of Roses

folutive with Agrick.

Colleag Take of Agrick cut thin an ounce, Ginger two drams, Sal Gem one dram, Polipodium bruifed two ounces: sprinkle them with white Wine, and steep them two daies over warm ashes, and in a pound and and half of the Infusion of Damask Roses prescribed before, and with one pound of Sugar, boyl it into Syrup according to art

Culpeper. You had better add twice fo much Sugar as is of the Infusion, for fear the strength of the Agrick be lost in the boyling. It purgeth stegm from the Head, relieves the senses oppressed by it: it provokes the Terms in Women: it purgeth the stomach and Liver; and provoketh Urin. Some hold it an universal purge for all parts of the body: a weak bedy may take an ounce at a time; and a strong, two ounces, guiding himself as he was taught in the Decoction of Epithimum.

Syrupus Rofaceus folutions cum Helleboro 70. Or, Syrup of Rofes for lutive with Hellebore,

Colledg. Take of the bark of all the Myrobalans, of each four ounces: bruife them grofly, and steep them twenty four

keur s

bours in twelve pound of the Infusion of Roses before spoken, Sema, Epithimum, Polypodiam of the Oake, of each four ounces; Cloves an ounce, Citron seeds, Liquors, of each four ounces; the *bark of black Hellebore roots six drams: [* Take the Roots themselves, for if the Bark to be had, it is very rare] let the fourth part of the liquor gently exhale, strain it, and with sive pound of Sugar, and sixteen drams of Rhubarb tied up in a linsen rag, make it into a syrup according to art

Culpeper. You must not boyl the black Hellebore at all, or but very little: if you do, you had as good put none in. The Syrup rightly used, purgeth Melancholy, resistent Madness. I wish the Ignorant to let it alone, for fear it be too hard for

them.

na. 70. Or Syrup of Roses folutive with Senna.

Colledg. Take of Senna six ounces, Caraway and sweet Fearet seeds, of each three drams: sprinkle them with white wine, and insufe them two daies in three pound of the Insusion of Damask Ros s aforesaid, then strain it, and with two pound of the whitest sugar, boyl it into a syrup.

Culpeper. It purgeth the body of Choler and Melancholy, expels the relicts a Disease hath left behind it. The Dose is from one ounce to two. You may take it in a Decoction of Senna; it seaves a binding quality

behind it,

Syrapus de spina Cervina. 71. Or, Syrup of purging Thorn.

Collede. Take of the Perries of purging Thorn gathered in September, as may as you will, bruife them in a Rone Morter, and press out the Juyce? let the fourth part of it evaporate aw.y in a Bath, then to two pound of it add, fixteen ounces of white sugar: boyl it into a syrup, which perfume with Matich, Cianamor, Nutmegs, Anisceds in fine powder, of each three drams.

culpeper. Tragus and Pena commend it much against the Dropsie. I know nothing of it by Experience, I am confident the Colledg, when they wrote it knew as little, and therefore I hold it modesty to let it alone, as an upstart Medicine appointed to try Experiences upon poor mens bodies, and if it kill them, their friends by Law cannot question a Collegiate.

Syrups made with Vinegar and Honey.

Mel Authofatum. 71. Or, Honey of Rosemary flowers.

colledg, Take of fresh Rosemary
showers a pound, claristed Honey three pound, mix them
in a glass with a narrow mouth, set
them in the Sun, keep them for
use.

culpeper. It hath the same vertues with Rosemary flowers, to which I refer you, only by reason of the Honey, it may be somewhat cleansing.

Mel Helleboratum. 72. Or, Honey

Helleborated

Colledg. Take of white Hellebore roots bruifed a pound, clear Water fourteen pound: after three daies infusion, boyl it till half be confumed; then strain it diligently, and with three pound of Honey, boyl it to the thickness of Honey.

Culp per.

Culpeper. What a monstrum horendam horrible terrible Receipt have we got here? A pound of white Hellebore boyled in fourteen pints of water to seven. I would ask the Colledg whether the Hellebore will not loofe its Vertue in the twentieth part of this Infusion and Decoction (for it must be infused (forsooth) three daies to a minute) if a man may make so bold as to tel them the truth. A Taylors Goose being boiled that time, would make a Decoction near as strong as the Hellebore but this they will not believe: well then be it fo, imagine the Hellebore, ftil remain in its vigor after being fo long tired out with a redious boyling (for less boyling would boyl an Ox) what should this Medicine do? purge Melancholy fay they:but from whom? from men or beafts ? For the Medicine would be fo ftrong, the Devil would not take it, unless it were poured down his throat with a horn. I will not fay they intend to kill men cum priv legio, that's too gross: I charitably judg thus, Either the Vertue of the Hellebore will flie away in fuch a martyrdom, or else it will remain in the Decoction.

If it evaporate away, then is the Medicine good for nothing. If it remain in, it is enough to spoil the strongest man breathing. 1. Because it is too strong. 2. Because it is not corrected in the least; and because they have not corrected that, therefore I take leave to correct them.

Mel Mercuriale. 72. Or, Honey of Mercury.

colledg. Boyl three pound of the juyce of Mercury with two pound of Honey to the thickness of Honey.

culpeper. It is used as an Emollient in Clysters.

Mel Mororum vel Diamoron. 72. Ors

Honey of Mulberries.

Colledg. Take of the juyce of Mulberries and Blackberries, before they be ripe, gathered before the sun be up, of each a pound and an half; Honey two pound boyl them to their due thickness.

Culpeper. It is vulgarly known to be good for fore mouths; as also to

cool Inflammations there.

Mel Nucum, alias Diacorion & Dianucum. 72. Or, Honey of Nuts.

Colledg. Take of the juyce of the outward bark of green walnuts gathered in the Dog daies a pouna; boyl it gently till it be thick, and with one pound of Honey, boyl it to the thicknes of Honey.

culpeper. It is a good Preservative in pestilential times, a spoonful being taken so soon as you are up.

Mel Passulatum. 71. Or, Honey of Raisins.

Colledg. Take of Raifins of the Suz cleansed from the stones two pound z steep them in six pound of warm waters, the next day boyl it half away, and press it strongly, and with two pound of Honey let the expressed liquor boyl to its thickness.

Culpeper. It is a pretty pleafing Medicine for fuch as are in a Confumption, and are bound in body.

tum. 73. Or, common Honey
of Roles.

Colledg. Take of red Roses not quite open two pound, the best Honey 6. pound; set them in the sun according to art.

Mel Refarum Colatum. 73, Ot, Honey of Roles strained.

Colledg. Take of the best clarified Hovey ten pound, juyce of fresh red K & Roses Roses one pound: set it handsomely over the fire, and when it begins to boyl, put in four pound of fresh red Roses, the whites being cut off; the juyce being consumed by boyling and stirring, strain it and keep it for use.

Culpeper. They are both used for

dileales in the mouth.

Mel Rofarum folitivum. 73. Or,

Honey of Roles solutive.

Colledg. Take of the often infusion of Damask Ruses sive pound, Honey rightly clarified four pound: boyl it to the thickness of Honey.

Culpeper. It is used as Laxative in Clysters, and some Chirurgions use it

to cleanse Wounds.

. Colledg. After the same manner is prepared Honey of the insussion of red Roses.

Mel Scilliticum. 73. Or, Honey of Squills.

Colledg. Take one Squit ful of juyce ent in bits, & put it in a glass veffel, the mouth close stopped, and covered with a skin, set it in the sun 40 dayes, to wit, 20 before and after the rising of the Dogsar, then open the veffel, and take the juyce which lies at the bottome, and preserve it with the best Honey.

culpeper. A man never shews his folly so much as in medling with things he hath no skill in. Were it not folly in me to go teach a Smith how to make Nails? or a Farmer how to mend his Land? And what then is it for our Learned Colledg to write of Astronomy, which is a Science they have not much skill in. I told them of it list Edition, and now they have mended it as the Fletcher mended his Bolt, made two faults for one before; what should a commonwealth do with such Creatures that knew nothing, and are too proud to

learn? It belongs to their Slaves, viz. the Company of Apothecaries to ask them. 1. Which Dog star they mean. 2. Which rising, whether Acronical, Cosmical, or Heliacal

Mel Violaceum. 73. Or, Honey of Violets.

Colledg. Honey of Violets is prepared like as Honey of Roses.

Oxymel simple. 73.

Colledg. Take of the bift Honey four pound, clear water and white wine Vinegar, of each two pound: boyl them in an earthen Vessel, taking the scum off with a wooden scummer, till it be come

to the confiftence of a Sy.up.

Culp-per. Your best way is to boyl the Water and Honey sirst into a Syrup, and add the Vinegar afterwards, and then boyl it again into a Syrup. Observe that the later it be before you add the Vinegar to any Syrup, the source it will be: so may you please your self, and not offend the Colledg, for they give you latitude enough.

It cuts Flegm, and it is a good Prefervative against a Vomit.

Orymel compound. 73.

Colledg. Take of the bark of the root of Fernel, Smallage, Parfly, Bruson, Sparagus, of each two ounces; the seed of Fennel, Smallage, Parfly, Anise, of each one ounce, steep them all (the roots being first cleansea, and the seeds brussed) is six pound of clear mater and a pound and an half of Wine Vinegar: the next day boil it to the consumption of the third par: bril the rest being strained, with three pound of Honey into a liquid Syrup according to art.

Culpeper. First having bruised the roots and seeds, boyl them in the water till half be consumed, then strain it and add the Honey, and when it is almost boyled enough, add the Vinegar: and with all my heart I will put it to Dr. Reason to judge which is the best way of making of it, the Colledges or mine.

Oxymel Hell boratum. 74. Or, Oxymel Helleborated.

Colledge. Take of Rew, Time, Dictany of Creet, Hylop, Pennyroyal, Horehound, Carduus, the roots of Celtick Spicknard without leaves, the inner bark of Elders, of each a handful : Mountain Calaminth two pugills: the feeds of Annis, Fennel, Bazil, Roman Nettles, Dill, of each two drams: the roots of Angelica, Marth-mallows, Aron, Squills prepared, Birthwort, long, round and climbing, Turbith, English Orris, Castus, Polipodium, Lemmon peels, of each an ounce: the strings of black Hellebore, Spurge, Agrick added at the end of the Decoction, of each 2, drams: the bark of white Hellebore half an ounce: Let all of them being dried & bruifed, be digefted in a glass, or glazed Vessel close stopped, in the heat of the Sun, or of a Furnace: Posca, made of equal parts of Water and Vinegar, 8. pound; Sapa 3. ounces; three dayes being expired, boyl it a little more than half away; strain it, preffing it gently, and add to the liquor a pound and an half of Honey of Roses, wherein two ounces of Citron peels have been infused: boyl it to the thickness of Honey, and perfume it with Cloves, Saffron, Ginger, Galanga, Mace, of each a dra n.

culpeper. It is such a Mess of Altogether, that a man scarce knowes what to do with it; here are many Simples very cordial, many provoke the terms, some purge gently, some violently, and some cause vomiting; being all put together, I verily think the labour and cost, if put in an equal ballance, would outweigh the benefit; but the Apothecaries must make it, the Colledg commands it.

Oxymel Julianizans. 75.

Colledge. Take of the bark of Caper roots, the roots of Orris, Fennel, P. rsly, Bruscus, Cichory, Sparagus, Cyrerus, of each half an oance: the Icaves of Harts-tongue, Schenanth, Tamaris, of each half a handful: sweet Fennel seed half an ounce, insufe them in three pound of Posca, which is something sour; afterwards boyl it till half be consumed, strain it, and with Honey and boyl it to the thickness of Honey.

culpeper. This Medicine is very opening, very good against hypocondriack Melancholy, and as fit a Medicine as can be for that Disease in Children called the Rickets. Children are as humorsome as men (and that is humorsome enough, Experience, the best of all Doctors, teacheth) some love sweet things, let them take Syrup of Harts tongue; others cannot abide sweet things, to their Nature this syrup suites; being taken in the same manner.

Oxymel scilliticum simplex. 75. Or, Oxymel of Squills simple.

Colledge. Oxymel of Squills simple; is mide of three pound of clarified Honey; Vinegar of Squills two pound, boyl them according to art.

3 Culpeper.

Culp per. They fay they borrowed this Receipt of Nicholaus, but of what Nicholaus I know nor : the felf fame Receipt is word for word in Mifue, whose commendation of it is this: It curs and divides Humors that are tough and viscous, and therefore helps the itomach and bowels afflicted by fuch humors, and helps fowr belchings. If you take but a spoonful in the morning, an able body will think it enough.

View the V negar of Squills, and then your reason will tell you this is as wholfome, and fomewhat more

toothlome.

Oxymel scilliticum compositum. 75. Or, Oxymel of Squills

compound. Colledg. Take of Origanum, dryed Hysop, Time, Louage, Cardamoms the les, Stochas, of each five drams: boyl them in three pound of water to one; firain it, and with two pound of honey, honey of Rusins half a pound, suyce of Briony five ounces, Vinegar of Squills a pound and an half, boylit, and scum it

according to art.

Culpeper. Mefue faith this is good against the Falling-ficknels, Megrim, Head-ach, Vertigo, or swimming in the head, and if these be occasioned by the stomach as many times they are, it helps the Lungs obstructed by humors, and is good for women not well cleanfed after labour, it opens the passage of the Womb, 'Tis too churlish a purge for a Country man to meddle with: If the ignorant will be medling, they will meet with their matches, and fay I told them fo.

Sub Syrups as are in their rejected Dispensatory , and left out in this,

are thefe that follow.

Syrup of Purstain. Melue.

Colledge. Ake of the feed of Parflain grofly bruifed, half a pound : of the juyce of Endive, boyled and clarified, 2. pound; Sugar 2. pound; Vinegar 9. ounces: Infuse the seeds in the juyce of Endive 24. hours : afterwards boyl it half away with a gentle tire; then strain it, and boyl it with the Sugar to the confistence of a Syrup, adding the Vinegar towards the later end of the Decoction.

Culpoper. It is a pretty cooling Syrup, ht for any hot Diseases incident to the stomach, reins, bladder, matrix, or liver; it thickens flegm, cools the blood, and provokes fleep. You may take an ounce of it at a time when you have occasion.

Compound syrup of Coltsfoot. Renod. colledge. Take fix handfuls of green Coltsfoot, two handfuls of Maidenhair, one handful of Hylop, and two ounces of Liquoris; boyl them in four pints, either * of rain ot spring Water, [if I durft spend Paper about it, I could easily prove [spring water to be the best by far] till the fourth part be consumed, then strain it, and clarifie it, to which add three pound of white Sugar; boyl it to the perfect confishence of

a Syrup. Culpeper. The composition is appropriated to the Lungs; and therefore helps the infirmities, weakneffes or failings thereof: as want of voice, difficulty of breathings, coughs, hoarineis, catarhs, &c. The way of taking it is with a Liquoris stick, or if you please, you may add an ounce

fore mentioned.

Syrup of Poppies, the leffer Compofition.

Colledge. Take of the heads of white Poppies and black, when both of them are green, of each 6. ounces: the feeds of Lettuce, the flowers of Violets, of each one ounce: boyl them in eight pints of water till the vertue is out of the heads; then strain them, and with four pound of Sugar boyl the Liquor to a Syrup.

Syrup of Poppies, the greater composition. Mesue.

Colledge. Take of the heads of both white and black Poppies, seeds and all, of each 50. drams: Maidenhair 15. drams ; Liquoris five drams , Jujubes thirty by number: Lettuce feeds 40. drams, of the feeds of Millows and Quinces (tyed up in a thin linnen cloath) of each one dram and an half; boyl these in eight pints of water till five pints be confumed: when you have Brained out the three pints remaining, add to them Penids and white Sugar, of each a pound; boyl them into a syrup according to art.

Culpeper. All these former fyrups of Poppies provoke fleep, but in that I defire they may be used with a great deal of caution and wariness: fuch as these are, are not fit to be given in the beginnings of Feavers, nor to fuch whole bodies are costive; ever remember my former Motto, Fools are not fit to make Physitians: yet to fuch as are troubled with hot, sharp Rheums, you may safely give them: And note this, The last, which is borrowed from Mefue, is appro-

of it to the Pectoral Decoction be priated to the Lungs, whose own words (translation excepted) of it are these: It prevails against dry Coughs, Prificks, hot and fharp gnawing Rheums, & provokes fleep. It is an usual fashion for Nurses when they have heated their Milk by exercise or strong Liquor (no marvel then if their Children be froward) then run for Syrup of Poppies to make their young ones fleep. would fain have that fathion left, therefore I forbear the Dose: Let Nurles keep their own Bodies temperate, and their children will fleep well enough, never fear.

> Syrup of Eupatorium (or Maudlin) Mcfue.

Colledg. Take of the roots of Smallage, Fennel and Succory, of each two ounces: Liquoris, Schananth, Dodder, Wormwood, Roses, of each 6. drams; Maiden-hair, Bedeguar, or instead thereof, the roots of Carduus Mariæ, * Suchaha [* A kind of Thorn growing in Egypt and Arabia or instead thereof, the roots of Avens, the flowers or roots of Buglois, Annis feeds, fweet Fennel feeds, Ageratum, or Maudin, of each five drams : Rhubarb, Maftich, of each three drams; Spicknard, Indian leaf, or instead of it put Roman Spike, of each two drams: boyl them in 8. pints of water till the third part be confumed; then strain the Decoction, and with 4. pound of Sugar, clarified Juyce of Smallage and Endive, of each half a pound; boyl it into a fyrup.

Culpeper. Tis a strange clause, and the stranger, because it comes from a Colledg of Physicians; that they should fet Bedeguar, or instead

thereof

thereof, Cardines Marie : It is well known, that the Bedeguar used here with us, or rather that which the Phylitians of our times ule for Bedeguar, is a thing that growes upon wild Roses; but the B dequar of the Arabians was Carduus Marie (it is that we call our Ladies Thiftle, having white Veins in the Leaf, and uleth to be eaten in the ipring time) and they know well enough Mefuc (whose Receipt this was) was an Ararian. Truly it is just as if they should fay, They would have ten shillings for a Visit, or instead of that an Angel: there being indeed and in truth, as much difference between Beneguar and Cardiaus Marie, as between eight pence and two groats. It amends infirmities of the Liver coming of cold, opens obstructions, helps the Dropfie, and evil state of the Body: it extenuates gross humors, ftrengthens the Liver, provokes Urine, and is a prefent fuccor for hypocondriack melancholy. You may take an ounce at a time in the morning : it opens, but purgeth not.

. Honey of Emblicks. Augustanus. Colledg. Take fifty Emblick My-

robolans, bruife them and boyl them in three pints of water till two be confumed; strain it, and with the like weight of Honcy, boyl it into a syrup.

culpeper. It is a fine gentle purger both of flegm and melancholy; it flrengthens the Brain and Nerves, and fenses both internal and external, helps tremblings of the Heart, stayes vomiting, provokes appetite. You may take a spoonful at a time.

ROB, Or, SAPA, and JUYCES.

fe

Culpeper. R OB is something an uncouth word, and happily formidable to the ignorant Country-man in these thieving times; & therefore in the first place, I will explain the word. 1. Rob, or Sapa, is the Juyce of a Fruit, made thick by the hear either of the Sun, or the fire, that it is capable of being kept fafe from putrifaction, 2. Its use was first invented for Diseases in the mouth, (however, or for whatfoever it is used now, it matters not) 3. It is usually made, in respect of body, something thicker than new Honey. 4. It may be kept about a year, little more or less.

Rob five Sapa, fimplex. 76. Or, Simple Rob, or Sapa.

Colledg. Take of vine newly pressed from white and ripe Grapes, boy lit over a gentle fire to a third part, or to the thickness of honey.

Culpeper. When ever you read the word Rob, or Sapa, throughout the Dispensatory, simply quoted in any Medicine, without any relation of what it should be made, this is that you ought to use.

Rob de Barberis. 76. Or, Rob of Barberries.

Colledg. Take of the juyce of Barberries strained as much as you will, boyl it by it self (or else by adding half a pound of Sugar to cach pound of juyce) to the thickness of Honey. feth the mouth of the stomach, thereby staying Vomiting, and belching, it strengthens stomachs weakned by hear, and procures appetite. Of any of these Robs you may take a little on the point of a knife when you need.

> Rob de Cerafis. 76. Or, Rob of Cherries.

Colledg. Take of the juyce of red cherries somewhat sowrish, as much as you will, and with half their weight in clarified sugar boyl them like the for-

Culpeper. See the vertues of Chergies; and there have you a neat trick to keep them all the year.

> Rob de Cornis. 76. Or , Rob of Cornels.

Colledg. Take of the juyce of cornels two pound: the best sugar a pound and an half : boy i it according to art.

Culpeper. Of these Cornel trees are two forts, male and female; the fruit of the male Cornel, or Cornelian Cherry is here to be used for the female is that which is called Dogberry, in the North Country they call it Gatterwood, & we in Sulle " Dogwood. I suppose because the Berries will make Dogs mad as some hold: also it is very unwholsome Wood, specially for such as have been bitten by mad Dogs.

The fruit of male Cornel, binds exceedingly, and therefore good in Huxes, bloody fluxes, and the immoderate flowing of the terms in wo-

Rob Ciaoniorum. 76. Or, Rob of Quinces.

of Quinces, boyl it till two parts be weight.

Culpeper. It quencheth thirft, clo- | confumed, and with its equal weight in Sugar boyl it into a Rob.

> Miva vel Gelatina Eorundem. 76. Or. Jelly of Quinces.

> Colledg. Take of the juyce of Quinces clarified twelve pound, boil it balf away, and add to the remainder old white wine five pound, confirm: the third part over a gentle fire, taking away the four, as you ought, let the reft fettle, and strain it, and with three pound of Sugar boil it according to art.

Culpeper. Both are good for weak

and indisposed stomachs.

Colledg. Rob of four Plums is made as Rob of Quinces: the use of Sugar is indifferent in them both.

Rob of English Currants is made in the fame manner , let the juyce be clari-

fied.

Culpeper. The vertues are the fame with Rob of Barberries.

Rob Baccarum Sambuci, 77. Or, Rob of Elder-berries.

colledge. Take of the juyce of Elder berries as much as you pleafe, and make it thick with the help of a gentle fire ; either by it felf , ora quarter of its weight in fugar being added.

Culp per. Both Rob of Elder berries and Dwarf-Elder, are excellent for such whose Bodies are inclining to Dropfies, neither let them neglect nor despise it, if they do 'cis not my fault. They may take the quantity of a Nutmeg each morning, 'cwill gently purge the watry humour.

Colledge. In the sime manier is made Rob of Dwirf Elder, Finipers, and Pauls Betony, only in the laft, the Colledg. Take of the clarified juyce Sugar and Juyce must be equal in the

Succus.

Succus Glycyrribize simplex. 77. Or, Juyce of Liquoris simple.

colledge. Infuse Liquoris roots cleansed and gently bruised, three dayes in spring water, so much that it may oretop the roots the bredth of three singers; then boyl it a little, and press it hard out, and boyl the liquor with a gentle fire to its due thickness.

Culpeper. It is vulgarly known to be good against Coughs, Cold, &c. and a strengthener of the Lungs. Succus Glycyrchize compositus. 77. Or,

Juyce of Liquoris compound.

Colledge. Take of the water of tender Oak leaves, of Scabious, of each four pounds: English Liquoriss scraped and bruised two pound: boyl them by degrees till they be soft, then press out the Liquor strongly in a press, to which add three pound of juyce of Hysop, and dry it away in the Sun in a broad Earthen Vessel.

culpeper. The vertues are the same with the former, but that the Colledg loves to be troublesom.

Succus Prunorum Sylvestrium. 78. Or, Juyce of Sloes, called Acacia-

Colledg. Take of flors bardly ripe, press out the juyce, and make it thick in a bath.

Cuipeper. It stops Fluxes, and pro-

cures appetite.

Colledge. So are the juyces of wormwood, Maudlin, and Fumitory made thick, to wit, the Herbs bruised while they be tender; and the juyce pressed out, and after it be clarified, boyled over the fire to its just thickness.

LOHOCH, OR, ECLEGMATA

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Culpeper. DEcause this word also is understood but by few, we wilt first explain what it is. 1. The word Lobosh is an Arabick word, called in Greek Eclegma, in Latin Linctus, and fignifies a thing to be licked up. 2. It is in respect of Body, something thicker than a fyrup, and not fo thick as an Electuary. 3. Its ufe it was invented for, was against the roughness of the Windpipe, Diseases, and Inflammations of the Lungs, difficulty of breathing, Colds, Coughs, &c. 4. Its manner of reception is with a Liquoris Rick, bruised at the end, to take up some & retain it in the mouth till it melt of its own accord.

Lohoch de Farfara. 79. Or, Lohoch of Coltsfoot.

Colledge. Take of Coltsfoot roots cleanled eight ounces: Marshmallow roots four ounces cleanfed, boyl them in a sufficient quantity of spring water, and press the pulp out through a sieve, distolve this again to the Decoction, let it boyl once or twice, then take it from the fire, and add two pound of white fugar, honey of raifins fourteen ounces, juyce of liquoris two drams and an half: ftir them flourly with a wooden pestel, mean season sprinkle in saffron and cloves, of each a scruple; Cinnamon and Mace, of each a scruple, make them into a Lohoch according to art.

Culpeper. It was invented by an uncertain, or an unrevealed Author for the Cough, and they that cannot get a better nor a cheaper may freely use

shis

this: for the Colledg gives them through a linnen cloth, then with a leave if they appoint it, not elfe. Those that have read the Augustan Phylicians, may read a Chapter there, and thole that have not, nor cannot, may know if they please, how they are led by the note.

Lohoch de Papavere. 79. Or: Lohoch of Poppies.

Colledge. Take white Poppy feeds twenty four drams, fweet Almonds blanched in Rolewater, Pinenuts cleanled, Gum Arabick and Tragacanth, of each ten drams; Juyce of Liquoris an ounce, starch 3. drams, the feeds of Lettuce, Pursiain, Quinces, of each half an ounce; Saffron adram, Penids four ounces, Syrup of Meconium three pound, make it into a Lohoch according to art.

Culpeper. The Right Worshipful the Colledg of Physicians, having found a Medicine called by this name in the Augustan Dispensatory, did as well as they could to alter it a little, that fo they might make Fools believe it was their own. It helps falt, sharp and thin distillations upon the Lungs: it allaies the fury of fuch tharp humors which occasion both roughness of the Throat, want of fleep and Feavers. It is excellent for fuch as are troubled with Pleurifies, to take now and then a little of it.

> Lohoch e Passulis. 80. Or, Lohoch of Raisins.

fop, Balm, Harts-tongue or Ceterach, Als, Oh, that there were a Sword in of each half a handful : boil them in my hand , that I night kill thee. The Spring water, and press them strongly Medicine is excellent for continual and by adding a pound of Raisins Coughs, and difficulty of breathing,

pound of white fugar, make it into a

Lohoch according to art.

Culpeper. Although this Medicine be feldom in ule with us in England, yet by report of forraign Physicians. it is very prevalent, both against Coughs, Contumptions of the Lungs, and other vices of the Breast, and is usually given to Children for such Diseases, as also for the Convulsions, and Falling-fickness (the difference of which two difeases, is not much) and indeed the simples testifie no less.

> Loboch e Pino. 80. Or. Lohoch of Pinenuts.

Colledge. Take of Pinenuts, fifteen drams, fweet Almonds, Hazelnuts gently rofted, Gum Arabick and Tragacanth, powder and juvce of Liquoris, white starch, Maidenhair, Orris roots, of each two drams, the pulp of Dates seventeen drams, bitter Almonds one dram and an half, honey of Raisins, white Sugar-candy, fresh Butter, of each two ounces, Honey one pound and an half : distolve the Gums in fo much Decoction of Maidenhair as is sufficient; let the reft be mixed over a gentle fire, and ftirred, that fo it may be made into a Lohuch.

Culpeper. Before, the Colledg followed the Augustan Physicians to a hair and indeed who can blame them? Now they have altered the quantities of the fimples, and if you ask them the Reason why they did so, Colledg. Take of male Peony roots, you that have the fame answer Ba-Liquoris, of each half an ounce; Hy- | laam gave when he disputed with his bruiled; boil it again, preffing it it fuccors fuch as are Afthmatick, (Althma,

Ashma, is a Disease when thick tough flegm sticks in the Lapets of the Lungs.) for it cuts and attenuates tough Humours in the Breast.

> Lohoch de Portulaca. 80. Or, Lohoch of Purstain.

Colledg. Take of the strained juyce of Purstain two pound, Troches of terra Lemnia two drams, Troches of Amber, Gum Arabick, Dragons blood of each one dran, Lapis H. mititis, the wool of a Hare rosted, of each two scruples, white sugar one pound: Mix them together, that so you may make a Loboch of them.

Culpeper. The medicine is so terrible binding, that it is better let alone than taken, unless in inward bruises when men spit blood, then you may

fafely take a little of it.

Lohoch e Pulmone Vulpis. 81. Or, Lohoch of Fox Lungs.

Colledg. Take of Fox Lungs rightly prepared, juyce of Liquoris, Maidenbair, Annifeeds, sweet Fennel seeds, of each equal parts, sugar dissolved in Coltifoot and Scabious water, and boyled in a syrup, three times of their weight; the rest being in sine powder, let them be put to it and strongly stirred together, that it may be made into a Loboch ac-

cording to art.

Culpeper. Look what pains the Colledge hath taken in altering this Receipt; here is a little Scabious water added and that's all: why should they think themselves wifer than Mesue, A. M sue appoints sixteen ounces of Honey, and no Sugar nor uncertain quantity of any thing, and reason it selt will tell you Honey is most cleansing. A. It cleanseth and uniteth Ulcers in the Lungs and

Breast, and is a present remedy in Prificks.

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Lohoch Sanum & Expertum. 81. Or, A found and well experimented Lohoch.

Gill dge. Take of dried garden hylop and calaminth of each half an ounce, Jujabes, Sebestens, the stones being taken out, fifteen raisins of the fun ftoned, * fat figs, [* Now they appoint fat Figs as I b d them last time.] new Dates, of each two ounces, Linfeed, Fenugreek feed, of each five drams, Maidenhair one handful, Annis feeds, Iweer Fennel feeds, Orris roots cut, Liquoris, Cinnamon of each an ounce; boyl them according to art in four pound of cleer water, till half be confumed, and with two pound of Penids boyl it into a fyrup; afterwards cut and bruise very imill Pine-nuts five drams, sweet Almonds blanched, Liquoris, Gum Tragacanth and Arabick, white starch of each three drams, orris root two drams, let thefe be put into the fyrup, when it is off from the fire, and ftir it about swiftly with a wooden Pestel till it look white.

Culpiper. Only Mesue appoints one dram less of Linseed, and whereas they appoint white Sugar, he appoints Penids, else the receipt is verbatim. A.It success the Breast, Lungs, Throat, and * Trachaa Arteria [*0, "inapipe.] oppressed by cold, it restores the voyce lost by reason of cold, and attenuates thick and gross humors in the Breast and Lungs.

I oboth Scilliticum. 81. Or, Lohoch of Squills.

Colledg. Take three drams of a squil baked in past, Orris roots two drams,

baked in a stone Mortar, and after it ring for Afthmaes, and fuch as are hath boiled a walm or two with the troubled with difficulty of breathing; Honey, put in the rest of the things it cuts and carries away humors in powder, diligently ftirring it, and from the breft, be they thick or thin, art.

(if they be not ashamed to own it, as they need not, for they cannot mend general Squils, and faid it was M. fu's, but pipe. they were besides the cushion, it was this.

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Eclegma of Squils. Mefue.

Colledge. Take of the payce of Squils and Honey, both of them clarified of each to art to the consistence of Honey.

culpeper. And my Descant upon it was this, How the name of M fue came to be obtruded upon this Receipt, I know not; this I am confident of, Galen was the Author of it: neither is it probable the Colledge would have given the name of Eclegma, but Lebech had it been the Receipt of an Arabian : neither can it be the Printers fault, for he vapors at the later end of the Book, that he hath made none, and he hath done it in English, that the vulgar may understand THAT in the Book, though nothing elfe. Ah sh, quoth they, have we got | Colledg. the wrong fow by the ear, and hath he found out our knavery? it cannot be holp, we will leave out that here, and feal one from Mefue to put in you muft put or your fectacles : farestead of it, which is what they pre- ly the Colledge migook a Tobaccoscribed but now. For the ver- pipe for the pith] being taken out,

drams; Hylop, Horehound, of each and Oximel of Squils, only this is one dram; Saffron, Mirrh, of each more mild, and not so harsh to the half a dram; Honey two ounces and throat, because it hath no vineger an half, bruife the squill after it is in it, and therefore is far more fitmake it into a Lohoch according to and wonderfully helps indigeftion of victuals and eafeth pains in the breft: Culpeper. In their former Edition and for this I quote the authority Alwaies take this as a of Galen. Aphorism in Physick, it) they quoted another Lchoch of four things are offensive to the wind-

Culpeper. Lohochs left out in their new Model, because they must be

deing.

Lohoch of Colemorts. Gordonius. Colledge. Take one pound of the two pound; boyl them together according juyce of coleworts clarified, Saffron three drams; clarifica Horey and Sugar, of each half a pound; make of them a Loboch according to art,

> Culpeper. It helps Hearineis, and loss of voice, easeth surfets and headach coming of crunkennels, and opens obstructions of the Liver and Spleen, and therefore is good for that Discase in Children which Women

call the Rickers.

Preserved Roots, Stalks, Barks, Flowers, Fruits, Pulps. Page 82.

Ake of Eringo roots 25 many as you will, cleanse them without and within , the pith * [If you would fee the pith, tues of it fee Vinegar of Squils, steep them two dayes in cleer water, Shifting

thifting the water sometimes, then dry then with a cloth, then take their equal weight in white Sugar, and as much role water as will make it into a fyrup, which being almost boyled put in the Roots, and let them boyl till the moisture be consumed, and let it be brought to the due body of a fyrup. Not much unlike to this, are preserved the roots of Acorus, Angelica , Borrage , Bugloss , Succory, Elicampane, Burnet, Satyrion, Cicers, Comfry the greater, Ginger, Zedoary. Take the stalks of Artichokes, not too ripe, as many as you will, and (contrary to the roots) take only the pith of thefe, and preferve them with their equal weight in fugar, like the former. So are prepared the stalks of Angelica, Burs, Lettuce, &c. before they be too ripe. Take of fresh Orange peels as many as you will, take away the exteriour yellownels, and steep them in Spring water three daies at the leaft, often renewing the water, then preserve them like the former. In like manner are lemmons and citron peels preserved. Preferve the flowers of Citrons, [but where must we have them?] Oranges, Borrage, Primroles, with Sugar, according to art. Take of Apricocks as many as you will, take away the outer skin and the stones, and mix them with their like weight in lugar, after four hours take them out, and boyl the fugar without any other liquor, then put them in again, and boyl them a little. Other fruits have the fame manner of being preferred, or at leaft not much unlike to it, as whole Barberries Cherries, Cornels, Citrons, Quinces, reaches, common apples, the five forts of Myrobalans, Hazel nuts, Walnuts, Nut-

megs, Raisins of the Sun, Pepper, brought green from India, Plums garden and wild; Pears, Grapes, Pulps are aifo preserved, as of Barberries, Cassia Fistula, Citrons, *Cinosbatus, [* I think they mean the fruit of Bryars, a choakie thing,] Quinces, and Sloes, &c. Take of Barberries as many as you will, boyl them in spring water till they are tender, then having pulped them through a fieve, that they are free from the stones, boyl it again in an earthen Vessel over a gentle fire, often stirring them for fear of burning, till the watry Humor be confumed, then mix ten pound of Sugar with fix pound of this pulp, boyl it to its due thicknesse. Broom buds are also preserved, but with Brine and Vinegar, and so are Olives and Capers. Lastly, amongst the Barks, Cinnamon; amongst the Flowers. Roses, and Marigolds; amongst the Fruits, Almonds, Cloves, Pine-nuts, and Fistick-nuts, are said to be prelerved, but with this difference, they are encrusted with dry sugar, and are more called Confects than Preferves.

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Conserves and Sugars.

Woodsorrel, the flowers of the herbs of Wormwood, Sorrel, Woodsorrel, the flowers of Oranges, Borage, Buglos, Betony, Marigolds, the Tops of Carduus, the Flowers of Centaury the less, Clove-gilliflowers, Germander, Succory, the Leaves of Scurvy-grasse, the Flowers of Comfry the greater, Citraria, Cinosbatis, [I know not what they mean by Citraria, nor what by Cynosbatus, while they mean Byx-flowers.]

the

the Roots of Spurge, Herbs and Flowers of Eyebright, the tops of Fumitory; Goats-rew, the flowers of broom not quite open, Hylop, Lavender, white Lillies, Lillies of the Valley, Marjoram, Mallows, the tops of Balm, the Leaves of Mints, the flowers of Water-lillies, red Poppies, Peony, Peaches, Primroles, Roses, Damask, red Rosemary, the Leaves of Rew, the flowers of Sage, Elder, Scabious, the leaves of Scordium, the flowers of Limetree, Coltsfoot, Violets; with all thefe are Conserves made with their treble proportion of white fugar; yet note that all of them must not be mixed alike, some of them must be cut, bearen, and gently boyled; some neither cut, beaten, nor boyled; and some admit but one of them, which every Artist in his Trade may finde out by this Premonition and avoid

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culpeper. What a half-faced order to make up Conserves do the Colledg here leave? Indeed it belongs to the Apothecaries Trade: Is it not sufficient for a Gentleman to go to a Smith, and bid him shooe his Horse, but he must go about to teach him how to make his shooes and nails? Would he not by medling with what he hath no skill in, quickly shew what a Lubber he is? And what then can one say of the Colledge? Mutato nomine de te sabula narratur.

SUGARS.

Diacedium solidum, sive Tabulatum. 86. Colledge. Take of white Poppy

heads, meanly ripe, and newly gathered, twenty; steep them in three pound of warm spring water, and the next day boyl them till the vertue is out, then strain out the liquor, and with a sufficient quantity of good sugar, boyl it according to art that you may make it up into Lozenges.

Culpeper. This Receipt is transcribed verbatim from the Augustan Physitians, though the Colledge (through forgetfulness or something else) hide it: the vertues are the same with the common Diacodium, viz. To provoke sleep, and help thin rhewms in the head, coughs, and roughness of the throat, and may easily be carried about in ones pocket.

Saccharum tabulatum simplex, & perlatum 86. Or, Lozenges of Sugar both simple and pearled.

colledg. The first is made by pouring the sugar out upon a Marble; after a sufficient boyling in half its weight of Damask rose water: And the later by adding to every pound of the former towards the later end of the Decostion, Pearls, prepared and bruised half an ounce, with eight or ten Leaves of Gold.

Culpeper. Here the Collede have left out that blasphemous speech, which I cannot write without horror, nor an honest man read without trembling, viz. to call a little Rose water and sugar boyled together, The Hand of Christ: A. It is Naturally cooling, appropriated to the heart, it restores lost strength, takes away burning seavers, and false imaginations, (I mean that with Pearls, for that without Pearls is ridiculous

e Phylitians Library.

tidiculous) it hath the same Vertues | Coughs, and they are sometims used Pearls have.

Saccharum Tabellatum compositum. 86.

Or, Lozenges of Sugar, Compound.

Colledg. Take of choyce Rhubarb four scruples, Agarick trochiscated, prepared half an ounce, Nutmigs, white Corallina, burnt Hartshorn, Dittany of Creet, Wormfeed and Sorrel feed of each a scruple, Cinnamon, Zedoary, Cloves, Saffron, of each half a scruple, white Sugar finely beaten, a pound, dissolved in four ounces of Wormwood water, Wormwood wine an ounce, Cinnamon water a spoonful, with the forenamed powders, make it into Lozenges according to Art.

Culpeper. The Title shews you the vertues of it? for my part, I think in penning of it, they made a long

Harvest of a little Corn.

Saccharum Penidium, 86, Or. Sugar Penids.

Colledg. Are prepared of Sugar diffolved in fpring water by a gentle fire, and the Whites of Eggs diligently beaten, and clarified once, and again whileft it is boyling, then Arain it and boyl it gently again, till it rife up in great bubbles, and being chewed, it flicks not to your Teeth, then pour it upon a Marble, anointed with Ovl of Almonds, (let the bubbles Arft fink, after it is removed from the Fire) bring back the outfides of it to the middle, till it look like larch rofin, then your hand being rubbed with white starch, you may draw it into threds either fhort or long, thick or thin, and let it cool in what form you please.

Culpeper. I remember Country people were wont to take them for in other compositions.

confectio de thure. 87. Or, Confection of Frankinlence.

Colledg. Tike Coriander feeds Frankinfence, of each three drams; Liquoris, Mastich, of cach two drams : Cubebs, Hartshorn prepared of each one dram; conferves of red Roles an ounce, white Sugar as much as is Sufficient to make it into mean bits.

culpeper. I cannot boaft much neither of rarity nor vertues of this Re-

ceipt.

Saccharum Rofatum. 87. Or, Sugar of Roles

Colledg. Take of red Rose leaves the whites being cut off, and speedily dryed in the Sun an ounce, white Sugar a pound, melt the Sugar in Rosewater and juyce of Roles, of each two ounces, which being confumed by degrees, put in the Rose Leaves in powder, mix them, put it upon a Marble, and make it into Lozenges ac-

cording to art.

Culpeper. As for the vertues of this, It strengthens weak stomachs, weak hearts, and weak brains, restores such as are in Consumptions, restores lost strength, stayes fluxes, easeth pains in the head, ears and eyes, helps spiting, vomiting, and piffing of blood; it is a fine commodity for a man in a Consumption to carry about with him and ear now and then a bit. This they mended as I bid them; it's a comfort they will do fomething as they are bid.

Species,

Species or Powders.

Aromaticum caryo byllatum. 88.

Colledge. Take of thes feven drams, Mace, Z do ry, Galanga the lef , yellow Sanders, T.o.b.s, Diarrhodon, Ciniamon, wood of Alers, Indian Spicknard, long P. prer; Cardamoms the left, of each a gram; rea Rofes four drams, G Ria Moschata, Liquoris, of each two diams ; of I dian Leifs, Cubebs , of cach two foruples: beat th.m all dili ently into Po er.

Culpeper. This powder frengthens the Heart and Stom ch . helps dige-Rion, expell th wind, fta es vomiting, and c'eanseth the ftomach of putrified humburs. This they have mended alfo, as I in my former Edition

thewed them.

Aromiticum Rolitum. 88.

Colledge. Take of red Roses exungulated fifteen drams , Liquoris fiven drams, wood of Aloes, yellow Sanders, of each three drams; Cinnamon five drams; cloves, Mace, of cach two drams and an bilf; Gum Arabick and Tragacanth, of each eight scruples ; Natmegs, Cardamoms the left, Galanga, of each one dram; Indian Spicknard impregnable. two (cruples: make it into a Powder to be kept in a glass for use.

Culpeper. They have here only left out the Musk, and Ambergreece, viz Musk one scruple, Ambergreece two scruples for fear the Receipt should drams, ram filk toafted; both forts of be too good. It strengthens the Brain, Coral, of each two drams : Facinthy Heart and Stomach; and all fuch Emerald, Saphire, of each half a dram; internal members as help towards S. fron a scruple, the leaves of Gold concoction. It helps digestion, con- and Silver, of each ten [How big must sumes the watry Excrements of the they be] make them into Powder Bowels, firengthens such as are pined according to Art.

away by reason of the violence of the Disease, and restores such as are in a Confumption.

Pulvis ex chelis Cancrorum compositus. 89. Or, Powder of Crabs Claws compound.

Colledge. Take of Pearls prepared Crab: iyes, red Coral, white Amber, Ha ts horn, Oriental B. zoar, of each half an ou ce; powder of the black tops of Crab. cl ws the weight of them all : b at them i to Powder which may be made into bills with Jeliy, and the skins rebieb our Vipers bave cast off

waily dried and kept for ufe.

Culp pe. This is that powder they ordinarily call Gascoiens powder, there are divers Receirts of it, of which this is none of the worft, though the making of making it up, be Antick, and exceeding difficult, if not impossible: but that it may be had to do a man good, when Adders skin cannot be gotten, you may make it up in a Jel'y of Harts horn, into which put a little S ffron five or fix grains is exceeding good in a Feaver to be taken in any Cordial: for it cheers the Heart and vital Spirits exceedingly, and makes them

Species cordiales temperata. 89. Colledge. Take of wood of Aloes; Sporium, of cach a dram; Cinnamon; Cloves, bone of a Stags heart, the roots of Angelica, Avens and Tormentilisach a dram and an balf; Pearls prepared fix

Gulpeper

Culpeper. Musk and Ambergreece, of each half a dram, is here left out. It was not done for cheapness, for it will still be dear enough. It is a great Cordial, a great strengthener both of the Heart and Brain.

Diacalaminth simpl. 89.

colledge. Take of Mountain Calaminth, Peniroyal, Origanum, the feeds of Macedonian Parfly, common Parfly and Hartwort, of each two drams; the feeds of smallage, the tops of Time, of each half an ounce; the feeds of Lovage, black Pepper, of each an ounce: make them into powder according to art.

Culpeper. It heats and comforts cold bodies, cuts thick and groffe Begm, provokes Urine, and the Terms in women. I confess this differs something from Galen, but is better at leastwife for our bodies, in my opinion, than his. It expels wind exceedingly, you may take half a dram of the powder at a time. There is nothing furer than that all powders will keep better in Electuaries than they will in Powders, and most part of them were quoted Electuaries by the Authors from whence they had them; and into fuch a body, if you please you may make it with two pound and an half of white Sugar diffolved in Rose water.

Diacalaminth compound. 89.

Colledge. Take of Discalaminth fimple half an ounce, the leaves of Horehound, Marjoram, Balm, Mugwort, Savin dried, of each a dram; Cyperus roots, the feeds of Maddir and Rew, Mace, Cinnamon, of each two feruples. Bear them and mix them diligently into a Powder according to art.

Culpeper. This seems to be more appropriated to the feminine gender than the former, viz. to bring down the Terms in Women, to bring away the Birth and After-birth, to purge them after labour: yet it is dangerous for Women with Child.

Dianisum. 90.

colledge. Take of Annis-seeds two ounces and an half, Liquoris, Mafich, of each an ounce; the seeds of Caraway, Fennel, Galanga, Mace, Ginger, Cinnamon, of each five drams; the three forts of Pepper, Cassia lignea, Mountain Calaminth, Pellitory of Spain, of each two drams, Cardamoms the greater, Cloves, Cubebs, Indian Spicknard, Saffron, of each a dram and an half: make them into powder.

Culpeper. Mesue appointed this to be made into an Electuary. It is chiefly appropriated to the stomach, and helps the cold infirmities thereof, raw slegm, wind, continual Coughs, and other such Diseases coming of Cold. You may safely take a dram of the Electuary at a time. You may make an Electuary of it with its treble weight of clarified Honey.

Pulvis Radicum Ari compositus. 90, Or, Powder of Aron Roots Compound.

colledge. Take of Aron roots two ounces, of common Water-flag and Burner, of each an ounce; Crabs eyes half an ounce, Cinnamon three drams, Salt of Wormwood and Juniper, of each one dram; make them into Powder.

tell me what it is good for.

Diairces. simple. 90.

Colledge. Take of Orris-roots half an ounce, Sugar-candy, Diatragacanthum frigidum, of each two drams:

make them into powder.

Culpeper. I do not mean the Diatragacanthum frigidum: for that is in powder before. It comforts the Breft, is good in Colds, Coughs and Hoarsness. You may mix it with any any pectoral Syrups which are appropriated to the same Diseases, and so take it with a Liquorice stick.

Dialacca. 90.

Colledge. Take of Gum-lacca prepared, Rhubarb, Schenanth, of each three
drams; Indian Spicknard, Mastich,
the juice of Wormwood and Agrimony
made thick, the seeds of Smallage, Annis,
Fennel, Ammi, Savin, bitter Almonds,
Mirrh, Costus or Zedoary, the roots of
Maddir, Asarabacca, Birthwort long
and round, Gentian, Saffron, Cinnamon,
dried Hysop, Cassa lignea, Bdellium, of
each a dram and an half; black Pepper,
Ginger, of each a dram: make them
into Powder according to art.

Culpeper. If the Colledge were made to fast till they could beat this into powder, they would make poor weak Receipts in a little time. According to Mefue, you ought to diffolve the Mirrh and Bdellium in Wine, and together with the Simples beaten in hne powder, make it into an Electuary with a sufficient quantity of clarified Honey. It strengthens the Stemach and Liver, opens Obstructions, helps Dropfies, yellow Jaundice, provokes Urine, breaks the stone in the Reins and Bladder. Half a dram is a moderate Dose. If the Parient be ffrong, he may take a dram in white Wine. Let Women with child forbear ite

Pulvis cardiacus Magistralis. 91.

Colledge. Take of East Bezoar, bone of a Stags beart, of each a dram and an half; Magisterium of white and red Coral, white Amber, Magisterium of Pearl, Harts-horn, Ivory, Bole-armonick, Earth of Germany, Samos and Lomnos, Elks claws, Tormentil roots, of cach a dram; wood of Aloes, Citronipects, the roots of Angelica and Zedoary, of each two scruples, leaves of Gold twenty, Ambergreece one scruple, Musk six grains: mix them, and make them into Powder.

Culpeper. It is too dear for a vulgar purse, yet a mighty Cordial, and great strengthener of the Heart and Vitals in Feavers.

Diamargaritum frigidum. 91.

Colledge. Take of the four greater cold feeds, the feeds of Purflain, white Poppies, Endive, Sorrel, Citrons, the tore. Sanders, wood of Aloes, Ginger, red Refes exungulated, the flowers of Water-litties, Buglofs, Violets, the berries of Mirtles, bone in a Stags heart. Ivory, Contrayerva, Cinnamon, of each one dram ; both forts of Coral, of cach balf a dram; Pearls three drams Campbire fix grains: make them into Powder according to art. Observe that the four greater cold feeds, and the Poppy-feeds, are not to be added before the powder be required by the Physician for use. Do so by the other powder, in the composition of which these powders are used.

culpeper. Here you may see what a Labyrinth the Colledge have run themselves into through their fantasticalness, viz. because they would seem to be singular in sailing contrary to wifer Physicians, they run upon two dangerous Rocks in this one Receipt. 1. It is a costly Cordial, and

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not usually above one dram of it (very into an Electuary, by mixing it with feldome half a dram) given at onc time, and thefe feeds excepted against in their caution, and upon grounds just enough, a e not the tenth part of the composition, which a dram being pretcribed) is but fix grains, which fix grains is to be divided into five equal parts (a nice point) one part for each leed. 2. If this Rock were put off, yet then can you not beat them into powder alone, because they are so moith, & yet it is not mended now. They have left out the Ambergreece fix grains, and the Roman Doronicum, instead of which they put in the like quantity of Contra-yerva. As for the vertue of it, Authors hold it to be restorative in Consumptions, to help fuch as are in Hectick Feawers, to reftore ftrength loft, to help Coughs, Afthmacs, and Confumptions of the Lungs, and restore such as have laboured long under languishing or pining D. leales.

Diambra. 92.

Colledge. Take of Cimamon, Angelica-voots, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs, Indian leaf, Gilanga, of each three drams: Indian Spicknard, Cardamons greater and leser, of each one dram; Ginger a dram and an half, wood of Aloes, yellow Sanders, long Pipper, of each two dram; Ambergreece a aram and an half, Musk half a dram: make them all into Powder according to art.

Culpeper. Mefue appropriates this to the Head, and faith, It hears and Arengthens the brain, caufeth mirth helps Concoction, cherisheth the animal, vital and natural Spirits. I' Arengthens the Heart and Stomach, and refifts all cold Diseases, and is therefore special good for women & pld men. Your best way is to make ir

three times its weight of clarified Honey, and take the quantity of a Nurmeg of it every morning. Here also they have left out the Doronicum,& put in Angelica-toots.

Diamoschu dulce. 92.

Colledge. Take of Saffron, Galanga, Zedoary, Wood of Aloes, Mace, of cach two drams; Pearl, raw filk toa led, white Amber, red Corat prepared, Gullia moschata, Basil, of each two drams and an half ; Ginger, Cubebs, long Pepper, of each a dram and an half; Nutmegs, Indian-leaf or Cinnamon, Cloves, of each one dram : Musk two fcruples : make them into Powder according to

ATT.

Culpeper. It wenderfully helps cold afflictions' of the Brain that come without a Feaver, Melancholy, and its attendants, viz. fadnesse without a cause, Vertigo or Diziness in the Head, Falling-fickness, Palfies, resolution of the Nerves, Convulsions, Heart-qualms, afflictions of the Lungs, and difficulty of Breathing. The dose of the powder is half a dram or two scruples, or less, according to the age or ftrength of him or her that take it. Mesue appoints it to be made into an Electuary with clarified Honey, and of the Electuary, two drams is the dose. The time of taking it, is in the morning falting.

Diameschu amaram. 92.

Colledge. It is prepared by adding to the for:named, wormwood, dried Rofes, of each three drams; the best Alves washed, half an ounce, Cinnamion two draws and an balf, Castoreum and Louver, of each one dram: make them tato Powder.

the former, it purgeth the stomach ry, you may take a dram of it upon of putrified Humors.

Species Dianthus. 93.

. Colledge. Take of Rolemary flowers an ounce, red Rofes, Violets, Liquorice, of each fix drams; Cloves, Indian Spicknard, Nurmegs, Galanga, Cinnamon, Ginger, Zedeary, Mace, Wood of Aloes, Cardamoms, the less, the feeds of Dill and Annis, of each four scruples : make them into Powder according to Art.

Culpeper. It strengthens the heart, and helps the passions thereof; it caufeth a joyful and cheerful mind, and strengthens. such as have been cleansed, white Poppy-seeds, of each weakned by long fickness. It strengthens cold stomachs, and helps Di- heart, of each half a scruple; red Rogestion notably. The Dose is half a see exungulated, one ounce and three Electuary with Honey, and take two them into Powder according to art.

Diapenidion. 93.

drams of that at a time.

ounces, Pine-nuts, sweet Almonds fon of heat. The Dose of the Powblanched, white Poppy-feeds, of each | der is half a dram, and two ounces three drams and a scruple; [Cinnamon, Cloves, Ginger, which three Sugar disfolved in Rose-water you being omitted, it is Diapenidion with- may make it; and can the Colledge out species] juice of Liquorice, justly say tis destructive to the Com-Gum-Tragacanth and Arabick, white mon-wealth Starch, the four greater cold Seeds husked, of each a dram and an half; Camphire 7 grains: make them into Powder.

Culpeper. It helps the vices of the Breft, Coughs, Cold, Hoarfnels, and Confumptions of the Lungs, as also fuch as fpit matter. You may mix it with any Pectoral Syrup, and take it with a Liquorice stick, if you fancy

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7.

- Culpeper. Befides the Vertues of the Powder best ; but if the Electuaa knifes point at any time when the Cough comes.

Diarrhodon Abbatis. 93.

Colledge. Take of Sanders white: and red, of each two drams and an half; Gum-Tragacanth, Arabick, Ivory, of each two fcruples; Alarabacca-roots, Mastich, Indian Spicknard, Cardamoms, Liquorice, Saffron, Wood of Aloes, Cloves, Gallia Mof-: chata, Annis and Iweet Fennel-leeds, Cinnamon, Rhubarb, Bazil sceds, Barberry-feeds, the feeds of Succory, Purslain, the four greater cold feeds a scruple; Pearls, bone of a Stags. dram; you may make it into an drams, Camphire leven grains, make

Culpeper. It cools the violent heat of the Heart and Stomach, as also of the Liver, Lungs and Spleen, eafeth pains in the Body, and most Infir-Colledge. Take of Penidies two mittes coming to the Body by redof the Electuary, into which with

Diaspoliticum. 94.

Colledge. Take of Cummin-leeds steeped in sharp Vinegar and dried, long Pepper, Rew leaves dried, of each an ounce; Nitre half an ounce: make them into powder.

Culpeper. It is an admirable Remedy for such whose meat is putri-

fied in their stomachs, it helps cold | and then a little of it with a Liquostomachs, cold belchings and windy. You may take half a dram after meat, either in a spoonful of Maskadel, or in a Syrup of Mirtles or Quinces, or any Cordial Water whose effect is the lame.

Species Diatragacanthi frigiai 94. College. Take of white Gum-Tragacanth two ounces, Guni-Arabick an ounce and two drams, white flarch half an ounce, Liquorice, the feeds of Melones and white Poppies, of each three drams; the feeds of Citruls, Cucumers and Gourds, of each two drams; Penids 3 ounces, Camphire half a scruple: make of them a powder according to Art. Also you may make an Electuary of them with a furficient quantity of Syrup of Violets; but have a care of what was told you before, of the Seeds. (Quoth the Colledge, Before, when all bonefty was not fled to Hea-Det.)

· Culpeper. If you please to put in the cold feeds, (which the reverend Colledge appoints to be left out, till the Powder come to be used, and then 'tis impossible to put them in, as I shewed before) and so make it up into an Electuary; then I can tell you what the Vertues are. It helps the faults of the Breft and Lungs coming of heat and dryness: It helps Consumptions, Leanness, Inflammations of the fides, Pleurifies, &c. hot and dry Coughs, Roughnels of the Tongue and Jaws. But how to make ought of the Receipt as the Colledge have ordered it, belongs to another Oedipus, and not to me. It is your best way to make an Electuary very moist, and take now

rice Stick.

Diatrion Piperion. 94.

Colledge. Take of the three forts of Peppers, of each fix drams and fifteen grains ; Annis-feeds, Time, Ginger, of each one dram : beat them. into gross Powders.

Culpeper. It heats the stomach and expels wind. Half a dram in Powder, or two drams in Electuary (for fo Galin who was Author of it, appoints it to be made with clarified Honey, a tufficient quantity) if age and drength permit; if not, half so much is a sufficient Dose to be taken before meat, if to hear the stomach and help digeftion; after meat, if to expel wind.

Diatrion Santalon. 44.

Colledge. Take of all the forts of Sanders, red Roses, of each 3 drams; Rhubarb, Ivory, juice of Liquorice, Purflin-feeds, of each two drams and 15 grains; white Starch, Gum-Arabick, Tragacanth, the sceds of Melones, Cucumers, Citruls, Gourds, Endive, of each a dram and an balf; Campbire a Scruple: make them into Powder according to art.

Culpeper. It is very profitable against the heat of the Stomach and Liver: besides, it wonderfully helps fuch as have the yellow Jaundice and Confumptions of the Lungs. You may fafely take a dram of the Powder, or two drams of the Electuary in the morning fasting; for most of their Powder will keep better by half in Electuaries, and were so appointed by those from whence they took them.

Pulvis

Pulvis Hali. 95.

colledge. Take of white Poppy feeds ten drams, white Starch, Gum Arabick and Tragacanth, of each Jacinth, Granates, Emerald, of each three drams; the feeds of Purflain, a dram; Terra Lemnia, Bole-arme-Marsh-mallows, Mallows, of each nick, red Coral prepared, Pearls prefive drams, Cucumers, Melones, pared, of each two drams; Zedeary, Guords , Citruls, Quinces, of each Unicorns horn , East and West Befeven drams; Ivory, Liquoris, of zoar, Musk, Ambergreece, Cameach three drams. Penis the weight phire, Squinanth, Saffron, of each of them all: make them into Pow-half a dram; yellow Sanders, Wood der according to Art.

der, fit for all hot imperfections of four scruples, bone of a Stags heart, the Breaft and Lungs, as Consump- Citron peels, Chermes, of each half tions, Pleurisies, &c. Your best way a dram; Chymical Oyl of Cinnais to make it into a fost Electuary mon and Nutmegs, of each five with Syrup of Violets, and take it drops: make of them a most subtil as Diatragacanthum frigidum. They Powder according to Art. have only taken a little pains to alter the quantities, elfe 'tis the fame with all their heads together to invent a

the former.

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Letificans. 95.

Colledge. Take the flowers of clove the Purse into Consumption. Bazil, or the feeds thereof, Saffron, Zedoary, wood of Aloes, Cloves, Citron peels, Galanga, Mace, Nutmegs, Styrax Calamitis, of each two drams and the feeds of Sorrel, Endive, Corianan half ; Ivny , Antis-feeds , Time, Epithimum, of cach one dram; Bone of a Stags heart, Pearls, Camphire, of each half a dram; leaves of Gold and Bole-armenick, Earth of Lemnos, it into Powder according to Art.

a good colour, helps digestion, and roots of Serpentary, Avens, Angeli-

ules.

Pulvis Bezoardicus Magistralis. 36. Or, Bezoardick Powder

Magisterial. Colledge. Take of Saphire, Ruby, of Aloes, Benjamin, of each two Culpeper. It is a gallant cool Pow- scruples; Magisterial Phylonium

Culpeper. Surely the Colledge laid Cordial that should be so dear no body should buy it, I am afraid to look upon it. 'Tis a great Cordial to revive the Body, but it will bring

Species confectionis Liberantis. 96. Colledge. Take of Tormental roots, der prepared, Citron, of each one dram and an half; all the Sanders, white Dittany, of each a dram; Silver, of each balf a scruple; make of each three drams; Pearls, both forts of Coral, white Amber, Ivory, Culpeper. It causeth a merry heart, Spodium, bone of a Stags heart, the keeps back, old age. You may mix ca, Cardamoms, Cinnamon, Mace, half a dram of it to take at one time, Wood of Aloes, Cassia Lignea, Safor leffe if you please, in any cordial fron, Zedoary, of each half a dram; Electuary appropriated to the same Penids, raw Silk rosted, Emeralds, Jacinth, Granate, the flowers of L 4

Water-

fes, of each one scruple; Camphire Seven grains : make them into pow-

der according to Art.

culpiper. The Serpentary Roots are added, and Musk and Ambergreece, of each three grains; left out because cestructive to the Commonwealth. It is exceeding good in pefi ential Feavers, and preferves from ill airs, and keepeth the hamours in the body from corruption, it cools the heart and blood, ftrengtheneth fuch as are oppressed by hear. conclude, it is a gallant cool Cordial though coffly. It being out of the reach of a vulgar mans purie I omit the Dose, let the Gentry and Nobility study Physick themselves, so shall they know it; for had they wanted hear s to that fludy no more than they wanted time and means, it had been far better for this Kingdome than now it is. It a Gentleman have no skill in Physick himfelf; Dr. Dunce, if he have a Plush Cloak on, will ferve his turn.

Pulvis Saxonicus. 96.

Colledge. Take of the Roots of both forts of Angelica, Swallow wort, garden Valerias, Polipodium of the Oak, Mir h-mallows, Nettles, of each baif an ounce ; the Bark of German Megereen , two arams , twenty grains of Herb time-love, the leaves of the fame, roots and all, thirty fix, the roots being Reepet in Vinegar a d dryed, beat st all into Powd r.

Culpeper. It feems to be as great an expeller of poylon, and as great a prefervative against it, and the Peftilence, as one shall usually read of. Widdow-wail left out by Gf acr , Crato, and others : and out of

Water Lillies, Bugloffe and red Ro- | question it makes the Receipt the werle and not the better. Whether they intend the flower of Herb Truelove, thereby diftinguithing it from one leaf of the flower, or whether they mean the flower and branch, is very difficult, if not impossible to judge : for their word [cum to 0] comprehends all, both roots, branch, leaf, and flower.

Pulvis Antily [us. 97.

Colledge. Take of leaves of Rem. Vervin, Sage, Plantane, Polipodium, common Wormwood, Mints, Mugwort, B.Im, Bettony, St. Johns wort, Centaury the less, of each equal parts: let in.m all be gathered in their greateft (trength, which is about the full Moor in June, and dried speedily in a warm Sun, and renewed yearly, and not beaten to powder tall you have occasion to

ufatbem.

Culpeper. I see now the Colledge is not too old to learn how to dry Herbs, for before they appointed them to be dryed in the shadow: I would they would learn humility, and mind the common good, and confider what infinite number of poor creatures perish daily (whom Christ hath purchased to himself. and bought with the price of his blood) through their hiding the Rules of Phylick from them, who else happily might be preserved, if they knew but what the Herbs in their own Gardens were good for : Why did they change the name of this Receipt from a Powder against the bitings of mad Dogs, to Pulvis Antilyssis? Was it not because people should not know what it is good tor; but if they be bitten, they may be mad and hang themselves for all them;

at head the first blow. A dram of morning.

Rofita Novella. 97.

Colledge. Take of red Roses, Liquoris, of each one ounce, one dram two [they should have added a quar- last time. ter of a grain, and half a quarter] Cloves, Iidian Spicknard, Ginger, Galanga, Nutnegs, Zedoary, Styrax calamitis, Cardamoms , Parfley feed, them into Powder.

Culp-per. Excellently penned, them i to powder. thens such as have laboured long Medicine, else, the Colledge will under Cronical Diseases. You may have mens bones enough to burn. take a dram of the Electuary every morning, if with clarified Honey you please to make it into such a body.

Pulvis Thuraloes. 97.

Colledge. Take of Frankincense one dram, Aloes half a dram, beat them Caraway, Fennel, Cummin, Spicknard, into Powder.

with the white of an Egg (beat the beat it into powder. white of the Egg well first) as will Culpeper. bleedeth, binding in on.

is a pretty Medicine, and will flick in white Wine will work fuffion till the fore be throughly healed, ciently with any ordinary body.

them : I believe I have hit the nailf and then will come off of it felf. . I remember when I was a Child, we the Powder is sufficient taken every applied such a Medicine (only weleft out the Aloes and Frankincenfe. and used only Coneys wool and the white of an Egg) to kibed heels, and alwaies with good success. And why: fcruples and an half; Cinnamo: † two could they not here fet down the drams, two fcruples, and two grains, vertues and way to use it, as they did

Pulvis Hermodoctylorum compositus. Or, Powder of Hermon : dactiles compound.

Colledge. Take of mens boses burnt, of each one feruple eight grains: beat Scammon, Herwolactils, Turbith, Senna, Sugar, of each equal parts: beat

even to half a grain. It quencheth Culpeper. Tis a devilith Purge. thirft, and staics vomiting, and the good for nothing but to destroy men; Author faith it helps hot and dry fto- your fouls being led to your graves mache, as also heat and driness of the by their directions, like theep to the Heart, Liver and Lungs, (yet is the flaughter, and know not whither powder it felf hot) it strengthens the you are going, nor what hurts you; vital Spirits, takes away heart- or if you do are they questionable qualms, provokes sweat, and ftreng- by Law? Dear souls, avoid this

> Pulvis Sene compositus major. 98. Or, Powder of Senna, the greater Composition.

Colledg. Take of the feed of Annis, Cinnamor, Gilanga, of each half an Culpeper. And when you have oc- ounce: Liquoris, Gromwel, of each an casion to use it, mix so much of it ounce: Senna the weight of them all:

That this Receipt is make it of the thickness of Honey, gallantly composed none can deny, then dip the wool of a Hare in it, and and is an excellent purge for fuch apply it to the fore or part that bodies as are troubled with the wind chollick, or stoppage either of Culpeper. In my opinion this Guts or Kidneys: two drams taken

Let weak men and children tak less, | keeping within doors and warm. And why must the Colledge spit their venom in defacing the name of the deceased Dr. Ralph Holland, with a deleatur; why should all be accounted their own?

Pulvis Sene compositus minor. 98. Or, Powder of Senna, the leffer Composition.

Colledge. Take of the best Senna two ounces, Cream of Tartar half an ounce, Mace two scruples and an halt, Ginger, Cinnamon, of each a dram and an half; Sal gem one dram, beat it into powder according to Art.

culpeper. This powder purgeth melancholy, and cleanfeth the head; Montagnanus was the Author of it, only the Colledge something altered the quantities of the Simples: The following powder works fomething violently by reason of the Scammomy that is in it; this is more gentle, and may be given without danger, even two drams at a time to ordinary bodies. I would not have the unskilful meddle with the following. Neither is it fitting for weak bodies and Children; such as are strong may take a dram, or a dram and an half; mixing it with white Wine: let them take it early in the morring after they are up, and not fleep after it for fear of danger; two hours after , let them drink warm polfet drink, and fix hours after eat a bit of warm Mutton, let them walk about the Chamber often and not stir the quantity Analogically. out that day.

Diafcana. 98. Colledge. Take of Senna, Cream cf Tartar, of each two ounces;

Cloves, Cinnamon, Galanga, Ammis of each two drams; Diagridium half an ounce; beat it into powder according to Art.

B

culpeper. Out of question some body had formerly curled the Colledge for calling fo violent a Purge a HOLY POWDER, and therefore now they changed the name: yet this Use may fafely be made of their Doctrine, "Themselves being vio-"lent, count the violentest things " the most holy.

. Diaturbith with Rhubarb. 98.

Colledge. Take of the best Turbith, Hermodactils of each an ounce: Rhubarb ten drams, Diagridium half an ounce, Sanders red and white, Violets, Ginger, of each a dram and an balf: Maflick, Annis-feeds, Cinnamon, Saffrom, of each balf a dram: make it into Powder.

Culpeper. This also purgeth flegm and choler. Once more let me defire fuch as are unskilful in the Rules of Physick, not to meddle with purges of this nature (unless prescribed by a skilful Physician) left they do themfelyes more mischief in half an hour, than they can claw off again in half a year.

The POWDERS they in their new Model have plaid the men

and left out, are thefe:

The leffer cordial Powder, Fernelius. Col- T Ake of Harts horn, Unicorns ledg. I horn, Pearls, Ivory, of each fir grains : beat them into fine Powder. If you mean to keep it, you may encrease

The greater cordial Powder. Fernel. Colledge. Take of the roots of Tormentil, Dittany, Clove gill flowers, Scabious, the feed of Sorrel, Coriander prepared, Citron, Carduus

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Benedictus, Endive, Rew, of each | only the Gun of a Tree.] Mummy of one dram: of the three forts of * Sanders, [* white, red and yellow] Been, white and red (or if you cannot get them, take the roots of Avens and Tormentil in their stead) Roman Doronicum [* a kind of wolf-bane] Cinnamon, Cardamoms, Saffron, the flowers of both forts of * Bugloss, [* viz. Borrage and Bugloss] red Roses, and Water-lillies, Wood of Aloes, Mace, of each two scruples, Ivory, Spodium, bone of a Stags heart, red Coral, Pearls, Emerald, Jacinih, Granace, of each one scruple, raw filk * torrified [* aried or roafted by the fire] Bole-armenick, earth of Lemnos, of each half a dram: Camphire, Ambergreece, Musk, of each fix grains; best them into powder according to art, and with eight times their weight in white Sugar, diffolved in Rose-water, you may make them into Lozenges, if you please.

culpeper. Both this and the former Powder, are appropriated to the Heart (as the titles fhew) therefore they do strengthen that and the vital spirit, and relieve languishing nature. All thele are cordial Powders, and seldome above half a dram of them given at a time, I suppose more for the cost of them than any ill effects they work, they are too high for a poor mans purie, the rich may mix them with any cordial Syrup or Ele-Augry which they find appropriated

to the fame ule theie are.

A Powder for such as are bruised by a Fall. The Augustan Physitians Colledge. Take of Terra figillata, * Sanguis Draconis [* Dragon blood so called, though it be nothing elfe, but 100 much if the Patient be fea-

each two drams; Sperma cœti one dram; Rhubarb half a dram: beat them into Powder according to art.

Culpeger. You must beat the reft into powder, and then add the Sperma cœci to them atterwards, for if you put the Sperma coeti and the rest altogether, and go to beat them in that fathion, you may as loon beat the Mortar into powder, as the Simples. Indeed your best way is to beat them leverally, and then mix them altogether, which being done, makes your a gallant Medicine for the Infirmity specified in the Title, a dram of it being taken in Muskadel, and sweating after it.

> Species Electuarii Dyacimini. Nicholaus.

Coll dge. Take of Cummin-feed infuled a natural day in Vinegar, one ounce and one scruple; Cinnamon, Cloves, of each two drams and an half: Galanga, Savory, Calaminth, of each one dram and two icruples : Ginger, black Pepper, of each two drams and five grains, the sceds of Lovage, and * Ammi [* Bijhop weed] of each one dram and eighteen grains; long Pepper one d am, Spicknard, Nutmegs, Cardamoms, of each two icruples and an half; beat them and keep them diligently in powder tor your uie.

Culpeper. It hears the stomach and bowels, expels wind exceedingly, helps the wind-Cholick, helps digeition hindred by cold or wind, is an admirable remedy for wind in the Guts, and helps quartan Agues. The Powder is very hot: half a dram is enough to take at one time, and

verifh,

Wine. It is in my opinion a fine gloss, the feeds of Sorrel and Bazil, compound Powder.

weerith, you may take it in white- yellow, the Flowers of Borrage and Bugloss, the feeds of Sorrel and Bazil,
both forts of Been (for mant of them

Species Electuarii Diagalange. Mesuc.

colledge. Take of Galanga, wood of Aloes, of each fix drams; Cloves, Mace, seeds of Lovage, of each two drams; Ginger long and white, Pepper, Cinnanion, Calamus Aromaticus, of each a dram and an half; Calaminth and Mints dried, Cardan moms the greater, Indian Spicknard, the seeds of Smallage, Annis, Fennel, Caraway, of each one dram; beat them into powder according to art. Also it may be made into an Electuary with white Sugar desolved in Malaga-wine, or twelve times the weight of it of clarified Honey.

the weight of the Simples is too much by half, if not by three parts. Honest Mesus appoints only a sufficient quantity, and quotes it only as an Electuary, which he saith prevails against wind, sower belchings, and indigestion, gross Humors and cold afflictions of the Stomach and Liver. You may take half a dram of the powder at a time, or two of the Electuary in the morning sisting, or an hour before meat. It helps digestion exceedingly, expels wind, and heats a

cold Stomach.

Species Electuarii de Gemmis frigidi.

Colledge. Take of Pearls prepared three drams: Spodium, Ivory, both forts of Coral, of each two drams; the Flowers of red Roses a dram and an balf; Jacinth, Saphire, Emerald, Sardine, Granate, Sanders white, red and

yellow, the Flowers of Borrage and Buglofs, the seeds of Sorrel and Bazil, both sorts of Been (for want of them the roots of Avens and Tormentil) of each one dram; Bone of a Stags heart half a dram: Leaves of Gold and Silver, of each fifteen: make of them all a powder according to art, and let it be diligently kept. Icri

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Species Electuarii Diamargariton Calidi. Avicenna.

colledge. Take of Pearls and Pellitory of the Wall, of each one dram; Ginger, Mastich, of each half an ounce. Doronicum, Zedoary, Smallage-seeds, both sorts of Cardamoms, Nutmegs, Mace, of each two drams; Been of both sorts, (if they cannot be procured, take the Roots of Avens and Formentil) black and long Pepper, of each three drams; beat them in powder, and keep them for your use.

Culpeper. Avicenna prescribes this as an Electuary, and so are most of all the Colledges Powders prescribed by those from whom they borrowed them, as I told you before, and they will keep longer and better in Electuaries than in Powders; but people must be fantastical. This (queth Avicenna) is appropriated to Women, and in them to Diseases incident to their Matrix, but his reasons I know not; It is cordial and heats the sto-

mach.

Lithontribon, Nicholaus, according

calledge. Take of Spicknard, Ginger, Cinnamon, black Pepper, Cardamoms, Cloves, Mace, of each half a dram, Costus, Liquorice, Cyperus, Tragacanth, Germander, of each two scruples;

Icruples; the seeds of * Bishops-weed | peels, of each half a dram and fix [* Ammi.] Smallage, Sparagus, Bazil, Nettles, Citrons, Saxifrage, Burnet, Caraway, Carrots, Fennel, Brufcus, Parfly of Macedonia, Burs, *Sefeli, [Or Hartwort.] Alarabacca, of each one dram ; Lapis spongiz, Lyncis, Cancri, Judaici, of each one dram and an half; Goats-blood prepared an ounce and an half, beat them all into powder according to Art.

Culpeper. The truth is, the Colledge have altered this Receipt much, and I am perswaded have made it much better. Neque enim benefacta, maligne detractare meum eft. It heats the stomach, and helps want of digestion coming through cold, it ealeth pain in the Belly and Loins, the * Iliack passion [* A Disease that causerh men to vomit up their Excrements.] Powerfully breaks the Stone in the Reins and Bladder, it speedily helps the Cholick, Strangury, and Dilury. The dole is from a dram to half a dram, take it either in white-Wine, or Decoction of Herbs tending to the lame purpoles.

Carduus benedictus seeds stamped and taken, eafeth pains, eches and Stitches in the fides, as also griping

of the Belly and Guts.

Pleres Arcontices. Nicholaus. colledge. Take of Cinnamon, Cloves, Galanga, Wood of Aloes, Indian Spicknard, Nutmegs, Ginger, Spodium, Scheenanthus, Cyperus, * Roses [* red roses out of question: yet it feems the Colledge either did not know, or did not care wich] Violets of each one dram, Indian leaf or Mace, Liquoris, Maftick, Styrax Calamitis, Marjerom, Costmary or water mints, Bazil, Cardamonis, long and white Pepper, Mirtle-berries, and Citron-

grains, Pearls, Been white and red (or it they be wanting, take the roots of Avens and Tormentil in their steads) red Coralstor ified filk, of each eighteen grains, Musk fix grains, Camphire four grains, beat them into powder according to Art, and with ten times their weight in Sugar diffolved in Balm-water, you may make

them in an Electuary.

Culpeper. It is exceeding good for fad, melancholy, lumpifh, penfive, grieving, vexing, pining, fighing, fobbing, fearful careful spirits, it strengthens weak stomachs exceedingly, and helps such as are prone to faintings and fwoonings, it strengthens such as are weakned by violence of fickness, it helps bad memories, quickens all the senses, strengthens the brain and animal spirit, helps the Falling-fickneffe, and fuccors fuch as are troubled with Afthmaes, or other cold afflictions of the Lungs. It will keep best in an Electuary, of which you may take a dram in a morning, or more, as i ge and Strength requires.

A Pris roative Powaer against the Peftilence. Montagnan.

Colledge. Take of all the + Sanders, [† White, Red and Yellow.] the seeds of Bazil, of each an ounce and an balf; Bol - Armenick, Cinnamon, of cach an ounce; the roots of Dittany, G ntian, and Tormentil, of each two drams and an half : the feeds of Citron and forrel, of each two drams ; Pearls, Saphire, bone of a stags heart, of each one dram: beat them into powder according to Art.

Culpeper. The Title tells you the vertue of it: Belides, it chears the vital spirits, and Arengthens the Heart.

You may take half a dram every morning either by it feif, or mixed with any other convenient composition, whether Syrup or Electuary.

Diaturbith the greater, without Rhubarb

Colledge. Take of the best Turbith an ounce, Diagridium, Ginger, of each half an ounce; Cinnamon, Cloves, of each two drams; Galanga, long Pepper, Mace, of each one dram; beat them into powder, and with eight ounces and five drams of white Sugar diffolved in Succory water, it may be made into an Eleduary.

culpeper. It purgeth flegm; being rightly administred by a skilful hand.

I fancy it not.

A Powder for the Morms.

Colledge. Take of Wormfeed, four ounces, Sinna an ounce, Cortander feed prepared, Harts-born, of each balf a dram; Rbubarb half an ounce, dried Rew two drams: beat them into powder.

Culpeper. I like this Powder very well, the quantity, (or to write more Scholastically, the dose) must be regulated according to the age of the Patient, even from ten grains to a dram; and the manner of taking it by their Palate. It is something purging.

ELECTUARIES.

Antidotus Analeptica. 99.

Ake of red Roles, Liquorice, of each two and Tragacanth, of each two drams and two scruples : Sanders white and lit up according to art. red, each four scruples: juice of Li-

quorice, white Starch, the feeds of white Poppies, Purstain, Lettuce and Endive, of each three drams : the four greater cold feeds husked, the feeds of Quinces, Mallows, Cotton, Violets, Pine-nuts, fiftick-Nuts, fweet Almonds, Pulp of Sebestens, of each two drams : Cloves, Spodium, Cinnamon, of each one dram: Saffron five grains, Penids, half an ounce: being beaten, make them all into a foft Electuary with three times their weight in Syrup of Violets.

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Culpeper. It restores Consumptions and Hectick Feavers, strength loft, it nouritheth much, and restores radical moistures, opens the pores, resists Choler, takes away Coughs, quencheth thirft, and refisteth Feavers. For the quantity to be taken at a time, I hold it needless to trouble the Reader, you may take an ounce in a day, by a dram at a time, if you please: you shall sooner hurt your purse by

it than your body.

Confectio Alkermes.

Colledge. Take of the Juice of Apples, Damask-Rose-water, of each a pound and an half: in which infuse for twenty four hours, raw filk four ounces, strain it strongly, and add fyrup of the beries of Chermes brought over to us, two pound: Sugar one pound, boyl it to the thickness of Honey: then removing it from the fire whilft it is warm, add Ambergreece cut small half an ounce, which being well mingled, put in thefe things following in powder. Cinnamon, wood of Aloes of each fix drams? drams and five grains, Gum-Arabick Pearls prepared two drams, Leaf-Gold a drain, Musk a scruple, make

Cu peper.

Culpeper. They have added the double quantity of juice of Chermes whereby the Medicine is made both hotter and stronger, and if they had doubled the quantity of Sugar allo, that fo it need not have boyled away so much, they had done better : also they have substracted from the quantity of Musk there being a dram appointed before, but why they have done fo, neither I, nor I think themselves know: and as little Reason can be given why they should leave out the Lapis Lazuli, unleis it be for an Apish opinion they hold, that Lapis Lazuli purgeth, whereas indeed, it Arengthens the Heart exceedingly against Melancholy vapors. Their former composition contained of it (being first burnt in a Crucible, then often washed in Rose water till it be clean) fix drams. Questionless this is a great Cordial, and a mighty ftrengthener of the heart, and spirit vital, a reftorer of fuch as are in Confumptions, a refister of Pestilences and Poylon, a great relief to languishing Nature; it is given with good successe in Feavers, but give not too much of it at a time, left it prove too hot for the body, and too heavy for the purse. You may mix ten grains of it with other convenient Cordials to Children, twenty or thirty to men,

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Electuarium e Saxaphras. 100.

Colledge. Take of Saxaphras two ounces, common Water three pound, boyl it to the consumption of the third part, adding towards the end Cinnamon bruised half an ounce, strain it and with two pound of white Sugar, boyl it to the thickness of a Syrup: putting in powder of Cinnamon a dram, Nut-

megs half a scruple, Mush three grains, Ambergreese two and thirty grains, ten leaves of Gold, Spirit of Vitriol four drops, and so make it into an Electuary according to Art.

culpeper. It opens Obstructions of the Liver and Spleen, helps cold Rhewms or Defluctions from the head to the Lungs or Teeth or Eyes: it is excellent in Coughs, and other cold afflictions of the Lungs and Breast: it helps digestion, expels Wind and the Gravel of the Kidneys, it provokes the terms, warms and dries up the moisture of the Womb, which is many times the cause of Barrenness, and is generally a helper of all diseases coming of cold, raw, thin humours, you may take half a dram at a time in the morning.

Electuarium de Baccis Lauri. 101. Ors Electuary of Bay-berries.

Colledge. Take of the leaves of dryed Rew ten drams, the feeds of Ammi, Cummin, Lovage, Origanum, Nigella, Carraway, Carrots, Parfly, bitter Almonds, Pepper black and long, wild Mints, Calamus aromaticus, Bay-berries, Castoreum of each two drams, Sagapenum half an ounce, Opopanax three drams, clarified Honey a pound and an half, the things to be beaten being beaten and the Gums dissolved in Wine, make it into an Electrary according to Art.

Culpeper. It is exceeding good either in the Cholick, or Iliack passion, or any other diseases of the Bowels coming of cold or wind, it generally easeth pains in the Bowels. You may give a dram in the morning fasting, or half an ounce in a Clyster, according as the Disease is.

Dia

Diacapparis: Tot.

Colledge: Take of Capers four ources, Agrimony roots, Nigella feeds, Squils, Afarabacca, Centaury, black Papper, Smillage, Tim, of each an ounce: Hosey three tires their weight, make it into an Electuary according to Art.

culpeper. They say it helps infirmities of the Spleen: and indeed the name seems to promise so much: it may be good for cold bodies, if they have strength of nature in them, me thinks 'cis but odly composed: the next looks wore lovely in my Eyes, which is,

Discinnamemum. 191.

colledge. Take of Cinnathor fifteen drams; Cassia lignea, Elicampane roots of each half an ounce: Galanga seven drams, Cloves, long Pepper, both forts of Cardamoms, Ginger, Mace, Nutmegs, Wood of Aloes, of each three drams: Sastron one dram, the best Sugar five drams, Musk two scruples, adding according to the prescript of the Physician, and by adding three pound eight ounces of clarified honey, boyl it and make it into an Electuary according to Art.

Culpeper. Diacinamom m, or in plain English, A Composition of Cinzamon, heats the stomach, causeth digestion, provokes the Terms in Women, strengthens the stomach and other parts that distribute the nourish ment of the body; a dram of it taken in the morning fasting, is exceeding good for antient people and cold brdies, such as are subject to Dropsies and Diseases of Flegm, or Wind: for it comforts and strengthens Nature, much. If you take it to help digestion,

take it an hour before meat, do fo in all things of like quality.

Diacorallion. 101.

colledge. Take of Coral white and red, Bole-armenick, Dragons blood, of each one dram: Pearls half a dram, Wood of Aloes, red Roses, Gum Tragacanth, Cinnamon, of each two scruples: Sanders white and red, of each one scruple: with four times its weight in Sugar dissolved in small Cinnamon water, make it into an Electuary according to Art.

Culpeper. It comforts and strengthens the Heart exceedingly, and restores such as are in Consumptions, it is cooling therefore good in Hectick Feavers: very binding, and therefore stops Fluxes: neither do I know a better Medicine in all the Dispensatory for such as have a Consumption accompanied with a loofneffe. It ftops the Terms and Whites in Women, if administred by one whose wits are not a Wool-gathering. Take but a dram at a time every morning, because of its binding quality, except you have a loofenefle; for then may you take fo much two or three times a day.

Diacorum. 101:

Colledge. Take of the Roots of Cicers, Acorus or Calamus aromaticus, Pine-nuts, of each a pound and an hilfslet the Cicers roots, being cleanfed, cut, † boyled, [† in water, faith Mesuc, though the Colledge left it out. You might boyl them in pisse, and yet not swerve from their receipt] and pulped, be added to ten pound of clarified hones, and boyled (stirring it) to its just thickness, then being removed from the fire, add the Acorus roots beaten, the Pine-nuts cut, and these following

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in powder : Take of black Pepper an ounce, long Pepper, Cloves, Ginger, Mace, of each half an ounce; Nurmegs, Galanga, Cardamoms, of each three drams. Mix them with the Roots and Honey into an Electuary

according to art.

Culpeper. The Electuary provokes luft, hears the Brain, strengthens the Nerves, quickens the senses, causeth an acute Wit, easeth pains in the Head, helps the Falling-sickness and Convulsions, Coughs, Cattarrhs, and all Diseases proteeding from coldness of the Brain. Half a dram is enough to take at one time, because of its heat.

Peony is an Herb of the Sun, the Roots of it cure the Falling-fickness.

Diacydonium simpler. 102.

colledge. Take of the flesh of Quinces cut and boyled in fair water to a thickness, eight pound, white Sugar fix pound. Boyl it to its just thickness.

Diacydonium with Species, 102.

Take of the Juyce of Colledge. Quinces, the best Sugar, of each two pound; white Wine Vinegar half a pound, added at the end of the Decoction, it being gently boyled, and the four taken away, add Ginger two ounces, white Pepper ten drams and two seruples. Bruise them grofly, and boyl it again to the thickness of Honey.

Culpeper. Is not this then more a Sytup then an Electuary. either the Colledg of I doted; when we fer this among the Electuaries, and would not be beaten out of our

olli esa

Diacyaonium compound, Magiflerial, 102;

Colledg. Take of white Sugar fix pound Spring water four pound clarifie them well with the white of an Egg scumming themsthen take of ripe Duinces cleanfed from the rind and feeds and cut in four quarters 8 pound : boyl them in the foregoing Syrup till they be tender, then ftrain the Syrup the ough & linnen cloth, vocata Anglice Boulter : boyl them again to a Jelly, adding four ounces of white Wine Vinegar towards the end; remove it from the fire, and whilft it is warm; put in these following Species in gross powder, Giager an ounce, white Pepper, Cinnamon, Nutmegs, of eich two drams: keep it in divers Boxes.

Culpeper. It a man void of partiality, should compare this and the former Receipt together, he would find but little difference between them, only a little Cianamon and Nutmegs added. The Vertues of all thele three are, they comfort the stomach, help digestion, say Vomiting, Belching, &c. ftop fluxes and the Terms in Women. They are all Scharmless, you may take the quantity of a Nutmeg of them at any time bea fore meat, to help digettion & Fluxes: after meat to flay Vomiting: in the

morning for the reft.

Confectio de Hyacintho. 103 Colledg. Take of Facinth, red coral, Bole armenick, Earth of Lemnos, of each balf an ounce; the berries of Chermes the roots of Tormentil & Dittany, the feeds of Citrons , Sorrel and Purflair, Saffron, Mirrh,red Rofes exungulated, all the forts of Sanders, bone of a Stags beart, Harts born, Ivery prepared, of each four scruples : Saphires Emerald, Topas, Pearls, ram file leave

of Gold and Silver, of each two scruples; Camphire, Musk, Ambergreece, of each five grains; with Syrup of Lemons, make it into a confection accord-

ing to Art.

culpeper. It is a great Cordial, and cool, exceeding good in acute Feavers and Pettilences. It mightily strengtheneth and cherisheth the Heart. Never above halt a dram is given at time, very seldome so much; not because of its offensiveness, but I suppose its chargeableness.

Antidotum Hemagogum. 103.

Colledg. Take of Lupines husked two drams, black repper five fcruples and fix grains, Liquoris four Icruples, long Birthworth, Mugwort, Caffia lignea, Macedonian Parfley feed, Pellitory of Spain, Rew feed, Spicknard, Mirrh, Pennyroyal, of each two fcruples fourteen grains . the feeds of Smallage, Savin, of each two scruples and thirteen grains ; Centaury the greater, Cretish Carrots, Nigella, Caraway, Anife: Cloves, Allum, of each two fcruples Bay leaves one scruple, one half scruple and three grains; Schananth one feruple and thirteen grains , Afarabacca, Calamus aromaticus, Amomum, Centaury the less, the feeds of Orrach, Peony, Fennel, of each one scruple and fix grains; Wood of Aloes a scruple and fourteen grains, Cyperus, Elicampane, Ginger, Caper roots, Cummin, Orobus, of each one scruple. All of them being bearen into very fine powder, let them be made into an Electuary according to art, with four times their weight in Sugar. Let it stand one month before you ule it.

Culpeper. It provokes the Terms, brings away both Birth and Afterbirth, the dead Child, purgeth such as are not sufficiently purged after Travel. It provokes Urin, breaks the Stone in the Bladder, helps the Strangury, Difury, Iskury, &c. helps Indigestion, the Cholick, opens any stoppings in the Body. It heats the stomach, purgeth the Liver and Spleen, consumes Wind, Staies Vomiting : but let it not be taken by Women with Child, nor such people as have the Hemorrhoids. Nicolaus I take to be the Author of this fantastical Medicine (though the Colledg give it a more general term) and the vertues also are quoted from him. The Dole is from one dram to two drams.

Diafatyrion. 104.

Colledg. Take of Satyrion roots three ounces, Dates, bitter Almonds, Indian Nuts, Pinenuts, Fistick Nuts, green Ginger, Eringo Roots preferved, of each one ounce; Ginger, Cloves, Galanga, Pepper long and black, of each three drams; Ambergreece one teruple, Musk two Icruples, Penids four ounces, Cinnamon, Saffron, of each half an ounce; Malaga Wine three ounces, Nutmegs, Mace, Grains of Paradile, of each two drams; Afhtree Keys, the Belly and Loins of Scinks, Borax, Benjamin, of each three drams; wood of Alses Cardamoms, of each two drams; the feeds of Nettles and Onions, the roots of Avens, of each a dram and an half. with two pound and an half of Syrup of green Ginger, make them into an Electuary according to Art.

Electuarium Diaspermaton, 104.

Colledg. Take of the four greater & leffer cold Seeds, the feeds of Sparagus, Burnet, Bazil, Parfly, Winter Cherries, of each two drams; Gromwel, Juyce of Liquoris, of each three drams; with eight times the weight in white Sugar diffolyed in Marthmallows water: Make it into an Electuary according to Art.

eulpeper. It breaks the stone, and provokes Urin. Men may take half an ounce at a time, and Children half so much, in water of any Herbs or Roots; &c. (or Decoction of them) that break the Stone; which the last Catalogue in the Book (viz. the Catalogue of Diseases) will surnish you with. I do delight to have

men studious.

Micleta. 165.

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colledg. Take of the Barks of all the Myrobalans torrified, of each two drams and an half; the feeds of Water-creffes, Cummin, Anife, Fennel, Ammi, Caraway, of each a dram and an half:bruife the feeds, and fprinkle them with tharp white Wine Vinegar: then beat them into Powder, and add the Myrobalans, and these things that follow, Spodium, Balaustines, Sumach, Mastich, Gum Arabick, of each one dram and fifteen grains: mix them together, and with ten ounces of Syrup of Mirtles, make them into an Electuary according to Art.

culpeper. It gently easeth the Bowels of the wind Cholick, wringings of the gurs, infirmities of the Spleen: it stops Fluxes, the Hemorrhoids, as also the Terms in Women. A dram or two of this taken in the morning

had been a better Remedy than most they gave in the late Epidemical Disease, the bloody Flux.

Electuarium Pectorale. 105. Or;

A Pectoral Electuary.

Colledg. Take the Juyce of Liquorice, fweet Almonds, Hazel-nuts of each half an ounce; Pinenuts an ounce, Hysop, Maidenhair, Orris, Nettle seeds, round Brithwort, of each a dram and an half; black Pepper, the seeds of Watercresses, the roots of Elicampane, of each half a dram; Honey sourteen ounces. Make them into an Electuary according to

Culpeper. It strengthens the Stomach and Lungs, and helps the vices thereof. Take it with a Liquoris stick

Theriaca Diateffaren. 105.

colledg. Take of Gentian, Bayberries, Mirrh, round Birthworth, of each two ounces; Honey two pounds make them into an Electuary accorto Art.

Culpeper. This is a gallant Ele-Quary like the Author, which was Meshe. It wonderfully helps cold Infirmities of the Brain, as Convulfions, Falling-fiekness, dead Palfies, thaking Palites, &c. As also the Stomach, as pains there, wind, want of digestion : as also stopping of the Liver, Drophes. It refifts; the peltilence and poylons, and helps the bitings of venomous beafts. Dole is from half a dram to two drams, according to the age and strength of the patient; as also the Arength of the Discales. You may take it either in the morning, or when urgent occasion calls for it.

Diascordium. 106.

Colledg. Take of Cinnamon, Cassia lignea, of each half an ounce; Scordium an ounce, Dittany of Creet, Tormentil, Bistort, Galbanum, Gum Arabick, of each half an ounce; Opium one dram and an half, Styrax Calamitis four drams and an half, Sorrel seeds one dram and an half, Gentian half an ounce, Bole armenick an ounce and an half, Earth of Lemnos half an ounce, long Pepper, Ginger, of each two drams; clarified Honey two pound and an half, Sugar of Roses one pound, Canary wine ten

ounces:make them into an Electuary

according to Art. Culpeper. It is a well composed Electuary, something appropriated to the Nature of Women: for it provokes the Terms, haftens their labor, helps their usual fickness at the time of their lying in , I know, nothing better. It flops fluxes, mightily ftrengtheneth the heart and stomach; neither is it to hot, but it may lafely be given to weak people, and befides provokes fleep. It may fafely be given to yong children to grains at a time: ancient people may take a dram or more. It is given as an excellent Cordial in fuch Feavers as are accompanied with want of fleep.

Mithridate. 106,

Colledge Take of Mirrh, Saffron, Agarick, Ginger, Cinnamon, Spicknard, Frankincenfe, Treacle, Mustard seeds, of each ten drams; the seeds of Hartwort, Opobalfamum, or Oyl of Nutmegs by expression, Schenanth, Stæchas, Costus, Galbanum, Turpentine, long Pepper, Castoreum, juyce of Hypocistis, Styrax calamitis, Opopanax, Indian leaf, or for mant of it Mace, of each one ounce; cassia liguea, Poley mountain,

white Pepper, Scordium, the feeds of carrots of Ercet, Carpobalfamum or Cub.bs, Troch. Cypheos , Bdellium, of each feven drams; Celtick Spicknara, Gum Arabick , Macedonian Parfley feeds , Opium, Cardamoms the less, Feunel seed, Gentian, red Rose leaves, Dittary of creet, of each five drams; Anifeeds, Afarabacca, Orris, Acorus, the greater Valerian, Sagapen, of each three drams; Meum, Acacia, the Bellies of Scinks, the tops of St. John-wort, of each two drams and an half; Mallege Wine fo much as is sufficient to dissolve the juyces and Gums, clarified Honey the treble weight of all, the Wine excepted: make them into an Electuary according to Art.

Culpeper. I have not time to fearch whether there be any difference between Damocrates and the Colledg. It was also corrected afterwards by Bartholomew Maranta. Also divers Authors have spent more time about this, and Venice Treacle (both of them being terrible messes of altogether) in reducing them in Classes, than ever they did in laying their prayers. Also Andromacus hath another fort of Mithridate. It may be it is that usually called with us [Venice Mitbridate but because the Electuary is very chargeable to be made, and cannot be made but in great quantities, and only that here prescribed is to be gotten, or at least easily to be gotten. I am willing to spare my pains in any further learch. It is good against poylon and such as have done themselves wrong, by taking filthy Medicines. It provokes sweat, it helps continual watrings of the stomach, Ulcers in the body, Consumptions, weakness of the limbs, rids the body of cold humors, and diseases coming

of cold it remedies cold infirmities spitting of blood, bloody Fluxes, and of the Brain, and stopping of the is profitable for such women as are passage of the senses (viz. hearing, feeing, fmelling, &c.) by cold, it expels wind, helps the Cholick, provokes appecite to ones victuals, it tity the same with Mesu:, before I helps Ulcers in the Bladder, if Galen fay true, as also difficulty of Urine, it casts out the dead child, and helps fuch Women as cannot conceive by reason of cold; it is an admirable remedy for Melancholy, and all Diseases of the Body coming through cold, it would fill a whole sheet of paper to reckon them all up particularly. You may take a scruple or half a dram in the morning, and follow bufiness; two drams will make you Iweat, yea one dram if your body be weak, for then two drams may be dangerous because of its heat. How to order your felf in sweating, you were taught before; if you have forgot where, look the Table at the later end.

Phylonium Persicum. 107.

Colledge. Take of white Pepper, the feeds of white Henbane, of each two drams; Opium, Earth of Lemnos, of each ten drams; Lap. Hematitis prepared, Saftron, of each five drams. Castoreum, Indian, Spicknard, Euphorbium prepared, Pellitory of Spain, Pearls, Amber, Zedoary, Elicampane, Troch Ramach, of each a dram; Camphire a scruple, with their treble weight in honey of Roses, make it into an Electuary according to art.

Culpeper. All the difference is, Mefue appoints Honey, whose commendations of it is this: It stops blood Bowing from any part of the Body, the immoderate flowing of the terms in women, the Hemorrhoids in men,

subject to miscarry. See the next Receipt.

Now they have made the quan-

think they followed wicker.

Phylonium Romanum. 107.

Colledge. Take of white Pepper. white Henbane-feeds, of each five drams; Opium two drams & an half, Cassia Lignea a dram and an half, the feeds of Smallage a dram, Parfly of Macedonia, Fennel, Carrots of Creet, of each two scruples and five grains; Saffron a scruple, Indian Spicknard, Pellitory of Spain, Zedoary fifteen grains, Cinnamon a dram and an half, Euphorbium prepared, Mirrh, Castoreum, of each a dram, with their treble weight in clarified Honey, make it into an Electuary.

Culpeper. It is a most exquisite thing to ease vehement and deadly pains in what part of the body soever they be, whether internal or external; That vehemency of pain will bring a Feaver, and a Feaver death, no man well in his wits will deny : Therefore in fuch Difeeles which have vehemency of pain, as Cholicks, the Stone, Strangury, &c. this may be given (ordered by the diferetion of an able brain, for it conduceth little to the Cure) to mitigate the extremity of pain, untill convenient remedy may be had: as men pump water out before they can stop the hole in a leaking vessel, As for other vertues which Authors fay this Electuary hath, I shall pass them by, refting confident that other remedies may be found out for them in this Book as effectual, and lef.

M 3 dauge. dangerous; and because the former | fir them about, with a peffel 3 hours Electuary is not much unlike to this in some particulars, take the same caution in that alfo.'I would not have the vulgar meddle with this, nor the former.

Philonium Magistrale. 108.

Colledge. Take of Opium prepared four ounces, Benjamin, Mirrh, Mummy, of each half an ounce; Spirit of Wine as much as is sufficient to make it into

an Opiate.

Culpeper. I hold their Laudanum to be a better Medicine, for this (being exceeding dangerous) for an unskilful man to meddle withal, I ler it alone, yet am not ignorant what good it might do to fuch whose wounds have brought them into a Phrenzie, if given by an able hand.

Electuarium de Ovo. 108. Or. Electuary of Eggs.

Colledge. Take a Hens Egg new laid, and the white being taken out by a small hole, fill up the void place with Saffro, laving the yelk in; then the hole being stopped, rost it in ashes till the hell begin to look black, take diligent heed the Saffron burn not, for then is the whole Medicine Spoyled, the matfer being taken out, dry it so that it may be beaten into powder, and add to it as much powder of white Mustara-feed as it weighs. Then take the Roots of white Dittany, and Tormentil, of each two drams; Mirrh, Harts-hord, Petafitis-roots, of each one dram; the Roots of Angelica and Burnet, Juniper-berries, Zedoary, Camphire, of each half an onnee; mix th m all together in a mortar, then add Venice-Treacle the weight of them all,

together, putting in so much Syrup of Lemmons as is enough to make it into an Electuary according to Art.

Culpeper. A dram of it given at a time, is as great a help in a Peftilential Feaver as a man shall usually read of in a Galenist. It provokes sweat, and then you shall be taught how to use your self. If years do not permit, give not fo much.

Theriaca Andromachi. 108. Or. Venice Treacle.

Colledge. Take of Troches of Squils fourty eight drams; Troches of Vipers, long Pepper, Opium of Thebes, Magma, Hedycroi dried, of each twenty four drams; dryed red Roses exungulated, Orris Illirick, juice of Liquorice, the feeds of sweet Navew, Scordium, Opobalsamum, Cinnamon, Agarick, of each twelve. drams; Mirrh, Costus or Zedoary, Saffron, Caffia Lignea, Indian Spicknard, Schananth, Pepper white and black, Olibanum, Dittany of Creet, Rhapontick, Stoechas, Horehound, Macedonian Parfly-feed, Calaminth, Cypress, Turpentine, the roots of Cinquefoyl and Ginger, of each fix drams; Poley mountain, Chamepitis, Celtick Spicknard, Amomus, Styrax Calamitis, the roots of Rhapontick, Earth of Lemnos, Indian Leaf, Chalcitis burnt; or instead thereof Roman Vitriol burnt, Gentian-roots, Gum-Arabick, the Juice of Hypocistis, Carpoballomum or Nutmegs of Cubebs, the feeds of Annis, Cardamoms, Fennel, Hartwort, Acacia; or instead thereof the Juice of Sloes made thick, the feeds of Treacle, Mustard and Ammi, the tops of St. Johns-wort, Sagapen, of each four drams; Castoreum, the roots of long Birthwort, Bitumen Judaicum, Carrot-seed, Opoponax, Centaury the less, Galbanum, of each two drams; Canary Wine enough to dissolve what is to be dissolved: Honey the treble weight of the dry species: make them into an

Electuary acording to art. Culpeper. It is confessed many Phyfitians have commented upon this Receipt; as Bartholomew, Maranta, Galen, M dici Romani, and Medici Bononie fes, cum mulcis aliis; but with little difference. The vertues of it are, It refifts poylon, and the bitings of venomous Beafts, invererate Head-aches, Vertigo, Deafnels, the Falling fickness, Astonishment, Apoplexies, dulness of fight, want of voice, Afthmacs, old and new Coughs, fuch as spit or vomit blood, such as can hardly spit or breath, coldness of the stomach, wind, the Cholick and Iliack passion, the yellow Jaundice, hardness of the Spleen, Stone in the Reins and Bladder, difficulty of Urine, Ulcers in the Bladders, Feavers, Dropfies, Leprofies, it provokes the Terms, brings forth both Birth and after-Birth helps pains in the Joynts, it helps not only the body, but also the mind, as vain fears, Melancholy, &c. and is a good remedy in pestilen tial Feavers: Thus Galen. You may take half a dram, and go about your bufinels, and it will do you good, if you have occasion to go in ill airs, or in pestilential times, if you shall Iwear upon it, as your best way is, if your body be not in health, then take one dram, or between one and two, or less than one, according as age and strength is; if you cannot take this or any other Iweating Me-

dicine by it self, mix it with a little Carduus or Dragon water, or Angelica-water, which in my opinion is the best of the three.

Theriaca Londineusis. 110. Or, London Treacle.

Colledge. Take of Harts-horn two ounces; the Seeds of Citrons, Sorrel, Peony, Bazil, of each one owice; Scordium, Coralliana, of each fix drams, the Roots of Angelica, Tormentil, Peoby, the leaves of Dittany, Bayberries, Juniper-berries, of each half an ounce : the flowers of Rosemary, Marigolds, Clove-gilliflowers, the tops of St. Johnswert, Nutmegs, Saffron, of each three drams; the Roots of Gentian, Zedoay, Ginger, Mace, Mirrh, the leaves of Scabious, Devils-bit, Carduus, of cach two drams; Cloves, Opium, of each a dram; Malago wine as much as is Sufficient: with their treble weight in Honey, wix them according to Art.

Culpeper. The Receipt is a pretty Cordial, relists the Pestilence, and is a good Antidote in pestilential times, it resists poyson, strengthens cold stomachs, helps digestion, crudities of the stomach. A man may safely take two drams of it in a morning, & let him fear no harm,

Diacrocuma, 110.

Colledge. Take of Saffron, Afarabacca-roots, the feeds of Parsly, Carrots, Annis, Smallage, of each balf an ounce; Rhubarb, the roots of Meum, Indian-Spicknard, of each six drams; Cassa Lignea, Costus, Mirrh, Schananth, Cubebs, Madder-roots, the M4 Juices Juyces of Maudlin & Wormwood made thick. Opubalsamum, or Oyl of Nutmegs, of each two drams; Cinnamon, Calamus Aromaticus, of each a dram and an half; Scordium, Ceterach, Juice of Liquoric:, of each two drams and an half; Tragacanth a dram, with eight times their weight in white Sugar diffolved in Endiverwater, and clarified: make it into an Electuary according to art.

Culpeper. Mesue appoints clarified Honey. It is exceeding good against cold Diseases of the stomach, Liver or Spleen, corruption of humors, and putrisaction of meat in the stomach, ill-savoured colour of the body, Dropsies, cold faults in the Reins and Bladder, provokes Urine. Take a dram in the morning.

Purging Electuaries.

Benedicta Laxativa. III.

Colledge. TAke of choice Turbith ten drams, Diagridi, um, Bark of Spurge-roots prepared, Hermodactils, red Roses, of each five drams; Cloves, Spicknard, Ginger, Saffron, long Pepper, Amomus; or for want of it, Calamus Aromaticus, Cardamoms the less, the feeds of Smallage, Parfley, Fennel, Sparagus, Bruscus, Saxifrage, Gromwel, Caraway, Sal Gem, Galanga, Mace, of each a dram; with their treble weight of clarified Honey: make them into an Electuary according to art. Also you may keep the species it felf in your shops.

culpiper. It purgeth flegm chiefly from the Joynts; also it purgeth the reins and bladder. I willingly omit the quantity of these Purges, because I would not have soolish women and dunces do themselves and others mischief. For it worketh too violently for their uses, and must be prudently ordered, if taken at all, for I fancy it not at all, but am of opinion is kills more men than it cures.

Caryocostinum. III.

Colledge. Take of Cloves, Costus, or Zedoary, Ginger, Cummin, of cach two drams; Hermodastils, Diagridium, of each half an ounce; with their double weight of honey clarified in white wine: make them into an Electuary according to art.

Calpeper. Authors say it purgeth hot Rheums, and takes away inflammations in wounds, I assure you the Electuary works violently, and may safely be given in Clysters, and so you may give two of three drams at a time, if the Patient be strong. For taken otherwise, it would kill a horse cum privilegio.

Caffia Extratta pro Clyfteribus. 111.
Or. Caffia extracted for Clyfters.

Colledge. Take of the Leaves of Violets, Mallows, Beets, Mercury, Pellitory of the wall, Violet flowers, of each a handful; boyl them in a sufficient quantity of water, for the benefit of which, let the Cassia be extracted, and the Canes washed: then take of this Cassia so drawn (and boyl it to its consistence) a pound, Sugar a pound and an half: boyl them to the form of an Electuary according to art.

Culpopera

Culpeper. It is no more than breaking the canes of the cassia, and pick out the pulp (cafting away the feeds) boyl the puip in a little of this Decoction, then press it through a pulping sieve, the title shews the use of it : or if you will take an ounce of it inwardly, you shall find it work with great gentlenels. You may take it in white Wine, it is good for gentle Bodies, for if your body be hard to work upon, perhaps it will not work at all. It purgeth the Reins gallantly, and cooleth them, thereby preventing the stone, and other diseases caused by their heat.

Electuarium Amarum Magistrale, majus- 112. Or the greater bitter Electuary.

Colledge. Take of the whitest Agarick, Turbith, Species Hiera Simplex, choice Rhubarb, of each one
dram; *choice Aloes unwashed[*choice
foul Aloes.] two drams, Ginger,
Christal of Tartar, of each two scruples; Orris Florentine, sweet Fennelseeds, of each a scruple; Syrup of
Roses solutive, as much as is sufficient
to make it into an Electuary according to art.

Electuarium Amarum minus, 112. Or, the lefter bitter Electuary.

colledge. Take of Epithimum half an ounce, the roots of Angelica three drams, of Gentian, Zedoary, Acorus, of each two drams; Cinnamon one dram and an half, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs, faffron, of each one dram; Aloes fix ounces, with fyrup of Fumitory, Scabious and Sugar fo much as is sufficient to make it into a soft Electuary.

Culpeper. Both these purge Choler, the fermer Flegm, and this Melancholy: the former works strongest, and this strengthens most, and is good for such whose brains are annoyed. You may take half an ounce of the former if your body be any thing strong in white Wine, if very strong, an ounce, ordering your self as you were taught before, & the Table at the later end will direct you to the place: a reasonable body may take an ounce of the later, the weak less. I would not have the unskilful too busie with Purges without advice of a Phistian.

Diacaffa with Manna. 112.

colledge. Take of Damask-Prunes two ounces, Violet flowers a handful and an half, Spring water a pound and an half; boyl it according to art till half be confumed; strain it, and dissolve in the decoction fix ounces of Cassia newly drawn, Sugar of Violets, Syrup of Violets, of each four ounces; Pulp of Tamarinds an ounce, Sugarcandy an ounce and an half, Manna two ounces: mix them, and make them into an Electuary according to Art.

Culpeper. It is a fine cool purge for fuch as are bound in the body, for it works gallantly, and without trouble. it purgeth Choler, and may lafely be given in Feavers coming of Choler: but in such cases, if the body be much bound, the best way is first to adminifter a Clyfter, and then the next morning an ounce of this will cool the body, and keep it in due temper. I wonder what they need put in fugar of violets, and fyrup of violers, why would not the double quantity of the fyrup have ferved the turn? I protest they will do any thing, to make their Receipts dear and and difficult, that so they may grow sich. A most unconscionable thing that men should prefer their own greatness before the lives of poor men and women; the stones in the street would cry out against them shortly, if I should hold my peace.

Cassia extracta sine solicis Sene 113.

Or, Cassia extracted without the Leaves of Sena.

Colledge. Take twelve Prunes, Violet flowers a handful, French Barley, the feeds of Annis, and baltard Saffron, Polypodium of the Qak, of each five drams; Maiden-bair, Time, Epithimum, of each half a handful, Raifins of the Sun ftonea balf an ounce, fweet Fennel-feed two drams, the feeds of Purflain and Mallows, of each three drams; Liquorice balf an ounce, boyl them in a Sufficient quantity of mater, ftrain them, and diffolve in the D coeffion, Pulp of Caffia two pound, of Tamarinds an curce, Cinnsmon three drams, Sugar a pound; boyl it into the form of an Ele-Etuary.

Or, Cassia extracted with leaves of Sena.

Colledge. Take of the former Reecipt two pound, Sena in powder two nunces, mix them according to art.

culp per. This is also a fine cool, gentle purge, cleansing the bowels of Choler & Melancholy without any griping, very fit for seaverish bodies, and yet the former is gentler than this. They both cleanse and cool the Reins, a reasonable body may take an onnce and an half of the former, and an ounce of the later in white Wine, if they keep the house, or their bodies be oppressed with Melancholy, let them take half the quan-

city in four ounces of Decoation of

Diacarthamum 113.

Colledge. Take of Distragacanthum frigidum (* ask them whether you must put in the cold seeds or not, now the Colledge doth not bid them.) half an ounce, the in-side of the seeds of Bastard Saffron balf an ounce, Ginger two drams, Diagrydium beaten by it self three drams, Tubith six drams, Manna two ounces, Honey of Roses solutive, Sugar-canny, of each one ounce; Hermodactils bilf an ounce, white Sugar ten ounces and an balf, make of them a liquid Electuary according to Art.

Culpiper. I wonder what Art it must be wherewith a man should make up an Electuary, and have not wherewithal? I tell you truly, That to make up an Electuary of this without more moisture (for here is nor a quarter enough) is a task harder than all Hercules his twelve labours, abate me but his fetching Cerberus out of Hell. For my part, I shall trouble the Reader no further, but leave the Receipt to Arnoldus and the Colledge for a pure piece of nonfense; only let me admire at the pride and headthrongness of the Colledge, that will not mend any Error, though as apparent as the Sun is up, when he is upon the Meridian, but quos perdere vult Jupiter dementes facit, those whom Jupiter will deftroy, he first makes them mad.

Diaphanicon 113.

Colleage. Take of the pulp of Dates boyled in Hydromel, Penids, of each half a pound; sweet Almonds blanched three ounces

and

bruifed and permixed, add clarified honey two pound: boyl them a little, and then strew in Ginger, long-Pepper, Mace, Cinnamon, Rewleaves, the feeds of Fennel and Carzots, of each two drams; Turbith beaten small, four ounces; Diagridium an ounce and an half: make of them an Electuary according to

Culpeper. I cannot believe this is so profitable in Feavers taken downwards, as Authors fay, for it is a very violent purge: Indeed 1 believe being mixed in Clysters, it may do good in Cholicks, and Infirmities of the Bowels coming of raw humors, and so you may give half an ounce Scammony if you please. at a time.

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Diaprunum Lentive 114.

Colledge. Take one hundred Damask Prunes, boyl them in water till they be fost, then pulp them, and in the Liquor they were boyled in, boyl gently one ounce of Violet-flowers : strain it, and with two pound of Sugar boyl it into a syrup, then add half a pound of the foresaid Pulp, the Pulp of Cassia and Tamarinds, of each one ounce; then mix with it these powders following; Sanders white and red, Spedium, Rhubarb, of each three drams; red Roles, Violets, the feeds of Purslain, Succory, Barberries, Gum-Tragacanth, Liquorice, Cinnamon, of each two drams; the four greater cold feeds, of cach one dram; make it into an Electuary according to art.

Culbeper. It may fafely and is with good success, given in acute, burning, and all other Feavers; for it cools much, and loofens the body gently : it is good in Agues, Hectick Fea-

and an half, to all of them being vers, and Marasmos. You may take an ounce of it at a time, at night when you go to bed, three hours after a light supper; neither need you keep your chamber next day, unless the weather be very cold, or your body very tender.

Diaprunum folutive 114.

Colledge. Take of Diaprunum Ienitive whilft it is warm, four pound: Scam nony prepared two ounces and five drams : mix them together, and make them into an Electuary according

Secing the Dose of Scammony is increased according to the Author in this Medicine, you may use a less weight of

Culpeper. This they left out now. Although therein the Colledge faid true; for the Medicine according to this Receipt is too strong, violent, corroding, gnawing, fretting, and yet this is that which is commonly called Duoprunes, which simple people take to give themselves a purge; being fitter to do them mischief (poor fouls) than good, unless ordered with more discretion than they have; it may be they build upon the vulgar Proverb, That no Carrion will kill a Crow. Let me intreat them to have a greater care of themselves, and not meddle with such desperate Medicines: Let them not object to me, they often have taken it, and felt no harm; they are not capable of knowing what harm it may do them a long time after: let them remember the old Proverb, The Pitcher never goes fo often to the Well, but it comes broke at laft.

Catholican

Catholicon 114.

Electuaries.

Colledge. Take of the pulp of Cassia and Tamarinds, the Leaves of Senna. of cach two ounces: Polipodium, Violets, Rhubarb, of each one ounce : Annisfeeds, Penids, Sugar-candy, Liquorice, the feeds of Gourds, Citruls, Cucumers, Melons, of each two drams; bruife the things to be bruised: take of fresh Polipodium three ounces, sweet Fennel-feeds fix drams ; boyl them in four pound of mater till the third part be consumed; strain it, and with two pound of Sugar boyl the Decoction to the thickmss of a Syrup, then with the pulps and powders, make it into an Electuary according to art.

culpeper. It is a fine cooling purge for any part of the body, and very gentle ; it may be given (an ounce, or half an ounce at a time, according to the frength of the patient) in acure, in per-acute diseases, for it gently loofeneth the belly, and adds Arength; it helps infirmities of the Liver and Spleen, Gouts of all forts, Quotidian, Tertian and Quartan Agues, as also Head-aches. It is usually given in Clysters. If you list to take it inwardly, you may take an ounce at night going to bed, in the morning drink a draught of hot polfet-drink, and go about your business. They have altered the quantities of Some of the Simples that are harmleffe, for they do wonders as fast as Bell in the Apocrypha eat Mutton.

Electuarium de Citro Solutivum. 115. Or, Electuary of Citrons, solutive.

Colledge. Take of Citron-peels preferved, tonferves of the flowers of Violets and Bugloss, Diatragacanthum frigidum, Diagrydium, of each half an ounce: Turbith five drams, Ginger half a dram, Senna fix drams, sweet fennel-seeds one dram, white sugar dissolved in Rose-water, and boyled according to art, ten ounces, make a solid Electuary according to art.

culpeper. Here are some things very cordial, others purge violently, but put together, make a composition no way pleasing to me; therefore I account it a pretty Receipt, good for

nothing.

Electuarium Elefceph. 115.

Colledge. Take of Diagrydium, Turbith, of each fix drams: Cloves, Cinnamon, Ginger, Myrabolans Emblick, Nutmeg, Polypodium, of each two drams and an balf: Sugar fix ounces, clarified honey ten ounces: make it into an Electuary according to art.

Culpeper. Mefue appoints only clarified honey, one pound and four ounces to make it up into an Electuary; and faith, it purgeth Choler and Flegmand wind from all parts of the body; helps pains of the Joynts and fides, the Cholick, it cleanfeth the Reins and Bladder: yet I advile you not to take too much of it at a time, for it works pretty violently, though well corrected by the pen of a Mefue ; let half an ounce be the most, for such whose bodies are strong, alwaies remembring that you had better ten times take too little, than once too much, you may take it in white Wine, and keep your felf warm. If you would have my opinion

Confectio Hamech. 115.

of it, I do not like it.

Colledge. Take of the bark of Citrine Myrobalans two ounces, Myrobalans, chebs and barks; Violets, Colocynthis, Polypodium of the Oak, of each one

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ounce and an half, wormwood, Time, of each fix drams; Liquorice half an ounce each an ounce : the feeds of Annis, and Feantl, the flowers of red Roses of each three drams let all of them bring bruifed be infused one day in fix pound of is hey, then boyled till half be consumed, Rubbed with your hand and proffed out: to the Decoction add juyce of Fumitory, pulp of Prunes and Raifins of the Sua, of each half a pound; white Sugar; clarified Honey, of each one pound, boyl in to the thickness of Honey, frewing in towards the end, Agarick Trochifcated, Senna, of each two ounces: Rhubarb one ounce and an half, Epithimum one ounce, Diagrydium fix drams, Cinnamon balf an ounce, Ginger to o drams, the feeds of Fumitory and Annis, Spicknard, of each one dram : make it into an Electuary according to Art.

The Receipt is chiefly Culpeper. appropriated as a purge for Melancholy and falt flegm, and Diseases thence arising, as Scabs, Itch, Leprofices, Cancers, infirmities of the skin ; it purgeth adust humors and is good against Madness, Melancholy, Forgetfulnels, Vertigo. It purgeth very violently, and is not fafe given alone. I would advise the unskilful not to meddle with it inwardly : You may give half an ounce of it in Clyfters, in Melancholy Difeases, which commonly have aftringency a conftant companion with them.

Electuarium Lenitivum. 116. Or. Lenitive Electuary.

Colledg. Take of Raifins of the Sun floned, Polypodium of the Oak, Senna, of each two ounces; Mercury one handful and an half, Jujubes, Sibestens, of each twenty: Maiden-hair, Violets French Barly, of each one handful; Damask Prunes Stoned , Tamarineds of

boyl them in ten pound of water till two parts of three be confumed : ftrain it, and diffolve in the Decoction pulp of Cassia, Tamarinds, and fresh Prunes, Sugar of Violets, of each fix ounces : the beft Sugar two pound : at laft add pomder of Senna Leaves one ounce and an half Annis (eeds in powder two dramsto each pound of Electivary, and fo bring it into the form of an Electuary according to Art.

Culpeper. It gently opens and mollifies the bowels, bringeth forth Choler, Flegm, and Melancholy, and thas without trouble; It is cooling, and therefore is prohtable in Pleurifies, and for wounded people: A man of reasonable strength may take an ounce of it going to bed, which will work next morning. And in truth they have done well here to add the Annis feeds to correct the Senna; Oh that they would but do fo alwayes.

Electuarium Pagulatum, 117.

Colledg. Take of fresh Polypodium roots, three ounces ; fresh Marsh Mallow roots, Senna, of each two ounces, Aunis sceds two drams, fleep them all in a glazed Veffel in a fufficient quantity of spring water, boyl them according to Art: strain it, and with pulp of Raisins of the Sun, balf a pound, white sugar, Manna, of each four ounces : boyl it to the thickness of a Cydoniate, and renew it four times a year.

Culpeper. The Colledg are so Mysterious in this Receipt, a man can hardly give directions how to make it, for they give only uncertainties. You had best first boyl the Roots in three pints of water to a quart, then

put in the Senna, and seeds, boyl it to pint a and an half, then strain it, and add the rest, the Manna will melt of it self as well as the Sugar, indeed you had best dissolve the Manna by it self in some of the Decostion, and so strain it because of its Dross. It gently purgeth both Choler and Melancholy, cleanseth the Reins and Bladder, and therefore is good for the Stone and Gravel in the Kidnies. I leave out the dose till the Colledg do make the Receipt plainer.

Electuariume succo Rosarum. 117. Or, Electuary of the juyce of Roses.

colledg. Take of Sugar, the Juyce of red Rofes clarified; of each a pound and four ounces; the three forts of Sanders, of each fix drams: Spodium three drams, Diacydonium twelve drams, Camphire a feruple, let the Juyce be boyled with Sugar to its just thickness, then add the rest in powder and so make it into an Electuary according to Art

culpeper. It purgeth Choler, and is good in Tertian Agues, and Difeases of the Joynts, it purgeth violently, therefore let it be warily given. I omit the dose, because it is not for a vulgar use. I would not willingly have my Country men do themselves a mischief, let the Gentry study Physick, then shall they know what belongs to it. A lazy Gentry makes block-headed Physicians.

Hiera Picra Simple. 117.

colledg Take of Cinnamon, Xyloballamum, or wood of Alces, the roots of Alarabaeca, Spicknard, Mastich, Saffron, of each fix drams; Alces not washed twelve cunces & anhalf, clarified Honey four pound & three cun-

ces: mix them into an Electuary according to Art, Alfo you may keep the species by it self in your shops.

Culpeper. It is an excellent remedy for vicious Juyces which lie furring the Tunicle of the stomach, and such idle fancies and symptoms which the brain suffers thereby, whereby some think they see, others that they hear strange things, especially when they are in bed, and between fleeping and waking; besides this, it very gently purgeth the Belly, and helps such Women as are not sufficiently purged after their travel : being thus made up into an Electuary, it will be so bitter, a Dog would not take it, and the species kept by it felf is not fo sweet : your best way (in my epinion) to take it (for I Fahcy the Receipt very much and have had experience of what I have written of it) is to put only fo much Honey to it as will make it into Pills, of which you may take a scruple at night going to bed (if your body be not very weak) in the morning drink a draught of hot broath or poffet drink, you need not fear to go about your business, for it will hardly work till next day in the afternoon ; and then very gently. I have found the the benefit of it, and from my own experience I commend it to my Country men.

Hiera with Agarick. 117.

colledg. Take of species Hiera, simple without Aloes, Agarick Trochiscated of each half an ounce: Aloes not washed one ounce, clarified honey six ounces, mix it, and make it into an Electuary according to Art.

Agarick & add them to the vertues of

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the former Receipt, so is the business | ney, three ounces and five drams, done without any further trouble.

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Hiera Logadii. 117.

colledg. Take of Coloquintida. Polipodium, of each two drams; Euphorbium, Poley mountain, the feeds of spurge of each one dram and a half,& fix grains, Wormwood, Mirrh, of each one dram and twelve grains, Centaury the lels, Agarick, Gum Ammoniacum, Indian leaf or Mace, Spicknard, Squills prepared, Diagrydium of each ing. It is but used seldom, and thereone dram, Aloes, Time, Germander, fore hard to be gotten. Cassia Lignea, Bdellium, Horchound, of each one scruple & fourteen grains, Cinnamon, Opepanax, Castorcum, long Brithwort, the three forts of Pepper, Sagapen, Saffron, Parily, of each two drams, Hellebore black & white, of each fix grains, clarified Honey a pound and an half : Mix them, and make of them an Electuary according to Art; Let the species be kept in your thop.

Culpeper it takes away by the roots daily evils coming of Melancholy, Falling-fickness, Vertigo, Convulsions, Megrim, Leprofie, and many other infimities; for my part I should be loth to take it inwardly, unless upon desperare occasions, or in Clysters. It may well take away Diseases by the Roots, if it take away

life and all.

Hiera Diacolocynthides. 1 18

Take of Colocynthis, Agarick, Germander, white Hore- and restores colour lost; it free the hound, Stoechas; of each ten drams; body from crude humors, and Opopanax, Sagapen, Parily seeds, strengthens the Bladder, helps Meround Birthworthroots, white Pepper lancholy, and rectifies the diftenof each five drams : Spicknard, Cin- pers of the Spleen. You may take namon, Myrrh, Indian Leaf or Mace, a dram in the morning, or two, if Saffron, of each four drams : bruile your body be any thing ftrong , and the Gums in a Mortar fift the reft, by that you have read this , you can-

make it an Electuary according to Art.

Culpeper. It helps the Falling-ficknels, Madnels, and the pain in the Head called Kephalalgia, pains in the Breaft and Stomach whether they come by fickness or bruises, pains in the Loyns or Back-bone, hardness of Womens Brefts, Putrifactions of mear in the Stomach and fowr belch-

Triphera the greater. 110.

Colledg. Take of Myrobalans Chebs, Bellericks, Inds and Emblicks, Nutmegs, of each five drams : Water crels feeds, Alarabacca roots, Perfian Origanum, or elle Dittany of Creet, black Pepper, Olibanum, Ammi, Ginger, Tamaris, Indian Nard, Squinanth, Ciperus roots, of each half an ounce, filings of feel prepared with Vinegar twenty drams, let the Myrobalans be rofted a little with fresh Butter, let the rest being powdered, be sprinkled with oyl of sweet Almonds, then add Musk one dram, and with their treble weight in Honey, make it into an Electuary according to Art.

Culpeper. It helps the immoderate flowing of the Terms in Women, and the Hemorrhoids in Men, it helps the weakenels of the stomach, and with three pound of clarified ho- not chuje but fee a reason why they

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fet a binding Electuary amongst the Purges, as also why the name is changed from Triphera the less, to Triphera the greater; viz. Because a great piece of ignorance to set it here: they are like to give medicines to good purpose, when they know the operations no better.

Triphera folutive. 119.

Colledg. Take of Diagricium, ten drams: the b st Turbith, an ounce and an balf: Cardamoms the less, Cloves, Cinnamon, † Honey [† alias Mocx,] of each three drams: Yellow Sanders, Liquoris, Sweet Fennel Seeds, of cach half an ounce: Acorus, Schananth, of each a dram: red Roses, Citron peels preserved, of each three arams, Violets two drams, Penids sour ounces: white Sugar half a pound: Honey clarified in juvce of Apples one pound to make an Electuary according to Art.

Culpeper. The Diagrydium and Turbith, are a couple of untoward Purges the rest are all Cordials, but what to make of them altogether I know not, and as little reason do I know why they should put in Honey twice, unless they mistook Honey for Mace: they have a blessed turn in this world, 'tis lawful for them to mistake, but for no body esse.

ELECTUARIES left out in their new Master-piece.

Athanatia Methridatis. Galen.
Colledg. Take of Cinnamon, Cassia,
Schoenanth, of each an ounce and an
half: Sassron, Myrrh, of each an
ounce: Costus, d Spignel [d Meum]
e Acorus, [e Water-stag perhaps they
mean. See the Roots in the Catalogue of
Simples] Agarick, Scordium, Carrots,
Parsy, of each half an ounce; white

fet a binding Electuary amongst the Pepper eleven grains, Honey so much Purges, as also why the name is chanas is sufficient to make it into an Eaged from Triphera the less to Triphera lectuary according to Art.

culpeper. It prevails against poyfon and the bitings of Venomous Beasts, and helps those whose meat putrifies in their stomach; stayes vomiting of blood, helps old Coughs, & cold diseases in the Liver, Spleen, Bladder, and Matrix. The Colledg hath made some pretty alteration in the quantities of the simples, but not worth the speaking of. The Dose is half a dram.

Electuarium † Scoriaferri. Rhafis.

[† Scoriaferri is properly thole flakes that Smiths beat off from Iron when it is red hot.]

Colledg. Take of the flakes of Iron infused in Vinegar seven daies and dried, three drams: Indian Spicknard, Schwnanth, Cyperus, Ginger, Pepper, Bishopsweed, Frankincenscoff each half an ounce; Myrobalans, Indian, Bellericks and Emblicks, Honey boyled with the decoction of Emblicks sixteen ounces; mix them together, and make of them an Electuary.

Culpeper. I wonder how the quantities of Myrobalans escaped the great care, labor, pains, and the industry of the honourable Society the Authors of that Book, or the vigilancy of the vaporing Printer. Rhasis an Arabian Physician, the Author of the Receipt, appoints a dram of each: the Medicine hears the Spleen, gently purgeth melancholy, caleth pains in the Stomach and Spleen and ftrengthens digestion. People that are strong may take half an ounce in the morning fasting, and weak people three drams. It is a good remedy for pains and hardness of the Spleen,

Confectio Humain, Melue.

Colledge. Take of Eye-bright two ownces, Fennel Jeeds five drams, cloves, cinnamon, cubebs, long Pepper, Macc, of each one dram: beat them all into powder, and with clarified Honey one pound, in which boyl juyce of Fennel one ounce, juyce of Celaudine and Rew, of each half an ounce: and with the powders make it up into an Electuary.

culpeper. It is chiefly appropriated to the Brain and Heart, quickens the Sences, especially the fight, and resistent the pessilence. You may take half a dram if your body be hot, a dram if cold, in the morning

fasting.

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Diareos Solomonis. Nich.

Colledge. Take of Orris Roots one ounce, Penyroyal; Hysop, Liquoric, of each six drams; Tragacanth, white Starch, bitter Almonds, Pineauts, Cintamon, Ginger, Pepper, of each three drams; fat sigs, the pulp of Raisins of the Sur, and Dates of each three drams and an half; Styrax calamitis two drams and an half, Sugar dissolved in Hysop water, and clarified Honey, of each twice the weight of all the rest: make them into an Electuary according to Art.

culpiper. The Electuary is chiefly appropriated to the Lungs, and helps cold infirmities of them, as Afthmaes, Coughs, difficulty of breathing, &c., You may take it with a liquoris flick, or on the point of a knife, a little of

it at a time, and often.

Diafatyrion. Nich.

colledg. Take of the Roots of * Satyrion [*look the Roots in the Simples and there you half find those directions you have need enough of. I fresh and

found garden Parsnips, Eringo, Pinenuts, Indian nuts, or if Indian nuts be wanting, take the double quantity of Pinenuts, Fistich nuts of each one tounce and an half [the Author appoints [ven drams.] Cloves, Ginger, the feeds of Annis, Rocker, * Alli Keys [viz. the feeds within them] of each five drams, Cinnamon, the tails and loins of Scincus, the feeds of † Bulbus [† I know not what English Name to give it.] Nettles , of each two drams and an half, Mask fever grains, of the best Sugar dissolved in Mallago Wine, three pounds, make it into an Electuary according to Art.

culpeper. Either the Colledg of the Printer lest out Cicer roots seven drams, which I think are proper to the Receipt: They also added the loyns of Scincus, and the nettle seeds and in so doing, they did well. It helps weaknesse of the Reins and Bladder, and such as make water with difficulty, it provokes lust execedingly, and speedily helps such as are impotent in the Acts of Venus. You may take two drams or more at a time.

Mathiolus bis great Antidote against Poyson and Pestilence.

colledg. Take of Rhubarb, Rhaponatick, Valerian roots, the roots of Acorus, or Calamus aromaticus, Cyperus, Cinquefoyl, Tormentil, round birthwort, male Peony, Elicampane, Costus, Illirick, Orris, white Chamelion or Avens, of each three drams, the roots of Galanga, Masterwort, white Dictamni, Angelica, Yarrow, Filipendula or Dropwort; Zedoary, Ginger of each two drams; Rolemany, Gentian, Devils bit, of each two

drants and an half : the feeds of Citions and Agnus Castus, the berries o: Chermes, the feeds of Ashtree, Sorrel, wild Parinips, Navew, Nigella, Peony the male, Bazil, "Hedg muftard , [*1.in] treacle muftard, Fennel, Bishopsweed of each two drams, the berries of Bay, Juniper, and Ivy, * Sarfaparilla, [*I think they mean that by simplex aspera.] (or for want of it the double weight of Cubebs) Cubebs, of each one dram and an half; the leaves of Scordium, Germander, Chamepitys, Centaury the lefs, Stochas, Celtick Spicknard, Calaminth, Rue, Mints, Betony, Vervain, Scabious, Carduus Benedictus, Balm, of each one dram and an half; Dittany of Creet three drams, Marjoram , St. Johnswort , Schoenanth, Horehound, Goats rue, Savin, Burnet, of each two drams; Figs, Walnuts, Fiftich Nuts, of each three ounces; Emblick Mirobalans halfan ounce; the flowers of Violets, Borrage, Buglos, Roies, Lavender, Sage, Rosemary, of each four scruples, Saffron three drams, Cassia lignea ten drams, Cloves, Nutmegs, Mace, of each two drams and an half; black Pepper, long Pepper, all the three forts of Sanders, wood of Aloes, of each one dram and an half ; Hartshorn half an ounce: Unicorns horn, or in its stead, Bezoar stone one dram, Bone in a Stags Heart, Ivory, Stagspizzle, Caftoreum, of each four feruples; Earth of Lemnos three drams Opium one dram and an half, Orient pearls, Emerauld, Jaeinth, red Coral, of each one dram and an half; Camphire two drams, -Gum Arabick, Mastich, Frankincense, Styrix, Turventire, Sagapenum, O-Spopanax , Laferpitium or Mirrh , of each two drams and in half ; Musk,

Ambergreece, of each one dram; Oyl of Vitriol half an ounce, * Species Cordiales temperatz, Diamargariton, Diamolchu Diambra, Electuarii de Genimis , [+ See the way to make thefe in their proper places] Troches of Camphire, of Squils, of each two drams and an half; Treches of Vipers two ounces, the Juyce of Sorrel, Sowthisties, Scordium, * Vipers Bugloss [* Ecchium] Borrage, Balm, of each half a pound; Hypocistis two drams, of the best Treacle and Mithridate, of each fix ounces; old Wine three pound, of the best Sugar, choyce t Honey [tawife man will take Honey] eight pound fix ounces. Thefe being all chosen and prepared with diligence and Art, let them be made into an Electuary, just as Treacle or Mithridate is.

Culpeper. The Title shews you the scope of the Author in compiling it, I believe it is excellent for those ules: I want time to examin what alterations the Colledg hath made in it, or whether any or none; for particular vertues (to avoid Tautology) I refer you to the Bezoar water. The dole of this is from a scruple to four icruples, or a dram and an half. It provokes sweating abundantly, and in this or any other (weating Medicine, order your body thus: Take it in bed, and cover your felf warm; in your weating, drink Poffet drink as hot as you can; if it be for a Feaver, boyl Sorrel and red Sage in pollet-drink; sweat an hour or two if your strength will bear it; then the Chamber being kept very warm, fhift your felf all but your head, about which (your Cap which you sweat in being kept on) wrap a hot napkin, which will be a means

to repell the vapours back. This I for present hold the best Method for sweating in Feavers and Pestilences, in which this Electuary is very good. I am very loath to leave out this Medicine, which if it were stretched out, and cut in thongs, would reach tound the world.

Requies. Nicholaus.

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Colledge. Take of red Rose leaves, the whites being cut off, blew Violess, of each three drams; Opium of Toebes dissolved in wine, the seeds of white Henbane, Poppies white and black, the roots of Mandrakes, the feeds of Endive, Purstain, Garden Lettuce, * Pfyllium [I take it to be Fleawort, not Fleabane; the seeds look just like Fleas.] Spodium, Gum Tragacanth, of each two icruples and five grains; Nurmegs, Cinnamon, Ginger, of each a dram and an half; Sanders yellow, white, and red, of each a dram and an half; Sugar three times their weight diffolved in Role water: Mix them together, and make of them an Electuary according to Art.

culpever. Requies, the Title of this Prescript, signifies Rest: but I would not advise you to take too much of it inwardly, for tear in stead of Rest, it brings you to madness, or at best to folly. Outwardly I contesse being applied to the Temples, as also to the insides of the wrist, it may mitigate the heat in Feavers, and provoke to Rest, as also mitigate the violent heat and raging in Frenzies. I like not the Receipt taken inwardly.

Electuarium Regina Coloniens.

Colledge. Take of the feeds of Saxifrage and Gromwell, juice of Liquoris, of each balf an ounce; the feeds of Caraway, Annis, Smallage, Fennel, Parfly of Macedonia; B. oom, Carrots, Brufcus, Sparagus, Lovage, Cummin, Juniper, Rew, Siler mountain, the Seeds of Acorus, Peniroyal, Cinquefiyl, Bayberries, of each two drams: Indian Spicknard, Schenanth, Amber, Valerian, Hogs Fennel, Lapis Lincis, of each a dram and an half; Galangas Ginger, Turbith, of each two drams : Senna an ounce, Goats blood prepared half an ounce, mix them together: first beat them into powder, then make them into an Electuary according to Art, with three times their weight in Sugar disolved in white ine.

Culpeper. It is an excellent Remedy for the Stone and Wind Cholick, a drain of it taken every morning: I affure such as are troubled with such Diseases, I commend it to them as a a Jewel.

PILLS.

Culpeper. [] ILLS in Greek are Called na amoria in Latin Pilule, which fignific little balls, because they are made up in such a form, that they may be the better fwallowed down by reason of the offenfivenels of the tafte. They were first invented for the purging of the head (however Physicians have sinco ordered the business) because the matter there offending is not fo foun taken away by any other Physick. Such as have Scammony (otherwise called Diagridium) in them, or Colo-N a cynthis,

cynthi:, work strongly, and must be and Liver, yet because it is well coryour Chamber, and a good fire. I shall instruct you in the dose as I come to them; fuch as have neither Colocynthis, nor Diagridium, may best be taken in the evening; neither need you keep the house for them.

Pilulæ de Agarico. 121. Or, Pills of Agarick.

Colledge. Take of Agarick three! drams, our own blew Orris roots , Maflich , Horehound , of each one dram, Turbith five drams, Species Hiera piera half an ounce, Colocynthis, Sarcocol, of each two drams; Mirrh one dram, Sapa as much as is sufficient to make it into a Mass according to Art.

Culpeper. It was invented to cleanle the breft and lungs of flegm, it works pretty titely, therefore requires a good head-piece to direct it. Half a dram at a time (keeping your felf warm) cannot well do you harm, unless your

body be very weak.

Pilule Aggregative. 121.

Colledge. Take of Citron Mirobalans, Rhubarb, of each half an onnce; Juice of Agrimony and Wormwood made thick, of each two drams; Diagridium five drams , Agarick , Colocynthis, Polypodiam, of cash two drams; Turbith, Aloes, of each fix drams; Maflich, red Rofes, Sal gem, Epithamum, Anis, Ginger, of each a dram: with Syrup of Dimask Rofes, make it into a Mafs according to Art.

Choler, Flegm, and Melancholy, and scope. It cleanieth both stomach and that floutly. It is good against quoti- brain of greis and putrified humours,

taken in the morning, and the body rected; if you take but half a dram well regulated after them, keeping at a time, and keep your felf warm, I suppose you may take it without danger.

Pilule Alephangine. 121.

colledge. Take of Cinnamon, Cloves, Cardamoms the less, Nutmegs, Mace, Calamus Aromaticus, Carpobalfamum or Juniper berries, Squinanth, Wood of Aloes, yellow Sanders, red Roses dried, Wormwood, of each half an ounce; let the tincture be taken out of these being grolly bruiled in Spirit of Wine, the Vessel being close stopped, in three pound of this tincture being strained, dissolve Aloes one pound, which being diffolved, add Mastich, Mirrh powdered, of each half an ounce: Saffron two drams, Balfom of Peru one dram, the fuperfluous Liquor being confumed, either over hot ashes, or a bath, bring it into a Mass of Pills.

Culpeper. This Receipt differs much from that which Mefue left to posterity: perhaps the Colledge followed Renodaus more closely in it than they did Mefue. But some question, whether Renedens or the Colledge either, can amend the receipts of Mefue? The chief alterations are, Afarabacca Roots, Indian Spicknard, of each one ounce, is totally left out; besides, all the Simples till you come to the Wormwood, are set down but half so much in quantity as Mefue prescribed them: Some other small alterations are also in most of the Culpeper. It purgeth the Head of Quantities. But I must return to my dian Agues, and faults in the Romach and lets the ichies free when they are

thereby

thereby troubled. It cleanfeth the Brain offended by ill humors, wind, &c. helps Vertigo and Headaches, and strengthens the Brain exceedingly, helps Concoction, and strengthens the stomach; I have often made Experience of it upon my own body. and alwaies with good success in such occations, and thereore give me leave to commend it unto my Countrymen for a wholfome cleanling Medicine, ftrengthning, no waies violent: one dram taken at night going to bed will work gently next day: if the party be weak, you may give less:if strong, more. If you take but half a dram, you may go abroad the next day: but if you take a dram, you may keep the house: there can be no harm in that.

Pilula de Aloe lota, 122. Or, Pills of washed Aloes.

Colledg. Take of Aloes washed with Juyce of red Roscs an ounce, Agarick three drams, Mastich two drams, Diamoschu dulce half a dram, Syrup of damask Roses so much as is sufficient to make it into a maß according to art.

Culpeper. It purgeth both Brain, ftomach, bowels and eyes of putrified humors, and also strengthens them.

Use these as the succeeding.

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Aloe Rofata. 122.

Colledge. Take of Aloes in powder four ounces, jsyce of Damask Roses clavified one pound: mix them and digest them in the sur, or in a Bath, till the superstuous liquor be drawn off, digest it, and evaporate it four times over, and keep * the Mass. [* By Mass alwaies understanding the composition brought into such thickness, that you may easily with your singers make it into Pills.

purger of Choler, frees the Stomach trom superfluous humors, opens stoppings, and other instruities of the body proceeding from Choler and Flegm, as yellow Jaundice; &c. & strengthens the body exceedingly. Take a scruple, or half a dram at night going to bed, you may walk abroad: for it will hardly work till next day in the afternoon.

Pilula Aurea, 122.

Colledg. Take of Alors, Diagry ium of each five drams; red Roses, Smallage seeds, of each two drams and an half; the seeds of Anise and Fennel, of each one dram and an half; Mastich, Saffron, Troch. Albandal, of each one dram: with a sufficient quantity of Honey of Roses, make it into a Mass according to art.

Culpiper. They are held to purge the Head, to quicken the Senses, especially the fight, and to expel wind from the Bowels, but work something harshly. Half a dram is the utmost Dose: keep the fire, take them in the morning, and sleep after them, they will work before noon.

Pilule cochie the greater. 122.

Colledge. Take of Species Hiera Picra ten drams, Troch. Albandal, three drams and an half, Diagrydium two drams and an half, Turbith, Steechas, of each five drams; with a sufficient quantity of Syrap of Steechas, make it into a maß according to art.

Culpeper. Gesser and Matth. de Grad. put in only two scruples and 2 half of Diagrydium, belike because they would not have it work so violently. But Mesue, Rhasis and Nicolaus Myrepsus, prescribed two drams and an half, as here in the Dispensatorye only Mesue appoints it to be made up

N'3 with

with Syrup of Wormwood. Tisheld to purge the Head, but 'tis but a dogged purge at best, and must be given only to strong bodies, and but half a dram at a time, and yet with great care.

Pilula Cochia, the lef.

Colledge. Take of Aloes, Scammony, Colocynthis, of each one ounce; with equal parts of Syrup of Wormwood, and of purging Thorn, make it into a Mass according to art.

Pilula de Cyrogloffo. 123. Or, Pills of Hounds-tongue.

Colledge. Take of the roots of Hounds-tongue dried, with Henbane feed, Opium prepared, of each half an ounce; Mirrh fix drams, Olibanum five drams, Saffron, Castoreum, Styrax Calamitis, of each one dram and an half: with Syrup of Stoechas, make it into a Mass.

culprer. It staies hot Rhewms that fall down upon the Lungs, therefore is good in Prisicks: also it smitigares pain. A scruple is enough to take at a time going to bed, and too much if your body be weak: have a care of Opiats for sear they make you sleep your last.

Printe ex Duobas, 123. Of, Pills of two Things.

Colledge. Take of Colocynthis and Scammony, of each one ounce; Oyl of Cloves as much as is sufficient to malax them well: then with a little Syrup of purging Thorn, make it into a Mass.

know not what they do, else they would never invent such pills as this, and put Cochiæ the less without any corrigents at all. In truth tis pity

but they should have the just reward of Peristus, viz. be forced to take them themselves, they being not only too strong, but also of a base gnawing Nature, that so they may gnaw out their ill conditions.

Pilule de Eupatorie. 123. Or,

Pills of Eupatorium,

Colledg, Take of the juyce of Maudlin and Wormwood made thick.

Citron Myrobalans, of each three
drams; Rhubarb three drams and an
half; Mastich one dram, Aloes five
drams, Saffron half a dram, Syrup of
the Juyce of Endive as much as is
sufficient to make it into a Mass.

Culpeper. Having compared this Receipt of Me fue with Reason, I find it a gallant gentle purge, & ftrength. ning, firred for fuch bodies as are much weakned by difeases of choler. The Author appropriates it to such as have Tertian Agues, the yellow Jaundice, Obstructions or stoppings of the Liver: half a dram taken at night going to bed, will work with an ordinary body, the next day by noon. The truth is, I was before lparing in relating the doles of most purging physicks, because they are to be regulated according to the strength of the patient, &c. Physick is not to be prefumed upon by Dunces least they meet with their matches and over-matches too.

> Pilule Fatide. 123. Or, Stinking Pills.

Colledge. Take of Aloes, Colorynthis, Opopanax, Ammoniacum, Sagapen, Mirrb, Rew seeds, Epithimum, of each five drams; Scammony three drams, the Roots of Turbith half an onnce, the roots of spurge the less prepared, Hermodastils, of each two drams; Ginger one dram and an half, Spicknard,

nard, Cinnamon, Saffron, Cafforeum, of Pilule de Hiera cum Agarico. 124. Ora each one dram; Euphorbium prepared two scruples: dissolve the Gums in quice of Leeks, and with Syrup made with the Juice of Lecks and Sugar, mak! it into a Mass.

culpeper. They purge groffe and raw Flegm, and Discales thereof arising , Gouts of all forts, pains in the Back bone and other Joynes. It is good against Leprosies, and other fuch like Infirmities of the Skin. fancy not the Receipt much, both because of its violence and apith mixture.

Pilula de Hermodictilis. 124. Or, Pills of Hermodactiles.

colledge. Take of Sagapen 6 drams, Opopanax three drams: melt them in warm juice of Coleworts so much as is sufficient; then strain it through a convenient Rag, afterwards boil it to a mean thickness, then take of Hermodactiles, Aloes, Citrine Myrobalans, Turbith, Coloquintida, foft Bdellium , of each fix drams ; Euphorbium prepared, the feeds of Rew and Smallage, Castoreum, Sarcocol, of each three drams; Saffron one dram and an half: with the Syrup of the Juice of Coleworts made with Honey; make it into Mass according to Art.

Culpeper. They are good against the Gout, and other cold afflictions of the Joints. These are more moderate by half than Pilule fætide, and appropriated to the same Discases. You may take a dram in the morning, if age and strength agree: if not, take leffe, and keep your body warm by the fire, now and then walking about the Chamber.

Pills of Hiera with Agarick.

Colledge. Take of Species Hiera Picra, Agarick, of cach half an owice : the bift Aloes one ounce, Honey of Roses lo much as is sufficient to make it into a

Mass according to Art.

Culpeper. Very many are the vertues Authors have been pleafed to confer upon this Medicine, as making it Universal, and applying it to all pares of the body, and almost all dilcases in them; proceeding either of choler, flegm, or melanc oly. Nay, they make it to refift poilon and Epidemical Diseases, to help the Gout, Dropfies and Falling fickness; to provoke the Terms, and eafe the fits of the Mother; to cure Agues of all forts: shortness of Breath, and confumption of the Lungs, Vertigo or dizinels in the Head, to open obltructions of the Liver and Spleen, to cure the yellow Jaundice, and tharpnels of Urine: to Arengthen the Brain and Memory, and what not? The truth is, it is as harmlels a purge as most is in their Dispensatory. You may fafely take a scruple at night going to bed, having eat a light fupper three hours before, and you may fafely go about your bufiness the next day: for it will not work too hastily, but very gently; so you may continue taking it a week together; for it will not do wonders in once taking.

Pilula Imperiales. 124. Or, Imperial Pills.

Colledge. Take of Aloes two ounces, Rhubarb one ounce and an half, Agarick, Senna, of each one ounce; Cinnamon three drams, Ginger two drams, Nutmegs, Cloves, Spickward, Miltich, of each one dram: with Syrup of Violits make it into a Mafs according to Art.

N 4 Culpoper .

eulp'p.r. It cleanfeth the body of mix Hamours, and ftrengthens the pill, whoever was the Author of it, I Stomach exceedingly; as also the have not time to fearth, it frengthens Bowels, Liver and natural Spirits. It both Stomach and Brain; especially is good for cold Natures, and chears the Nerves and Maicles (what they the Spirits. The Dose is a scruple, are, you shall be instructed in a Table or half a drain taken at night. In the by it felf at the later end of the book; morning drink a dra ght of warm Palet rink, and then you may go about your bufinefs. Both thefe, and like pills as thefe, 'cis your best way to take them many nights together: for they are proper for fuch infirmities as cannot be carried away at coming. Your best way is to take once. Observe this Rule in all such them often going to bed, you may pills as are to be taken at night.

Pilu'a de Lapide Lazuli. 124. Or, Pills of Lapis Lazuli.

powder, a'd well washed, fiv: drams, body cannot be taken away at a time, each a ounce; Scammon, black Hel- their bufiness at all, and therefore is lebore roots, Sil Gemonf each two drams the fittest for poor people. and an balf; Cloves, Annis-seeas, of each half an ounce; Species Hiera Smple fifteen drams; with fyrup of the juice of Fumitory, make it into a Maß according to Art.

Culpeper. It purgeth Melancholy dispute the flory how, or in what it into a Moss according to Art. cases violent purges are fit for Melancholy, let it suffice that it is not

fit for a vulgar ufe.

Pilule Macri. 125.

Colledge. Take of Aloes two ounces, Mastich balf an ource, dried Marjoram two drams, fult of mormwood one aram: make them all, being in powder, into a mass according to art with juice of Colworts and Sugar so much as is Sufficient.

Culpeper. It is a gallant composed as also in all other hard words that puzzle your Brains) and eafeth them o tuch humours as afflict them, and hinder the motion of the body : they open Obstructions of the Liver and Spleen and take away difeafes thence take a scruple or half a dram at a time. I commend it to fuch people as have had huits or bruile, whereby the use of their Limbs is im a red; and I defire them to take it often, be-Colledge. Take of Lapis Lazuli in cause dileases in remote parts of the Epithinum, Polypodium, Agarick, of it will not hinder their following of

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Pilula Maftichina. 125. Or, Mastich Pills.

Colledge. Take of Mistich two ounces, Aloes four ounces, Agarick, Spicies. Hiera simple, of each one ounce and an very violently: we will not now half; with fyrup of Wormwood make

Culpeper. They purge very gently, but ftrengthen much, both Head, Brain, Eyes, Belly and Reins. Both Dote and order is the same with the former.

Pilulæ Mechoacana. 125. Or, Pills of Mechoacan.

Colledge, Take of Mechoacan roots half an ounce, Turbith three drams, the leaves of Spurge steeped in Vinegar and dried, the feeds of Walwort, Agarick trochifcat. of each two drams;

Spurge

Spurge roots prepared, Mastich, of an ounce, let all of them (the each one dram and an halt; Mace, Cinnamon , Sal Gem , of each two scruples : beat them into powder, and with white Wine, bring them into a Mass. When it is drie, beat it into powder, and with fyrup made with the juice of Orris roots and Sugar, make it the second time into a Mass for Pills.

culpeper. They purge flegm very violently. If the Disease be desperate, you may take half a dram.) or a scruple if your body be weak, keepin the house) else I would advise you to let them alone,

Pilula de Opoparace. 125. Ot, Pills of Opopanax.

gapen, Bdellium, Ammoni tum, Her- lent Simples be in it, the terrene part modactiles, Coloquintida, of cash five is cast away, and only the tincture drams ; S ffron , Caftoreum , Mirib, uled , whereby it is apparent it can-Ging r, w ite Pepper, Cassia Lignen, not lie gnawing in the body so long. Citro : Myrobalans, of each one dram; It cleanfeth both Head and Body of Scammony, two drams, Turbith half an Choler, Plegm, and Melancholy; ounce, Aloes an ounce and an balf, the It must not be taken in any great Gum being diffolved in clarified juice quantity, half a dram is lufficient for of colewort, with fyrup of the juice of the ftrongest body. let the weaker Coleworts, make them into a Mals ac- take but a scruple, and the weakest cording to Art.

fies, Gouts of all fores, cleanfeth the nature. Toints, and is helpful for fuch as are troubled with cold Afflictions of the nerves. It works violently , take Mirrh one ownce, S ff on half an ounce, but half a dram at a time, and fir with fy up of the suice of Lemmons,

not abroad.

Pilule Rudii. 126.

fix drams, Agarick, Scamm ny, the hey cleanie the body of fuch humors roots of biack Hellebore, and Tur- as are gotten by Surfeits, they frengbirh, of each halt an ounce; A oes then the leart and weak flomachs, one ounce, Diarrhodon Abbatis half, and work so easily, that you need

Diarrh. Abbatis excepted) be grofly bruifed, and infused eight dayes in the best Spirit of Wine, in a vessel close stopped in the Sun, to that the Liquor may fwim at the top the breadth of fir ingers, a terwards intule the Diarrh. abbatis in the same manner four dayes in Aqua Vita. then having strained and preffed them hard, mix them both together, casting the dross away, and draw off the Moisture in a glass Alembick. and let the thick matter remain in a Mass.

Culpeper. As this is 'he deareft, fo in my opinion it is the most excellent / in operation of all the Pills in the Dispensatory, being of a quick sear-Colledge. Take of Ompanax, Sa- ching nature; yet though many violess: Keep your Chamber, they work Culpeper. It helps Trembling, Pal- very speedily, being of a penetrating

Pilule Raffi. 126.

Colledge. Take of Aloes two ources, make into a M fr accor ing to Art.

Culpepe. A scriple taken at night going to bed . is an excellent precolledge. Take of Colequintida ferverve in peff lential times, alfo next day.

Pilule fine quibus. 126. Or, Pills without which-

Colledge. Take of washed Aloes fourteen drams. Scammony prepared fix drams, Agarick, Rhubarb, Senna cleanfed, of each half an ounce: Wormwood, red Roses exungulated, Violet flowers: Dodder , Miftich of cach one dram: Salt of Wormwood, of each half a dram: with fyrup of the juice of Fennel, made with Honey, make it into a Mass accordang to Art.

culpeper. It purgeth flegm, choler, and melancholy from the head, makes the Sight and Hearing good, and giveth eafe to a burdened Brain. Pilule fine quibus effe noto, is in Englifh, Pills without which I will not be: But unless they worked more gently, I had rather let them alone than take them, I doubt they were mistaken, it should have been Pilule fine quibus effe volo, not fine quibus effe noto.

Pilule Stomschica. 126. Or. Stomach Pills.

Colledg. Take of Aloes fix drams: Mastick, red Roses, of each two drams with fyrup of Wormwood, make it into a Mass according to Art.

Culpeper. They cleanse and strengthen the stomach; they cleanse but gently, ftrengthen much, help digestion. Take them as the former.

Pilule Stomachice cum Gummi. 127. Or, Stomach Pills with Gums.

Colledg. Take of the purest Aloes an cuice, Senna cleanfed five drams, Gum Ammoniacum dissolved in Elder-

not fear following your business the flower, Vinegar balf an ounce; Maßich. Mirrh, Of each a aram and an half; Saffron, Salt of Wormwood, of each balf a dram; with syrup of purging Thorn , make it into a Mass according to Art.

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Culpeper. They work more ftrongly than the former did, and are appropriated to fuch whose Stomachs are weakned by Surfeits; let fuch take a dram of them in the morning. and if they can fleep after them , let them. They may take them by four of the Clock, and keep the House all day.

Pilule e Styrace. 127. Or, Pills of Styrax.

Colledg. Tike of Styrax Calamitys, Olibanum, Mirrh, juice of Liquoris, Opium, of each half an ounce: with fyrup of white Poppies: make it into a

Mass according to Art.

Culpeper. They help fuch as are troubled with defluxion of Rheum, Cough, and provoke fleep to fuch as cannot fleep for Coughing. Half a scruple is enough to take at a time, it the body be weak; if strong, they may make bold with a little more: I defire the Ignorant to be very cautious in taking Opiates; I confess it was the urgent importunity of Friends moved me to fet down the Doles; they may do wife men very much good, and therefore I contented: If people will be mad and do themselves m schief, I can but warn them of it, I can do no more.

Pilula de Succino. 127. Ot, Pills of Amber.

Colledge Take of white Amber, Maftich , of each two drams ; the best Aioes 5. drams, Agarick a dram and an half; long Birthwort balf a dram, with fyrup of Wormwood , make it into a | night , you may follow your buffe Maß.

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Culpeper. It amends the evil state of a womans body, ftrengthens conception, and takes away what hinders it; it gently purgeth choler and flegm, and leaves a binding, ftrengthening quality behind it. them as Imperiall Pills.

Pilula ex Tribus, 127. Or, Pills of three things.

Colledg. Take of Maltieb 2. ounces, Aloes four ounces, Agrick, Hiera simple, of cach an ounce and an half; choice Rhuharb two ounces, Cinnamon two drams, with frup of Succory, make it

anto a Maß according to Art.

Culpeper. They gently purge choler, and help Difeates thence arifing as Irch Scabs, Wheals, &c. They ftrengthen the Stomach and Liver, and open Obstructions, as also help the yellow Jaundice. You may take a scruple or half a dram at night going to bed, according as your body is in strength, neither need you fear next day to go about your bufinels.

Pilule Turpeti Aurea. 127.

Colledge. Take of Turbith two ounces, Aloes an ounce and an half, Citron Myrobalans ten drams, red ! Roles, Mastich, of each fix drains; each an ounce: Salt of Pearl and Saffron three drams : Beat them | Coral, of each an ounce : Tinqure all into powder, and with fyrup of of species Diambræ seven drams, Wormwood bring them into a Mass.

Culpeper. They purge choler and i flegm, and that with as much gentleness as can be desired, also they strengthen the Stomach and Liver, and help digestion. Take a scruple or half a dram, according as your body and the season of the year is, at

neis next day.

Laudanum. 127.

Colledg. Take of Tabane Opium extracted in spirit of wine one ounce, Saffron a like extracted a dram and an half, Caftoreum one dram : Let them be taken in Tincture of half an ounce of species Diambræ newly made in spirit of Wine : add to them Ambergreece, Musk, of each fix grains; Oyl of Nutmegs ten drops, Evaporate the moisture away in a Bath, and leave the Mais.

Culpeper. It was invented (and a gallant invention it is) to mitigate violent pains, stop the fumes that trouble the brain in Feavers (but beware of Opiates in the beginning of Feavers) to provoke fleep, take not above two grains of it at a time, going to bed; if that provoke not fleep, the next night you may make bold with three. Have a care how you be too busie with such Medicines, lest you make a man sleep till dognisday.

Nepenthes Opiatum. 128.

Colledg. Take of Tincture of Opium made first with distilled Vinegar, then with spirit of Wine, Saffron extracted in spirit of Wine, of Ambeigreece one dram : Bring them into the form of Pills by the gentle heat of a Buth.

Culp per. The Operation is like the former, only 'tis deerer, and net a whir better: This is for the Gentry that must pay dear for a thing, elle 'tis not good.

culpeper. The PILLS left out by the Colledg in their New Piece of Wit, are there:

Pilule Affaireth. Avicenna.

Colledge. Take of Species Hiera piera Galeni one ounce, Massion a Cityon Myrobalans, of each balf an ounce; Aloes two ounces, the syrup of Steehas as much as is sufficient, make of them a Miss according to Art.

figure, and strengthens the whole body exceedingly, being very precious for such whose bodies are weakned by Surfets, or iil Diet, to take half a dram or a scruple at night

going to bed.

Pills of Bacllium. Melue.

Colledge. Take of Bdellium ten drams, Myrobalans, Bellericks, Emblicks and Blacks, of each five drams, flakes of Iron, Leek feeds, of each three drams; *Choncula Veneris [*a kind of Sea shell to be had at the Apothecaries.] burnt, Coral burnt, Amber, of each a dram and an half; Pearls half an ounce, † dissolve [† not infuse, as the Colledge prescribe.] the Biellium in juyce of Leeks, and with so much syrup of juyce of Leeks as is sufficient, make it into a Mass according to art.

culpeper. Both this and the former are feldom used, and therefore are hardly to be had. Those that please may easily make the former; this is more tedious: but the Printer will have it put in to stop the mouth of

Momus.

Pills of Rhubarb. Mesue.

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colleage. Take of choyce Rhubarb three drams, Citron Myrobalans, Trochifci Diarrhodon, of each three drams and an half; Juyce of Liquoris, and juyce of Wormwood, Martich, of each one dram; the feeds of Smallage and Fennel, of each half a dram: Species Hiera picra fimpl. Galeni, ten drams, with juyce of Fennel, and clarified? Can they give but a piece of a reason for it? I am deccived is Mesue appoint not Fennel water. and Honey so much as is sufficient, make it into a Mass.

obstructions of the Liver, helps the yellow Jaundice, and Dropsies in the beginning, strengtheneth the Stomach and Lungs. Take them as Pilula Imperiales. They are never the worse because the Colledg lest

them out.

Pilule Arabice. Nicholaus.

Colledge. Take of the best Aloes four ounces, Briony roots, Myrobalans Citron, Chebs, Indian, Bellevick and Emblick, Mastich, Diagridium, Asavabacca, Roses, of each an ounce, Castoreum three drams; Sassron one dram, with syrnp of Wormwood, make it into a Mas according to Art.

culpeper. It helps such women as are not sufficiently purged in their labor, helps to bring away what a careless Midwise hath lest behind, purgeth the Head, helps Head-ach, Megrim, Vertigo, and purgeth the stomach of vicious humors; besides, Authors say it preserves the sight & hearing, and preserves the Mind in Vigor, and causeth joysulness, dri-

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may, but have a care you take not too much of it : a scruple is enough to take at a time, or half a dram if the body be strong; take it in the morning about four of the Clock, and (if you can) fleep an hour or two after, keep your felf warm by the fire and order your felf as after other purges. I pray be not too busie with it, and fay, I warned you of it.

Pilule Arthritice. Nicholaus.

Colledge. Take of Hermodactiles, Turbith, Agarick, of each half an ounce; Cassia lignea, Indian Spicknard, Cloves, Xylubalfamum, or wood of Aloes, Carpobalsamum or Cubebs, Mace, Galanga, Ginger, Mastich, Affafatida, the feeds of Annis, Fennel, Saxifrage, Sparagus, Brufcus, Rofes, Gromwell, Sal gem. of each two drams; Scammony one ounce, of the best Alocs, the weight of them all: Juice of Chamepitys made thick with Sugar, fo much as is fufficient, or fyrup of the juice of the fame, So much as is sufficient to make it into a Mass.

Culpeper. As I remember, the Author appoints but a dram of Scammony, which is but the eighth part of an ounce, and then will the Receipt be pretty moderate, whereas now it is too violent. I know well enough it is the opinion of Doctors, that Aloes retards the violent working of Scammony; I could never find it, and I am the worst in the world to pin my faith upon another mans fleeve, and I would as willingly trust my life in the hands of a wild Bear, as in the hands of that Monfter called Tradition. If but a dram of Scammony be put in, then may a man falely (if not too much weak- the Oak, of each five drams : Epithi-

ving away Melancholy; 'tis like it | ned) take a dram of it at a time, about four in the morning a ordering your felf as in the former : but made up as the Colledge prescribes, I durst not take them my felf, therefore I will not prescribe them to others. It helps the Gout, and other pains in the joints, comforts and ftrengthens both brain and stomach, and consumes diseases, whose original comes of flegm.

Pilula Cochia, with Hellebore.

Colledge. Take of the powder of the Pills before prescribed, the powder of the bark of the Roots of black Hellebore one ounce; make it into a mass with the fyrup of Stoechas according to Art.

Culpeer. The former purgeth the head of flegm, and therefore is fit for Lethargies; this is of Melancholy, and is therefore fit for mad people, it Melancholy be the cause.

Pills of Fumitory. Avicenna.

Colledge.. Take of Myrobalans Citrine, Chebs, and Indian, Diagrydium, of each five drams; Aloes feven drams. Let all of them being bruised, be thrice moistned with juice of Fumitory, and thrice suffered to dry, then brought into a Mais with lyrup of Fumitory.

Culpeper. It purgeth Melancholy from the Liver and Spleen, sharp, cholerick, and adust humours, falc flegm, and therefore helps Scabs and Itch. Take but half a dram at a time in the morning, and keep by the fire. Be not too bufie with it I befeech you.

Pilule Inde. Mesae out of Haly.

Colledge. Take of Indian Myroba. lans, black rellebore, Polypodium of

mum, Stoethas; of each fix drams? | fuch Excrements as hinder the fight. Agarick, lapis Lazuli often washed, Troches Alhandal, Sal Indi, of each ing, keep your felf warm and within half an ounce; Juice of Maudlin made thick, Indian Spicknard, of each two drams, Cloves one dram, Species Hiera picra simplex Galeni, twelve drams, with Syrup of the juice of Smallage, make it into a Mals according to Art.

Culpeper. It wonderfully prevails against afflictions coming of Melancholy, Cancers which are not ulcerated, Leprofie, Evils of the mind coming of Melancholy, as fadnetle, fear, &c. Quartan Agues, Jaundice, pains and infirmities of the Spleen. I advise to take but half a dram, or a lcruple at a time, and take it often, for Melancholy infirmities are not easily removed upon a sudden: take in the morning, and keep the House.

Pilula Lucis Majores. Melue.

Colledge. Take of Rofes, Violets, Wormwood, Colocynthis, Turbith, Cubibs , Calamus aromaticus , Nutmeg', 1 Indian Spicknard, Epithimum, Carpobalsamum, or instead thereof Cardamoms, Xylabalfamum, or wood of Alocs, the feeds of Sefeli or Hartwort, Rem, Annis, Fennel and Smallage, Scenanthus, Mastich, Asarabaccaroots, Cloves, Cinnamon, Caffia lignea, Saffrom, Mace, of each two drams; Myrabolans, Citrines, Cubebs, Indian, Bellerick and Emblick, Rh barb, of each half an ounce; Agarick, Senna, of each five drams; Aloes soccatrina, the weight of them all: with Syrup of the Juice of Fennel: make it into a mass according to art.

from the Head, and clears it of and keep the House.

You may take a dram in the morndoors, you shall find them strengthen the brain and visive vertue : If your body be weak take less.

Pills of Spurge. Fernelius.

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Colledge. Take of the Bark of the roots of Spurge the leffe, steeped twenty four hours in Vinegar aud Juice of Purstain, two drams: Grains of * Palma Christi [* A kind of Spurge, three of the feeds of which some authors (and they good ones too) fay, will give a man a sufficient purge.] torrified, by number forty: Citron Mirobalans one dram and an half, Germander, Chamepitys, Spicknard, Cinnamon, of each two scruples; being beaten into powder with an an ounce of Gum Tragacanth distolved in Rose-water, and Syrup of Roses so much as is sufficient, let it be made into a Mass.

culpeper. I could say if I would, and prove it too, that the office of Gum Tragacanth fo diffolyed is enough to make fix times fo much into a Mass, but because the Receipt (in my eyes) feems more fitting for a Horse than a man, I leave it.

Pills of Euphorbium. McTue.

Colledge, Take of Euphorbium, Colocy this, Agarick, Bdellium, Sagapenum, of each two drams; Aloes five dram, with Syrup made of the Fuice of Leek: : make it into a Mass.

Culpener. The Pills are exceeding good for Dropsies, pains in the Loins and Gouts coming of a moift caule. Culpeper. It purgeth mixt humours | Take not above half a dram at a time,

Pilula

Pilule Scribonii.

Mirrh, of each two drams; Opium, and apriones: The Latins, befides Cardamoms, Caftoreum; of each one the Greek names, Trochifei , and Sapa fo much as is sufficient to make man may make them into what it into a Mals according to art.

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ployments next day without danger. positions. I put in these only to satisfie the defires of the curious, being confident that the Colledg quoted more by half than needed; and Apothecaries must to fee their flavery.

TROCHES.

Culpeper. TF any cavil at this name, common Wormwood, as I then told lift, let them give a better, and I feems either not knowing what shall be thankfull : I know no other Wormwood Mefue the Author of the

below it. They have gotten many Greek names almost as many as a Colledge. Take of Sagapenum, and Welfhman, Tegyioxos, xuxxioxos dram; white Pepper half a dram, Pastilli, and Placentule. Although a form he pleafeth, yet they are ufu-Culpeper. It is appropriated to ally made into little flat thin cakes fuch as have Ptificks, and fuch as of a scruple, or twenty grains in spit blood, but ought to be newly weight, plus minus: Some print Imade. A scruple is sufficient taken mages (as of Serpents upon Troches going to bed. Galen was the Author of Vipers) upon them, some gild them with leafGold, some do neither; I have now done with the Pills, They were first invented by the Anonly take notice that fuch as have tients, that powders being brought Diagridum (otherwise called Scam- into this form, may be kept pure mony) in them, work violently and the longer; for the Vertues of poware to be taken early in the morn- ders will soon exhale by intermission ing, with diferetion, and admini- of air, which the thick body of Trofired with due consideration; the o- ches resist : also such as are pectoral; ther work more gently, to that you are the easier carried in ones pocket. may take a scruple of them at night Few of them are taken by themgoing to bed, and follow your im- felves, but mixed with other Com-

> Trochisci de Absinthio. 129. Or. Troches of Wormwood.

Colleage. Take of red Roles, Wormhave them all in a readine's because wood leaves, Aniseeds, of each two the Colledge appoints them; for drams, Juice of Maudlin made thick, if a Master bid his Boy quench out the Roots of Asarabacca, Rhubarb, the fire and make a new one, he must Spicknard, Smallage seeds, bitter do it, because he is commanded; Almonds, Mastich, Mace, of each Oh I that they would once be so wise one dram; Juice of Succory so much as is sufficient to make it into Troches according to art.

Culpiper. Before they used the term Absintbium Ponticum, which is a term they gave before both to Roman and and think it hardly Eng- them in the Margin, and they it English Name but will fall far Receipt intended , or what Pontick

worm-

led of, was now quite left out. They you should know that they use to Arengthen the stomach exceedingly, contain half a dram of Opium. If open obstructions, or stoppings of there be an inflammation you may the belly and bowels; ftrengthen di- | use them with Opium, if nor, without: gestion, open the passages of the li- and the manner of using them is ver, help the yellow faundice, and this, Take a dram of the Troches, confume watry superfluities of the which having beaten into powder, body. They are somewhat bitter, mix with two ounces of Plantane and seldom taken alone; if your pa- water, and with a Syringe inject it late affect bitter things , you may into the Yard. take a dram of them in the morning; They cleanse the body of choler, but purge not, or not to any purpose.

Agarick Tochifcatus. 129. Or, Agarick Trochiscated.

Colledge. Take of Agarick lifted and powdered three ounces, fleep it in a sufficient quantity of white wive, in which two drams of Ginger have, been infused, and make it into Troches.

Culpeper. See Troches of Agarick. which make Troches. This being indeed but the way to correct Agarick, and make it the fitter for use, and to perform those vertues Agarick hath, which you may find among the Simples.

Trochifci Albi. Rhafis. 129. Or, white Troches.

Colledge. Take of Corus washed in Rosewater ten drams, Sarcocol three drams, white Starch two arams, Gum Avabick and Tragacanth, of cach one dram, Campbire balf a dram, cith r with Rosewater or womens Milk, make it into Troches according to art.

Culpeper. They are cool without Opium, but cooler with it, as also very drying, and are used in injections, in ulcers in the yard, and the running of the Reins, &c. It feems now

wormwood, which before they prat- [the Colledge is very unwilling that

Trochisci Alexiterii.

Colledge. Take of Zedoary roots. powder of Crabs claws, of each one dram and an half; the outward Citron peels preserved and dried, Angelica feeds, of each one dram; Bole armenick half a dram , with their treble weight in Sugar, make them in powder, and with a sufficient quantity of Mucillage of Gum Tragacanth, made into Treacle water distilled, make it into paste, of

Culpeper. The Greeks call all Medicines, that expel poylon, Alexiterias fo then Trochischi Alexiterii, are nothing elfe bat Troches to expel Poyion. This Receit is tar different from what they prescribed before under that name : It may be I shall find it under another name before I have done with the Troches, they use to do fuch tricks sometimes; if I do not, you shall have it at later end : mean scason, this preserves the body from ill Airs, and Epidemical discases, as the Pestilence, Small Pox, &c. and strengthens the Heart exceedingly, eating now and then a little : you may safely keep any Troches in your Pocket, for the dryer you keep them, the better they are.

Trochifci

Trochifci Albandal. 130.

Colledg. Take of Coloquintida freed from the seeds, and cut small, and rubbed with au ounce of Oyl of Roses, then beaten into sine powder 10 ounces, Gum Arabick, Tragacanth, Bacllium, of each six drams. Steep the Gums three or four daies in a sufficient quantity of Rose water till they be melted, then with the afore said pulp, and part of the said Mucilage, let them be dried in the shadow, then beaten again, and with the rest of the Mucilage, make it in again; dry them and keep them for use.

Culpeper. They are too violent for

a vulgar ufe.

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Trochisci Aliptæ Moschatæ. 130.

Colledge. Take of Labdanum bruised three ounces, Styrax calamitis one ounce and an half, Benjamin one ounce, wood of Alocs two drams, Ambergreece one dram, Camphire half a dram, Musk half a scruple: with a sufficient quantity of Rose water make it into Troches according to art.

Culpeper. It is fingular good for fuch as are Afthmatick, and can hardly fetch their breath; as also for young Children whose Throat is so narrow, that they can hardly swallow down their milk. A very little taken at a sime, is enough for a mans body, and too much for a poor mans purse. For young Children, give them four or five grains at a time in a little made them?

Trochifei Alkekengi. 136. Or, Troches of Winter Cherries.

Colledge. Take of winter cherries 3 drams; Gum Arabick; Tragacanth, Olibanum; Dragois blood; Pinenuts,

bitter Almonds, white Starch, juyce of Liquoris, Bolo armenick, white Poppy seeds, of each fix drams; the seeds of Melons, Cucumers, Citruls, Gowds, of each three drams and an half; the seeds of Smallage and white Henhane, Amber, Earth of Lemnos, Opium, of each two drams: with Juyce of fresh Winter cherries, make them into Troches according to art.

Culpeper. They potently provoke Urin, and break the stone. Mix them with other medicines of that nature, half a dram at a time, or a dram, if

age permit.

Trochisti Bechici Albi, vel Rotulæ pettorales. Or, Pettoral Rouls.

Colledge. Take of white Sugar one pound, white Sugar candy; Penids, of each four ownces; Ovris Florentine one ounce, Liquoris six drams; white Starch one ounce and an half; with a sufficient quantity of Mucilage of Gum Tragacanth made in Rose water, make them into small Troches. You may add sour grains of Ambergreece, and three grains of Musk to them; if occasion serve.

Trochisci Beehici nigri. 131:

Colledg. Take of juyce of Liquoris, white Sugar, of each ten drams; Gum Tragacanth, fiveet Almonds blanched, of each fix drams: with a sufficient quantity of Mucilage of Quince seeds, made thick with Rosewater, make them into Troches according to art.

culpeper. Both this and the former will melt in ones mouth, and in that manner to be used by such as are troubled with Coughs, Cold, Hoarfness, or want of voice. The former is most in use: but in my opinion the last is most effectual. You may take

them

then any time when the Cough troubles you, and this conveniency you shall find in Troches more than in any other Physick. You may carry them any where in your pocket in a paper, without spoiling, though you travel as far as the East Indies.

Tiochifei de Barberis. 131. Or, Troches of Barberries.

Colledge. Take of the jayes of Barberries and Liquoris made thick, Spodiam, Purstain feeds, of cach three drams; red Rofes fix drams, Indian Spickard, Saffron, white Starch, Gum Tragacanth, of each a dram; Citrul feeds cleanfed three drams and an bulf, Campbire half a dram : with Manna diffolved in new Jayce of Barberries, make them into Troches according to art.

culperer. They wonderfully cool the heat of the Liver, Reins, and Bladder, Breast and Stomach, and stop Loofnels, cool the heat of Feavers. They are very fit for bodies that are distempered with heat to carry about with them when they travel: they may take them at any time. I suppose their mothers wit will teach them that it is best ro take them when the stomach is empty. I cannot write every thing, neither if I did, should I please every body : I had as lieve undertake (with the Sicilian Philosopher to teach an Ass to speak, as to teach a Dunce Phyfick.

Tro bifci de Camphora. 131. Or, Troches of Camphire.

Colledge. Tike of campbire bilf a dram, Saffior two drams, white Starch lit any how. three drams, red Rofes, Gum Arabick and Tragacasth, Ivory of carb half an

ounce : the feeds of cucumers bu ked, of Purflain, Liquoris, of each an ounce: with Mucilage of the feeds of Fl. awort drawn in Rose water, make them into Troches_

Culpeper. It is exceeding good in burning Feavers, heat of Blood and Choler, together with hor distempers of the Stomach and Liver, and extream thirst coming thereby. Also it is good against the yellow Jaundice, Prificks and Hectick Feavers. You may use these as the former. They have much altered this: for they must be doing.

Trochisci de Capparibus. 132. Or, Troches of Capers.

Colledge. Take of the Bark of caper roots, the feeds of Agnus castus, of each six drams : Ammoniacum half ounce, the feeds of Watercreffes and Nigella, the leaves of Calaminth and Rem, the Roots of Acorns and long Birthwort , the juyce of Maudlin made thick, bitter Almonds, of each two drams; Harts-tongue, the Roots of round Cyperus, Maddir, Gum Lac, of each one dram. Being bruifed , let them be made into Troches according to art, with Ammoniacum dissolved in Vinegar, and boiled to the thickness of Honey.

Culpeper. They open stoppings of the Liver and Spleen, and help Difeases thereof coming; as Rickets, Hypochondriack Melancholy, &c. Men may take a dram, Children a ecruple in the morning. You need not ask how Children should take it, 'tis well if you can get them to take

Trochifei

Trochisci de Carabe. 132. Or.

Colledge. Take of Amber an ounce, Harts horn burnt, Gum Arabick burnt, red Coral burnt, Tragacanth, Acacia, Hypocifiis, Balaustines, Mastich, Gum Lacca washed, black Poppy seeds roasted of each two drams and two scruples; Frankincense, Saffron, Opium, of each two drams: with a sufficient quantity of Mucilage of the seeds of Fleawort drawn in Plantanc water, make them into Iroches according to Art.

Culpeper. They were invented to flop fluxes of blood in any part of the body, the Terms in women, the Hemorrhoids or Piles: they also help Ulcers in the Breast and Lungs. The Dose is from ten grains to a scruple.

> Trochifei Cypheos for Methridate. 132.

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Colledge. Take of pulp of Raifins of the Sun, Cyperus, Turpentine, of each three ounces; Mirrh, Squinanth, of each an ounce and an half; Cinnamon half an ounce, Calamus Aromaticus nine drams, the Roots of round Cyperus and Indian Spicknard, Cassia lignea, Juniper berries, Bdellium, Asphaltus or Wood of Aloes two drams and an half, Saffron one dram, the best clarified Honey as much as is sufficient; Canary Wine a little. Let the Mirrh and Bdellium be ground in a mortar with the Wine, the thickness of liquid Honey, then add the Turpentine, then the pulp of Raisins, then the powders: at last with the Honey, let them all be made into Troches,

Culpeper. It is excellent good against inward Ulcers in what part of the body soever they be. It is chiefly used in Compositions, as Treacle and Mithridate.

Trochisci, de Eupstorio. 133. Or, Troches of Maudlin,

Colledge. Take of the Juice of Maudlin made thick, Manna, of each an ounce; red Roses half an ounce, Spodium three drams and an half, Spicknard three drams, Rhubarb, Asarabacca roots, Aniseeds, of each two drams. Let the Nard, Aniseeds and Roses be beaten together, the Spodium, Asarabacca and Rhubarb by themselves: then mix the Manna and Juice of, Maudlin in a mortar, add the powders, and with new Juice make it into Troches.

Culpeper. Obstructions, or stoppings, and swelling above Nature, both of the Liver and Spleen, are cured by the inward taking of these Troches, and Diseases thereof coming, as yellow and black Jaundice, the beginnings of Dropsies, &c. Take them as Troches of Wormwood.

Troches of Gallia Mofchata- 133.

Colledge. Take of wood of Aloes five drams, Ambergreece three drams, Musk one dram, with Mucilage of Gam Tragacanth made in Rose water, make it into Troches according to Art.

Culpeper. They strengthen the Brain and Heart, and by consequence both vi al and animal Spirit, and cause a sweet breath. They are of an extream price, therefore I pass by the Dose.

Trochife

then any time when the Cough trou- jounce; the feeds of Cucumers bu ked, bles you, and this conveniency you of Purstain, Liquoris, of each an ounce: thall find in Troches more than in any other Physick. You may carry them drawn in Rose water, make them into any where in your pocket in a paper, Troches. withor

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Trechifci

Trochifci de Carabe. 132. Or. Troches of Amber.

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Colledge. Take of Amber an ounce,

Culpeper. It is excellent good against inward Ulcers in what pare of the body foever they be. It is chiefly used in Compositions, as Treacle and Mithridate.

> . 133. Or, Idlin.

the Juice of lanna, of each salf an ounce and an half, , Rhubarb, eeds, of each ard, Aniseeds ogether, the and Rhubarb ix the Manna in a mortar. ith new Tuice

ons , or ftopbove Nature, Spleen , are aking of these s thereof comick Jaundice, ropfies, &c. es of Worm-

chata. 133.

rood of Aloes ce three drams, Mucilage of n Rofe water. rding to Art. rengthen the y confequence 1 Spirit , and They are of an

Honey, let them all be made into extream price; therefore I pais by Troches.

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Trochife

then any time when the Cough troubles you, and this conveniency you shall find in Troches more than in any other Physick. You may carry them any where in your pocket in a paper, without spoiling, though you travel as far as the East Indies.

Trochifei de Barberis. 131. Or, Troches of Barberries.

Colledge. Take of the juyce of Barberries and Liquoris made thick, Spodium, Purstain seeds, of each three drams; red Roses six drams, Indian Spickaird, Saffron, white Starch, Gum Tragacanth, of each a dram; Citrul seeds cleanfed three drams and an half, Camphire half a dram: with Manna dissolved in new Juyce of Barberries, make them into Troches according to art.

Culpeter. They wonderfully cool the heat of the Liver, Reins, and Bladder, Breast and Stomach, and stop Looinels, cool the heat of Feavers. They are very fit for bodies that are distempered with heat to carry about with them when they travel: they may take them at any time. I Suppose their mothers wit will teach them that it is best ro take them when the stomach is empty. I cannot write every thing, neither if I did, should I please every body: I had as lieve undertake (with the Sicilian Philosopher to teach an Als to speak, as to teach a Dunce Phytick.

Trochifei de Camphora. 131. Or, Troches of Camphire.

Colledge. Take of Campbire bulf a draw, Saffior two drams, white Starch three drams, red Rofes, Gum Arabick and Traguath, Ivory of call half an ounce; the feeds of Cucumers bucked, of Purstain, Liquoris, of each an ounce: with Mucilage of the feeds of Fl. awort drawn in Rose water, make them into Troches.

Culpeper. It is exceeding good in burning Feavers, heat of Blood and Choler, together with hot distempers of the Stomach and Liver, and extream thirst coming thereby. Also it is good against the yellow Jaundice, Prisicks and Hectick Feavers. You may use these as the former. They have much altered this: for they must be doing.

Trochisci de Capparibus. 132. Or, Troches of Capers.

Colledge. Take of the Bark of caper roots, the feeds of Agaus castus, of each six drams; Ammoniacum half an ounce, the feeds of Watercresses and Nigella, the leaves of Calaminth and Rew, the Roots of Acorns and long Birthwort, the juyce of Maudlin made thick, bitter Almonds, of eich two drams; Harts-tongue, the Roots of round Cyperus, Maddir, Gum Lac, of each one dram. Being bruised, let them be made into Troches according to art, with Ammoniacum dissolved in Vinegar, and boiled to the thickness of Honey.

Culpeper. They open stoppings of the Liver and Spleen, and help Diseases thereof coming; as Rickets, Hypochondriack Melancholy, &c. Men may take a dram, Children a scruple in the morning. You need not ask how Children should take it, tis well if you can get them to take

it any how.

Trochifei

Trochisci de Carabe. 132. Or. Troches of Amber.

Colledge. Take of Amber an ounce, Harts horn burnt, Gum Arabick burnt, red Coral burnt, Tragacanth, Acacia, Hypocifis, Balauftines, Maftich, Gum Lacca washed black Poppy feeds roafted of each two drams and two scruples; Frankiucenfe, Saffron, Opium, of each two drams: with a sufficient quantity of Mucilage of the seeds of Fleawort drawn in Plantanc water, make them into Iroches according to Art.

Culpeper. They were invented to stop fluxes of blood in any part of the body, the Terms in women, the Hemorrhoids or Piles: they also help Ulcers in the Breaft and Lungs. The Dose is from ten grains to a scruple.

Trochifei Cypheos for Methridate. 132.

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Colledge. Take of pulp of Raifins of the Sun, Cyperus, Turpentine, of each three ounces; Mirrh, Squinanth, of each an ounce and an half; Cinnamon half an ounce, Calamus Aromaticus nine drams, the Roots of round Cyperus and Indian Spicknard, Cassia lignea, Juniper berries, Bdellium, Asphaltus or Wood of Aloes two drams and an half, Saffron one dram, the best clarified Honey as much as is sufficient; Canary Wine a little. Let the Mirrh and Bdellium be ground in a mortar with the Wine, the thickness of liquid Honey, then add the Turpentine, then the pulp of Raisins, then the powders: at last with the Honey, let them all be made into extream price, therefore I pals by Troches,

Culpeper. It is excellent good against inward Ulcers in what part of . the body soever they be. It is chiefly used in Compositions, as Treacle and Mithridate.

Trochifci, de Eupatorio. 133. Or, Troches of Maudlin.

colledge. Take of the Juice of Maudlin made thick, Manna, of each an ounce; red Roses half an ounce, Spodium three drams and an half, Spicknard three drams, Rhubarb, Asarabacca roots, Aniseeds, of each two drams. Let the Nard, Anileeds and Roses be beaten together, the Spodium, Afarabacca and Rhubarb by themselves: then mix the Manna and Juice of Maudlin in a mortar, add the powders, and with new Juice make it into Troches.

Culpeper. Obstructions, or stoppings, and swelling above Nature, both of the Liver and Spleen, are cured by the inward taking of these Troches, and Diseases thereof coming, as yellow and black Jaundice, the beginnings of Dropfies, &c. Take them as Troches of Wormwood.

Troches of Gallia Moschata. 132.

Colledge. Take of wood of Aloes five drams, Ambergrecce three drams, Musk one dram, with Mucilage of Gam Tragacanth made in Rose water. make it into Troches according to Art.

culpeper. They ftrengthen the Brain and Heart, and by confequence both vi al and animal Spirit, and cause a sweet breath. They are of an the Dole.

Trochife

Trochifci Gordonii. 133.

Colledge. Take of the four greater cold Seeds husked, the feeds of white Poppies, Mallows, Cotton, Purflain, Quinces, Mirtles, Gum Tragacanth and Arabick, Fiftick nuts, Pinenuts, Sugar candy, Penids, Liquoris, French Barley, Mucilage of Fleawort feeds, fweet Almonds blanched, of each two drams; Bole armenick, Dragons blood, Spodium, red Roses, Mirrh, of each half an ounce : with 2 Sufficient quantity of Hydromel, make it into Troches according to Art.

very good in Ulcers of the Bladder, half; Mirrh two drams, Caloreum and all other inward Ulcers what- a dram an half, the Roots of Afarafoever, and ease Feavers coming bacca and long Birthwort, the leaves thereby, being of a fine cooling, of Savin, Fetherlew, Nep, of each flippery, healing Nature, You may one dram; Dittany half a dram: mix half a dram of them with Syrup | with either the Juice or Decoction of of Marin mallows, or any other Sy- Rew, make it into Troches according rup or Water appropriated to these to Art. ules. They ease the pains of the Stomach much. They have left out the feminine Gender, help fits of the four leffer cold feeds, of each the Mother, expell both Birth and two drams; and altered some of the After-birth, cleanse Women after quantities of the reft. If you ask Labor, and expel the Reliques of a them a Reason, they can scarce give careless Midwife. Search what other you one.

Trochifci Hedichrei. Galen, for Treacle. 134.

Take of Aspalatus or Colledge. yellow Sanders, the leaves of Maflich, the roots of Alarabacca, of Trochifet de Ligno Alees. 134. Or. each two drams; Rhaphontick, Castus, Calanius Aromaticus, Wood of Aloes, Cinnamon, Squinanth, Opabalfamum or Oil of Nurmegs by expression, of each three drams; Cassia Lignea, Indian leaf or Mace, Indian Spicknard, Mirrh, Saffron, of each fix drams; Amomus, or Cardamoms the less an ounce and

an half, Mastich a dram, Canary Wine as much as is fufficient. Let the Mirrh be diffolved in Wine, then add the Mastich and Saffron well beaten, then the Opabalsamum; then the rest in powder, and with Wine, make them up into Troches, and dry them gently.

Culpeper. They are very seldome or never used but in other Compofitions: yet naturally they hear cold stomachs, help digestion, strengthen

the Heart and Brain.

Trochisci Hysterici. 134.

Colledge. Take of Affafærida, Gal-Culpeper. They are held to be banum, of each two drams and an

> Culpeper. These are applyed to Compositions are appropriated to the same purpose. You may find them in the Table at the later end of the Book, and then you may add half a dram of this to them-

Troches of Wood of Aloes.

Colledge. Take of wood of Alocs, red Rofes, of each two drams; Mastick, Cinnamon , Cloves, Indian Spicknard. Nutmegs, Parfrep feed, Cardamems the greater and leffer, Cubibs, Gallia mofchata, Citron peels, Mace, of cach one dram and an half; Ambergreese, Musk, of each half a scruple : with Honey of Raifins, make it into Troches.

Culpeper. It ftrengthens the heart, Romach, and liver, takes away heart-qualms, faintings, and stinking breath, and relifteth the Droplie. The Rich may take half a dram in the morning.

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Trochischi e Mirrha. 135. Or, Troches of Mirrh.

Colledge. Take of Mirrh 3. drams, the meal of Lupines five drams, Madder roots, the leaves of Rew, Wild Mints, Dittany of Creet, Cummin feeds, Affafætida, Sagapen, Opopanax, of each two drams: diffolve the Gums in Wine, wherein Mugwort hath been boiled, or elic Juniper berries, [* any tooth, good Barbar] then add the reft, and with Juice of Mugwort, make it into Troches according to Art.

Culpeper. They provoke the Terms in women, and that with great cale to fuch as have them come down with pain. Take a dram of them beaten into powder, in a spoonfull or two of Syrup of Mugwort, or any other Compelition tending to the same purpose, which the Table at

the later end will direct you.

Sief de Plumbo. 135. Or, Sief of Lead.

colledge. Take of Lead burnt and washed, Brass burnt, Antimony, Tutty washed, Gum Arabick and Tragacanth, of each an ounce; Opium half a dram : with Role water, make them being beaten and fifted into Troches.

Culpeper. It fills up and cures Ulcers in the Eyes, if you put it into them (lay Authors) but in my opinion 'tis but a scurvy Medicine.

Trochifci Polyida Androm. 135.

Colledge. Take of Pomgranate flowers twelve drams, Roch Allum three drams, Frankinience, Mirrh, of each half an ounce; Calacanthum, two drams, Bulls gall fix drams, Aloes an ounce; with auffere wine, or juice of Nightshade or Plantane, make them into Troches according to Art.

Culpeper. They are very good, they fay, being outwardly applyed, both in green Wounds and Ulcers. I fancy them not.

> Trochisci de Rhubarbaro. 131. Or, Troches of Rhubarb.

Colledge. Take of choice Rhubarb ten drams, juice of Mandlin made thick, bitter Almonds, of each half an ounce; red Roles three drams, the Roots of Alarabacca, Madder, Indian Spicknard, the leaves of Wormwood, the feeds of Annis and Smallage, of each one dram; with Wine in which Wormwood hath been boiled, make them into Troches according to Art.

culpiper. They gently cleanfe the Liver, help the yellow Jaundice, and other diseases coming of Choler and stoppage of the Liver. You may take a dram of them every morning, or if you lift not to take them alone, beat them into Powder, and mix them

with white Wine.

Trochifci de Santalis. 136. Or, Troches of Sanders.

Colleage. Take of the three Sanders, of each an ounce; the feeds of Cucumers, Guords, Citruls, Purslain, Spodium, of each half an ounce; red Roses seven drams, juice of Barberries fix drams, Bole-

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armenick

armenick an ounce and an half, rosted one dram and an half, with Camphire one dram : with Purslain Juice of unripe Grapes, make it into water, make it into Troches.

Culpeper. The vertues are the fame with Troches of Spodium; both of

zhem harmless.

Troches de Scilla ad Theriacum. 136. Or, Troches of Squills for Treacle.

Colledge. Take a Squill gathered about the beginning of July, of a middle bigness, and the hard part to which the small Roots Rick, wrap it up in pafte, and bake it in an Oven, till the paste be dry, and the Squill be tender, which you may know by piercing it with a wooden stick, or a bodkin; then take it out and briufe it in a mortar. adding to every pound of the Savill eight ounces of white Orobus, or red Citers in powder; then make into Troches, of the weight of two drams a piece (your hands being anointed with Oil of Roses) dry them on the top of the bonfe, opening towards the * South, [* Ask the Colleage whether the South part of the World be toward the shadow, or the North? In truth either the World is turned upfide down, or they or I are beside the Cushion] in the shadow, often turning them till they be well dry, then keep them in a pewter or glass Vellel.

Troches of Spodium. 136.

Troches.

Culpeper. They are of a fine-cooling binding Nature, excellent in Feavers coming of Choler, especially if they be accompanied with a loofness, they also quench thirst. You may take half a dram, either by themselves, or in any other convenient Medicine.

Trochisci de Terra Lemnia. 137. Or. Troches of Earth of Lemnos.

Colledge, Take of Earth of Lemnos, Bole-armenick, Acacia, Hypociftis, Gum Arabick tolled, Dragons blood, white Starch, red Roles, Rose feeds, Lap. Hematitis, red Coral, Amber, Balaustines, Spodium, Purslain seeds a little tofted, Olibanum, Hartshorn burnt, Cypres Nuts, Saffron, of each two drams; black Poppy feeds, Tragacanth, Pearls, of each one dram and an half; Opium prepared one dram: with Juice of Hantane, make it into Troches.

culverer. Indeed in external applications, if an Inflammation, or Feaver be, I think it better with Opium, than without, else better without than with it. It was invented to ftop blood in any part of the body, and for it 'tis excellent : Well then, for the bloody flux, take half a dram of them inwardly (being beaten into Colledge. Take of red Rofes twelve powder) in red wine every morning drams, Spodium ten drams, Sorrel for spitting of blood; use it in like feed fix drams, the feeds of Purslain manner in Plantane water for piland Coriander steeped in Vinegar sing of blood, inject it into the bladand dried, pulp of Sumach, of each der; for bleeding at the Nose, either two drams and an half; * white fnuff it up, or anoint your fore-head Starch rofted [† Maid wind up the with it mixed with Oil: for the Jack] Balaustines, Barberries, of immoderate flowing of the Terms, each two drams; Gum Arabick inject it up the Womb with a sy-

ringe, but first mix it with Plantane water; for the Hemorrhoids or wounds, apply it to the place bleeding.

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Sief de Thure. Or, Sief of Frankincense.

Colledge. Take of Frankincenf., Lap. Calaminaris , Pompionix , of each ten drams, Cyrus forty drams, Gum Arabick , Opium of each fix drams ; with fair Water make it into Balls, dry them and keep them for use.

Culpeper. Sief is a general term which the Arabians give to all Medines appropriated to the Eyes, of which this is one, and a good one to

dry up Rheums there.

Trochisci è Violis solutivi. 137. Or, Troches of Violets solutive.

Colledge. Take of Violet flowers meanly dry fix drams. Turbith one ounce and an half , Juyce of Liquoris, Scammony, Manna, of each two drams; with Syrup of Violets, make it into Troches.

Culpeper. They are not worth talking of, much less worth the cost and labour of making.

Trochisci de Vipera ad Theriacam. Or, Troches of Vipers for Treacle.

Colledge. Take of the flesh of Vipers, the Skin, Entrails, Head, Fat, and Tail being taken away, boyled in Water with Dil, and a little Sale eight ounces, white bread twice baked, grated and fifted two ounces, make it into Troches, your hands being anointed with Opobalsamum, or Oyl of Nutmegs by expression, dry them upon a fieve turned the bottom upwards in an open place, Rowls, which you please. often turning them till they are

well dryed, then put them in a glass or stone por glazed, stopped close, they will keep a year, yet it is far better to make Treacle, not long after you have made them.

Culpeper. They expel poylon, and are excellent good, by a certain lympathetical Vertue, for fuch as are bit-

ten by an Adder.

Trochifci de Agno Casto. 138. Or, Troches of Agnus Caltus.

Colledge. Take of the feeds of Agnus Caftus, Lettuce, red Role flowers, Balaustines; of each a drain; Ivory, white Amber, Bole armenick washed in Knotgrafs water two drams, Plantane feeds four scruptes, Saxafras two Icruples: with Mucilage of Quince leeds extracted in water of Waterlilly flowers, let them be made into Troches.

Culpeper. Very pretty Troches, and good for little.

Culpeper. Thefe TROCHES they have left out, and left to be spoiled in the Apothecaries shops. It is the wiscft way to keep those poor, you would make flaves of.

Troch: [ci Alexiterii, Renodæus:

Colledg. Take of the roots of Gentian, Tormentil, Orris Florentine, Zedoary, of each two drams; Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, of each half a dram; Angelica roots 3. drams, Coriander seeds prepared, Roses, of each one dram; dryed Citron Peels two drams: beat them all into powder, and with juyce of Liquoris foftned in Hippoeras fix ounces: Make them into foft pafte, which you may form into either Troches or small

culpeper. It preserves and strengthens the Heart exceedingly, helps faintings and fallings of the vital spirits, resists poyson and the pestilence; and is an excellent Medicine for such to carry about them whose occasions are to travel in pestilential places and corrupt air, only taking a very small quantity now and then.

Troches of Annis feeds. Mefue.

Colledge. Take of Annis feeds, the juyce of Maudlin made thick, of each two drams; the feeds of Dill, Spicknard, Mastich, Indian Leaf, or Mace; the leaves of Wormwood, Asarabacca, Smallage, bitter Almonds, of each half a dram; Aloes two drams, juyce of Wormwood so much as is sufficient to make it into Troches according to art.

culpeper. They open obstructions of the Liver, and that very gently, and therefore Diseases coming there-of, help quartan Agues. You can scarce do amiss in taking them, if

they please but your palate.

Trochifci Diarrhodon. Mefue.

colledge. Take of the Flowers of red Roses six árams, Spicknard, wood of Aloes, of each two drams; Liquoris three drams, Spodium one dram, Saffron half a dram, Mastich two drams: make them up into Troches with white Wine according to art.

Culpeper. They wonderfully ease Feavers coming of flegm, as quotidian Feavers, Agues, Epialos, &c.

pains in the Belly.

Trochisci de Lacca. Mesue.

colledge. Take of Gum Lacca
cleansed, the juyce of Liquoris,

Maudlin, Wormwood, and Barberries, all made thick, Rhubarb, long
Birthwort, Costus, Asarabacca, birter Almonds, Madder, Annis, Smallage, Schænanth, of each one
dram: with the Decoction of Birthwort, Schænanth, or the juyce of
Maudlin, or Wormwood, make
them into Troches according to
art.

Culpeper. It helps stoppings of the Liver and Spleen, and Feavers thence coming; it expells Wind, purgeth by Urine, and resists Dropsies. The Dose is between half a dram, and a dram, according to the Age and

Strength of the Patient.

Pastilli Adronis. Galen.

Flowers ten drams; Copperas 12. drams: unripe Galls, Birthwort, Frankincense, of each an ounce: Allum, Mirth, of each half an ounce: † Mify [† it may be they mean white copperas.] two drams; with eighteen ounces of austere wine; make it into Troches according to Art.

culpeper. This is also appropriated to Wounds, ulcers, and Fistulaes; it clears the Ears, and represent all excrescences of flesh, clean-

fes the filth of the Bones.

Tiochisci Musa. Galen.

Colledge. Take of Allum, Aloes, Copperas, Mirrh, of each fix drams. Crocomagma, Saffron, of each three drams: Pomegranate flowers half an ounce, Wine and Honey, of each fo much as is sufficient to make it up into Troches according to art.

Culpeper. Their use is the same

with the former.

Crocomagma of Damorates. Galen. Colledge. Take of Saffron a bu :dred arams, red Rofes, Mirrh, of each fifty drams : white Starch , [+ Gum, [† I think they mean Gum Arabick] of cach thirty drams : Wine , fo much as is sufficient to make it into Troches.

Culpeper. It is very expullive, and strengthens the heart and stomach.

Trochifci Ramjab. Melue.

Colledge. Take of the juyce of Sorvel , fixteen ounces : red Rofe Leaves, an ounce, Mirtle berries two omges, boyl them a little together, and strain them; add to the Decoction, Galls well beaten three ounces : boyl them again a little, then put in thefe following things in fine powder: Take of red rofes an ounce, Yellow Saunders, ten drams ; Gum Arabick one ounce and an balf, Sumach, Spodium, of each an ounce; Mirtle-berries four ounces, wood of Aloes, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs, of each balf an ounce: four Grapes seven drams, mix them all together, and let them dry upon a Stone, and grind them again into powder, and make them into small fancy them not. Troches with one dram of Camphire, add so much Rose-water, as is sufficient, and perfume them with 15 grains of Musk.

Culpeper. They Arengthen the Stomach, Heart and Liver, as alfo the Bowels; they help the Cholick and Fluxes of Blood, as alfo bleeding at the Nose, if you fnuff up to Art. the powder of them; disburden the body of falt, fretting and chollerick help the Pleurific. humours. You may carry them

about you, and take them at your pleafure.

Troches of Rofes. Mefue.

Colledge. Take of red Rofes balf. as ounce, wood of Alors two drams, Maftich , a dram and an half , Roman Wormwood , Cinnamon , Indian Spicknard, Caffia lignea, Scheranth, of each one dram : old wine, and Deco-Etion of the five opening Roots, fo much as is Sufficient to make it into Troches according to Art.

Culpeper. They help pains in the Stomach, and ill digeftion, the Iliack passion, Hedick Feavers, and Droplies in the beginning, and cause a good colour. Use them like the former.

T. ochifci Diacorallion. Galen. Colledge. Take of Bole-Armenick. red Coral of each an ounce: Balauftines terra Lemnia, white flarch, of each balf an ounce, Hypocistis, the seeds of Henbane, Opium, of each two drams : Tuyce of Plantane so much as is sufficient to make them into Troches according to

Culpeper. These also stop Blood, help the bloody flux, ftop the terms, and are a great help to fuch who fe Stomachs loath their Victuals.

Trochifci Diafbermator. Galen. Colledge. Take of the see as of smallage, and Bishopsweed, of each ar ounce: Annis and Fennel feeds, of cach balf an ounce; Opium, Caffia Lignea, of each two drams, with rain water, make it into Troches according

Culpeper. These also bind, case pain,

Hamoptoici Pastilli. Galen.

Colledge. Take of white Starch, Balaustins, Earth of Samos, Juyce of Hypocistis, * Gum, [If it be not Gum Arabick, I know not what it is.] Saffron, Opium, of each two drams; with payce of Plantane, make them into Troches according to art.

culpeper. The Operation of this is

like the former.

Troches of Agarick.

Colledge. Take of choice Agarick three ounces, Sal Gem. fix dram:, Ginger two drams , with O vyinel simplex, so much as is sufficient, make it into Troches according to art.

Culpeper. The Vertues of both these are the same with Agarick, only it may be more fafely given this way than the other, they cleanse the brain of flegm, and the Stomach of tough, thick, viscous humors. The Dole is one dram at a time.

THE USE OYLS, &c.

Before I begin with their Oyls, Oyntments, and plaisters, give me leave to swerve a little from the Colledges mode, I would but give a few Rules for the Use of them, and I had as good do it here as any where, and to write but the truth, many City Chirurgeons that I have talked with are learce able to give reason for what they do; 'tis to be feared, that those that live in the Country, far remote, are far less able. To do to all these a courtefie, do I candidly deliver thefe Rules, and let me never be accounted io basely bred, as to forget those kind I were understood well enough there;

Ladies and Gentlewomen that for Gods sake help their poor wounded neighbors; the great God reward them with a plentiful increase of Estate in this world, and eternal Beatitude in that to come.

The chiefelt of all these Chirurgical Antidotaries. I shall divide into these Twelve Chapters : which shall

be treated of in this Order.

Of Medicines.

Anodine.	1
Repelling.	2
Attracting.	3
Resolving.	4
Emollient.	5
Suppuring.	6
Cleanfing.	7
Incarnative.	8
Scarrifying.	9
Glutinative.	10
Catharticks.	11
Stanching Blood.	12

Chap. 1. Of Anonines.

Cuch Oyls, Oyntments, and Plai-Ifters , as ease pain , are called by Physitians (because you should not know what they mean) Anodines.

All pain is caused by heat or drinels , or both ; for moisture seldom, unless heat be joyned with it, causeth

pain.

Anodines, also some divide into Proper, and Improper; Improper Anodines (if a man may call them Anodines) they call Narcotick, for I a fure you if crabbed words would cure diseases, our Physicians would come behind none in the world: the truth is, these words were borrowed from Galen, and are Greek words, and Gilen writing in his Mother Tongue, they

ours

t for nded blind peoples Eyes, that so they may hem not pry into the Mystery of their e in Monopoly, for then all the far were de in in the fire. But to proceed.

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Proper Anodines, are either temperately Hot, or temperately Cold.

Hor Anodines are:

Oil of sweet Almonds, Linseed Oil, Oil of Eggs, Oil of St. Johns wort, Hens greale, Ducks greafe, Goole! greate, Chamomel, Melilot, Fenugreek feeds, Dill, Bay leaves and berrics, Juniper berries, Rosemary Oils and Ointments made of them; Oil of Earth-worms, Oil of Elder, Wax, Turpentine, Ointments of Marshmallows, Mariatum, Arregon, Re-Sumptivum, Oxycroceum.

If any external part of your body be pained, these, or any of these made into forientations, to bath the parts pained, or into Pultifics, or Oils, or Ointments by adding Hogs greafe, or plaisters, by adding Wax, or Rozin or both to the Ointment; and applying it to the place, case pain.

But if together with the pain there be inflammation, then Anodines of a cooler Nature are more convenient. Such be Oil Omphacine, viz. Oil of Olives preffed from them before they be ripe, Poppies, Roses, Violets, Pellitory of the Wall, Fleawort : thele, or any of these made into pultifles, Oils, Ointments, or Plaisters, Ointments of Roses, unquentum album, Populeon, Refrigerans, Galeni, &c.

Improper Anodines, or Narcoticks, which you please, are medicines of another Nature, and (you may thank! the Colledge of Physitians, for training you up in such ignorance) scarce fit for a vulgar use; till they have Compound.

ours retain the same words, only to | learned more skil in Physick than yet they have? yet be pleased to confider, that in taking away pains, three things are to be confidered: the cause. the pain, the part pained. To these are medicines appropriated, for fome take away the caule, but thele belong not to my prefent scope; others take away the pain, and meddle not with the Cause, as those proper Anodines I mentioned before : and fome take away neither Cause nor pain, but only stupishe the senses, that so it cannot Thele are to be used with be telt. abundance of skill and discretion, and never but in cases of necessity, when the pain is so vehement that Nature is not able to bear it, or a Feaver thereby threatned. Of this Nature, and for this use are Narcoticks.

> Of these some are Simple: As, Mandrakes, Henbane, Poppies, Opium, Lettuce, Sengreen, Nightshade, Camphire, Hemlock, &c.

> Compound are: Oils and Ointments of thele; Philonium Perficum, Philonium Romanum, Pilula e Cynogloffo, or Pills of Houndstongue, Pilulæ e Siyrace, and most Opiates, you meet withall in the Dispensatory.

Chap. 2. Of Repelling Medicines.

Y Repelling, or Repulfive medicines I mean, either,

1. Such as by a cold quality put back the humour. Or,

2. Such as by binding, ftrengthen the part afflicted.

They are in S 1. Hot and Binding. quality: 2. Cold and Binding.

They are divided into Simple, and

Simple

are Strong and Binding. / Hot

Mild Ripulfives are: Rofes, Endive, Lettuce, Sorrel, Navel wort, Purflain, Violets, water-lillies, cold water, Whey, Coriander, Cinquesoil, Trefoil, Pellitory of the Wall, Apples, Pears; whites of Eggs, Horstail, Woodbine.

Strong are: Teazles, Shepherds purse, Plantane, Nightihade, Sengreen or Housleek, Melons, Guords, Citruls, Duckmeat, Fleawort, Mirtles, Quinces, Pomegranate rinds and flowers, Sanguis Dricenis, Poppy, Opium, Bole Armenick, Cerus, Terra Sigillata, Lead burnt and not burnt, Cyprels Nuts.

Hot and binding : Comfry the greater Formwood, Centaury, Horehound, Cardamoms, Cyperus grafs,

Lupines, and of Orobus.

Compounds are: The Oils and Ointments of thefe, Refrigeraus Galeni, u guentum album Rhafis, unguentum citrinum, unquentum Populcon, unquentum siccativum vubrum unguentum Pestorale, Diacalciteos.

Chap. 3. Of Attractions.

A Ttractives (called by the Greeks ! Aletechia) are contrary to Repercustives; for the nature of Repelling, Repulfive, or Repercustive Medicines is to drive from the Circumference to the Center, but of Attractives to draw from the Center to the Circumierence.

They are all hot in temper, and of ; thin parts.

The Physitians Library.

1. Natural Heat. Attractives) 2. Putrifaction. draw by 3. Hidden Property. 4. Fuga Vacui.

1. Such as draw by C 1. Simple. natural heat are & 2. Compound. Simple are: Onions, Briony, Leeks, Garlick; and now you may know a reason why the cutting of Onions makes your Eyes run a water, Birthwort, Spurge, Southernwood, Nettles, Arton, Gentian; Afphodel, Bdeilium, Opopanax, Euphorbium, Water Cresses, Assafcetida, Xylobalfamum, Carpobalfamum, Frankinience, Mirrh, Marjoram, Rolemary flowers, Cabbage; Aqua vita, Sea water, Ammoniacum, Pitch, Bitumen, Calaminth, Dittany, Mustard, Alarabacca, Galbanum, Pellitory of Spain, Cantharides, Crowfoot, &c.

Compounds are: The Oils and Ointments made of thele, Turpentine, Oil of Bricks, Oil of Foxes, Calamus Aromaticus, the meal of Oil of Bays, Oil of Dill, Oil of Rew, Peter Oil, Oil of Castoreum , Qil of St. Johns-wort, Ointments of Arregor Matiatum and Agrippa, Mithridate and Venice Treacle applied outwardly for Plaisters , Diachylon magnum, Diachylon cum Gummi, A Plaister of Melilot, both Simple and Compound Oxycroceum, with many others, which Reading and Diligence (if they be Gentlemen of your acquaintance) will help you to, and furnish you with. Such as draw by Putrifaction are, All Turds in general, especially Pidgeons and Goats dung, Leaven, Old Cheese, &c.

> . By hidden property as they call it, All Purges in general, Amber, Vifeus Querciaus or Mifleto, Peony, the Load-stone; these they (poor fools, being utterly ignorant of the Sympa-

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thy and Antipathy of the Creation, mary, Origanum, Wormwood, Meliand by consequence of the Magnetick lot, Atrach, Spicknard, Chamomel, Vertue of things, upon which the Foundation of Phylick is built) call them Hidden Qualities, and so give Physick by rote, as a Parrot speaks. I could if I durft sell you of common things obvious to the eye of every one that have a far greater Magnetick Vertue in them than the Loadstone; but I must be silent till men learn to be Honester: It is denyed me to write all I know.

By Fuga Vacui, or driving away

Emprinels.

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It is a most certain that Nature abhorrs Vacuum or Emptinels, neither is there such a thing in rerum Natura ; let Baptifta van Helmont speak his pleasure; And this way do Cupping-glaffes, and Horfe-Leeches draw; and this you may draw with a horn.

Chap. 4. Of Refolving Medicines.

Hese the Greeks call Diaphorstica, the Latins Carminativa, and these are used externally as well as internally; for it is the external use of Medicines we are to speak of in this place.

Their Ule is,

1. To open the Pores.

2. To make the Humour this.

3. To evacuate them by [weat, which is that they call, insensible tran-Spiration.

They are,

I. Simple.

2. Compound.

The Simple are,

I. Weak.

2. Strong.

Weak are: Savin, Marjoram, Role-

Dill, Annis, Cummin, Hylop, Fumitory, Elder, Dwarf Elder, Valerian, Southernwood, Wormwood, Fænugreek. Rozin, all forts of Turds, Turpentine old Cheefe, Wine strong Water.

Strong are: Dirrany, Leeks, Onions, Garlick, Vinegar, Aqua Vitz. Pellitory of Spain, all the hot feeds which you may find ranked in Battalia at the beginning of the Compounds, Cinnamon, Chervil, Nuc-

megs, Pepper, Crowfoot.

Compound are: Oils, Ointments, and all Compositions of the former. Oil of Euphorbium, Ointment of Bays, Diachylon magnum, and cum Gummi, Emplagrum, &c. (ymino_ Oxicroccum, Emplatirum de Baccis lauri: Of Melilot, Ointments of Agrippa, Arregon and Martiatum.

Chap. 5. Of Emollients.

He use of Emollients, is to soften hard places, and bring them to their priftine estate, which we spake more at large in the Simples.

They are, & I. Common. L 2. Proper.

Those are common, whose general operation is to foften hard swellings, and fuch parts and places of the body, as are hardned by Congelation.

They are proper, which are appropriated to peculiar humours, and belong not to my scope at present; for I intend not a Treatile of Chyrurgery, but to give a Candle and a Lanthorn, to light you through the Oils, Ointments, and Plaisters : that you may fee what a mist bach hi-

therto

thereto wrapped you in, and compaifed you round about with : for take this for a general rule, and you (if you have any Ingenuity in you) must needs confess, Ignorance is encroaching, and feeks Authority to back it : But wisdome desires to be publick, and is alwayes justified of her children.

To proceed, confider that Emollients are more temperate than attra-Aives, but less temperate than Suppuratives: of which more in the next Chapter.

Also take notice, that if the Tumour be in any principal part of the body, mix your Emollients with

Aftringents.

- Emollients are either Simple or Compound.

Simple are: Almost, if not alragether, all Marrows, as of a Stag, Dog, Horse, Calf, Bear, Man, Hog, Hen, Goole, Duck, Lion, Goat, &c. The Colledge in their Simples, rattle you up enough of them, one after another, (I promised them to tell you what they were good for, and now I am as good as my word, & although I am of opinion, that there is a far nearer and fafer way to cure Difeales than they ule, yet this book (if you have but wit enough to be a Phyfitian) this Book I say, if heedfully read and examined, will fo furnish you with the vulgar Rules, that you may be able to understand that, (when God shall enable me to put it forth.) A man shall never Ox. know any thing of the mysteries of his Creator, till he knows himfelf, First, Till he hath the honesty

publick good. Secondly, Till be hath Discretion to impart every thing in its due fesson. But to proceed to simple Emollients (where I ieft) Gum ammoniacum, Bdellium, Opopanax, Galbanum, Turpentine, Rozin, Colophonia, Pitch; the Emollient herbs, you have them in rank and tile, at the beginning of the Compounds) Linfeed, Fenugreek feed white Lilly roots, Aftrach, Figs, Wheat and Barly Meal, Malt, Flowcr, &c.

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Compound are: Oils, Ointments, and Plaisters, made of all or any of these, Oil of Lillies, Oil of Chamomel, Oil of Earthworms, Oil of Foxes, Ointment of Marsh-mallows, Refumptivum Diachylon, cum multra alies.

I shall give a notion or two, and then I have done with this, (you had had them before had I not forgotten them, and now before I go any further,) let me advise those that intend to reap any benefit by my Writings, to take a Pen and ink, and note down what ever they find of consequence in them, for I know, and they shall find by experience, that once writing of a thing , fets it better in the memory, than an hundred times reading of it.

1. The greafe of all males is hotter than the greafe either of females, or Eunuchs: as for example, the greafe of a Bull is hotter by far, than either the greafe of a Cow or an

2. The greafe of wild beafts is hotter than that of fuch as are tame or felf; and he shall never know him- domestical, as the grease of a wild Cat is hotter than that of a house freely to impart to others, what God | Cat : judge ye the like of Fowls, the hath freely revealed to him for the greate of a wild Duck is hotter than

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Chap. 6. Of Suppuratives.

THe Greeks call these Peptica, I the Latins Maturantia. had some talk about them amongst the Simples.

Their Office is by natural heat, to bring the blood and superfluous Huto concoct a superfluous humor, that it may be fit to be cast out, to ripen Dates, &c. it as the yulgar Proverb is.

Emplasticks are of this nature, which we treated of by themselves in they that do one may happily do the Simples, and may well be reduced to this Head. For,

Body, and so natural heat being kept fancy it) Unguentum Basilicon, Diain is encreased; as the sulphurous chylon simplex, Diachylon magnam. vapors being kept in the Cloud turn Diachylon cum Gummi, a Plaister to real fire, and that is that we call of Mucilages; your own genius, if Lightning: So that corruption of the it be not dull, will fute you with body being kept in together putri- more. fies, and turns to matter.

Of this number (for before we told you what Emplasticks were in general, now we tell you what particulars are Emplasticks, and a little ingenuity will find out more, by viewing the qualities of these) of this number I fay, are Mallows, Marshmallows, yelks of Egs, Turpentine, Honey, Ammoniacum, Galbanum, Labdanum, Frankincense, liquid Sty-

Secondly, As the former forced nature to do the work, fo thefe help nature in it, the former did it per accidens, these per fe, viz. They are friendly to nature, and conspire together with it to bring the superfluous matter to form a yea, to fuch

that of a tame. A word is enough to a form as may be cast out, and the body afflicted may thereby be eafed.

Such Simples are: Marth-mallowroots, white Lilly roots (which is the best internal Medicine of Galens method, which I know for such an use, for you must note, That I chiefly speak of external Medicines now) Wheat, and Barley, and Malt flowers, Linfeed, Fenugreck mors into matter, to help nature fo feed , Brank Urfine or Bearsbreech, Figs, Raisins, Currance,

As for Compounds, I shall not use any distinction between them. both together, there are besides Compounds made of these (let me First, Some close the Pores of the not forget Oil of Lillies, because I

Chap. 7. Of cleanfing Medicines.

Leanfing Medicines are such as by a crawing quality, have powder to draw away purulentous excrements (which Chirurgions call the fanies of a wound) or mattery quality which ariseth in al wounds after putritaction (and then Chirurgions call them Ulcers) from the centre of Ulcer, to the Circumference; you have an Ulcer, you would fain cleanse it, for you must make it clean before you can heal it; cleanfing Medicines were ordained you for that end.

Of these Sr. Simple, some are, 12. Compound. Of Simples, St. weak, fome are, \$2. Strong.

Weak Simples are: Honey, Sugar, Salt, Urin, especially your own Urin, white Wine, these gently cleanse all Wounds and Ulcers, [which is indeed nothing else but a wound putristed, 'tis neither better nor worse.]

Strong Simples are: Wormwood, Agrimony, Bettony, Smallage, Southernwood, Mirrh, Aloes, Sarcocolla, Turpentine, bitter Almonds, Verdegreece, Bullocks Gall, Elicampane, Briony, the Roots of Aron, or Cuclo pinties, Gentian, Hellebore, Allum, Whey, Birthwort both long and round.

compounts are: Oils and Ointments of these, and what hath these in them doth more or less cleanse, Oxymel; The Plaister which the Colledge call Divine; that Ointment of twelve Ingredients which they call an Ointment of the Apoposities. urguentum Egyptiacum,

Chap. S. Of Incarnatives.

The Greeks call Incarnatives Surcotica. Their Office is to dry, and change the blood that comes to any part into fleth.

They must be hot, and but hot in the first degree; because they must be friendly to nature, else they cannot be helpful.

They must all be dry, yet so as there must not be a difference in their dryneis; for if the Ulcer happen in a dry part of the Body, the Sarcotick must be very dry, and therefore same of them are drying even to the sourch degree; but if

the part of the body where they happen be moist, you must use Incarnatives, (or Sarcoticks, which you please to call them) that are less drying.

According to the degrees of Comparison I shall divide them into.

> Mean. Stronger. Strongelt.

Mean are: Olibanum, Colophonia, Mastich, Alocs, Barly meal, Mast slower, Fenugreek seeds; these ought to be applied to moist and delicate Bodies.

Stronger are: Birthwort both long and round, Orris, meal of Lupines, and Orobus, these ought to be applied to dry bodies, and hollow Wounds.

Strongest are: Centaury the greater and letter, burnt Lead, Mirrh; these are appropriated to deep ulcers.

Then according as formerly, I shall divide them into Simple and Compound: If you search the simples you may there find their degree of dryness, and be sure of this, you can lose nothing by diligence and searching, then as the Wound or Ulcer abounds with mosture, so let your Incarnatives be sutable for dryness.

Mastich, Aloes, Borax, Colophonis, the meal of Lupines, Barley, Orobus, & malt of Fenugreek, Beans, Wheat, and Lentils, both forts of Birthwoit, Mirth, Sarcocolla, Sallet oil, Betony, Shephards purse, Mouse-Eare, Saint Johns-wort, Centaury, Sanicle, Vervain, Scabious, Burnet, Tutty, Gum Arabick and Tragacanth.

Compounds are: The Compositions

of thele, unquentum Aureum and Comitiffe, Plaisters of Berony, Diapalma, Emplastrum nigrum, Emplastrum de Janua.

Chap. 9. Of Cicatrizing Medicines. Hele the Greeks call Epiplotica, the Latines Cicatrizintes; and we in English, scarrifying Medicines, though the greater half of the Nation know not what the word Scarrifying means.

Therefore take notice that a scarrifring medicine is fuch a medicine as closes a place again with skin when the skin is off; and this it doth by a drying and binding quality.

Of these: some are Simples, some

Compounds.

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Simples are: Galls, Spunge burnt, Litharge, Terra Sigillata or Lemnia, Pomegranate peels or flowers, Aloes, Caffia lignea, Pompholix, Spodium, Cypress nuts, Mirrh, Frankincense, Lead, Bole armenick, Cerus, Sarcocolla.

Compounds are : All mixtures of thefe; unquentum album, Diaficcatiwim rubrum, Diapompholigos, Empla-Strum de Minto, Diapalma, O.c.

Chap. 10. Of Agglutinative Medicines.

He Greeks call Aggutinative Medicines, Symphitica; & that's the reason Comfry is called Symphitum, because of its glutinous quality.

The meaning of the word Agglutinative is best known by its ule, which is to dry up that humidity that is between the lips of a wound, that lo it may be healed.

They are all usually drying in the

lecond degree.

Agglutinatives simple are: Mastich. Sercocolla. Frankincense. Mirth. Co- ras or Vitriol & Allum burnt and

lophonia. Bole Armenick. Dragotis blood. Terra Lemnia:St. Johns-wort-Rosemary flowers. Knotgrass. Comfry. Marjoram. Gum Tragacanth. Gum of lvy. Gum Elemi.red Wine. Vervain. Yarrow. wild Tanfie. Crancbil. Sanicle. Cobwebs. Horstail, Cinquefoyl.

Compounds are, the Compositions of these, Diapalma, Emplastrum de

Minio.

And now by comparing thele with the scarrifying medicines, you may lee that they are as like as one Egg is like another: and what a multitude of Rules Physicians have impoled upon you, that le they might make their way difficult to you.

Chap. II. Of Catharticks , Septicks, and Causticks.

Hey all being as near of kin as man and his brother, I have put them all together : but before I treat of them, I care not greatly if I explain their Degree. Therefore take notice that they are all fuch medicines as have force to corrode the flesh or skin; Catharticks are meanly

Of thefe Scotick fronger. ftrong. Causticks strongest.

The mean, if there be any meannels in them, or a more proper term is, those which are least violent : for all that are violent are called Cathartica of Corrofives ; by vehement drying thele confume the excretcences of Heffi.

They are usually applied to ulcers that have dead flesh in them.

Simple. Compound.

Simple are : Verdegreece, Coppe-

Euphorbium.

Compounds are: Unguentum Agyptiagum and that which the Devil and his Imps attribute to the Apofles, as though they performed their Cures by Ointments, and not by the Spirit of God. All Vintments that have the Simples before mentioned in them.

. The stronger, the Greeks call Septica or putrifactive Medicines. By their vehement heat they ulcerate. the skin, and yet with little pain.

Such are: Arfenick, Crowfoot, Spurge, Mustard feed, Cantharides,

Euphorbium.

Causticks. Are the strongest, and the Greeks call Escarotica. have get a faculty to confume all they come near.

Such are: Quicklime sublimated,

Arlenick.

r Strong be, Lapis iefernalis.

I shall give you the use of them all in a very few words, as few as can be imagined.

The first is used to eat away dead

flefb.

. The fecond is used to draw blifters. The third to make Iffues.

-Chap. ult. Of Medicines ufed to

Rop Blood.

Clich are, Bole Armenick, Terra Sigillara, Dragons blood, Crocus Marris, Chalk, Egg shells, Cerus, Litharge, Frankinsence, Mastick, Aloes, Rozin, white Starch, stones of Raifins, Purflain, Houfleek or Sengreen, Horstail, the Herb I alwaies mean fo called, not the Tail of a Horfe: the Herb Moufear , not the Ears of a Moule; Fleawort, white abd sed Coral, Lapis Hematitis, the

not burnt , burnt Salt. Antimony, Blood-stone, dried Blood, Gum Tra-Mercury sublimate and precipitate, gacanth and Arabick, Knotgrass, Cobwebs.

I have now done with my Procemium to the Oils, Oin ments and Plaisters , I defire you to excuse me for not following one and the fame Author in the Simples and here, the more you know the variety of Authors, the better Physicians in time you may come to be ; Velle fuum cuique eft, nec voto vivitur uno. And according to these Rules, so understand the Oils, Ointments, and Plaisters following.

OYLS. Simple Oils by Expression.

Oil of [weet Almonds.

Colledge. T Ake of sweet Almords not corrupted , as many as you will, cast the shells away, and blanch them, beat them in a stone mortar : heat them in double Viffel , and press out the Oil without heat.

Culpeper. It helps roughness and foreness of the Throat and Stomach, helps Pleurifies, increaseth feed, eafeth Coughs and Hectick Feavers. By injection it helps fuch whose water scalds them , Ulcers in the Bladder, Reins and Matrix. You may either take half an ounce of it by it felf, or mix it with half an ounce of fyrup of Violers, and so take a spoonful at a time, fill shaking them together when you take them : only take notice of this. If you take it inwardly, let it be drawn . for it will be four in three or four daies. In their new model, they bid you heat them in a double

double veffel, and then press out the | pains to quote the Vertues of thems Oil without the help of heat,

Oil of bitter Almonds.

Colledge. It is made like oil of Iweet Almonds, but that you need not blanch them, nor have such a care of heat in prefling out the oil.

Culpeper. It opens stoppings, helps fuch as are deaf, being dropped into their Ears. It helps the hardness of the Nerves, and takes away spots in the Face. It is seldome or never taken inwardly.

Oil of Hazel Nuts.

Colledge. It is made of the Kernels, cleansed, bruised, and heat, and presled like oil of sweet Almonds.

Culpeper. You must put them in a veffel (viz. a glass, or some such like thing) and stop them close, that the water come not to them when you put them into the Bath. The Oil is good for cold afflictions of the Nerves, the Gout in the Joints, &c.

colledge. So is oil of Been, oil of Nutmegs, and oil of Mace drawn.

Olcum Carinum.

colledge. Is prepared of Walnut Kernels in like manner, fave only that in the making of this sometimes is required dried, old, and rank Nuts.

Oleum Chryfomelinum.

Colledge. Is prepared in the same manner of Apricocks, fo is also oils of the Kernels of Cherry Stones, Peaches, Pinenuts, Fistick nuts, Prunes, the feeds of Oranges, Hemp, baftard Saffren, Citrons, Cucumers, Guords, Citrus, Dwarf Elder, Henbane, Lettuce, Flax, Melons, Poppy, Parfley, Radishes, Rapes, Recinum, Selani, Mustard seed, and Grape ftones.

Culpeper. Because most of these els are out of ule, I took not the be hard, and bruile them with your

If any lift to make them, let them look the Simples, and there they may have them, if the Simples be not to be found in the Book, there are other plentiful medicines conducing to the Cure of usual diseases which are.

Oil of Bay.

Colledge Take of Bayberries ripe and new gathered, being bruifed, lee them be boiled in water, and preffed in a preis, then bruile them again, and boil them as before, and take away the oil that swims at top of the water according to art. It will loon be rank.

Culpeper. This is different from their former manner of extraction, and in my opinion worfe. Their for-

mer manner was thus :

Colledge. Take of Bayberries fresh and ripe, so many as you please, bruise them sufficiently, then boil them in a fufficient quantity of water till the oil fwim at top, which separate from the water, and keep for your use,

Culpeper. It helps the Cholick, and is a loveraign Remedy for any difeales in any part of the body coming either of wind or cold. For the Cholick you may take a few drops inwardly in any compound appropriated to the Cholick. The Table of Diseases will direct you. I love to have men studious; negligent people make wooden Physitians.

colledge. Common oil of Olives is pressed out of ripe Olives, not out of the stones. Oil of Olives omphacine is preffed out of unripe

Olives.

Oil of Yelks of Eggs.

Colledge. Boil the Yelks till they Pá

hands with a Pessle and Mortar:
heat them in an earthen Vessel glaled untill they begin to froth stirring
them diligently, that they burn not,
being hot, put the n in a linnen bag,
and sprinkle them with Aromatick
Wine, and press out the oil accord-

ing to Art.

Culpeper. It is profitable in Fistulaes and malignant Ulcers. It caufeth the hair to grow; it clears the Skin, and takes away Deformities thereof, viz. Tetters, Ring-worms, Morphew, Scabs. I suppose none is so simple to take it inwardly to clear the skin, nor to anoint their feet to take away the deformities of their Face.

Simple Oils by Infusion and Decoction.

Colledge. Take of red Roses before they be ripe, bruised in a stone mortar four ounces, Oil Omphacine one pound: set them in a hot Sun in a glass close stopped a whole week, shaking them every day, then boil them gently in a bath, press them out, & put in others: use them in like

the oil upon a pound of Juice of Roles.
Oil of Roles compleat.

manner; do fo a third time, then keep

Is made in the same manner with sweet and ripe oil often washed, and red Roses sully open, bruised, set in the Sun, & boiled gently in a double vessel, only let the third Insusion stand in the Sun 40 daies, then keep the Roses and Oil together.

In the same manner is made Oil of Wormwood, of the tops of common Wormwood thrice repeated four oun-

ces, and three pound of ripe oil, only the last time put in four ounces of the juyce of Wormwood, which evaporate away by gentle boiling.

Oil of Dill, of the flowers and leaves of Dill four ounces, compleat oil one

pound, thrice repeated.

Oil of Castoreum: of one ounce of Castoreum, Oil four pound, Wine four ounces, which must be consumed

with the heat of a Bath.

Oil of Chamomel (which more than one call Holy) of compleat Oil and fresh Chamomel flowers, the little white leaves taken away, cut, bruised, and the vessel covered with a thin linnen cloth, set in the Sun, pressed out, and three times repeated.

Oil of Wall-flowers: as oil of Dill.
Oil of Quinces: of fix parts of oil
Omphacine, the meat and juice of
Quinces one part: fet them in the
Sun fifteen daies in a glass, and afterwards boil them four hours in a
double veffel, press them out, and renew them three times.

Oil of Elicampane: of ripe oil and the Roots of Elicampane bruifed, and their juice, of each one part, and of generous Wine half a part, which is to be evaporated away.

Oil of Euphorbium: of fix drams of Euphorbium, oil of Wall-flowers, and sweet Wine, of each five drams; boiling it in a double vessel till the

Wine be consumed.

Oil of of Ants: of winged Ants infuled in four times their weight of fweet oil, fet in the Sun in a glass 40 daies, and then strained out.

Oil of Balsom of St. Johns-wort simple, is made of the oil of Seeds beaten and pressed, and the slowers being added, and rightly set in the Sun.

Oil of Jesmine, is made of the flowers

flowers of Jesmine, put in cleer Oyl, and fet in the Sun, and afterward

preffed out.

Oyl of Orris, made of the roots of Orris Florencine one pound, Purple Orris flowers half a pound:boyl them in a double veffel in a sufficient quantity of the Decoction of Orris Florentine, & fix pound of Iweet Oyl, putting fresh roots and flowers again and again, the former being cast away as in Oyl of Roles.

Oyl of Earth-worms is made of half a pound of Earth-worms washed in white Wine, ripe Oyl two pound, boyled in a double veffel with eight ounces of good white Wine, till the

Wine be confumed.

Oyl of Marjoram is made with four ounces of the herb a little bruised, white Wine fix ounces, ripe Oyl a pound, mixed together, let them be fet in the Sun, repeated three times ; at last boyled to the consumption of the Wine.

Oyl of Mastich is made of Oyl of Roses omphacine one pound, Mastich three ounces, Wine four ounces, boyl them in a double veffel to the con-Sumption of the Wine.

Cyl of Melilot is made with the tops of the herb like Oyl of Cha-

momel.

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Oyl of Mints is made of the Herb and Oyl omphacine, as oyl of Roles.

Oyl of Mirtles is made of Mirtle berries bruifed and sprinkled with tharp Wine one part!, Oyl omphaeine three parts, fet it in the Sun twenty four daies, and in the interim thrice renewed, boyled, and the Berries pressed out:

Oyl of Daffadils is made as Oyl of

Roles.

Nard Oyl is made of three ounces

of Spicknard, fweet Oyl one pound and an half, fweet white Wine and clean Water, of each two ounces and an half, boyled in the confumption of the Moisture.

Oyl of Water-Lillies is made of tresh white Water-Lillies flowers one part, Oyl omphacine three parts, repeating the flowers three times as in Oyl of Roses.

Oyl of Tobacco is made of the Juyce of Tobacco, and common Oyl, of each equal parts boyled in a Bath.

Oyl of Poppies is made of the Howers, heads, and leaves of Garden Poppies, and Oyl omphacine, as Gyl

of Dill.

Oyl of Poplars is made of the Buds of Poylar trees three parts, rich white Wine 4. parts, sweet Oyl seven parts, tirft let the Buds be bruised, then infufed in the Wine and Oyl feven dayes, then boyled, then pressed out.

Oyl of Rew is made of the Herbs bruised, and ripe oyl, like oyl of Roses.

Oyl of Savin is made in the fame manner.

So also is oyl of Elder Flowers made.

Oyl of Scorpions is made of thirty live Scorpions, caught when the Sun is in the Lyon; oyl of bitter Almonds two pound, let them be fet in the Sun, and after 40. dayes strained.

Oleum Cicyonium is made of wild Cucumers roots and their juyce, of each equal parts, with twice as much ripe oyl, boyl it to the consumption of the juyce.

Oyl of Night shade is made of the berries of Nightshade ripe, and one part boyled in ripe oyl, or oyl of Rofes three parts.

Oyl of Styrax is made of Styrax and fweet white Wine, of each one part,

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ape oyl four parts gently boyled till

Oyl of Violets is made of oyl omphacine, of olives, and Violet Howers, as oyl of Roles.

Oyl of Vervain is made of the Herb and oyl, as oyl of Mints.

culpeper. That most of these oyls, if not all of them, are used only externally, is certain; and as certain that they retain the vertues of the Simples whereof they are made, therefore the ingenious might help themselves. But because we live in a frigid age, I shall vouchfase to quote the Vertues of the chiefest of them.

Oil of Roses (the stomach being anointed with it) strengthens it, cools the heat of it, thickens, takes way inflammation, abates swel-

lings.

Oyl of Wormwood doth moderararely heat and strengthen the Stomach, being anointed with it, it procures Appetite, opens Obstructions, furthers digestion, and kills worms.

Oyl of Dil doth moderately digeft, a wage the pains of the head and nerves, and procures sleep.

Oyl of Castoreum helps cold diseases of the Nerves, Deasness, being dropped into the Ears, and noise there.

Oyl of Chamomel strengthens the snews, greatly asswageth pain, and breaks the stone.

Oyl of Melilot hath the fame

effeas.

Oyl of Wall-flowers affwageth pains in the breast and reins, finows,

Oyl of Quinces cools, binds, and

ftrengthens, ftops vomiting, loofnels and fweating.

Oyl of Euphorbium hath the fame effects with that of Castoreum, but works more forcibly, being snuffed up the note, it purgeth the head of flegm.

Oyl of Emmets, the privities being anointed with it, provokes luft.

Oyl of St. Johns wort, is as good a thing in green wounds as a man can use.

Oyl of Orris doth concoct and diffoire, affwage pain in the womb; liver and joynes; also it strengthens the breast.

Oyl of Earth-worms mollifies hear, and affwages pains, and is speciall good for such as have been brussed or hurt in their joynts.

Oyl of Marjoram helps weariness, cold diseases of the brain, noise in the Ears, being dropped into them, the biting of venomous beasts, and provokes the terms in women,

Oyl of Mastich strengthens the brain, stomach, and liver, sinews and veins, stayes vomiting and sluxes.

The stomach being anointed with oyl of Mints, stayes the weakness, hears and strengthens it, staies vomiting, helps digestion, and provokes appetite.

Oyl of Mirtles hath the same

effects with Quinces.

Oyl of Mirrh preserves any thing from purrifying that is anointed with it, makes the Pace sair and youthful.

Nard oyl doth hear, digest, and strengthen, refists all cold and windy diseases throughout the body.

Oyl of Water-Lillies cools and affwageth the violent heat, especially of the head, reins and bladder, thereby mitigating Frenzies, procuring fleep, and is a good preservative against the Stone, and helps such Women (their backs being anointed with it) as are subject to miscarry through heat of their Reins, which they may eafily know by continual pain in their backs, and fwelling of the legs: Allo oyl of Poppies have the fame verrue.

Oyl of Rew heats, and makes thin grois humors, expelleth wind, helps Palfies, Cramps, Coldness of the

womb and bladder. Oyl of Violets cool inflammations,

breaft.

Oyl of Nightshade hath the same effects with that of Water Lillies.

Then remember that these oyls must not be given inwardly as men take drink, but outwardly applied, or cast in as Injections or Clysters.

Culpeper. One materiall Oyl only, which was in their last Dispenfatory, which is, Oyl of Mirth, which is thus made:

Take certain new laid Eggs, and boyl them till they be hard, then cut them through the middle, the longeft way , take ou. the Yelk , and fill the hollow place half full of Mirrh, then join the whites together again, and bind them gently with a string, then place them between two dishes, a small grate being between, that they fall not to the bottom, then place them in a Wine-Cellar, or some other cool place under the ground, so will the melted Liquor of the Mirrh distill down into the inferior difh.

Compound Oyls by infufion and Decoction.

Oleum Benedictum. 146. Or; Bieffed Oyl.

Colledge. Ake of the roots of Cardwis and Valcrian, of each one ounce; the flowers of St. Johnsmort two ounes; "beat one ounce and an balf, old Oyl four ounces, Copreß, Tu pentine eight ounces, Frankince fe cale the Pleurifie, and pains of the in pomaer two ources, infufe the roots and flowers being bruifed, in fo much white wine as is sufficient to cover them, after two diges insusion put in the Oyl with the beat brailed, boyl them together till the wine be confamed, then pres it out, and add the Frankinginge and Turpentine, then boyl them a little, and keep it.

Culpeper. It is appropriated to cleanse and consolidate wounds,

especially in the head.

Oleum de Capparibus 245. Or, Oyl of Capers.

Colledge. Take of the Bark of Caper roots an ounce, Bark of Tamaris, the leaves of the fame, the Seeds of Agnus Castus, Ceterach, or Spleenwort, Cyperus roots, of each two drams; Rew one dram, oyl of ripe Olives one pound, white wine Vinegar, and white Wine, of of each two ounces; cut them, and fleep them, and boyl them (two dayes being elapsed) gently in a bath, then the Wine and Vinegar being confumed, ftrain it, and keep it.

Culpiper. The oyl is opening and heating, absolutely appropriated to

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the Spleen hardness and pains there- till they fall in pieces, then put in of , and diseases coming of stoppings the worms , a while after strain it; there, as Hypochondriack melancho- then with three ounces of Cypres ly, the Rickets, &c. Bath the breaft Turpentine , and one ounce of Spirit and afflicted fide with it hot by the of Wine , perfect the oyl according fire, and if you please to add in like weight of oyntment of the opening Juyces to it, it will be the better, inen if you apply a Virginia Tobacco leaf to the place , you shall find it an incomparable Remedy.

Oil of Castoreum compound. 146. Colledge. Take of Caftoreum; Styrax Calamitis, Galbanum, Euphorbium, Opoponax, Cassia Lignea, Saffron, Carpobalfamum or Cubebs, Spicknard, Costus, of each two with three pound of Sallet oyl, drams : Cyperus, Squinanth, Pepper long and black, Savin, Pellitory of Spain, of each two drams and an fumed. half; ripe oyl four pound, Spanish ought to be, and gently boyled in be confumed, mean season the Galbanum, Opopanax, and Euphorbium beaten in fine powder, being diffolved in part of the wine, and strained, let them be exquifitely mixed with it (while the ovl is warm) by often stirring, the boyling being finished, put in the Styrax and Caftoreum.

Culpeper. The vertues are the fame with the Simple, only it is held to be more effectuall in the premif-

Oleum Citcllorum. 146. Or, Oyl of Whelps.

pound, two Puppy dogs newly whel- washed oyl, boyl it gently according ped, Earth-worms washed in white to art, till the Vinegar be confu-Wine one pound; boyl the whelps med, then Brain it.

Culprper. It is excellent good to bath those Limbs and Muscles that have been weakned by Wounds or Bruiles.

Oleum Coftinum. 146.

Colledge. Take of the roots of bitter Coftus two ounces, Caffia Lignea one ounce, the tops of Marjoram eight ounces, being bruised, steep them two dayes in twelve ounces of sweet white Wine, then walhed in white Wine, boyl it in Ba neo Marie till the Wine be con-

Culpeper. It heats, opens obstruwine two pound, the five first except- Stions, ftrengthens the nerves, and ed, let the rest be prepared as they all nervous parts, as muscles, tendons, ligaments, the ventricle; befides the oyl and Wine, while the Wine thefe, it strengthens the Liver, it keeps the hairs from turning gray, and gives a good colour to the body. I pray you take notice that this and the following oils (till I give you warning to the contrary) are not made to eat.

> Oleum Crocinum. 146. Or, Oyl of Saffron.

Colledge. Take of Saffron, Calamus Aromaticus, of each one onnce, Mirrh half an ounce, Cardamoms nine drams, steep them fix dayes (the Cardamoms excepted, which are not to be put in till the last day) in nine ounces of Vinegar, the day Colledge. Take of Sailet oyl four after put in a pound and an half of

the marrix, and cauleth a good co- keep it. lor.

Oyl of Euphorbium, 147.

colledg. Take of Staves-acre, Sopewort of each halt an ounce: Pellitory of Spain fix drams , dried Mountain Calaminth one ounce and an half, Costus ten drams, Castoreum hve drams, being bruised, let them be three dayes steeped in three pound and an half of Wine, boil them with a pound and an half of oyl of Wallflowers, adding half an ounce of Euphorbium, before the Wine be quire confumed, and fo boil it according to art.

Cu'p per. It hath the fame vertue, only lomething more effectual than

the Simple.

Oleum Ercestrenfe. 147. Ot, Oyl of Exeter.

colledge. Take of the Leaves of Wormwood, Cen aury the les, Eupatorium, Fennel, Hylop, Bays, Marjoram, Balm, Nep, Penyroyal, Savin. Sage, Time, of each four ounces; Southernwood; Bertony, Chamepitys, Lavender, of each fix ounces; Rolemary one pound; the flowers of Chamomel, Broom, white Lillie, Elders, the feeds of Cummin and Fenugreek, the roots of Hellebore black and white, the bark of Ath and Lemmons, of each four ounces; Euphorbium, mustard, Castoreum, Pellitory of Spain, of each an ounce, oyl fixteen pound, Wine three pound, the herbs, flowers, feeds and Euphorbium being bruised, the Root, Bark, and Castoreum cut, all of them infused twelve hours Turpentine, and one seruple of Safin the Wine and oyl, in a warm fron, boil it a little and keep it.

Culpeper. It helps pains in the bath, then boyled with a gentle fire, merves and strengthens them, mol- to the Consumption of the Wine lifies their hardness, helps pains in and moisture, strain the oil and

> Cuipeper. Many people by catching bruises when they are young, come to feel it when they are old:others by catching cold, catch a lamenels in their Limbs; to both which I commend this Soveraign oyl to bath their grieved members with.

Olcum Hirundia.m. 148. Or. Oyl of Swallows.

Colledge. Take of whole Swallows fixteen, Camomel, Rew, Plantane the greater and leffet, Bay leaves, Penyroyal, Dill, Hylop, Rolemary, Sage, St, Johns wort, Costmary, of each one handful; common oil four pound, Spanish Wine one pound: make it up according to art.

Culpepe. But if instead of oil you will put so much May butter to it as here is appointed oil, and boil it with the foregoing Simples, then will it have both the name and confiftence of an ointment. Both this and the former are appropriated to old bruifes and pains thereof coming, as also to Sprains. If you please you may mix them together.

Oleum Hyperici compositum. 148. Or, Oyl of St. Johns wort

Compound.

colledge. Take of the tops of Sr. Johns wort four ounces, fleep them three whole dayes in a pound of old Sallet oil, in the heat either of a Bath, or of the Sun; the prefs them our repeat the infusion the fecond or third time then boyl them till the Wine be almost consumed, press them out, and by adding three ounces of

Culpeper:

Culpeper. See the fimple oyl of St. Johns wort, than which this is ftronger.

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Oleum Hyperici magis compositum. 248.

Or, oil of S., Johns wort ntore Compound.

Colledge. Take of white wine time pound, top of St. Johns wort ripe and gently bruifed, four bandfuls: ftcep them two daies in a gl fs close stopped, boyl them in a bath, and frain them Ron ly , repeat the infusion three times, having strained it the third time, add to every pound of Decoction, old Oil four pound, Turpentine fix ources, Oil of Wormwood three ounces, Dittany, Gentian, Carduus, Tormentil, Carline, or Carduns Maria, Calamus Aromaticus, all of them bruifed, of each two drams; Earth-morms often washed in white wine two ounces, set it in the San five or fix weeks, then keep it close stopped.

Culpeper. Besides the vertues of the Simple oil of St. Johns wort, which this performs more effectually, it is an excellent remedy for old bruiles,

aches and Iprains.

Oleum Irizam. 149. Or, Oil of Orns.

Colledge. Take of the roots of Orris Florentine three pound four ounces, the Flowers of Purple Orris fifteen ounces, Cyperus roots fi: ounces, of Elicampane three ounces, of Alkance two ounces, Cinnamon, Spicknard, Benjamin, of each one ounce : let all of them being bruiled as they ought to be, be leeped in the Sun , or other hot place , in fifteen pound of old oil, and four pound and an half of cleer water, after the tourth day, boil them in Balreo Maria, the water being confumed, when it is cold, firain it and keep it.

Culpeper. The effects are the fame with the Simple , only 'tis ftronger, and beter compoled here than it was in the former Difpensatory; yet I know no great reason why this, or any other oil must be boiled in a bath. I fee the Apothecaries shall never want ignorance nor trouble, if the Colledg can help it.

Oleum Mario ana. 149. Ot. Oil of Marjoram.

Colledge. Take of Marjoram four handfuls, Mother of time two handfuls the leaves and perries of Mirtles one handful, Southernwood, Watermints, of each half an handfel; being cur, bruiled, and put in a glats, three pound of oil Omphacine being put to it, let it fand eight dayes in the Sun, or in a bath close ftopped, then strain it out, in the oil put in fresh fimples, do fo the third time, the oil may be perfeded according to art.

culpeper. It helps weariness and Diseases of the Brain and Nerves, coming of cold; it helps the dead Palfie, the back (viz. the region along the backbone) being anointed with it; being fnuffed up in the nole, it helps spasmus cynicus, which is a wrying the mouth afide, it helps noise in the cars being dropped into them:it provokes the terms. and helps the bitings of venomous beafts, it is a most gallant oil to strengthen the Body, the back being anointed with it, it frengthens the muscles, they being chased with it, helps headach the forehead being rubbed with ic.

Oleum Mandragora. 149. Or, Oil of Mandrakes. Colleage. Take of common oil two pound, me er,

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for want of them , of the Leaves four ons of the Reins. The Receipt was ounces , Juice of white Heabane two made by Nicholaus Alexandrinus ounces, juyce of black Poppy heads only the Colledg fomething altered three ounces, juice of Violets and the quantities, and that not worth render Hemlock, of each one ounce; speaking of. fet them all in the Sun, and after the tenth day boil them to the confumption of the juice, then put in Opium finely beiten, and S:yrax Calamitis diffolyed in a little Turpentine, of each half an ounce.

but only to anoint the temples and min, or Oil of Olives, four pound noles of fuch as have a frenzy. If by and in half for one day, then perfect using this ointment you fee they the Oil by boiling it gently in a doufleep too long, dip a Spunge in Vi- |ble Veffel. negar, and hold to their noles, it may be a means to awake them. It is put in Oil of Selamin, or Oil of scarse safe , yet if you let it alone, it Olives, when every body knows Secannot do you harm.

Moschelaum. 149. Or, Oil of Musk.

Take two Nutmegs, Colledge. Musk one aram, Indian Leaf or Mace, Spicknard, Coftus, Mastich, of each fix dyams; Styrax Calamitis, Caffia Liguea , Mirrh , Saffron , Cinnamon', Cloves, Carpobalfamum, or Cubebs, Bdellium, of each two drams; pure Oil three pound, wine three ounces: bruise them as you ought to do, mix them and let them boyl eafily, till the wine be confumed, the Musk being mixed according to art after it is! ftrained.

Culpeper. It is exceeding good against all diseases of cold, especially those of the stomach, it helps difeales of the fides, they being anoin- pound: The fourth part of the wine ted with it, the Strangury, Cholick being confumed in a bath or fand,

bound, juice of Mandrake apples, or | and vices of the Nerves and afflicit

Oleum Narainum. 150. Or. Oil of Nard.

colledge. Take of Spicknard three ounces, Marjoram two ounces, wood of Aloes, Calamus Aromaticus, Elicampane, Cyperus, Bay leaves, Indian leaf or Mace, Squinanth, Carculpeper. It is probable the Author damoms, of each one ounce and an studied to invent an Oil extreamly half: bruise them all grosly, and cold, when he invented this. I am of steep them in Water and Wine , of opinion it may be used safely no way each fourteen ounces; Oil of Sefa-

> Culpeper. I wonder why they should famin is a kind of purging pulle; I left out Oil of Sesamin in the Copy because of that, and if it be made as I have written it , it heats, attenuates, digefts and moderately binds, and heretore helps all cold and windy afflictions of the Brain, Stomach, Reins, Spleen, Liver, Bladder and Womb, being fnuffed up the Nofe it purgeth the Head and gives color and smell to the Body.

Oleum Nicodemi. 150.

Colledg. Take of the feed or tops of St. 14 ns wort , old Turpentine , of each one pound; Litharge fix drams. Aloes, Hepatick, Tutty of each three drams; Saffron one ounce, white Wine four pound, old Oil two or in the Sun, in the Dog dayes, after the tenth day strain it, and keep the

oil apart from the Wine,

Culpeper. Both Wine and oil are exceeding drying (that the Wine is more cleanling, and the oyl best to skin a fore, your genius (though never fo dull will tell you) and therefore excellent for fores and ulcers that run much, as for Scabs, the Itch, small Pocks, Swine Pocks,

> Oleum Vulpinum. 150. Or, Oyl of Foxes.

Colledge. Take a fat Fox; of a middle age, " (if you can get fuch an one) [* that was wel put in, therefore when you have caught a Fox bring him alive to the Colledg, and let them look in his mouth first, and tell you how old he is, so shall your oyl be cum privilegio] caught by bunting about Autumn, cut in pieces, the skin and bowels taken away, the bones broken, boyl bim (scumming it diligently) in white Wine and fpring water, of each fix pound, till half be tonfumed : with three ounces of Sea falt, the tops of Dill, Time and Chamepitys, of each one handful; after ftraining boyl it again with four pound of the best old Oyl, the slowers of Sage end Rosemary, of each one bandful; the water being consumed, ftrain it again, and keep the puic Oyl for ufe,

culpeper. It is exceeding good in pains of the Joynes, Gouts, pains in the Back and Reins; it heats the body being afflicted by cold, and hard lodging in the Aire, whereby the joynts are stiff, disease incident to many in these

zimes.

Culpeper, OYLS left out in the New Difpenfatory.

Culpeper. T'He Receipt is before: The Vertues of oyl of Tobacco: It is a gallant remedy for deep wounds, Scabs or Irch, as any is under the Cope of Heaven, and no way prejudicial. See the Ointment.

Dyl of Pepper. Mefue.

colledge. Take of long, black, and white Pepper, of each three drams; Myrobalans, Chebuls Bellerick, Emblick and Indian, of each five drams; the roots of Smallage and Fennel, of each three drams and an half; Sagapenum, Opoponax, Ammoniacum, white Henbane, of each two drams and an half; Turbith two drams, Ginger three drams, the branches of green Time and green Rew, of each one handful : infuse them according to art, in a sufficient quantity of Aqua vitæ, oyl of Wall flowers, otherwise called Winter Gilliflowers, two pound : then boil them to the confumption of the Aqua vi-

culpeper. It helps cold diseases of the Nerves, as Palfies, falling ficknels, Convultions, wry mouths, trembling or fhaking Palfie, likewise cold afflictions of the Reins and Bladder, Yard and Womb, Gouts, and all difeales of the joints; it heats, makes thin, and cleanfeth, and therefore it opens obstructions or stoppings, and breaks the Stone.

Oleum Populeum. Nich.

Colledge. Take of fresh Poplar buds three pound, Wine four pound, common oyl feven pound two ounces, beat the Poplar buds very well, then steep them feven dayes in the oyl and Wine, then boil them

in a double veffel till the Wine be consumed (if you insuse fresh buds once or twice before you boil it, the Medicine will be the stronger) then press out the oil and keep it.

but the Ointment called by that Name which follows hereafter is far

better.

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OINTMENTS More Simple.

Unguentum album. 153. Or, White Ointment.

Colledge. TAke of Oil of Roses nine ounces, Cerus washed in Rose water and diligently searced, three ounces, white wax two ounces, after the wax is melted in the Oil, put in the Cerus, and make it into an Ointment according to Art; add two drams of Campbire, made into powder with a sew drops of Oil of sweet Almonds, so will it be campborated.

Culpeper. Some hold it impossible to make it into an ointment this way, others hold it not convenient; but inflead of oil of Roses, they had so much hogs greafe, and leaving out the white Wax, they make it into an ointment without the help of the fire : but 'tis to be supposed, that 'tis so long ago fince the Colledg made an Ointment they have forgot how to make it; but they are not to be blamed for that, but for commanding in what they have no skill in. It is a fine cooling, drying ointment, eafeth pains, and arching in Wounds and Ucers, and is an hundred times better with Camphire than without it,

Unguentum E yptiatum. 153.

Colledge. Take of Verdigieece fixely powdered, five parts: Howy fourteen parts; sharp Vinegar, seven parts: boil them to a just thickness, and

a reddifb colour.

Culpeper. It cleanseth filthy Ulacers and Fistulaes forcibly, and not without pain; it takes away dead and proud flesh, and dries: The Chirurgions of our daies use it commonly in stead of Apostolorum to cleanse Wounds; it cleanseth more potently indeed, and therefore may be fitter in sanious Ulcers, but it strengthens not so much.

An Ointment to case pain.

Colledge. Take of Oil of white Lillies fix ounces, Oil of Dill and Chamomel, of each two ounces; Oil of sweet Almonds one ounce, Ducks greases and Hens grease, of each two ounces; white wax three ounces; mix them as-

cording to Art.

Culpeper. I take the Augustan Phyfitians to be the Authors of this, for there it is to be found verbatim, only they prescribe no certain quantity of Wax: Its use is to asswage pains in any part of the body, especially such as come by inslammations, whether in Wounds or Tumours, and for that it is admirable.

Unguentum ex Apio. 153. Or, Ointment of Smallage.

Colledge. Take of the juice of Smallage one pound, Honey nine ounces, wheat flower three ounces, boil them to a just thickness.

Culpeper. It is a very fine, and very gentle cleanfer of wounds and ulcers.

Liniment

Liniment of Gum Elemy.

Colledge. Take of Gum Elemy, Turpentine of the Fir-tree, of each one
ounce and an half, old Sheeps Suet
cleanfed two ounces, old Hogs greafe
cleanfed one ounce: mix them, and
make them into an Ointment according

to Art.

culpeper. Although our Chirurgions usually use this only for Wounds and Ulcers in the Head, yet he that makes trial shall find it excellent for Ulcers, if not too sanious, in any part of the body, though in the feet, and they are at the greatest distance from the head; it gently cleanseth and filleth up an Ulcer with slesh, it being of a mild nature, and friendly to the body.

Unguentum Aureum. 154.

Colledge. Take of yellow wax half a pound, common Oil two pound: Turpentine two ounces, Pinc-Rosin, Colophonia, of cach one ounce and an half; Frankincense, Mastich, of each one ounce; Sastron one dram, first melt the wax in the Oil, then the Turpentine being added, let them boil together, baving done boiling, put in the rest in sine powder, (let the Sastron be the last) and by diligent stiring, make them into an Ointment according to Art.

Culpeper. If you remember, the Colledge commends this ointment to engender flesh in the beginning of the Compounds, and indeed it doth so; but if you please to take Counsel of Dr. Experience, he will tell you that the former is worth two of this for that use.

Basilicon, the Greater. 194.
Colledge Take white uax, Pine
Rosin, Heifers Suet, Greek Pitch,
Turpentine, Olibanum, Mirch, of each
an ounce, Oil five ounce. Powder the
Olibanum and Mirch, and the rest being melted, make it into an Ointment
according to Art.

Bafilicor, the lefs, 154.

Colledge. Take of yellow wax, fat Rosin, Greek Pitch, of each half a pound; Oil nine ounces, mix them together, by melting them according to Art.

Culpeper. Both this and the former, heat, moisten, and digest, procure matter in wounds, I mean bring the filth or corrupted blood from green Wounds: they cleanse and ease pain.

Ointment of Bdellium. 154.

Colledge. Take of Bdellium six drams, Euphorbium, Sagapen, of each sour drams, Castorcum three drams, wax sisteen drams, oyl of Elder or Wall-slowers ten drams, the Bdellium and Sagapen being aissolved in water of wild Row, let the rest be united by the heat of a Bath.

culpeper. And why in a Bath? I confels Mefue appoints it to be made up in the same manner, I do not well know whether it be possible or not; if not, it may be done with

the oil.

Unguentum de Calce. 155. Or, Ointment of Chalk.

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Colledge. Take of Chalk washed seven times, at least half a pound: Wax three ounces, Oil of Roses one pound, stir them all together diligently in a leaden

teaden mortar, the wax being first melted by a gentle fire in a sufficient quantity of the prescribed Oil.

Culpeper. It is exceeding good in

burnings and scaldings.

Unguentum Dialthea. 155. Or, Oincment of Marth mallows.

Colledge. Take of common Oil four pound, Mucilage of Marsh mallow roots, Linseeds and Fenugreek sceds two pound, boil them together till the watry part of the Mucilage be consumed, then add wax half a pound, Rosin three ounces, Turpentine an ounce, boil them to the consistence of an Ointment, but let the Mucilage be prepared of a pound of fresh Roots brussed, and balf a pound of each of the seeds steeped, and boiled in eight pound of spring water, and then pressed out. See the Compound.

Unguentum Diapompholigos. 155.

Colledge. Take of Oil of Nightshade fixteen ounces: white wax, wished Cerus, of each four ounces; Lead burnt and washed, Pompholix prepared, of each two ounces: pure Frankincense one ounce, bring them into the form of an Ointment according to Art.

Culpeper. This is much differing from the former, you shall have that inserted at later end, and then you

may use which you please.

unquentum Enulatum. 155. Or, Ointment of Elicampane.

colledge. Take of Elicampane roots boyled in Vinegar, bruifed and pulped one pound, Turpentine washed in their Decoction, new Wax, of each two ounces; old Hogs greafe salted ten ounces, old oil four ounces, common falt an ounce, add the Turpentine to the greafe, wax and oil, being melted, as also the pulp and falt being finely powdered, and so make it into an oyntment according to Art.

unquentum Enulatum cum Mercuio. 156. Or, Ointment of Elicampame with Quick-filver.

Colledge. Is made of the former Ointment, by adding two ounces of Quick-filver killed by continual stirring, not only with spittle, or juice of Lemmons, but with all the Two-pentine kept for that intent, and part of the Grease, in a stone mortar.

Culpeper. My opinion of this ointment, is (briefly) thus: It was invented for the Itch; without quickfilver it will do no good, with quick-

filver ir may do no harm.

unquentum Laurinum Commune. 156. Or, Ointment of Bays Common.

Colledge. Take of Bay leaves bruife ed one pound, Bay berries bruifed half a pound, Cabbage leaves four ounces, Neatsfoot oil five pound, Bullocks fuet two pound: boil them together, and frain them, that so it may be made into an ointment according to Art.

Culpeper. Let the Leaves and Berries being bruised and boiled with the oil and suet till their juice be consumed, let it be strained and kept. It heats and expels wind, is prosible for old Aches, and Sprains; But what good it should do the Irch (for which simple People buy it) I cannot imagine.

Maguen"

Preuentum de minio five rubrum Camphora. 156. Or, Ointment of red Lead.

OINTMENTS.

Colledge. Take of Oil of Roses one pound and an batf, red Lead three ources, Litharge two ounces, Cerus one ounce and an half , Tutty three dram: Campbire two drams, Wax one ounce and an half, make it into an Ointment accoraing to Art, in a peftle and mortar

made of Lead.

Culpeper. This Ointment is as drying as a man shall usually read of one, and withall cooling; therefore good for fores, & fuch as are troubled with Defluxions. I remember once Dr. Alexander Read applied it to my Mothers Breast when she had a Cancer, before it brake a long time, but to as much purpole as if he had applied a rotten Apple; yet in the foregoing infirmities I believe it seldom fails. They have something altered the quantities, but not worth speaking of, first melt the Wax in the Oil, then put in the rest in powder.

Magnentum e Nicotiana, fen Peto. 156. Or, Ointment of Tubacco.

Colledge. Take of Tobacco leaves bruised two pound, steep them a whole night in red Wine, in the morning boil it in fresh hogs greafe, diligently washed, one pound, till the Wine be confumed, frain it, and add half a pound of juice of Tobacco, Rofin four ounces, boil it to the confumption of the juice, adding towards the end round Birthwort roots in powder, two ounces; new Wax as much as is fufficient to make it into an Qintment accorning to Art.

Culpeper. It would ask a whole Summers day to write the particular vertues of this ointment, and my poot Genius is too weak to give it the hundredth part of its due praile : It cures Tumors, Aposthumes, wounds, Ulcers, Gun-shot, Botches, Scabs, Itch, Stinging with Nettles, Bees, Walps, Horners, Venomous Beafts, Wounds made with poisoned Arrows, &c. Tush ! this is nothing - Paulo majora canamus. It helps Scaldings, though made with oil; Burnings though with Lightning, and that without scar; it helps nafty, rotten, flinking, putrified Ulcers, though in the Legs, whither the humours are most subject so resort, in Fistulaes, though the bone be afflicted, It shall scale it without any instrument, and bring up the flesh from the very bottom. Would you be fair? your face being anointed with this, foon will the Redness, Pimples, and Sunburning vanish: A Wound dreffed with this, will never putrifie, a wound made with fo fmall a weapon that no tent will follow, anoint but with this, and you need fear no danger; If your head ake, anoint your Temples with this, and you shall have ease. The ftomach being anointed with it, no infirmity dares harbor there, no not aftmaes, nor confumption of the Lungs: The Belly being anointed with it. helps the Cholick and Iliack paffion, the worms and what not! It helps the Hemorrhoids and Piles, and is the best oincment that is for gours of all forts: Finally, there may be as universal a Medicine made for all Diseases, of Tobacco, as of any thing in the World, the Philosophers Stone excepted. O Jubereus ! thou halt never want praise for inventing this Medicine by those that use it, so long as the Sun and Moon endureth.

tinguentum Nutritum, scu Tripharmacum. 156.

Colledge. Take of Litharge of Gold finely powdered half a pound, Vinegar one pound, Oyl of Roses two poundigind the Litharge in a Mortar, pouring to it sometime Oyl, sometimes Vinegar, till by continual stirring, the Vinegar do no more appear, and it come to a whicish Oyntment.

culpeper. It is of a cooling, drying nature, good for itching of Wounds, Itch and Seabs, and such like Deformities of the Skin, as Tetters, Ring-

worms, &c.

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unguentum Ophthalmicum. 157. Or, an Oyntment for the Eyes.

Colledge. Take of Bole Armenick washed in Rose water one ounce, Lapis calaminaris washed in Eyebright water, Tutty prepared, of each two drams; Pearls in very fine powder half a dram, Camphire half a scruple, Opium sive grains, fresh Butter washed in Plantane water, as much as is sufficient to make it into an Oyntment according to art.

Culpeper. It is exceeding good to ftop hot Rhewms that fall down into the Eyes, the Eyelids being but anointed with it.

Or, Oyntment of tharp-

pointed Dock.

Colledg. Take of the roots of sharppointed Dock boiled in Vinegar until they be soft, and then pulped, Brimstone washed in Juyce of Lemmons, of each one ounce and an half; Hogs greafe often washed in juyce of Scabious half a pound, unquentum Populeon washed in juyce of Elicampane half an ounce: make them into an Oyatment in a Mortar.

Culpeper. It is a wholfome, though troublesome medicine for what the former Title specified: for before it was called an Gyntment against Scabs and Itch. Now because none should know what it is good for, it is called an Oyntment of sharp pointed Dock.

unquentum è Piumbo. 157. Or,

Colledge. Take of Lead burnt according to art, Litharge; of each two ounces; Ceruls, Antimony, of each one ounce; oyl of Roles as much as is sufficient, make it into an oyntment

Culpeper. Take it one time with another, it will go near to do more

harm than good.

according to art.

unguentum Pomatum. 157.

colledge. Take of fresh Hogs grease three pound, fresh Sheep suer nine ounces, Pome waters pared and cut, one pound and nine ounces. Damask Rose water six ounces, the roots of Orris Florentine grossy bruised six drams. Boyl them in Balneo Maria till the Apples be soft; then strain it, but press it not, and keep it for use; then warm it a little again [*what after yon have used it?] and wash it with fresh Rosewater, adding to each pound twelve drops of oyl of Lignum Rhodium.

Culpeper. Its general use is to soften and supple the roughness of the skin, and take away the chops of the Lips, Hands, Face, or other parts.

unguentum Potabile. 158.

Colledg. Take of Butter without falt a pound & an half, Sperma Caris Madder, Tormentil roots, Castoreum, of each half an ounce. Boil them as you ought in a sufficient quantity of Wine, till the Wine be consumed; and become an oyntment.]

Culpeper

Culpeper. I know not what to make of it.

unquentum Rofinum. 158.

Colledge. Take of Per-Rofin, of Rofin of the Pine tree, of the pureft Turpentine, yellow wax washed, pure oyl, of each equal parts : melt them into an oyntment according to art.

Culpeper. It is as pretty a Cerecloth for a new iprain as most is, and cheap. Let it not be despised, for I have known a Gentlewoman in Suffex do much good with it, even before their Dispensatory was ever harched, or in the Egg.

unguentum Rosatum. 158. Or, Oyntment of Roles.

Colledg. Take of fresh Hogs greate eleanled a pound, fresh red Roles half a pound, juice of the same three ounces: make it into an oyntment according to art.

culpeper. The Colledg gives you but a short come off in this ointment, they love to be brief and redious: last time they taught you how to make

it, which was thus.

Colledg. Take of Hogs greafe well cleanfed from the skin a pound, wash it nine times [* Be fure you mils not one of them] in warm water, then as often in cold water, fresh red Rofes a pound: mix them together, and so let them stand seven daies; then boyl them over a gentle fire , and ftrain out the Rofes, then mix with the Oyntment the like quantity of fresh red Roses, and then let them stand together as many dayes: then frain them out , having first boiled them: at last add juyce of red Roses fix ounces : boil them oper a gentle fire till the Juyce be confumed: then ftrain is, and make an Oyntment according to art.

Culpeper. You need do no more then let it ftand till it is cold, and you shall see it is oyntment alone without any further making. Now compare but this with what I wrote before, and see if they do not love to be brief and tedious. It is of a fine cooling Nature, exceeding uleful in all gauling of the Skin and frettings accompanied with cholerick humors, angry Pushes , Tetters, Ringworms. It mitigates Diseases in the Head coming of heat; as also the intemperate heat of the Stomach and Liver.

De ficcativum rubrum. 158. Or,

a drying red Oyntment. Colledge. Take of oyl of Rofes omphacine a pound, white Wax five ounces; which being melted, and put in a leaden mortar, put in Earth of Lemnos or Bole Armenick, Lapis Calaminaris, of each four ounces; Litharge of Gold, Cerus, of each three ounces; Camphire one dram: make it into an oyntment according to art.

Culpeper. It binds and restrains fluxes of humors, and is as gallant an oyntment to skin a fore as any is in the Dispensatory.

unquentum è Solano. 158. Or, Oyntment of Nightshade.

Colledge. Take of juice of Nightshade, Litharge washed, of each five ounces; Ceruis washed eight ounces, white Wax feven ounces, Frankincense in powder ten drams, oyl of Roses often washed in Water two pound: make it into an syntment according to art.

Culpeper. It was invented to take away Inflammations from wounds, and to keep people from fcratching them when they are almost well.

Maguen-

t

unquentum Tutia. 158. Or, Ointment of Tutty.

colledge: Take of Tutty prepared for ufe. two ounces, Lapis calaminaris often burnt and quenched in Plantane water an ounce: make them, being finely powdered into an ointment; with a pound and an half of ointment of Roles.

Culpeper. It is a cooling, drying ointment, appropriated to the Eyes to dry up hot and falt humours that ing to art. flow down thither, the Eyelids being anointed with it.

Valentia Scabiofa. 159. A famous ointment much in ule 200 years ago.

Colledge. Take of the juice of green Scabious preffed out with a ferue, and Hogs greafe in a stone mortar, not grind up your Fundament, and the itching it, putting in the jusce by degrees for will presently cease. the more commodious mixture and tin-Etures afterwards fet it in the Sun in a convenient Veffel; fo as the juice may evertop the greafe, nine dates being paffed , pour off the discoloured juice, and Colledge. TAke of Briony roots two beat it again as before, putting in fresh juice, fet it in the Sun again five daies; which being elapfed, beat it again, putting more juice : after 19 daies more do fo again, do fo five times, ofter which keep it in a glass, or glased veffel.

Taplivalentia. 15.

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Colledge. Take of the juice of Mullen, Hogs greafe, of each as much as you will; let the greafe be cleanfed and cut in pieces , and beat it with the juice pressed and strained, as you aid the former Ointment; then keep it in a convenient Veffel nine or ten daies: then beat it twice; once with fresh juice untill it be green ; and the fecond be any humbr of flegm in any part of

time without Juice beaten well , pouring off what is discoloured, and keep it

Tapfimel. 159.

Colledge. Take of the Juice of Celandine and Mullen, of each one part : clarified Honey two parts : boil them by degrees till the Juice be con-Sumed, adding (the Physitian prescribing) Vitriol burnt, Allum burnt, Ink; and boil it again to an Ointment accord-

Culpoper. These three last were stoln out of the Manuscripts of Mr. John Arders for a Chirurgion at Newark upon Trent, though now the Colledge conceal his name. You may, know the Vertues of the two former if you view but the Simples: as for the later, he quotes a pretty passage strained through a cloth, Hogs greafe, of; it isthis. When you are troubled of each as much as you will; beat the with the Itch; put a little Taplimel

OINTMENTS

Compound.

unquentum Agrippa. 160.

pound, the roots of wild Cucumers one pound, Squills half a pound, fresh English Orris roots three ounces, the roots of male Fern , Dwarf Elder, Water caltrops or Aron, of each two ounces: bruife them all being fresh and steep them fix or seven daies in four pound of old Oil; the whitest not rank ? then boil them, and press them out, and in the Oil melt fifteen ounces of white wax; and make them into an Ointment according to Art.

Culpeper. It purgeth exceedingly; and is good to anoint the Bellies of such as have Dropsies; and if there

Q. s

the body, that you know not how to remove (provided the part be not too tender) you may anoint it with this: but yet be not too busie with it; for I tell you plainly, cis not very safe. Vaguentum de Alabastro. 160. Or,

Oyntment of Alabaster.

Colledge. Take of the Juice of Chamomel four ounces, the juice of red Roses, Marsh mallow-roots, of each two ounces; the juice of Rew and Bectony, of each an ounce and an half; oyl of Roses omphacine, a pound and half, Alabaster in very fine powder, three ounces: mix them, & let them alone till the next day, then boyl it rill the Juice be consumed, then with six ounces of white Wax, make it into an ointment according to art.

culpeper. I never knew it made, neither know I what to make of it, 'tis amongst Victorius his Empericks to be found, and an hundred to one but he saith 'tis good for something: but I knew not for what. There he quotes abundance of Receipts, and it seems this is one. I have about a hundred of them, but this is none of them.

Vaguentum Amarum. 160. Or, a bitter Ointment.

Colledge. Take of Oyl of Rew, Savin, Mints, Wormwood, bitter Almonds, of each an ounce and an half; Juice of Peach-flowers and leave, and Wormwood, of each half an ounce; powder of Rew, Mints, Centaury the less, Gentian, Tormentil, of each one dram; the feeds of Coleworts, the pulp of Colocyathis, of each two drams; Aloes, Hepatick three drams; Meal of Lupines half an ounce, Murch wished in Graftwater a dram and an half; Bull-gall an ounce and an half; with a sufficient

quantity of juice of Lemmons, and an ounce and an balf of war, make it into an Oyntment according to Art.

culpeper. Do but so much as compare the Simples of this oyntment, with my Rules at the beginning of the oyls, and you shall see pretty sport to laugh at; the Simples make as great a discord as a Second and a Seventh in Musick, which can hardly be reduced to Harmony, but agree like a Harp and a Harrow.

Oyntment of the Apostles.

Colledge. Take of Turpentine, yellow Wax, Rozin, Ammoniacum, of each fourteen drams; long Birthwort-roots, Olibanum, Bdellium, of each fix drams; Mirrh, Galbanum, of each half an ounce; Opopanax, Verdigreece, of each two drams; Litharge 9 drams, Oyl two pound, Vinegar enough to diffolve the Gums, make it into an ointment according to art.

culpeper. It consumes corrupt and dead flesh, and makes flesh soft which is hard: it cleanseth Wounds, Ulcers and Fistulaes, and restores flesh where it is wanting.

Vnguentum Arregon. 161.

colledge. Take of Rosemary, Marjerome, Mother of Time, Rew, the
Roots of Aron and wild Cucumers,
of each four ounces and an half; the
Leaves of Bay, Sage, Savin, Brionyroots, of each three ounces; Fleabane,
Laurel, of each nine ounces; the
Leaves of wild Cucumers, Nep, of
each half a pound. Let all of them
being gathered in May, cleansed and
brussed, be steeped seven daies in six
pound of Sallet oyl, and a pound of
Spirit of Wine; boyl them gently

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Eill the Spirit be consumed, then strain berrics or leaves of Mezereon, Aloes, the oil, in which melt wax fixteen ounces, Bears-greafe, oil of Bays, of each three ounces; Moschaleum half an ounce, Peter Oil an Ounce, Butter four ounces, ftir them, and put in thele following things in powder, Mastich, Olibanum, of each seven drams; Pellitory of Spain, Euphorbium, Ginger, Pepper, of each an ounce: make them into an Ointment according to art.

Culpeper. It mightily digesteth and maketh thin, and that not without some purging quality, and is very commodious against cold afflictions of the body, but especially of the finews, Convultions, Falling fickness, pains in the Joynts, and great guts: I cannot much commend it, unless I should commend it for its length &

tediouincis.

unquentum de Artanita, 162. Or, Ointment of Sowbread.

Colledge. Take of the juice of Sowbread, or for want of it, a strong Decoction of the Roots three pound, juice of wild Cucumers, Heifersbutter, of each a pound; Oil of Orris two pound, Pulp of Coloquintida four ounces, Polypodium fix ounces, Euphorbium half an ounce, the things to be bruifed being bruifed, let them be steeped in a glazed Veffel close that eight daies, afterwards boyled in a double Veffel till the juice be almost consumed, then press it out, and dissolve in the Liquor yellow Wax five ounces, whilft it is warm mix with it, Sagapen Vinegar, diffolved in boyled in a Bath to the thickness of Honey, of each an ounce: then put in these things following in powder, Scammony, Turbith, Coloquintida, Camphire a dram, white Coral half

of each feven drams, Sal gem half an ounce, Euphorbium, long Pepper, Mirrh, Ginger, Chamomel-Howers, of each three drams: make them into an ointment according to arr.

Culpeper. The stomach being anointed with it, it purgeth by vomit; the belly anointed with it, it purgeth by stool: The truth is, it is a desperate kind of purge, yet I hold it as fitting as can be to anoint the bellies of fuch as have Dropfies, because I conceive it especially purgeth water, and the water in Dropfies lye near the skin. They have altered it. a little, and to as little purpole. I fancy not such violent remedies. fometimes they kill, and fometimes they cure.

Vnguentum Catapforas. you Colledge. Take of Ceruf. walked the Purflain-water, then in Vinegar wherein wild Radifb-roots have been steeped and presed out, Lapis Calaminaris, Chalcitis, of each fix drams; burnt Lead, Goats-blood, of each half an ounce; Quick-silver sublimated an ounce, the Juice of Housleek, Night-(hade, Plantane, of each two owners: Hogs-greafe cleanfed three pound, Oyl of Violets, Poppies, Manarakes, of each an ounce : First let the Sublimitt and Exungia, then the Oyls. Faices, and Powders be mixed, and fo made into an Ointment according to art.

Culpeper. The Title shews it to be invented against scabs and Itch, but I delight not in such kind of Medi-

eines.

Vaguentum Citrinam. 163. Or, a Citron Ointment. Call dge. Take of Borax an ounce,

an ounce, Allum Plume an ounce, Umbilicus marinus, Tragacanth, white Starch, of each three drams Christal, Dentalis Entalis, Olibanum, Nitre, white Marble, of each two drams; Gersa Serpentaria an ounce, Cerus fix ounces, Hogs greafe not falted a pound and an half, Goats suet prepared an ounce and an half, Hens fat two ounces and an half. Powder the things as you ought to do both together, and by themselves, melt the fats being cleanfed in a stone Vestel, and steep in them two Citrons of a mean bigness cut in bits, in a warm bath, after a whole week strain it, and put in the powders by degrees, anongst which let the Camphire ad Berax be the laft, ftir them, bring them into the form of an Ointment.

Culpeper. It takes away Pimples, redness, freckles, and other deformities of the face, scabs in any part of the body, it takes away the redness of the Eyes, and makes a rough Skin smooth. It is a terrible tedious piece of fuff , fuch as they ufually use to make men believe wonders, only here they left out Gipfum, because they could not tell what it was, they should have asked their brother Dr. P. S. the Receipt coming from Rome, he could have told them when he was there to be confirmed in his Religion what the Walls were plaistered with, for Gypfum is the Plaister of the Wall.

Anoint a freekled face either with the blood of a Bull or of a Hart, it will put away the Freekles, and make

the skin clear.

Unquentum Comitiffe. 163.

Colledge. Take of the middle Bark of Acorns, Chestnuts, Oaks, Beans, the berries of Mirtles, Horstail, Galls, Grape stones, unripe Services and Medlars dried, the leaves of Sloe-tree, the roots of Bistort and Formentil, of each an ounce and an half: bruife them grofly and boil them in ten pound of Plantane water till half be consumed, then take new yellow wax eight ounces and an half, oil of Mirtles simple two pound and an half; melt them and wash them ten times in the aforesaid Decoction, being washed and melted, put in these following powders, the middle bark of. Acorns, Chestnuts, and Oak, Galls, juice of Hypocistis, ashes of the bone of an Ox legg, Mirtle berries, unripe Grape stones, unripe Services, of each half an ounce; Troches of Amber two ounces, with oil of Mastich so much as is fufficient, make it into an ointment according to Art.

culpeper. It seems in my eyes a gallant binding ointment, composed neatly by a judicious Brain. The Belly and Reins being anointed with it, it staies Abortion or Miscarriage in Women though already begun. It strengthens weak backs exceedingly, and stops the immoderate flowing of the Terms and Hemorrhoids, and falling out of the fundament and womb. Finally, for every occasion that requires binding, I would if I were eloquent commend it in the superlative degree.

Unquentam Martiatum. 164.

Colledge. Take of fresh Bay leaves three pound, Garden Rem two pound

and an balf , Margoram two pound, kees , Powder of Chamepitys and Mints a pound, Sage, Wormwood, Coftmary, Bazil, of each half a pound; Sallet Gil twenty pound, yellow wax four pound, Malaga wine two pound, of all of them being bruifed, boiled, and preffed out as they ought, make an Ointment according to Art.

Culpeper. This is not the Ointment they prescribed before under that name, nor half fo tedious, therefore I like it better. It is a great Arengthener of the head, it being anointed with it as also of all the parts of the body, especially the Nerves,

Mulcles and Arteries.

unguentum Mastichinum. 164. Or, An Ointment of Maftich.

colledge. Take of Oil of Mastich, Wormwood and Nard, of each an ounce; Mastich, Mints, red Roles, red Coral, Cloves, Cinnamon, Wood of Aloes, Squinanth, of each a dram ; Wax as much as is sufficient to make it into an Ointment according to Art.

Culpeper. This is like the former, and not a whit inferiour to it, it strengthens the Stomach being anointed with it, restores appetite and digestion. Before it was called a

Stomach Qintment.

Unquentum Neapolitanum. 165.

colledge. Take of Hogs greafe wathed in juice of Sage a pound, quickfilver * ftrained through leather killed with spirtle [* It was a gallant thing if you could kill Quick-filver fo, you had better call for Hogs dung as the man did in Lumen Chymicum.] four ounces, Oil of Bays, Chamomel and Earthworms, of each two ounces ; Spigit of Wine an ounce, yellow Wax two ounces, Turpentine washed Juice of Elicampane three oun-

Sage, of each two drams: make them into an Ointment according to Art.

cpeper. A Learned Art to Spail people, hundreds are bound to curfe fuch Ointment, 'cis enough for a man be plagued with the Pox, but he must be worse plagued with preposterous Medicines.

Unguentum Nervinum.

colledge. Tak of Cowflips with the flowers, Sage, Chamepitys, Rolemary, Layender, Bay with the berries, Chamomel, Rew, Smallage, Melilor with the flowers, Wormwood, of each a handful; Mints Betony, Peniroyal, Parlley, Centaury the less, St. Johns wort, of each half a handful; Oil of Sheeps or Bullocks feet five pound Oil of Spike half an ounce, Sheeps or Bullocks fuer, or the Marrow of either two pound: the Herbs being bruised and boiled with the Oil and Suet, make it into an Ointment according to Art.

Culpeper. It is appropriated to the Nerves, and helps their infirmities coming of cold (which you may find often enough related, I do not love alwaies to harp upon the same string) as also old bruises; make use of it in dead Ralfies, chilness or coldness of particular members, such as the Arteries perform not their office to as they ought; for wind, anoint your Belly with it; for want of Digestion, your Stomach; for the Collick, your Belly; for whatever Discale in any part of the Body comes of Cold, esteem of this as a Jewel; and you shall give me thanks for declaring it, after you have been thankful to God for raising me up to that end.

unquentum Pettorale. 165. Or, A Pectoral Ointment.

Colledge. Take of fresh Butter wa-Thed in Violet water fix ounces, Oil of sweet Almonds four ounces, Oil of Chamomel and Violets, white Wax, of each three ounces; Hens and Ducks greafe, of each two ounces; Orris roots two drams, Saffron halt a dram. The two last being finely powdered, the rest melted and often wathed in Barley or Hylop water, make an Ointment of them according to Art.

Culpeper. It strengthens the breast and stomach, ealeth the pains thereof, helps Pleurifies and Consumptions of the Lungs, the breast being anointed with it. Now they have mended their

boiling of the Butter.

Unguentum Populeum. 166. Or, Ointment of Poplar.

Colledge. Take of fresh Poplar buds one pound and an half, the flowers of Violers and Navilwort of the Wall, of each three ounces; fresh Hogs greafe three pound, all of them being beaten together, in May let them stand a while, add the tops of Rasberries, the leaves of black Poppies, Mandrake, Henbane, Nightshade, Lettuce, Housleek great and I mall, Burrs the greater, of each three ounces; beat them all together, and all of them being mixed, after ten daies with a pound of Rose-wager, boil it till all the superfluous hamidity be confumed, then frain it, and press it out that it may be an Ointment according to Art.

Culpeper. It is exceeding good in burnings, scaldings and inflammahead and kidneys; the temples befleep. They have in their laft fomething altered this, but to little purpole, or none at all.

Unguentum Resumptivum.

Colledge. Take of Hogs greafe three ounces, the greafe of Hens, Geele and Ducks, of each two ounces, Ochpus half an ounce, oil of Violets, Chamomel and Dill, fresh Butter a pound, white Wax fix ounces, Mucilage of Gum Tragacanth, Arabick, Quince seeds, Marsh mallow roots, of each half an ounce. Let the Mucilage be made in Rosewater, and adding the rest, make it into an Ointment according to Art.

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Culpeper. It mightily mollifies without any manifest heat, and is therefore a fit Ointment for such as have Agues, Afthmaes, Hectick Feavers or Consumptions. It is a gallant ointment to cale pains coming by inflammation of Wounds or Aposthumes, especially such as drinels accompanies, an infirmity wounded people are many times trou-

very beneficial.

the external region of the part, is Unquentum Splanchnicum. 166.

bled with. In inward Aposthumes,

as Pleurifies, in any of them to anoint

Colledge, Take of Oil of Capers an ounce, Oil of white Lillies, Chamomel, fresh Butter, juice of Briony and Sombread, of each half an ounce, boil it to the consumption of the juice, add Ammoniacum disolved in Vinegar, two drams and an bilf, Hens greafe, Oefypus,mirrow of a Calfs leg, of each half an ounce; powder of the bark of the roots of Tamaris and Capers, Fern roots, Ceterach, of each a dram, the feeds of Agnus cations, it asswageth the heat of the flus, and Broom, of each a feruple; with a sufficient quantity of war, make it ining enointed with it, it provokes to an Ointment according to Art.

tiuguen-

[. Unguentum Splanchnieum Magi-Brale. 167.

Colledge. Take of the Bark of Caper roots fix drams, Brieny roots, Orris Florentine, powder of sweet Fennel feed, Ammoniacum diffolved in Vinegar, of each half an ounce; tops of Wormwood, Chamomel flowers, of each a dram; dintment of the juice and of flowers of Oranges, of each fix drams; oil of Orris & Capers, of each an ounce; and an half; the things which ought being powdered and lifted, the rest diligently mixed in a hot mortar, make it into an Ointment according to Art.

Culpeper. Before they called these unguentum Splenicum; which because every one that understood any Latine might understand it , they invented a hideous name, Unquentum Splanch-There are some that cannot nicum. abide Ointments, yet can eafily bear Plaisters: therefore when occalion is given, you may make up the Ointment in form of a Plaister, by adding a little Wax, Ship Pitch, Ciperus, Turpentine; Both these Ointments are appropriated to the Spleen, and ease the pains thereof, the fides being anointed with them. I fancy not the former.

unguentum e Succis. 167. Or, Ointment of Juices.

colledge. Take of Juice of Dwarf Elder eight ounces, of Smallage and place is changed : give God the Parfly, of each four ounces; Worm- iglory that he hath left a way to do wood and Orris, of each five ounces: | you good; and I shall do the like white Lillies ten ounces, of Wormwood and Chamomel, of each fix ounces; the fat of Ducks and Hens,

of each two ounces; beil them together with a gentle fire till the juices be confumed, then frain it , and with feven ounces of white Wax, and a little white Wine Vinegar. make it into an oil ment according to Art.

> See Unquentum ex Succis Aperitivis.

Naguentum Sumach. 168.

Colledge. Take of Sumach , waripe Galls , Mirtle Berries , Balanftines, Pomgranate pecis, Acorn cups, Cipress nuts, Acacia, Mastich, of each ten drams.; white wax five ounces, oil of Roses often washed in Allum water. a pound and ten ounces, make a fine powder of the things you can, and feep them four whole daies in juice of Medlars and unripe Services, of each a sufficient quantity, then dry them by a gentle fire, and, with the oil and wax boil it into an Ointment.

Culpeper. It is a gallant drying and binding Ointment, my former Rules will shew you what its good for. Be studious : besides, the Stomach anointed with it, staies Vomiting, and the Belly anointed with it staies Looseness. If the Fundament fall out, when you have put it up again, anoint it with this Ointment, and it will fall out no more. Do the like by the Womb if that fall out. They had the honesty before to call it a binding Ointment, now it hath another name, and its common oil half a pound, oil of that he hath made me an Instrument to do it.

OINT-

OINTMENTS left in this Dispensatory. Quatment of Marsh-mallows, conpound. Nich.

Colledge. TAke of Marsh-mallow roots two pound, the feeds of Flax and Fænugreck, of each one pound; Pulp of Squils half a pound, Oil four pound, Wax one pound, Turpentine, Gum of Ivy, Galbanum, of each two ounces; Colophonia, Rozin, of each half a pound; let the roots be well washed and bruised, as also the Linseed, Acep them three daies in eight pints add the Wax , Rozin and Colopho- water and Rofe Vinegar. nia, when they are melted, add Galbanum and Gum of Ivy diffol [fcarce know) and exceeding good, and having removed them from the mations of Wounds or Tumours. fire, ftir them till they are cold, that is they may be well incorpogared.

Culpeper. They both (viz. this and the former) hear and moisten : the mon Parfley , Valerian , of cach three later helps pains of the Breafts coming of cold, and Pleurifier, old Aches and Stitches, and loftens hard Swellings.

unquentum Diapompholigos nibili. Nicholaus.

Colledge. Take of Oil of Rofes 16 one dram ; a little Oil of Capers. ounces, juice of Nightshade 6 ounces; let them boil to the consumption of the juice, then add white wax 5 ounces, kets, the Breast and Sides being a-Cerus washed two ounces, Lead burnt mointed with it.

and washed , Pompholix prepared, pure Frankincense, of each an ounce: let them be brought into the form of an Quitment according to Art.

Culpeper. It cools and binds, dries, and staies fluxes, either of blood or humours in wounds, and fills hollow Ulcers with flesh : This is much like their Ointment and Nightshade in their last Edition, and of the same operation, and the very same Receipt, they last time called Gulielmus Placentinus simple Liniment.

Unquentum Refrigerans. Galenus. It is also called a Cerecloth.

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Colledge. Take of white wax four Fænugreek feed and Squils, then ounces, Oil of Roses omphacine one pound, melt it in a double veffel, then of Water, the fourth day boil them pour it out into another, by degrees a little upon the fire, and draw out putting in cold water, and often pourthe Mucilage, of which take two ling it out of one vessel into another, stirpound, and boil it with the Oil to the ring it till it be white : last of all, mash consumption of the juice: afterwards it in Rose water, adding a little Rose

Culpeper. It is a fine cooling thing, the Turpentine, afterwards the for what denomination to give it, I ved in Vinegar: boil them a little, yea, super-excellent to cure inflam-

Unquentum e Succis Aperitivis primum. Fæsius.

Colledge. Take of the juice of Smallage, Endive, Mints, Wormwood, comounces, Oil of Wormwood and Mints, of each half a poisad; yellow Wax three ounces: mix them together over the fire, and make of them an Ointment. Sometimes is added also the Powders of Calimns Aromaticus, Spicknard, of cach

Culpeper. It opens stoppages of the Stomach and Spleen, eafeth the Ric-

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Unguentum Martiatum. Nich. Colledge. Take of the leaves of Bay and Rolemary, of each eight ounces; Rew feven ounces. Tamarisk fix ounces. the leaves of Dwarf Elder. Marjoram. Savin. Coftmary, or elfe Water-mints. Sage. Bazil. Poleymountain. Calaminth. Mugwort. Elicampane, Betony, Brank-Urfine. Goofe-grass or Cleavers. Anemone or Wind-flower; or for want of it, Pellitory of the Wall, Burnet, Agrimony. Wormwood. Cowslips, garden Coftus. Elders. Orpine the greater. Housleek the greater and leffer. Yarrow. Germander. Centaury the less. Plantane. Strawberries * Tetracht * called alfo Syderites, and Iron-wort , because of its excellency to cure woulds.] or for t want of it Golden Rod [+ which in London cannot be, becaufe it groms almost is every ditch.] Cinquefoyl. of each four ounces and an half, the Roots of Marsh-mallows, the seeds of Cummin. Mirrh. of each three ounces. Fænugreek an ounce and an half, the feeds of the greater Nettles, of Violets, red or Erratick Poppies, commonly called Corn-Roses. Garden Mints. Sorrel. wild Mints. Maidenhair. Carduus Benedictus. Woodbine or Honey-suckles. Valerian the greater. Iweet Cranebil or Moschata. Wood Sorrel, Hartstongue. * Ox-eye. (* Bupbthalmum) Southernwood. Marrow of a Stag. Styrax Calamitis, of each half an ounce. Butter ten drams. Bears and Hens greafe. Mastich, Frankincense, of each one ounce. Nard Oil two ounces. Wax two pound; let the Herbs being green, be cur, and infufed in eight pounds of Oil with Wine

for seaven daies, on the eighth day let them be boiled almost to confumption of the Wine; then being removed from the sire, let it be strained, and the oil put into the panagain, to which (being a little warmed) add the Butter. Marrow. Fat, Nard Oil and Wax, then the Styrax dissolved in Wine and mixed with a little Turpentine: but let the Mastick, Mirth and Frankincense being beaten into Powder be put in last of all, and when they are all well mixed together, keep the Ointment in a Vessel.

Culpeper. This long Receipt of Nich. Myrepfus, is held to be profitable against cold afflictions of the Brain, Nerves and Joints, as shaking Palsie, dead Palsie, Convulsions, &c., it helps numness of the Joints, the Gout and hard Tumors of the Spleen.

An Ointment for the worms. Feefius.

Colledge. Take of Oil of Rew, Savin, Mints, Wormwood and bitter Almonds, of each an ounce and an balf : Juice of the Flowers or Leaves of Peaches and Wormwood, of each balf an oance; powder of Rew, Mints. Gentian, Centawy the less, Tormentil, of each one dram; the feeds of colewort, the pulp of Colocyathis, of each two drams; Aloes Hepatick, three drams; the meal of Lupines half an ounce, Mirrh, mashed in grass mater, a dram and an balf, Bulls Galls an ounce and an half, with juice of Lemmons so much as is sufficient, and an ounce and an half of wax, make it into an Ointment according to Art.

Culpeper. The belly being anoint-

ed with it, kills the Worms.

CERE-CLOATHS.

Ceratum de Galbano. 169. Or, Cere-cloath of Galbanum.

Colledge. TAke of Galbanum prepared, an ounce and an half, Affafætidt half an ounce, Bdeltium a dram, Mirrh two drams, Wax two ounces, Carrot-feeds a scruple, Featherfem, Mugwort, of each balf a dram : diffolve the Gums in Vinegar, and make it a Cere-cloath according to EYE.

culpeper. Being applyed to the Belly of a Woman after Labour, it cleanfeth her of any relicts accidentally left behind, helps the Fits of the Mother, and other accidents incident to Women in that cale.

Ceratum O. Sypatum. 199.

Colledge. Take of Ochpus ten ounces, Oyl of Chamomel and Orris, of each half a pound; yellow Wax two pound, Rozin a pound, Mastich, Ammoniacum, Turpentine, of each an ounce; Spicknard two drams and an half, Saffron a dram and an half, Styrax Calamitis half an ounce, make them into a Cere-cloth according to art.

culpeper. It mollifies and digefts hard swellings of the Liver, Spleen, Womb, Nerves, Joynts, and other parts of the body, and is a great eafer of Pain.

A Plaister made of young Swalthe Squinancy and fwelling of the Plaister with Oyl of Wax.

Ceratum Santalinum. 169.

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Colledge. Take of red Sanders ten drams, white and yellow Sanders, of each fix drams; red Rofes twelve drams, Bole-armenick feven drams, Camphire two, white wax washed thirty drams, Oyl of Rofes omphacine fix ounces: make it into a Cerc-cloath ac- . cording to Art.

Culpeper. It wonderfully helps hot infirmities of the Stomach, Liver, and other parts, being but applied to

PLAISTERS.

Culpener. I Hope no Body is fo · Imple to eat Plaifter. The general way of application is to the grieved place. You may melt them in an earthen diff, and fo spread them upon a Cloath, or white

Emplastrum ex Ammoniaco. 170. Or, A Plaister of Ammoniacum.

Colledge. Take of Ammoniacum, Bran well fifted, of cach an ounce; ointment of Marsh-mallows, Melilot Plaister Compound, Roots of Briony and Orris in powder, of each half an ounce; the fat of Ducks, Geele and Hens, of each 3 drams; Bdellium, Galbanum, of each one dram and an half; Per-rozin, Wax, of each five ounces; oyl of Orris, Turpentine, of each half an ounce : boyl the Fats and oyl with Musilage of lows, being burnt, Neft and all, doth | Linfeed and Fenugreek-feed, of each (being applied to the Throat) ease three ounces, to the consumption of the Musilage, strain it, and add Throat. You may make it into a the Wax, Rozin and Turpentine, the Oyntment of Marsh-mallows,

with the plaister of Melilot; when it begins to be cold, put in the Ammoniacum, diffolyed in Vinegar, then the Bdellium in powders, with the rest of the powders; and make it into a plaister according to Art.

culpeper. By [Plaifter] alwaies understand, not a plaister, spread upon a cloath but a Roll made to spread

fuch a one withal.

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It foftens & allwageth hard fwellings, and scatters the Humors offending; applied to the fide it foftens the hardness of the Spleen, affwageth pains thence arising.

Enplastrum e Baccis Lauri. 170. Or, A Plaister of Bay-berries.

Colledge. Take of Bay-berries hufked, Turpentine, of each two ounces; Frankincense, Mastich, Mirrh, of each an ounce; Cyperus, Costus, of cach half an ounce; Honey warmed and * not scummed, [* and why not scummed? I had forgot, the Colledge is not bound to give a reason for what they do I four ounces: make it into a plaister according to Art.

Culpeper. It is an excellent plaister to ease any pains coming of cold or wind, in any part of the body, whether Stomach, Liver, Belly, Reins or Bladder. It is an excellent remedy for the Cholick and Wind in the

Bowels.

Emplafirem Barbarum Magnum, 171.

Colledg: Take of dry Pitch eight bound, yellow wax five pound and tight ounces, pro-ofit fix pourt and four our es, Bitavia Judaican, or Mummy four pound, Oyl one pound and an bill, Verdigreece, Lithinge, Cerufs, of each three owners; Frankincense half a pound, Roch- Allam ant burnt, an cover the bones with flesh : It draws ource and un half, but to four onces, faith from the bottom of deep tilcers,

Opopanax, Scales of Brass, Galbanum, of each twelve drams; Aloes, Opinm, Mirros of each balf an ounce ; Turpentine two pound, juice of Mandrakes, or elfe dried Bark of the root fix drams, Vinegar five pound, let the Litharges Cerufs and Oyl, boyl to the thickness of Honey; then incorporate with them the Pitch, being melted with Bitumen in Powier; then add the reft, and boyl them according to Art, till the Vincear be consumed, and it flick not to your bands.

Culpeper. It helps the bitings of Men and Beafts, eafeth inflammations of Wounds, and helps infirmities of the Joynts, and Gouts in the beginning.

Emplastrum de Betonica. 171. Or, A Plaister of Betony.

colledge. Take of green Betony, Burner, Agrimony, Sage, Peniroyal, Yarrow, Comfry the greater, *Clary, [" u bether by Galletrium; they mean wild Clary or garden, is some question.] of each fix ounces: Frankincense, Mastich, of each three drams; Orris, round Birthwort, of each fix drams: white Wax, Turpentine, of each eight ounces; Per-rofin fix ounces: Gum Elemi, * Oyl of Fir, [* I know no other Oyl of Fir, unless they mean Turpentine, and that was once before. 7 of each two ounces; white Wine three pound: Bruile the Herbs, boyl them in Wine, then strain them, and add the reft, and make them into a plaifter according to Art.

culpeper. It is a gallant plaister to unite the skull when it is cracked, to draw out pieces of broken bones, and

reftores

seftores flesh , cleanseth, digesteth, and drieth.

Emplastrum Cafaris. 171.

Colledge. Take of red Roses one ounce and an balf, Biftort roots, Cyprefs Nuts, all the Sanders, Mints, Coriander Seds, of each three drams, Mastich half an ounce , Hypocistis , Asacia, Dragons blood, Earth of Lemnos, Bole Armenick, red Coral, of cach swo drams : Turpentine washed in Plantane water four ounces: oyl of Rofes three ounces, white wax twelve ounces, Per-rogin ten ounces, Pitch fix ounces, the juice of Plantane, Houfleek and Orpine, of each an ounce : the wax, Rozin and Pitch being melted together, add the Turpentine and Oil, then the Hypocistis and Acacia disfolved in the juices; at last the Powders, and make it into a Plaister according to Art.

culpeper. It is of a fine cool, binding, strengthening nature, excellent good to repel hot Rheums or Vapors that ascend up to the Head, the Hair being shaved off, and applied to the

Crown.

Emplastrum Catagmaticum the first.

Colledge. Take of juice of Marshmallow roots six ounces: Bark of Ash-tree roots, and the leaves, the roots of Comfry the greater, and smaller with their leaves, of each two ounces: Mirtle berries an ounce and an half, the leaves of Willow, the tops of St. Johns-wort, of each an handful and an half; having bruised them, boil them together in red wine and Smiths water, of each two pound till half be consumed; strain it, and add oyl of Mirtles and Roses omphasine, of each one pound and an half:

Goats suet eight ounces, boil it again to the consumption of the Decoction, strain it again, and add Litharge of Gold and Silver, red Lead, of each four ounces: yellow Wax one pound, Colophonia half a pound, boil it to the consistence of a Plaister, then add clear Turpentine two ounces, Mirrh, Frankincense, Mastich of each half an ounce; Bole Armenick, Earth of Lemnos, of each an ounce; stir them about well till they be boiled, and made into an Emplaister according to Art.

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Catagmaticum the Second. 173. Colledge. Take of the roots of Comfry the greater, Marth-mallows, Miffleto of the Oak, of each two ounces; Plantane, Chamepitys, S. Johns wort, of each a handful, boil them in equal parts of black Wine and Smiths was ter till half be consumed; strain it, and add Mucilage of Quince feeds made in Tripe water, oil of Mastich and Roses, of each four ounces; boil it to the consumption of the humidity, and having strained it, add Litharge of Gold four ounces, boil it to the confistence of an Emplaister; then add yellow Wax four ounces, Turpentine three ounces, Colophonia fix drams, thip pitch ten ounces, Powders of Balaustines, Rozin, Mirtles, Acacia, of each half an ounce; Mummy, Androlamum, Mastich, Amber, of each fix drams ; Bole armenick, fine flower, Frankincense, of each twelve drams, Dragons blood two ounces; make it into a plaister according to Art.

culpeper. Both this and the former are binding and drying: the former Rules will instruct you in the use. Emplistrum Cephalicum, 173. Or, A Cephalick Plaister.

Colledge. Take of cleer Rosin two ounces, black Piech on: ounce, Labdanum, Turpentine, slowers of Beans and Orobus, Doves dung, of each balf an ownce; Mirrh, Mastich, of each one dram and an balf: Gum of Juniper, Nutmegs, of each two drams: dissolve the Mirrh, Laudanum in a hot Mortar, and adding the rest, make it into a Plaifter according to Art. If you will have it stronger, add the Powders, Eaphorbium, Pellitory of Spain, and black Pepper, of each two scruples.

Culpeper. It is proper to firengthen the Brain, and repel such vapors as annoy it, and these powders being added, it dries up the superfluous moisture thereof, and easeth the Eyes of hot scalding vapors that annoy

them.

Emplastrum de Ceruffa. 174. Or, A Plaister of Cerus.

Colledg. Take of Ceruß in fine powder, white wax, Sallet Oyl of each three ounces; add the Oyl by degrees to the Ceruß, and boyl it by continual firring over a gentle fire, till it begin to swell, then add the wax cut (mall by degrees, and boyl it to its just consistence.

Scabs, and hot Ulcers, and in general what ever fores abound with

moisture.

Emplastrum ex Cicuta cum Ammoniaco. 174. Or, A Plaister of Hemlock with Ammoniacum.

Colledg. Take of the Juyce of Hemlock four ounces, Vinegar, of Squils, and Ammoniacum, of each eight ounces; dissolve the Gum in the juyce, and Vinegar; after a due infusion, then strain it into its just consistence according to Art.

culpeper. I suppose it was invented to mitigate the extream pains, and allay the inflammations of Wounds, for which it is very good: Let it not be applied to any principal part.

Emplastrum c Cinnabari. 174.

Colledge. Take of Cinnabaris an ounce and an half, Euphorbium, Auripigmentum, of each two drams and an hilf; beat them into fine powder, and unite them with Galbanum, Eurgundy Pitch; of each two ounces and an half; Plaister of Mucilage three, Unguentum Egypuscum half an ounce, make it into a Plaister without boiling.

Culpeper. I wonder what this Poyfonous Plaister was invented for, unless to poyson mens wounds, and see
the Cure as fast backwards, as a
months well dressing can set it forward; to eat out dead siesh it cannot, for that is belonging to Oyntment, dead siesh is usually in hollow
tlicers, and a plaister cannot come
at it:but imagine it could, yet would
such a plaister as this poyson the siesh
round about.

Emplastrum e Crusta Panis. 174. Or, A Plaister of a Crust of Bread.

Colledge. Take of Mastich, Mints, Spodium, rea Coral, all the Sanders of each one dram: Oyl of Mastick and Quinces, of each one dram and half: a crust of Bread roasted, and three times steeped in red Rose Vinegar, and as often dried, Labdanum, of each two ounces, Rosin source, Barley meal sive drams: make them into a Plaister according to Art.

Culpeper. I thall commend this for as gallant a plaister to strengthen the Brain, as any is in the Dispensatory, the Hair being shaved off, and it ap-

plic

plied to the Crown; also being ap-plar, which is new cut, that so the verplied to the Stomach , it ftrengthens it, helps digestion, stayes vomiting and putrifaction of the meat there. Montagnana was the Author of it.

Emplastrum e Cymino. Or, A Plaister of Cummin.

Colledge. Take of Cummin feed, Bayberries, yellow Wax, of each one pound, Per-rofin two pound, common Rofin three pound, Oyl of Dill half a pound, mix them, and

make them into a plaister.

into a plaister, they that make of it know better than I; I judg but by reason, they know by experience. It affwageth swellings, takes away old aches coming of bruiles : and applied to the Belly, is an excellent I have often proved, and alwayes with roots, of each one pound: old Oyl three good lutcels.

Emplastrum Diacalcitcos. 175.

Colledge. Take of Hogs greafe, fresh and purged from the Skins two pound, Oyl of Olive Omphacine, Litharge of Gold beaten and fifted, of each three pound : white Vitriol burnt and powdered four ounces: Let the Litbarge, Greafe and Oyl boyl toge- pain, it foftens hardness of the Liver ther with a gentle fire, with a little and Spleen, it is very gentle like the Plantane water; alwayes stirring it to Author of it [Misue] very moderate the consistence of a plaister, into which and harmless, and it may be therefore (b ing removed from the fire) put in neglected by the Phantastical Chythe Vitriol and make it into a plaifter, rurgions of our age. according to Art.

Cutpeper. Before it was to be made boyl with the Oyl and Greafe a long fimple. time, continually firring it with the branch of a Palm or other Tree of a binding Nature, as Oak, Box, or Med- fins, fat Figs, Martich, Mallow-roots,

tue of the Spatula may be mixed with the plaister, cutting off the top and the rind even to the wood it felf, the mixture being thus made thick by boyling and stirring , and removed from the fire, put in white Copperas for want of true Chalcitis in powder, and so make it into a laudable mals for an Emplaister. It is a very drying, binding plaister, profitable in green wounds to hinder putrifaction, as also in pestilential forces after they are broken; and Rupture, and al-Culpeper. I am of opinion, here to in burnings and scaldings. Before is not half Oyl enough to make it it was called Diapalma, because of the branch of the Palm-tree, and Diacalcitcos, because of the Calcitis in it. But now neither of both be in.

Diachylon simple. 175.

Colledge. Take of Muscilage of Linremedy for the wind Cholick. This feed, Fenngre k feed, Marsh-mallow pound, boyl it to the consumption of the Muscilage, frain it, and add Litharge of Gold in fine powder one pound and a half : boyl them with a little water over a gentle fire, alwayes stirring them to a just thickness.

Culpeper. It is an exceeding good remedy for all swellings without

Diachylon Ireatum.

Colledg. Add one ounce of Orris in in this manner: First let the Litharge powder to every pound of Diachylon

> Diachylon magnum. 175. colledge. Take of Muscilage of Rai-

> > Lin-

Linfeeds and Fenugreek feeds, Bird- drams : diffolve the Gams in Wine and lime, the juyce of Orris and Squils, of each twelve drams and an half; Oesypus or Oyl of Sheeps feet an ounce and an half, oyl of Orris, Chamomel , Dill, of each & ounces; Litharge of Gold in fine powder one pound, Turpentine three ounces, Per-rozin, yellow Wax, of each two ounces. Boyl the oyl wich the Mucilages and Juyces to the confumption of the humidity, strain the oyl from the Fæces, and by adding the Litharge, boil it to its confiftence; then add the Rofin and Wax. Laftly, it being removed from the fire, add the Turpentine, Oefypus and Birdlime; make of them a Plaister by melting them according to art.

culpeper. It diffolyes hardness and

Inflammations.

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Diachylon magum cum Gummi.

176.

colledge. Take of Bdellium, Sagapenum, Ammoniacum, of each two ounces; diffolved in Wine, and added to the mais of Diachylon magnum: first boyl the Gums being disfolved, to the thickness of Honcy.

Culpeper. This is the best to disfolve hard Swellings of all the three.

Diachyles compositum, five Emplastrum è Mucilaginibus. 176. Or, Plai-

fter of Mucilages. Colledge. Take of Mucilages of the middle Bark of Elm, Marsh-mallow roots, Linsecd and Fenugreek seed, of each four ounces and an half; Oyl of Chamomel, Lillies and Dill, of each an ounce and an balf; Ammoniacum, Galbinum, Sagapen, Opopanax, of each balf an ounce; new wax twenty ounces, Turpentine two ounces, Saffron two

make it into a Plaister according to

Culpeper. It ripens swellings, and breaks them, and cleanfeth them when they are broken. It is of a most excellent ripening Nature.

Emplastrum Diaphænicon hot. 176.

Colledge. Take of yellow Wax two ounces , Per-rozin, Pitch, of each four ounces, Oyl of Roses and Nard of each one ounce: melt them together, and add pulp of Dates made in Wine four bunces, flesh of Quinces boiled in red Wine an ounce, then the powders following. Take of Bread twice baked, steeped in Wine, and dried two ounces, Mastich an ounce, Frankincense, Wormwood, red Roses, Spicknard, of each two drams and an half; Wood of Alnes, Mace, Mirrh, washed Aloes, Acacia, Troches of Gallia moschata and Earth of Lemnos, Calamus aromaticus, of each one dram; Laudanum three ounces: mix them, and make them into a plaister according to

Culpeper. It strengthens the Stomach and Liver exceedingly, helps Fluxes; apply it to the part grieved. Your mother wit will teach you not to apply it to the Nose for Fluxes: nor yet to the foles of your Feet to strengthen your stomach.

Diaphænicon cold. 177.

Colledge. Take of Wax four ounces, Ship Pitch five ounces, Labdanum three ounces and an half, Turpentine an ounce and an bilfsoyl of Roses one ounceimelt these, and add pulp of Dates almost ripe boiled in auftere wine four ounces , Ach of Quinces in like manner boiled, Bread twice baked often fleeped in red wine and dried of each an ounce; Styrax salaminaris Calamitis, Acacia, unvipe Grapes, Balaustines, yellow Sanders, Troches of Terra Lemnia, Mirrh, wood of Alees, of each half an ounce; Mastich, red Roses, of each an ounce and an half: anftere wine as much as is sufficient to disolve the Juyces, make it into a

Plaifter according to art. Culpeper. It strengthens the Belly and Liver, helps concoction in those parts, and distribution of humors,

staies Vomiting and Fluxes.

Emplastrum Divinum. 177. Or. A Divine Plaister.

Colledge. Take of Loadstone four ounces, Ammoniacum three ounces and three drams, Bdellium two ounces, Galbanum, Mirrh, of each ten drams Olibanum nine drams, Opopanax, Maftich, long Birthwort , Verdigreece, of each an ounce; Litharge, common Oyl, of cach a pound and an half; new Wax eight ounces : let the Litharge in fine powder be boyled with the oyl to a zhickneß; then add the wax, which being melted, take it from the fire, add sbe Gums diffolved in Wine or Vinegar, ftrain it , then add the Mirrh, Maftich, Frankiscenfe, Birthwort and Loadstone in powder. Laft of all the Verdiereece in powder , and make it into a Plaister according to art.

culpeper. It is of a cleanfing nature exceeding good against malignant Ulcers ; It confumes corruption, engenders new flesh, and brings them to 2 Sear. Herein lies the Colledges Religion, if you would know what it is, for they are neither Presbiterians

nor Independants.

Emplastrum Epispasticum. 177. Colledge. Take of Mustard feed,

Euphorbium , long Pepper , of each one dram and an half; Stavelacre,

The Physicians Library.

Pellitory of Spain, of each 2 drams: Ammoniacum, Galbanum, Bdelium, Sagapen of each three drams; *whole Cantharides [* Must you not put them whole into the Pliifter ? I five drams; Ship pitch, Rozin, yellow Wax, of each fix drams; Turpentine as much as is sufficient to make it into a Plaister.

Culpeper. Many people use to draw Blifters in their Necks for the Toothach, or for Rhewms in their Eyes. If they please to lay a plaister of this there, it will do it.

Emplastrum d Nostratibus, Flos unquentorum dictum. 178. Or,

Flower of Oyntments.

Colledge. Take of Rofin, Per-rofin, yellow wax, Sheep fuct, of each half a pound; Olibanum four ounces, Turpentine two ounces and an half; Mirrh, Mastich, of each an ounce; Camphire two drams, white wine balf a pound: boyl them into a Plaister.

Culpeper. I found this Receipt in an old Manuscript written in the year 1513, the quantity of the Ingredients very little altered (except Analogically) and the Vertue of it

thus described verbatim.

Ye ys wel clenfande and well fow. dande and generande the fleshe, and helande more in eight dayes then ony other Trete wol doe yn a monyth for yt wyll foffer no corruption yn a wounde, ne noe dead flesh to by de therein. Also yt ys good for Headache, and for winde yn the brayne, and for all mannyr of posthymes yn the heade, or yn the bodie: for swelling of the eares, or of the cheekes, for all mannyr of synows that is grieved, or breyfyd, or fprong, and ye woll draw out yrne or splynts of trees, or thornes, or broken bones,

or ony other thyngs that may grow yn a wounde, and yt ys good for bytyng of venomos beafts, and yt rots and healls all mannyr of boches without fawt, and yt ys good for fefter or canker, and for Noli me tangere, and yt draws out all mannyr of akyng yn the lyver or reynes, or mylt, and helpyth the emerands.

A Plaister of Gum Elemi. 178.

colledge. Take of Gum Elemi three ounces, Per-rozin, Wax, Ammonia-cum, of each two ounces; Turpentine three ounces and an half, Mallego Wine fo much as is sufficient: boil it to the consumption of the Wine, then and the Ammoniacum dissolved in Vinegar.

Culpeper. The operation is the same

with Arteus Liniment.

A Plaister of Calaminaris. 178.

colledg. Take of Lapis Calaminaris prepared an ounce, Litharge two onnces, Cerus half an ounce, Turty a dram, Turpentine six drams, white Wax an ounce and an half, Stags suer two ounces, Frankincense sive drams, Mastich three drams, Mirrh two drams, Camphire a dram and an half: make it up according to art.

Culpeper. Before they set down Stags suet twice; and now they left out a sufficient quantity of it. Do not they know that both Lapis Calaminaris and Litharge; are of an exceeding drying Nature? And that six drams of Turpentine, and six ounces of Stags suet; is not half enough to make only them two into a plaister. If they do know it, why do they set it down? If they do not know it, why do they meddle with what they have no skill in? And yet forsooth its two-penny treason to swerve from their Receipts; just like a Spaniard

that will not leave his majestical gare even when he is whipt at a Carta tail.

Emplastrum ad Herniam. 178.

College. Take of Galls, Cypreß nuts; Poinegranate peils, Balauftines, Acacia, the feeds of Plantane, Fleawort, u atercreffes, Acorn cups, Beans torrified, Birthwort long and round, Mirtles, of each half an ounce. Let the fe be pour dered and steeped in Rose Vinegar four dayes then torrified and dried, then take of Comfrey the greater and leffer, Horstail, Woad, Ceterach, the roots of Ofmond Royal, Fern, of each an ounce; Frankiacenfe, Mirrh, Aloes, Maftich, Mummy, of each two ounces; Bole Armenick washed in Vinegar, Lapis Calaminaris prepared, Litharge of Gold, Dragons bload, of each three ounces; Ship pitch two pound, Turpentine fix ources, or as much as is sufficient to make it into a Plaifler according to art.

Culpeper. The Plaister is very binding and knitting, appropriated to Ruptures or Burstness, as the title of it specifies. It strengthens the Reins and Womb, staies Abortion or miscarriage in Women; it consolidates Wounds, and helps all diseases coming of cold and moisture. If you mix a little Diapalma with it, it will

stick the better.

Emplastrum Hystericum. 179.

Colledge. Take of Bistort roots one pound, wood of Aloes, yellow Sanders, Nutmegs, Barberry kernels, Rose seeds, of each one ounce; Cinnamon, Cloves, Squinanth, Chamomel slowers, of each bats an ounce; Frankincense, Mastich, Alipta moschata, Gallia moschata, Sty-rax Calamitis, of each one dram; Musk bals a dram, yellow Wax one pound and an half, Turpentine bals a pound, Moschaleum four ounces, Labdanum four

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pootd,

pound, Ship pitch three pound. Let the Labdanum and Turpentine be added to the Pitch and wax being melted, then the Styrax; lastly the rest in powder, and sisted, that they may be made into a Plaister according to art.

Culpeper. I know not justly what they mean by that word [Anthera]in the Receipt, unless they mean the hairy thrids in the middle of the Rose, which usually Country people call though falfly) Role feeds. As I take it, Apothecaries cal them by an Apish name Anthera Rufarum, of the Greek words, ard o poder the flowers of Roies. But indeed the Ancients as Galen, &c. gave the word Anthera to many compound Medicines that had no Roses at all in them. But I cannot fland to dispute the flory here. The Plaister being applied to the Navel, is a means to withstand the fits of the Mother in fuch women as are subject to them, by reteining the Womb in its place.

Emplastrum de Mastich. 179. Or, a Plaister of Mastich.

colledge. Take of Mastich three ounces, Bole armenick washed in black Wine an ounce and an half, red Roses fix drams, Ivory, Mirtleberries, red Coral, of each half an ounce; Turpentine, Colophonia, Tachamahacca, Labdanum, of each two ounces; yellow Wax half a pound, Oyl of Mirtles four ounces: make it a Plaister according to art.

Culpeper. It is a binding Plaister, Mrengthens the stomach being applied to it, and helps such as loath their victuals, or cannot digest it, or retain it till it be digested. Emplastrum de Meliloto simplex. 180. Or, a Plaister of Melilot Simple.

Colledge. Take of the purest Rosin 8 pound, yellow Wax 4 pound, Sheeps suct 2 pound. These being melted, add green Melilot cut smal 2 pound: make it 2 Plaister according to art.

culpeper. It is a gallant drawing and healing Plaister, no way offensive to any part of the body. It cleanseth wounds of their filth, ripeneth swellings and breaks them, & cures them when it hath done. It is special good for those swellings vulgarly in London called Felons, in Sussex Andicoms; only have a care of applying it to the Legs, because of its drawing quality, to any other part of the body, in a Sore that hath any putrifaction in it, It is none of the worst plaister.

Emplastrum de Mediloto compositum.

180. Or, a Plaister of Me-

lilot compound. Colledge. Take of Melilet flowers fix drams, Chamomel flowers, the feeds of Fenugreek , Bayberries husked, Marsh-mallow roots, the tops of Wormwood and Marjoram, of each three drams; the feeds of Smallage, Ammi, Cardamoms, the roots of Orris, Cyperus, Spicknard, Caffia lignea, of each one dram and an half; Bdellium five drams. Beat them all into fine powder, the pulp of twelve Figs, and incorporate them with a pound and an half of Melilot plaister simple, Turpentine an ounce and an half, Ammoniacum diffolyed in Hemlock Vinegar three ounces, Styrax five drams, Oyl of Marjoram and Nard, of each half an ounce; or a sufficient quantity : make it into a Plaister with a hot morter and pestle without boiling.

Culpeper.

Culpeper. It mollifies the hardness of the Stomach, Liver, Spleen, bowels, and other parts of the Body: It wonderfully affwageth pain; and cafeth Hypochondriack Melancholy, and the Rickets.

Emplastrum de Minio compositum.

180. Or, A Plaister of red

Lead Compound.

colledge. Take of Oyl of Roses omphacine twenty ounces, Oyl of MaRich two ounces, suer of a Sheep and
a Calf, of each half a pound; Litharge
of Gold and Silver, red Lead of each
two ounces; a taster full of Wine:
boil them by a gentle fire, continually stirring it till it grow black, let
the fire be hottest towards the later
end, then add Turpentine half a
pound, Mastich two ounces, Gum
Elemi one ounce, white wax as much
as is sufficient: boyl them a little,
and make them into a Plaister, according to art.

Culpeper. It potently cures wounds, old malignant Ulcers, and is very

drying.

Enpla grum de Minio simplicius. 181. Or, A Plaister of red Lead Simple.

colledge. Take of red Lead nine ounces, Oyl of red Roles one pound and an half, white Wine vinegar 6. ounces, boyl it into the perfect body of a Plaister. It is prepared without Vinegar thus, Take of red Lead one pound, Oyl of Roses one pound and an half, Wax half a pound, make it into a Plaister according to art.

culpeper. It is a fine cooling healing Plaister, and very drying. Emplastrum Metroproptoticon. 181.

Colledge. Take of Mastich one ounce and an balf, Galbanun dissolved in red wine and strained, fix drams, cyprus Turpentine two drams, Cypress Nuts, Galls, of each one dram and an balf; Oyl of Nutmegs by expression one dram, Mush two grains and an half, Pitch feraped off from old Ships two drams and an half; beat the Galbanum, Pitch, Turpentine and Mastich gently in a hot more ar and peftle, towards the end, adding the Oyl of Natmegs, then the rest in Powders last of all the Musk mixed with a little Oyl of Mastich upon a marble, and by exact mixture make them into a Plaister.

Culpeper. It was invented (as I suppose) to comfort and strengthen the retentive Faculty in the stomach and belly, and therefore staies loofness and vomiting, and helps the Fits of the Mother, being applied to

the Navel.

Emplastrum Nervinum. 181.

Colledge. Take of Oyl of Chamomel and Roles, of each two ounces; of Mastich, Turpentine and Linfeeds, of each an ounce and an halfe. Turpentine boyled four ounces, Suet of a * Gelt Calf, and of a He-goat, of each two ounces and an half; Rosemary, Betony, Horse-tail, Centaury the less, of each an handful Earthworms washed and cleansed in Wine, three ounces, tops of Sr. Johns, wort a handful, Mastich, Gum Elemi, Maddir roots, of each ten drams; Ship Pitch , Rofin , of each an ounce and an half; Litharge of Gold and Silver, of each two ounces and an half; red Lead two ounces, Galbanum, Sagapen, Ammoniacum, of each three drams; boyl the Rootsp

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Herbs

Herbs and Worms, in a pound and an half of Wine till half be confumed, then press them out and boyl the Decoction again with the Oyls, Suets, Litharge and red Lead, to the consumption of the Wine; then add the Gums disloved in Wine, afterwards the Turpentine, Rozin, Pitch and Mastich in powder, and make them into a Plaister according to Art.

Eulpeper. It strengthens the Brain and Nerves, and then being applied to the Back, down along the bone, it must needs add strength to the body.

Emplastrum Oxycroceum. 182.

Colledge. Take of Saffron', Ship Pitch, Colophonia, yellow wax, of cach four ounces; Turpentine, Galbanum, Marich, Olibanum, Marich, of cach one owice and 3. drams. Let the Pitch and Colophonia be melted together, then add the wax, then (it being removed from the fire), the Turpentine, afterwards the Gums diffolved in Vinegan, lastly the Saffron in powder, well mixed with Vinegar, and somake it into a Plaister according to Art.

Culpeper. It is of a notable foftening and discussing quality, helps broken bones, and any parts molested with cold, old sches, stiffness of the Limbs by reason of wounds, Ulcers, Fractures, or Dislocations, and dissipates cold swellings.

Emplastrum de Ranis. 182. Or, A Plaister of Frogs.

colledg. Take fix live Frogs, worms washed in white Wine; three ounces and an half, Oyl of Chamomel, Dill, Spicknard, Lillies, of each two ounces; Oyl of Saffron one ounce,

of Bayes one ounce and an half, the far of an Hog, and a Calf, of each one pound; Vipers fat two ounces and an half, Euphorbium 5. drams, Frankincense ten drams, Juyce of the roots of Elicampane and Dwarf. Elder, of each two ounces Squinanth, Storchas, Mugwort, of each one handful; Wine two pound, boyl them to the consumption of the Wine, frain it, and add one pound of Litharge of Gold, Turpentine three ounces, white Wax as much as is sufficient to make it into a Plaister; adding in the end when it is removed from the fire, liquid Styrax an ounce and an half, ftirring it about with a sparule; Lastly, the Mass being warm, add Quick-filver four ounces, killed in the Turpentine and liquid Styrax, and incorporate them very well together.

Emplastrum Sicyonium. 183.

Colledge. Take of wild cucumer Roots three ounces, Sulphur vivum, Cummin seeds, of each two ounces; Euphorbium one ounce and an half; beat them all into very fine Powder, which incorporate with Burgundy pitch twenty eight ounces, over a gentle fire, stirring it with a Spatule, adding at the end, Oyntment of Sowbread three ounces: make it into a Plaister according to art.

Culpeper. This Plaister will go near to cure whatever 'tis applied to, but a Halter will do it a great deal sooner and cheaper.

Sparadrap feu Tela Galteri. 183.

Colledge. Take oyl of Roses half a pound, Rams suet sour ownees, wax ten ounces, Litharge, Per-rozin, Fran-kincense, Mastich, of each two ounces; Bole armenick, fine Flour, of each one

PLAISTERS.

sunce; Boyl the Oyl, suet and Litharge together, and when they are well incorporated, then make them all into a Plaifter according to art, in which be- draws our corruption, takes away ing hot, dip your Tents.

Culpeper. I never knew it used:

yet it dryes.

Emplastrum Stephaniaion. 183.

Colledge. Take of Labdanum half an ounce, Styrax, Juniper Gum, of each two drams's Amber, Cyprus Turpentine, of each one dram; red Coral, Mastich, of each half a dram; the flowers of Sage, red Roles, the Roots of Orais Plorentine, of each one scruple; Rofin washed in Rolewater half an ounce, the Rolin, Labdanum, Juniper Gum and Turpentine being gently beaten in a hor mortariwith a hot pettle, fprinkling in a few drops of red Wine till they then put in the are in a body : Powders, and by diligent firring make them into an exact Plaifter.

Emplastrum Stifficum. 184.

Colledge. Take of Oyl of Olives fix ounces, yellow Wax an ounce and an half, Litharge in powder four ounces and an half, Ammoniacum, Bdellium, of each half an ounce; Galbanum, Opopanax, Oyl of Bays, Lapis Calaminaris, both forts of Birthwort, Mirrh, Frankincense, of each two drams; pure Turpentine an ounce. Let the Oyl, Wax and Litharge be boyled together till it flick not to your finger, then the mals being removed from the fire and cooled a little, and the Gums distolved in white Wine Vinegar, which evaporate by boyling, strain it frongly, then add the Powders, Turpentine, Oyl of Bayes, that it

may be made into a Plaister accor-

ding to Art.

Culpeper. It frengthens the nerves, pains & aches, and restores strength to members that have left it: the last is most effectual.

Emplastrum Stomachicum Magistrale. 184. Or , A Stomach Plaifter.

colledge. Take of Mints , Wormwood, Steechas, Bay leaves, of each a dram; Marjoram, red Roses, yellow Sanders, of each two drams Calamus Aromaticus, Wood of Aloes, Lavender flowers, Nutmegs Cubebs, Galanga, long Pepper, Mace, of each a dram, Mastich three drams, Cloves two drams and an half, Oyl of Mints an ounce and an half; Oyl of Nard an ounce. Oyl of Spike a dram, Rofin, Wax, of each four ounces: Labdanum 3. ounces, Styrax half an ounce, make it into a Plaister.

Culpeper. Both this and the other of that name which you shall have by and by, ftrengthen the stomach exceedingly, helps digestion, and Itay vomiting.

Emplastrum Tonforis. 185.

colledge. Take of dry Pitch two pound, Wax one pound, Per-rozin half a pound, Powder of Fenugreek, roots of black Chameleon or Briony, of each four ounces; Cummin feeds finely powdered two ounces, make it into a Plaister according to art.

culpeper. A pretty Plaister, and

good for little.

Such PLAISTERS as their Worships thought fit to leave out,

are thefe :

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Emplastrum Ceroma, Or, Ceroncum. Nich. Alex.

Colledge. TAke of Pitch Scraped from a Ship that hath been a long time it Sea, yellow Wax, of each feven drams; Sagapenum 6 drams, Ammoniacum, Turpentine, Colophonia, Saffron, of each four drams; Aloes, Olibanum, Mirrh, of each three drams; Styrax Calamiris, Mastich, Opopanax, Galbanum, Allum, the feeds of Foenugreek, of each two drams; the fetlings or feces of liquid Styrax, Bdellium, of each one dram : Litharge half a dram.

Culpeper. It is of a gentle emol-Lient nature; prevails against stoppings of the flomach coming of cold, hardness of the Spleen, Coldness of

the Liver and Marrix.

Emplastrum Dei Gratia. Niche Or, the Grace of God.

Colledge. Take of Turpentine half 2 pound, Rozin one pound, white Wax four ounces, Mastich one ounce, fresh Betony, Vervain and Burnet, of each one handfull : Let the Herbs being bruised, be sufficiently boyled in white Wine, the Liquor preffed out, in which let the Wax and Rozin be boyled to the consumption of the Liquor: being taken from the fire, let the Turpentine be mixed with it ; laftly, the Mastich in powder, and so make of them a Plaister according to art.

culprp:r. It is excellent good in

wounds and green Ulcers, for it keeps back Inflammations, cleanfeth and joyneth wounds, and fills up Ulcers with flesh.

Emplastrum de Janua, or of Betony. Nicholaus.

Colledge. Take of the juice of Betony, Plantane, and Smallage, of each one pound; Wax, Pitch, Rozin, Turpentine, of each half a pound : boyl the Wax and Rozin in the juices with a gentle fire, continually stirring them till the juice be confumed; then add the Turpentine and Pitch, continually flirring it till it be brought into the confistence of a Plaister according to art.

Culpeper. I take Mefue indeed to be the Author of it (or else I am miflaken) it matters not much which. It is a gallant Plaister for the pains in the Head, and to recruit an addle Brain, helps green Wounds, ealeth inflammations, strengthens the

Liver.

Emplastrum Isis Epigoni Galen.

Colledge. Take of yellow Wax an hundred drams, Turpentine 2 hundred drams, scales of Copper, Verdigrecce, round Birthwort, Frankincense, Sal Armoniack, Ammoniacum, burnt Brafs, of each 8 drams; burnt Allum 6 drams, Aloes, Mirrh, Galbanum, of each an ounce and an half; old Oyl one pound, tharp Vinegar_ so much as is sufficient. Let the metals be dissolved in the Sun with the Vinegar, then put in those things that may be melted : last of all the powders, and make them all into an Emplaister.

Culpeper. Galen appropriates it to the Head, and Ulcers there. I know no reason but it may as well serve for

other parts of the body.

A Plaister of Mastich. Nich. Alex.

Colledge. Take of Mastich, Ship-Pitch, Sagapenum, Wax, of each fix drams; Ammoniacum, Turpentine, Colophonia, Saffron, Aloes, Frankincense, Mirrh, of each three drams; Opopanax, Galbanum, Styrax Calamitis, Allum, (Rondeletius appoints, and We for him) Bitumen, Fcenugreek, of each two drams; the feces of liquid Styrax, Bdellium, Litharge, of each half a dram: Let the Litharge being beaten into powder, be boyled in a sufficient quantity of water, then add the Pitch, which being melted, and the Wax and Ammoniacum; afterwards let the Sagapenum, Opopanax and Galbanum be put in, then the Styrax and Feces being mixed with the Turpentine; 1aft of all the Colophonia, Mastich, Frankincense, Bdellium, Allum, Mirrh and Fænugreek in Powder: let them be made into a Plaister.

culpeper. It strengthens the Stomach, and helps digestion.

> Emplastrum nigrum. August. Called in High Dutch. Stitchflafter.

Colledge. Take of Colophonia, Rofin, Ship Pitch, white wax, Roman Vitriol, Cerufs, Olibanum, Mirrh, of each eight ounces; Oyl of Rofes feven ounces, Oyl of Juniper-berries, three oun-Spike one ounce, white Vitriol, red Coral, Mummy, of each two ounces : Earth of Lemnos, Mastich, Dragons blood, of each one ounce; the Fat of an H ron one ounce, the Fat of * Timullus [* A kind of Fish] three ounces, Loadstone prepared time ounces, Earthwoims prepared, Campbire, of each one ounce:

The Physitians Library. make them into a Plaifter according to art.

Culpeper. It is very good (fay they) in green wounds and pricks. Emplastrum Sauctum Endr.

e Cruce.

A holy Plaister, composed by Andrew of the Cross.

Colledge. Take of Per-ozin twelve ounces, Oyl of Bays, Turpentine, of each two ounces; Gum Elemi four ounces: Let the Rogin and Gum be melted over the fire in a brafs pan, stirring it with a brass Instrument; then add Oyl of Bays and Turpentine, boyl it a little, then put it in a linnen bag, and that erbich drops through, keep in a glazed pot for your ule.

Culpeper. The vertues are the fame with Arceus his Liniment,

Emplastrum fine Pari.

Take of Frankincense, Colledge. Bdellium, Styrax, of each three drams; Ammoniacum, Galbanum. of each one dram and an half; Shippitch fix drams, the Marrow of a Stag; fat of Hens and Geefe, of each two drams; Sulphur vivum washec, Milk, Hermodactils in powder, of each a dram and an half. Let the Gums be diffolyed in white Wine (not in Vinegar, because that is inimical to the nerves) and with two parts of Oyl of Roles compleat, and one part of Oyl of Eggs, and a little Oyl of Turpentine, make it into a Plaister according to art.

A Plaister for the Stomach. Melue.

Colledge. Take of Wood of Aloes, Wormwood, Gum-Arabick, Mastich, Cyperus, Coltus, Ginger, of each haif an ounce, Calamus Aromaticus, Ol banum, Aloes, of each three drams : Cloves, Mace, Cinnamon, Spicknard, Nutmegs, Gallia moschata,

Schz-

Schananthus, of each one dram and an half ; with Rob of Quinces make at into an Emplaister: and when you have spread it upon a cloth, perfume it with wood of Aloes, and apply it to the stomach.

A Cerccloath of Ammoniacum.

Colledge. Take of Ammoniacum dif-Solved in Vinegar an ounce, Unguenzum Dialthez, Melilot Plaifter, of each half an ounce: Bran an ounce, powder of the Roots of Briony, and Orris of each half an ounce; the greafe of Ducks , Gerfe and Hens , of each three drams; Oyl of Orris one ounce and an balf. Let them boyl gently in the Mucilages of Line and Fenugreek Sceds , So much as is sufficient. By adding Wax four ounces, make it into a Cerecloath according to art.

Culpeper. It affwageth swellings or sipens and breaks them, and eafeth

pains thereby consing.

Ceratum Stomachicum. Galen.

colledg. Take of red Roles, Mastich, of each twenty drams; dried Wormwood fifteen drams, Spicknard ten drams, Wax four ounces, Rose water To much as is sufficient, Oyl of Roles a pound and an half. Let it boyl fo till it be like an oyntment, then add oyl of Roles eight ounce: , Wax fourteen ounces, the powders aforementioned (excepting the Mastich, which must be melted in the Oyl of Roses) of all of them used in this manner, make a Cerecloath according to art.

Culpeper. It strengthens the stomach and liver, eafeth their pains, provoke appetite to ones meat, and helps digeltion.

fron, in which is no Saffron, there being other things in the Book ridiculous enough if you are disposed to

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OYLS. CHYMICAL

And other Chymical Liquors:

Oyls of Herbs and Flowers.

Culpeper. T Defire you to take notice before I begin , That Chymical Oyls generally are not tobe taken alone by themselves by reaion of their vehement heat and burning, but mixed with other convenient Medicines. 2. They carry the very lame vertues the simples do, but are far more prevalent, as having far more spirit in them, and farre 3. The geleffe earthy droffe. neral way of taking them is to drop two or three drops of them in any convenient Liquor, or other Medicine, which the last Table will fit you with, and fo take it : for some of them are so hot (as Oyl of Cinnamon) that two or three drops will make a dish of potrage so hot of the Simple that you can hardly eat them.

Oyl of wormwood. 187.

Colledge. Take of dried Wormwood a pound, fpring water twenty pound, fleep them twenty four hours, and diffil them in a great Alembick, with his Refrigeratory, or a Copper one with a worm. Let the Oyl be leparated from the water with a Funnel, or separating Glass as they call it, and let the water be kept for And thus you fee I have left out another distillation. Let two or three Vigo his nonfense, or his most excel- of the first pounds of water be kept lent Plainer of Vinegar and Saf- for the Phylitians ule, both in this,

water.

Culpeper. Your best way to learn to still Chymical Oyls, is to learn of an Alchimist : for I rest confident the greatest part of the Colledg had no more skill in Chymistry, than I have in building houses: but having found out certain Models in old rufty Authors, tell people SO they must be done. I can teach a man SO, how to build a House : First, he may lay the Foundation, then rear up the Sides, then joyn the Rafters, then build The Chimneys, Tile the top and Plaister the Walls ; but how to do one jot of this, I know not. And fo play the Colledge here; for the Alchymists have a better way by far to draw them. The truth is, I am in a manner tied to their Method here, from which I may not step afide: If my Country kindly accept this, (which is the beginning of my Labors) I may happily put forth fomething else for the Ingenious to whet their wits upon: only here I quote the Oils in the Colleges order as alfo fpirit of red Rofes. and then quote the Vertue of the chiefest of them, that fo the Reader may know by a penny how a shilling is coined.

Colledge. In the same manner are prepared Oyls of Hy fop, Marjoram, Mints, Garden watercreffes, Origanum, Penyroyal, Rofemary, Rew, Savin, Sage, Savory , Time, &c. Of the flowers of Chamomel and Lavender, &c.

Culpeper. I shall instance here only Oyl of Lavender, commonly called Oyl of Spike, which helps the Running of the Reins, they being anointed with it; it expels worms, two drops of it being taken in Wine; the region of the Back being anoin- Saxifrage, &c.

and other Chymical Oyls drawn with , ted with it , it helps the Palife. For all the rest see the vertues of the Herbs themselves.

> Colledge. After the same manner are made Oyl of dried Barks, of Oranges, Citrons, Lemmons: But it is better prepared of the Banks , being green and full of Juyce, separated from the internal white part, bruifca, and with a sufficient quantity of Simple aistilled water, so will the Oyl be drawn easier. and in greater plenty, and no less firting for the Phylitians ufe.

Oyl, or Fat of Rojes, commonly called Spirit of Rofes. 188.

Colledge. Take as many fresh Damask Rofes as you will; infise them twenty four hours in a sufficient quantity of warm water: after you have pressed them out repeat the infusion certain times, till the Liquor be strong enough, which distil in an Alembick with his refrigeratory, or a Copper with his worm , separate the first from the water, and keep the water for another infusion. So may you draw fpirit from Damask Roses pickled in Salt :

Culpeper. 'Tis a good Perfume.

OYL of SEEDS.

Oyl of Dill feeds. 188.

colledge. Take of Dill feeds bruifed two pound, Spring Water twenty pound, fleep them twenty four hours, then still them in a Copper still or an Alembick with his refrigeratory: feparate the Oil from the water with a Funnel, and keep the water for a new distillation. So also is prepared Oyl of the Seeds of Annis, Caraway, Cummin, Carrots, Fennel, Parly,

Culpeper.

Culpeper. Oyl of Annis seeds although it be often given, and happily with good fuccels in Vertigoes or Dizinels in the Head; yet its chief eperation is upon the breaft & lungs. It helps narrownels of the breatt, rawness and wind in the stomach, all infirmities there coming of cold and wind, Arengthens the Nerves; fix drops is enough at a time, taken in broth or any other conwenient liquor. As Annis feeds are appropriated to the Breaft, fo are Fennel feeds to the head, the Oyl of which cleanfeth the brain of cold infirmities , Lithargies , indifposition of the body, numbnesse, want of motion: also it helps the Romach, and expels Wind. Cummin seeds : The Oyl of them is a great expeller of wind, nothing better; it also wonderfully easeth pains of the Spleen, pains in the Reins and Bladder, stopping of Urine, especially if it come of wind, and is a present Remedy for the Colick. For the way of taking of them, fee Annis feeds.

Colledge. So also are made Oyl of Spices, as of Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace,

Nutmegs, Pepper, &c.

Eulpeper. One or two drops of oyl of Cinnamon is enough to take at a time, and exceeding good for fuch as are in a Consumption. See [Cinnamon among the Simples. Oyl of Mace is excellent good for Rheums in the Head; and Oyl of Pepper for the Cholick.

Colledge. Alfo Oyls of Aromatical woods, as of Saxafras, and Khodium, O.C.

OYL of BERRIES.

b

Oyl of Juniper Berrics. 189. Colledg. Take of fresh Juniper berries fifty pound, bruile them and put them in a wooden Veffel, with twenty four pound of Spring water, sharp leaven one pound, keep them in a Cellar three months, the veffel being close stopped, then distill them in an Alembick with a fufficient quantity of Simple water, after the Oyl is leparated, keep the water for a new distillation. After the same manner is made Oyl of Bay-berries, Ivyberries, & c. Or you may draw Oyl from the afore-named berries bruifed and fleeped twenty four hours in warm water, adding fix pound of

water, or if the berries be very dry,

ten pound of water to each pound

of berries , distilling them as be-

Culpeper. Oyl of Juniper betries, prevails wonderfully in pains of the Yard, and running of the Reins, the Falling-fickness: it is a mighty preservative against the Pestilence, and all evil Aires; it purgeth the Reins, provokes Urin, breaks the Stone, helps the Dropfie: the quantity to be taken at a time in any convenient liquor , is three or four drops, outwardly by unction it helps the Gout: two or three drops dropped upon the Navil, helps the Colick.

Oyl of Bay-berries helps the Colick and Iliack paffion. Oyl of Ivyberries helps cold Diseases of the joynts, the Stone, and provokes the . Terms in Women. Use them as

Juniper Oyl.

fore

powder, and given in white Wine, breaks the Stone.

Oyl of Turpentine. 184.

Colledge. Take of Venice Turpentine as much as you will, put it into an Alembick with four times its weight in common mater, ftill it with a convenient fire, and draw off a white thin Oyl like water, the Colophonia will remain in the bottom of the V. fils, this Oyl may be drawn into a Bath, more aptly from burning in a Glaffe ftill.

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Culpeper. It is wonderful good in cold afflictions of the Nerves, and all Diseases coming of cold and wind: it corrects the cold afflictions of the Lungs, as Afthmaes, difficulty of Breathing, &c. A dram being taken in the morning: outwardly it adorns the body, takes away the prints of Scabs, and the Small Pox, Chops in the Skin and Breasts of Women, and Deafnels, being dropped into the Ears.

Oyl of Mirrh. 189.

Colledge. Take of Mirrh bruifed, Bay-falt, of each fix pound; diffolve them in fixty pound of spring water, and ftill them in a Copper Still, or Alembick.

Culpeper. It keeps wounds (and all things elfe faith Fioravantus) from putrifaction: it makes the Face fair and youthful, quickly cures Wounds, and Deafnels, being dropped into the Ears.

Oyl of Guajacum. 190.

Colledge. Take of Guajacum in gross powder as much as you will, pur it into a Retort, and still it in Sand, the Oyl that comes out, because it is thinner and sweeter, keep it by its felf, which by rectifying with

Egg shells dried and beaten into much water, will yet be sweeter. The same things are to be observed in the Distillation of Box and Oak. and other solid Woods, as also Oyl of Tartar, which its tart Spirit , which may better be distilled out of Christal of Tartar in the same manner.

Oyl of Wax. 190.

Colledge. Take of yellow Wax melted one pound, with which mix three pound of Tiles in powder, araw out the Oyl in Sand with a Retort, which rectifie with mater.

Culpeper. I am of Opinion, That Oyl of Wax is as fingular a remedy for burns, and burning Ulcers, as any

is, or need to be.

Colledge. After the same manner is drawn Oyl of Fats, and Gums, and Rofins, which cannot be beaten into powder, as Ammoniacum, Carrana, Opopanax , Sagagen , Liquid Styrax, Tachamabacca, coc.

Olcum Latericium Philosophorum. 190.

Colledge. Take of Bricks broken in pieces, as big as an Hen Egg, hear them red hot, and quench them in old Oyl, where let them lie till they be cool, then beat them into fine powder, and still them in a Glass retort, with a fit receiver, give fire to it by degrees, and keep the Oyl in a Glass close stopped.

Culpeper. The Oyl will quickly penetrate, and is a lovereign Remedy for the Gout, and all cold afflictions in the Joynts or Nerves, Cramp, Epilepsies, or Fallingfickness, and palfies; it mollifies hard swellings, diffolves cold swellings, and also cold distempers of the

Spleen, Reins, and Bladder.

Oleum Succini. 191. Oyl; Oyl of Amber.

Colledge. Take of yellow Amber one part, burnt Flints, or powder of Tiles two pounds, distil them in a Retort in Sand, keep the white clear Oyl, which comes out first by it felf, then distil it on, till all come out, keep both Oyls feverally, and rectific them with water : gather the falt Amber which sticks to the Neck of the Retort, and being purged by Solution, Filtration, and Coagulation, according to Art keep it for ufe.

Culpeper. It speedily helps all afflictions of the Nerves, and Convulfions, Falling-fickness, &c. Being given in convenient liquors, it is a fingular remedy against poyson and pestilent Air , Diseases of the Reins and Bladder, the fits of the Mother; the Nose being anointed with it, the Choliek; it canfeth speedy Labour to Women in Travel being taken in Vervain Water, it strengthens the body exceedingly, as also the Brain and Sences, and is of an opening Nature.

Colledg. So is Distilled Oyl of * Fet, Thold learned Colledg, do not go about to teach an Alchymist thus in your Chymical shop you have crested in your Colledg garden; if you do, you will break your brains,] and of Gums and Rofins, which may be powdered, as Benjamin, Maftich, Frankincenfe, &c.

Culpeper. Having perused these Oyls following, I would willingly have left them quite out, I mean, the manner allot ed by the Colledg to make them. I. Because I fear they cause the ignorant will know as

well how to make them as they did before, when I have done what I can. 3. As to Alchymists (to whose Profesfion the making of them belongs) I shall seem like Phormio the Philosopher, who never having feen Battle, undertook to read Military Lectures before Hanibal, who was one of the best Souldiers in the world: But I am in a manner forced to it. He that is able to understand the Receipt, is able to understand that the Failings are not mine, but the Colledges.

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Oleum feu Butyrum Astimonii. 191. Oyl, Or Butter of Antimony.

Colledge. Take of crude Antimony, Mercury sublimate, of each one pound, bear them to powder, and put them in a glass retort, with a large Neck, give fire by degrees into a Reverberatory, or else in Sand, the Fat will distil down into the Receiver, that part of that which flicks to the Neck of the Receiver; will easily be melted, by putting a gentle fire under it ; let this Fat be re-Stified in a small Retort, and keep either in an open Vial, or in a Cellar, or other moist place, that it may be diffolved into Oyl, which must be kept in a vessel close stopped.

Oleum Arfenici. 191. Or, Oyl of Arlenick.

Colledge. Take of Cristalline Arsenick first sublimated with Colcother alone, mix it with an equal part of Salt of Tartar and Salt-Petre. Calcine it between two pots, the uppermost of which hath a hole through till no smoak ascend, diffolye the matand the truth are Separatists. 2. Be- ter so calsined in warm water that you may draw out the falt, moiften

the powder which refides at the bot- | ing of Brimstone , by which a sharp tom with Liquor Tartary, and dry it by the fire, do fo three times, then dissolve the matter again, that you may draw out the falt, and there will remain a white powder and fixed, which being kept in a moist place, will diffolve into a moist substance, like Oyl or Butter.

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Oleum Salis, 192. Or, Oyl of Salt.

Colledge. Take of French or Spanish Bay-falt, as much as you will, dissolve it in mater and filter it, and having then put it in a Copper veffel, mix with the brine fine powder of Tiles or Bricks two or three times the weight of the falt before it was dissolved; and fet it upon bot coals, and les the mater evaporate away (continually firring it) till it be very dry, then put the powder into a glaß Retort well luted, placed in a furnice with a fit receiver, giving fire by degrees, to the beight , for the space of twelve baurs, fo fast you have an Oyl or fharp firit of Salt in the Receiver, rettifie this by separating the flegm in a Retort in Sand, and keep it close stopped for ufe.

Culpeper. Being mixed with Turpentine and applied outwardly, helps the Gout, three drops taken every morning in convenient Liquor, preferves youth , confames the Dropfie, relists Feavers, Convulsions and the Falling-sickness, being mixed with Oyntments, it is exceeding good in

Ruptures and Diflocations.

Oleum Sulphuris. 192. Or, Oyl of Sulphur.

ftill by copious burning and confum- Water: against Worms; in Grass or

spirit beating against the fides of the Still , will turn into Liquor, and flow down like Water or Oyl : the orderly disposing of the Still and Brimfrone and other commodities belonging to this operation, we leave to the ingenuity of the Artificer.

Culpeper. It prevails against difeales coming of Cold, Putrifaction, or Wind, Feavers, Agues Terrian, Quartan or Quotidian, Pestilence, Wounds and Ulcers, affects of the Brain, Mouth, Teeth, Liver, Stomach, Spleen', Matrix, Bladder, Entral and Artery coming of abundance of Humors or Putrifaction, outwardly applied it helps Piftulaes , Ulcers of the Mouth; and Gangrenes. The way to take it inwardly is thus, Dip the top of a feather in Oyl, and wash it in the Liquor or Decoction you give it in; in quotidian Agues give it in Wine in which Rolemary, or Mints, or both have been boyled; in Tertian Agues in Wine, in which Centaury hath been boyled; in quartan Agues, in Bugloss water; in all of them a little before the fir comes: in Pestilences, in Wine in which Rhadishes have been boyled, mingled with a little Venice Treacle : in the Falling-sickness, with Decoction of Betony or Peony: in Coughs with Decoction of Nettle feed and Hysop, both of them made with Wine : for Flegm, Wormwood Water: for the Wind Cholick, in Chamomel flower water: for Dropsies and cold Livers, in Celandine Water and Honey : for the Rickets and Stoppage of the Spleen, in Tamaris Water: for the French Colledge. It is prepared in a Bell Pox, in Fumitory, or Broom flower

Worm:

Mother, in Decoction of Betony or four hours, rettifie the water in Featherfew in Wine : for suppression | Sana. of Urin, in the decoction of Garlick with Wine : for the Gout , in Decoction of Chamepitys Wine : in Wounds and Ulcers, the place is lightly to be touched with a feather wet in the Oyl: if a hollow Tooth ake, put a drop into it; if all your Teeth ake, make a decoction of Mints in Wine, and put a drop or two of this Oyl to it, and hold it warm in your mouth.

Oleum Vitrioli. 192. Or, Oyl of Vitriol.

Colledg. Take of ungarick or English Vitriol of the best, as much as you will; milt it in an Earthen veffel glazed, and exhale away all the moisture, centianally stirring it, and so bring it into a yellow pewder, which is to be put in Earthen Retorts that will endure the fire, placed in an open Furnace, give fire by degrees, even to the height for three dayes, till the Receiver, which b fore was full of smoke, be cleer; refifie the Liquor from the Flegm in Sand, and keep the strong and ponderous Oyl by it felf.

Culpeper. It must be mixed with other Medicines, for it kills being taken alone : it affwageth thirft, allayeth the violent heat in Feavers and Pestilences; and a few drops of it gives a pleafant grateful taft to any

Medicine.

Aqua fortis. 193.

Colledge. Take of Vitriol prepared as for Oyl of Vitriol two pounds; Salt-petre purged one pound : beat them together, and put them in a Retort well lated : place it in a Furnace with a large Receiver, and giving

Wormwood water : for the fits of the fire to it, diftil it by degrees for twent

Aqua Mellis. 193. Or, Water of Honey.

Colledge. Take of the best Honey four pound, dry Saud two pound : diftil it is a Glass ftill, so capacious that the matter take up only the fift part of it, draw off the Flegmin a Bath, then encrease the fire, and draw off the yellowish water.

Culpeper. Paracelfus adviseth it to be drawn five times over; and calls it Quinteffence of Honey, and extols the vertues of it to the Skies; faith, it will revive dying men; which Mr. Charles Butler of Hampsbire also affirms.

Liquor seu Liquamen Tartari , seu Oleum Tartari per Deliquium.

Or, Liquor of Tartar. Colledge. Take of Tartar of white Wine calcined till it be white, as much as you will, put it in Hippocrates his seeve, and hang it a moist Cellar, that the Tartar may dissolve, putting a vessel under it to receive it, dissolve what remains in the fleeve in common water, filter it, and evaporate it away till it begin to be like Allumsthen ufe that like the former.

Culpeper. This is common to be had at every Apothecaries. Virgins buy it to take away the Sunburn and Freckles from their Faces. It takes off the ruft from Iron, and preferves

it bright a long time.

Olcum Mirrha per Deliquium, 193. Or, Oyl of Mirrh.

colledge. Boyl Hens Eggs till they be hard, then cut them through the middle of the length, take out the yolk and fill the Cavities ' full of bea-

ten Mirrh, joyn them again, and bind them gently with a thrid, place them between two dishes in a moist place, a grate being put between, so will the Liquer of the Mirrh distill down into the lower dish.

culpeper. You had both it and its

vertues before.

Only Oyl of Tartar Chymical is left out.

colledge. Take of Tartar so much as you will; put it into a large Retort, with that proportion, that but the third part of the vessel be sill'd, distill it in Sand with a strong sire; afterwards (the oyl being sirst separated from the water, or spirit of Tartar) restifie it with much water, to correct the smell of it; let it stand open a long time in the Sun.

Chymical Preparations, more frequent in use.

Antimonium cum Nitro Calcinatum. 194. Or, Antimony Calcined with Nitre.

Ake of the best An-Colledge. timony one parr, pure Nitre two parts; bruile the Antimony, then add the Nitre to it, bring them both into Powder, which burnt in a Crucible, which will be most conveniently done, if you put it in the red hot Crucible with a Ladle or fuch a like Instrument; then take it out, and beat it again, and mix it with the same quantity of Nitre as before, put it into the Crucible upon hot coals, and putting it into a live coal, fire it, stirring it with an Iron thing that it may burn all a-

bout equally; and when there needs put in more fresh coals: bruise is the third time, and with the like quantity of Nitre, use it as before: at last beat into Powder, wash it in pure water, and keep it for use.

Chalybs preparatus. 194. Os, Steel prepared.

colledge. Take of filings of Steel, cleanfed with a Loadstone, as much as you will, moisten them twelve times with the sharpest white Wine Vinegar, dry it in the Sun or a dry air; beat it into an Iron Mortar, and levigate it into a Marble with a little Cinnamon-water, and so bring it into a very fine Powder, and keep it for use.

Christal of Tartar. 195.

colledge. Take of Tartar of white or Rhenish Wine as much as you will; bear it in gross Powder; and wash it from the dross in water, them boyl it in a sufficient quantity of Spring-water: after you have taken away the scum, filter it, being somewhat warm, through a brown paper into a Glass warmed before, left is break; then place it in a Cellar, that the Christal may stick to the sides of the glass, the which wash in pure water, and keep for use.

Crocus Martis. 195.

Colledge. Heat pieces of Iron on Steel red hot, and thrust them into a great heap of Brimkone, a Basom full of water being set underneath, the metal will run out like Wax, which being separated from the Sulphur, beat into very fine Powder in an Iron Mortar, which being put into four square earthen pans, not above a fingers bredth in deepness, set it as the slame of a reverbatory

away with an Iron, fet the rest at for use. the fire again, till it look fo all of it.

Crocus Metallorum. 195.

Colledge. Take of the best Antimony and Salt-petre, of each an equal part, beat them into powder severally, then mix them together, put them into a hot Crucible with a Ladle, or other convenient Instrument, let it be beaten till the noise ceaseth, then remove it from the fire, and cool it, then the veffel being broken, separate it from the white crust at the top, and keep it for use.

> Flos Sulphuris. 169. Or, Flower of Brimstone.

colledge. Take of the best Brimstone, and beat it with equal parts of Colcothar of Vitriol, put it in a Jong earthen Still, a head of glass large enough being put over it, give fire to it in fand by degrees, stirring it with a Hares foot, it will be the purer if you iterate it with new Colcothar.

Lapis Infernalis. 196.

colledge. Take of Lye of which black Soap is made, and boyl it to a Rone in a frying-pan, do not consume all the humor, when it is cold, cut it in the form of a dice, and keep it

in a glass close stopped.

Otherwise: Take of Vitriel calcined to redness, two ounces, Sal armoniack one ounce, Tartar calcined to whiteness, quick Lime, of each three ounces; sprinkle all of them being beaten, with Lye made of figtrees, or Spurge or Soap, ftrain it often till almost all the matter be

The Phystians Library.

three or four dates, till it look red |veffel, till the moisture be consumed. like a Spunge, the tops of which take | that which is left, keep close stopped

Lapis fen Sal Prunelle, 196.

Colledge. Take of pure Salt-petre one pound, put it in a crucible, and place coals round about it that the Nitre may flow like metal, then put in by degrees two ounces of flower of Brimftone, after the Brimftone is consumed, pour the Nitre out into a brafs Bafon, when it is cold, keep it in a glass close Stopped.

Magisterium of Pearl and Coral.

Colledge. Take of Pearl and Coral. as much as you will, levigate it into very subtil powder, to which put such a quantity of Spirit of radicate Vinegar. that it may overtop it the bredth of 3 or a fingers, digest it in ashes till it be diffolved, then pour off the Liquor, and put in fresh till the residue be dissolved, filter it, and put a little Liquor of Tartar to it, so will a white Powder fall down to the bottom of the glass, which being separated from what is diffoluid, is to be washed, first with Spring-water, then with Bawm or Borrage-water : Radicate Vinegar is that which is distilled with Bay-falt in fand.

Mercurius sublimatus corroscous. 197. Mercury sublimate corrolive.

Colledge. Take of Virriol purified by folution, filtration, and coagulation, and calcined till it be yellow one pound, Bay-falt in like manner purified and dried, Nitre in like manner purified, of each half a pound; crude Mercury cleanled by straining through a linnen rag one pound: bruise them all in a woodden Mortar, with a woodden Pestle till the Salts are in Powder, and no birs of diffolved, then boy! it in a brafs the Mercury are feen, which will be

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Chymical Preparations.

best done, if you do it at divers times: As for example fake, taking Vitriol and Mercury, of each one ounce; Salt and Nitre, of each half an ounce at a time, and so forth, till the whole matter be brought into a Powder and mixt, then put this matter into a glass body, so capacious that it fill not above the one half of it, place the glass a little above the middle in land, in a convenient furnace, give fire to it by degrees, even to the height, twelve or 16 hours being palfed, the sublimated Mercury will flick to the top of the glass, which being to leparated and bruifed, fublimate by it self the second and third time, and oftner if it be too impure, till it be as white as snow, and no dross mixed with it.

Mercurius dulcis sublimatus 198.

Colledge. Take of Marcury Sublimated as before four ources, crude Mercury 3 ounces, bruife them, and grinde them in a wooden Mortar, with a wooden peftle, till they be perfectly mixed, put them into a long Phiol. which place above the middle in sand, put first a gentle fire under it, then encrease it by degrees 6 hours; that the Mercury may be driven from the bottom, into the middle Region of the Phiol, which being scparated from that at the top and bottom, sublime it the fecond time; and the third, if need be, till it have left its acrimony, and be freed from all impurity, and be as white as from.

Mercurius dulcis precipitated. 198.
Colledge. Take of crude Mercury,
driven from Sea Salt in a retort one
part, Aqua-fortis of our description
two parts; make a diffolution according to art; mean season provide
brine of Sea Salt, and fair water, as

ftrong as you can make it, filter it, & put your solution of Mercury into this brine, and forthwith with a white Powder will precipitate which is to be washed from its acrimony in simple distilled water, or warms spring water, dryed and kept in a glass for use.

Mercurius pracipitatus corrofivus. 198. Or, Corrofive precipitate.

Colledge. Make a disolution of crude Mercury and Aqua-fortis as before, then evaporate it till it be dry, at last encrease the fire, and stir the matter with an iron till it be red, keep it in a glass for use.

Mercurius vita. 198.

colledge. Take of Butter of Antimony distilled according to our prescript, put it into clear water, which will forthwith be white, a milk white powder will precipitate, which is to be sweetned by much washing in warm water, and dried by a gentle heat, and kept for use.

Regulus Antimonii. 199.

Colledge. Take of crude Astimony's Salt-Petre; Tartar; of each equal parts; beat the Antimony apart in an Iron Mortar, with an Iron Pessle; then add the rest in Powder, put this Powder by degrees with a Ladle into a hot crucible; placed amongst hot coals, after it's burned, shake the crucible gently; that the Regulus may sink to the bottom, which being taken out and cooled by degrees, and freed from the dross, keep for use.

Saccharum Saturni. 199.

colleage. Put as much red Lead as you will in a glass, and put so much vinegar to it, as may over-top it the bredth of 4 fingers, warm it, and stir it a good while, after it is setled

pour off the sweet Vinegar, and put in fresh, do it so often till no more sweetness be drawn from it, put all the Liquors together, and let them fettle, then exhale it away in a glass, ing fet in a Cellar, the Christal appear, which having taken out, exhale it again, and let it in a Cellar or cold place, till more Christal arise, do so zill no more appear, then diffolye the Christal in clear Wine, filter and coagulate it.

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Sal. Vitriol. 199.

Colledge. Reduce Ungarick or English Vitriol being calcined in a crucible into Powder, of a Violet or an obscure Purple colour, which Powder cast by degrees into a large glass, in which is either diffilled common, or other very clear water, stirring it continually with a stick, till the water which was at first bot, is cold, then let it stand 24 bours, then filter it : lastly exhale it in a vellel, and coagulate it according to art.

Turpethum Minerale. 200.

colledge. Take of crude Mercury, oyl of Vitriol separated from all the flegm, of each equal parts, distill them in Sand, encreasing the fire by degrees, till all the moisture be flown up in the air, a white mass remaining in the bottom, which being separated from the crude Mercury, wash in Spring-water, and forthwith it will be yellow, wash it in warm water from all its acrimony, dry it, and keep it for ule.

Pitriolum album depuratum. 200.

Or, white Vitriol cleanfed. colledge. Diffolve white Vitriol in clear water, filter it, and coagulate it. Tartarum Vitriolatum. 200.

Colleage. Take of Liquor of Tartar 4 cunces, into which drop by drops ! The Physitians Library.

2 ounces of oyl of Vitriol well rectified, so will a white Powder fall to the bottom, which dry, and keep for use.

Vitrum Antimonii. 200.

Colledge. Take of good Antimony in till half be confumed, or untill it be- fine Powder, and put it in a large ftone veffel, put fire under, till it grow inte clots, heat it, and do fo again & again, alwaies stirring it till it resemble white asbes, and smoak not at all, then take of this balf a pound, Borax balf an ounce, put them in a Crucible, the which cover with a tile, fet it in a ftrong fire, till there flow a matter like water, then put it into a brafs or copper veffel, and keep the glass for use.

> The general way of making Extracts.

EXtracts may be made almost of every Medicine, whether simple, as Herbs, Flowers, Seeds; or compound, as Species or Pills. Therefore take of any Medicine cut or bruised, or prepared as the Infusion requires, and pour to it Spirit of Wine, or distilled water, as the Physitian commands, let it fland in Infusion in the heat of a Bath, two daies more or less, according as the thickness or thinnels of the matter requires untill the tincture be fufficient, then feparate the liquor, and put in more as before, do so till the Medicine afford no more tincture, put all these Liquors together, and filter them, and exhale the humidity to the heat of a Bath, till the matter be left at the bottom of the thickness of Honey, to which if the Physician prescribe, you may add two scruples, or half a dram of its own proper, or other convenient Salt to every ounce of extract, that fo it may keep the lenger.

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The way of making SALTS.

Salt Volatile or Essential, is thus made. 203.

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Ake of any Plant when it is fresh, and full of juice, a sufficient quantity , bruile it into a wooden or stone Mortar, and a great deal of clear water being added: boyl ittill half be confumed, strain the Decoction, press it strongly, and boyl it to the thickness of Honey; fet it in a glass or glased vessel in a cold place eight daies at least, and a Christal Salt will arife like Sal Gem. which gather, and wash with its proper water, and dry for your use. Thus is Salt of Wormwood, Carduus, Mugwort, and other bitter Herbs: but of other Herbs with much difficulty.

Salt fixed, or Elementary, is thus made. 203.

It confifts in four things; Calcination, Solution, Filtration, Congulation.

Burn the water you would make Salt of into white ashes, and herein sometimes you must have a care lest by too hasty burning, they run to glass; then with clear water make the ashes into Lye to draw out the Salt: filter the Lye, and boyl it in an earthen vessel by a gentle fire, that the water may be exhaled, and the Salt lest; which Solution, Filtration and Coagulation being repeated certain times, it will be free from all impurity, and be very white.

Thus is prepared Salts of Plants, and parts of living Creatures, among which these excel; Salt of Wormwood, Time, Rosemary, Centaury the less, Mugwort, Carduus, Masterwort, Parsley, Restharrow, Ash, Dwarfelder, Guajacum, Box, Chamomels St. Johns-wort, Cichory, Celandines Scurvy-grass, Betony, Maudlin, Balm, Ceterach, &c.

Preparations of certain fimple Medicines.

The way of praparing Fats. 205.

Take of fresh Fat, the Veins, strings and skins being taken away; wash them so often in fair water till they be no longer bloody, then beat them well, and melt them in a double Vessel, strain them, and pour off the water, keep it in a glass in a cold place, it will endure a year.

So is also prepared Marrow taken out of fresh Bones, especially in Autumn.

The Burning of Brass .. 205.

Lay flakes of Brass in an earthen vessel, interposing Salt or Brimstone between each of them, so lay flake upon flake, burn them sufficiently, and wash the ashes with warm water till they be sweet.

The washing of Aloes. 205.

Put as much Aloes in powder in a glass as you will, putting a sufficient quantity of warm water to it, that it may overtop it two or three fingers thickness, stirring it about with a Spatule, that the purer part of the Aloes may be mixed with the water, that being poured off, put in fresh warm water, and stir it in like manner, that the dross may be separated: gather those waters together, cvaporate the humidity, & keep the mass. The preparation of Bole-armenick, 296.

Grind it small, and diffolye it so often in Rose water till the dross and

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and be taken away dry it in the Air, The Preparation of Corianderfeed. 207 or Sun, and keep it being dried.

Fecula Brione. 206.

Take of Briony-roots Icraped bruifed, and the juice preffed out, which being let fand ftill a while in a Veffel, a white powder like starch will fall from the bottom, from which pour the water, and let it dry for ufe. So is Gerla ferpentaria prepared of Aron-roots, and Fœcula of the Roots of Radishes and Orris.

May Butter. 206.

About the middle or later end of May, take fresh Butter without Salt, and in a glased earthen vessel; fet it in the Sun, that it may be all melted, strain it through a rag without preffing ; fet it in the Sun again, ftrain it again, and keep it a year.

The Preparation of Lapis Calaminaris. 206.

Heat it red bot three times in the fire, and quench it as often in Plantane and Rose-water; at lost levigate it upon a Marble, and with the fame waters make it into Balls.

The washing of Lime. 206.

Bruise Quicklime, put it in a Pan, and mix it with fweet Water, and when it is setled to the bottom, change the water, and mix it again : do fo feven or eight times, filtring it, every time : at last do it with Rolewater, and dry the Lime.

The preparation of Coral, Pearls, Crabs Eyes, and other pretious Stones. 207.

Beat them in a Steel-Mortar, and levigare them on a Marble, putting a little Rof water to them, till they are in very fine Powder, then make them into Balli.

Steep them twenty four hours in tharp Vinegar, then dry them. So may you prepare Cummin-feed.

The burning of Harts-horn, Ivo-

ry, and other bones. 207. Burn them in a Crucible till they be white, then beat them into powder, and wash them with Rose-water; at last levigate them on a Marble, and make them into Troches: you may disolve Camphire half an ounce in the last pound of Rofe-water, if you pleafe.

A new preparation of them. 207.

Hang them by a thrid in a veffel of Aqua-vitæ, fo as that they touch not the liquor, then putting on the head, distill it, and the vapors ascending, will make them easie to be brought into powder, after many Distillations.

The way to make Elaterium.207.

Take of wild Cucumers almost ripe, and cut them with the knife upwards; and gently press out the juice with your foremost finger; let it run through a Sieve into a clean glafed Viffil, let it settle, and peur off the clear water into another Vessel; dry the setlings in the Sun, and keep them for ufc. If you will, you may keep the clear mater for Unguentum de Artanita.

The Preparation of the Bark of Spurge-roots. 208.

Cleanle them, and infule them three daies in the sharpest Vinegar, then dry them. So are Laurel-leaves, Mezercon, and other things of that Nature prepared.

The preparation of Euphorbium.

Take of Euphorbium purged from the drofs, and powdered, put it in a glass, and put so great a quantity of Juice of Lemmons to it, that it may over-top it three or four fingers, then place them in a

a hot Bath, till the Euphorbium be diffolved in the juice, firain it through a rag, place it in a Bath again, and evaporate away the juice, and keep the Euphorbium for use.

The Preparation of black Hellebore-roots, 208.

Steep such black Hellebore-roots as are brought to us, the woody pith being taken away, three daies in juice of Quinces by a moderate beat, then dry them, and lay them up.

The Preparation of Goatsblood, 208.

Take a Goat of a middle age, and feed him a moneth with Burner, Smallage, Parsley, Mallows, Lovage, and such like things; kill him in the end of Summer about the Dog-daies, then take the blood which flows out of his Arteries, and let it settle, pouring off the water, dry the blood in an Oven.

The Burning of young Swallows: 208.
Kill young Swallows fo as the blood may flow upon their wings, then sprinkle them with a little beaten Salt, and burn them in a glased Vessel, and keep the ashes for use. So are burned Hedge-hogs, Frogs, Toads, and the like Creatures.

The Preparation of Lacca. 209.

Take of Lacca not cleanled: for otherwise your labour were vain, bruised a little, and beyled in water in which the roots of long Birthwort and Squinanth, each equal parts have been boyled, till the purer part swim at top, and the dross sink to the bottom; keep that purer part, put it into a glass, and cover it, and evaporate away the moisture either by the heat of the Sun or of a Bath, and being dried, keep it for use.

The Preparation of Lapis
Lazuli 209.

Let Lapis Lazuli being beaten into very fine powder, be so often washed in water, continually stirring it till the water (after washing) remain clear, without any other taste or colour than its own.

The Preparation of Litharge. 209.

Let the Litharge be ground into very fine powder in a mortar, then pour clear water upon it, and (tir it up and down till it be troubled and thick, then pour off that water into another veffel, and put in fresh water to the powder of the stone; stir that up and down till it be thick, and pour that water off to the former: do this so often till nothing but drafs remains in the mortar, the thinner substance being all mixed with the water you poured off, let that stand and fettle, fo will the pure Litharge remain in the bottom, pour the water off gently, dry the Litharge, and grind it upon a Marble so long till no barshness can be discerned in it by your tongue.

The Preparation of Earth-

Slit them in the middle, and wash them so often in white Wine till they be cleansed from their impurity, then dry them, and keep them for your use.

The Preparation of Soms or wood-lice.

Take of Wood-lice as many as you will, wash them very clean in pure white Wine, then put them in a new glased pot, which being shut close, put into a hot Oven, that so they may be dried with a moderate heat to be beaten into powder.

5 4

The manner of preparing Occious.

Take of Wool uncleanfed which dry it, and make it into Balls. was taken off from the Neck , Ribs, and Shoulder-pits of the Sheep, put! it into warm water often times, and you please, put them into a new earthen wash it diligently till all the fatness pot , lay them plate upon plate with be come off from it into the water; Brimftone between each plate , then put afterwards press it out, and lay it by, the pot in the fire, and ftir the Lead then pour that fat and filthy water about with an Iron Spatule when the out of one veffel into another, hold- Brimftone burns, until you have brought ing the veffel on high, pouring and it all into ashes, the which wash in clear repouring till it be froathy, let the mater, and keep for your ufe, froath fettle, then take away the fat That swims on the top, pour and repour it as before till it be froathy; then again take away the fat that Iwims at the top : do fo fo often till no more froath appear, nor fat Iwim at top; then take the fat with the froath, and wash it up and down with your hand in clear water, fo often and to long till the filth be washed from it, which may be known by the water remaining clear, and the fat being tafted do not bite your tongue, then keep it in a thick and clean pot in a cold place.

The Preparation of Opium. 210.

Diffoloe the Opium in Spirit of wine, Grain it, and evaporate it to its due confiftence.

Powder of raw Lead 310.

Beat your Lead into very thin plates, and cut thefe thin plates into very smal pieces, the which steep three dayes in very sharp Vinegar, changing the Vinegar every day, then take them out, and dry them without burning them, and take a little pains with them in a Mortar to bring them into a very fine Powder.

The Washing of Lead, 210.

to some purpose, till the water look black and thick, frain out this water.

The Burning of Lead. 210.

Take as many thin plates of Lead as

The Preparation of Fox Lungs.

Take of the fresh lungs of a Fox, the aspera Arteria being taken away, wash them diligently in white u ine, in which Hyfop and Scabious bath been boyled, then dry them in an Oven so moderately bot, that no part of them may be burned, then keep them in a glaß stopped with Wax.

The Preparation of Scammony.

Take the Core out of a Quince, and fill the void place with powder of Scammony, then joyn the Quince together again, and wrap it up in Paft, bake it in an Oven, or roaft it under the ashes, afterwards take out the Scammony, and keep it for use. This is that which is unlgarly called Diacrydium or Diagrydiam.

Another way of Preparation of Scammony with Sulphur.

Take of Scammony beaten small, as much as you will, spread it upon brown piper, and hold it over hot coals upon which you have put Brimfton , ftir the Scammony shout all the while, till it Stir chout water in a leader Mortar begin to melt or look white; and this with a leaden Peftle, and labour at it is called Scammory fulphurated.

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The Preparation of Squils. 27 1.

Take a great Squill whilft it is green, casting away the outward rinds, wrap it in paste, and bake it in an Oven till it be tender, which you may know if you pierce it through with a Bodkin, then take it out of the Oven, and take offall the flakes one by one (leaving that part which is hard behind)draw a cord through them and hang them in a dry place, at that distance one from the other that one may not touch another, till they be dried; yet take this caution along with you, that you ought not to cut nor pierce them with any Iron Instrument, but with Wood, Ivory or Bone. washed Tartar. 212.

Take of bruised Tartar as much as you will, pour cold & puse spring water to it, skir it up and down, then let it settle, pour off that water, and pour on more, use it as before, and repeat the usage so long till the water remain cleer after washing.

Boyled Turpentine. 212.

Take of Venice Turpentine a pound, to which pour twenty four pound of water, in which boil it to long till it be thick, and being cold may be rubbed in powder like rofin, and beaten like glass.

The Preparation of Tutty. 212.

Tutry is prepared the farme way that Lavis Calaminaris is; the it up in a clean Linnen cloath, which shake up and down, drawing it this way and that way in a Vessel sull of cleer water, till the thinner and more prossible part come out into the water, and the thicker and impurer remain in the cloath; then let it settle, and pour off the water gently from it, repeat this operation so often, till nothing good for any thing remain in the cloath: Then take what you have purified, sprinkle it with a little Rosewater, make it into Troches to be kept for use.

A CONCLUSION.

In this Edition of this Book are between two and three hundred very usefull Additions, and exceeding fit for all those that understand not the Latin, or have not studied Physick very many years. The Additions are of most precious things that I either know my self, or have collected from the best Authors in Physick.

I have now (courteous Reader) led thee through the Colledges reformed and refined Dispensatory, I assure thee not led thereto by any envious Principles against them, for I bear them more good will, and love them better than they love themselves; only I hate selssifications in whomsever I sad it. If thou sindest me here and there a little lavish in such expressions as many like not, I pray pardout that, it is my Dialect, I cannot write without it: I assure thee it was not premeditated: If thou thinkest I did it for gain, thou art so war wide from the truth, that unless thou change thy opinion, 't is to be feared truth and you will not meet again in a long time. I have taken up this world as Travellers take up an Inn, not as a Freeholder takes a Dwelling: I take no care for Victuals before I am bungry, nor new Cloth, before my old lack mending. I have read in some Authors.

thors, the Mammon which fignifies Coverousnels, is the Mafter Devil over those that t mpt mes to fin, and I partly believe it. I have read also in Hoses 4. 12. That those that make the Earth their happiness, go a whoring from unaer their God, which made me terribly affraid, leaft in one act, I should commit two evils, for fake the fourt in of living waters, and buy my felf a Ciftern that holds none. I have a very Sympathetical Spirit, and could either weep with Heraclitus, or laugh with Democritus, to fee men frend all their pains about the gains of this world, and wh n th y have done, must dye and leave it (as Solomon fayes) they know not to whom, whether he will be a wife man or a fool; therefore mistake me not, but judge of me as I am: I defire not to spend the strength of an immortal Spirit in feeking after what bath no worth in it, which may make me worfe, cannot make me better. There was a tale lately told me of a Lady of a great Eftate, that was fo extreme foolish, that she would ride in the Coach-box and drive the Horfes, whilft the Coach-man rid in the Coach: You think this was a great madnef, yet a greater madness by odds it is, for a man that is Heir to an Eternal being, to make himself a flave to the Earth which must perish. I will affure you, it was a higher Principle than all thefe moved me to write, viz. pure love to that Nation in which I was born and bred, of which I may justly fay, If the Spirit of God faid, Israel was destroyed for want of Knowledge when sin reigned but fingle, bow much more this Nation when it reigns by troops ? I weigh not the ill language of those that mind earthly things, I wish them all the riches their hearts can desire, for they have all their wit already: 'tis comfortable enough for me that I am beloved of the boreft: my reward I expect hereafter in that place whereinto no earthly minded nor felfish man shall come.

Nich. Culpeper.

The Forty Sixth Book

OF THE

Physicians Library.

Being a KEY to Galen and Hypocrates, their METHOD of
PHYSICK.

The General use of Physick.

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I Shall defire thee, who ever thou are that intendeft the Noble (though too much abused) study of Physick, to mind heedfully these following rules, which being well understood, shew thee the Key of Galen and Hypocrates their Method of Physick. He that useth their Method, and is not heedful of these rules, may soon Tinker-like, Mend one hole, and make two: Cure one Disease, and cause another more desperate.

That then thou maiest understand what I intend. It is to discover in a general way the manifest Vertues of Medicines.

I say of the minifest Vertue, and Qualities viz. Such as are obvious to the Senses, especially to the taste and smell. For it hath been the practice of most Physicians (I say not of all) in these later ages as well as ours, to say when they cannot give, nor

are minded to fludy a reason, Why an Herb, Plant, &c. hath fuch an operation, or produceth such an effect in the Body of man: It doth it by an hidden quality: For they not minding the whole Creation, as one united Body, not knowing what belongs to Aftral Influence, not regarding that excellent harmony the only wife God hath made in a composition of contraries (in the knowledge of which consists the whole ground and foundation of Physick) no more than a horse that goes along the street regards when the Clock strikes, are totally led by the nose by that monster Tradition, who feldome begets any children, but they prove either fools or knaves, and this makes them fo brutish, that they can give no reason for the operation of a Medicine, but what is an object to fense; this their Worships call manifest, and the other hidden, because it is hidde: from them, and alwaies will, if they

fearch no further after it than hitherto they have done. A Commonwealth is well holp up with such
Physitians, that are not only so ignorant, but also so careless, of knowing
the foundation upon which the whole
sabrick of Physick ought to be built,
and not upon tradition: They profess themselves Galenists; I would
civilly intreat them, but seriously to
peruse, and labour to be well skilled in the Astronomy of Galea and
Hypocrates.

I confess; and am glad to think of it, That all ages have afforded some wife Physitians, well skilled in the Principles of what they profess, of which this our age is not wanting, and they begin to encrease daily. As for others, my comfort is, that their whole Model will not stand leng, because it is built upon the sand. And if I be not mistaken in my calculation, there are fearthing times coming, and with speed too, in which every building that is not built upon the Rock, shall fall. The Lord will make a quick fearch upon the face of the Earth.

But to return to my purpose. It is the manifest qualities of Medicines that here I am to speak to, and you may be pleased to behold it in this Order.

Sect. 1. Of the Temperature of Medicines.

Sect. 2. Of the Appropriation of Medicines.

Sca. 3. Of the Properties of Medicines.

SECT I.

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Of the Temperature of Me-

Herbs, Plants, and other Medidicines manifestly operate, either by Heat, Coldness, Driness or Moisture, for the World being composed of so many qualities, they and only they can be found in the World, and the mixtures of them one with another.

But that these may appear as clear, as the Sun when he is upon the Meridian, I shall treat of them severally, and in this Order.

- 1. Of Medicines temperate.
- 2. Of Medicines bot.
- 3. Of Medicines cold.
- 4. Of Medicines moift.
- 5. Of Medicines dry.

 Of Medicines temperate.

If the World be composed of Extremes, then it acts by Extremes, for as the man is, so is his work: therefore it is impossible that any Medicine can be temperate, but may be reduced to heat, cold, drynes, or moisture, and must operate (I mean such as operate by manifest quality) by one of these, because there is no other to operate by, and that there should be such a temperate mixture, so exquisitely of these qualities in any medicine, that one of them should not manifestly excel the other, I doubt it is a Systeme too rare to find.

Thus then I conclude the matter to be, those medicines are called Temperate (not because they have no excess of temperature at all in them) which can neither be said to hear

nor

nor cool fo much as will amount to the first degree of excess, for daily experience witnesseth, that they being added to Medicines, change not their qualities, they make them neither hotter nor colder.

Their ufe. They are used in such Diseases where there is no manifest Distemper of the first qualities, viz. heat and cold: For example; In ob-Aruction of the Bowels, where cold medicines might make the Obstruction greater, and hot medicines cause a Feaver.

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In Feavers of Flegm, where the cause is cold and moift, and the effee hot and dry; in luch, ule temperate medicines which may neither encrease the Feaver by their heat, nor condensate the flegm by their coldneis.

Besides, Because contraries are taken away by their contraries, and every like maintained by its like; they are of great ule, to preferve the constitution of the body temperate, and the body it felf in strength and vigor, and may be used without danger, or fear of danger, by confidering what part of the body is weak, and using fuch temperate medicines as are appropriated to that part,

Of Medicines bot.

The care of the antient Phylicians was fuch, that they did not labour to hide from, but impart to Pofterity, not only the temperature of medicines in general, but also their degrees in temperature, that so the di-Rempered part may be brought to its temperature, and no further; for all things which are of a contrary temperature, conduce not to cure, but the strength of the contrariety

must be observed, that so the medicine may be neither weaker nor stronger, than just to take away the diftemper; for if the diftemper be but meanly hot, and you apply a medicine cold in the fourth degree, 'tis true, you may foon remove that di-Remper of heat, and bring another of cold twice as bad. Galen. de simp. med. facul. lib. 3. cap. 12.

Then Secondly, Not only the distemper it felf, but alle the part of the body distempered must be heeded; for if the head be distempered by hear, and you give fuch medicines as cool the Heart or Liver, you will bring another Dileale, and not cure

the former.

The Degrees then of Temperature are to be diligently heeded, which antient Physicians have concluded to be four in the Qualities, viz. Hear and Cold; of each of which we shall speak a word or two severally.

Of Medicines bot in the

firft Degree. Those are said to be hot in the first degree, which induce a moderate and Natural hear to the Body, and to the parts thereof; either cold by nature. or cooled by accident, by which Natural heat is cherished when weak, or restored when wanting.

Effect 1. The first Effect then of medicines hot in the first degree, is, by their Iwear and temperate hear to reduce the body to its natural heat, as the fire doth the external parts in cold weather, unless the affliction of cold be fo great, that fuch mild medicines will not ferve the turn.

Effect 2. The second Effect is The mitigation of pain arising from such a diffemper, and indeed this effect hath other medicines, fome that are

colds

cold, and some that are hotter than the first degree, they being rationally applied to the diffemper. These medicines the Greeks call avaduva, & shall be spoken of in their proper places. In this place let it suffice that medicines hot in the first degree, make the offending humors thin, and expel them by sweat, or insensible transpiration, and these of all other most congruous or agreeable to the body of man, for there is no fuch equal temperature of hear and cold in a found man, but heat exceeds, for we live by hear and moisture, not by cold.

Medicines then which are hot in the first degree, are such as just correspond to the natural heat of our bodies ; fuch as are hotter or colder, are more subject to do mischief, being administred by an unskilful hand, than these are, because of their contrariety to nature; whereas these are grateful to the body by their mode-

rate hear.

Effect 3. Thirdly, These take away weariness, and help Feavers, being outwardly applied, because they open the pores of the skin, and by their gentle heat prepare the humors, and take away those fuliginous vapors that are caused by Feavers.

Discommodities.] Yet many Difcommodities arise by heedless giving even of these, which I would have young Students in Phyfick to be very careful in, left they do more mischief than they are aware of, viz. It is postible by too much use of them, to confume not only what is inimical in the body, but also the substance it felf, and the strength of the Spirits, whence comes faintings, and fometimes death. Belides, by applying

them to the parts of the body they are not appropriated to, or by nor heeding well the complexion of the Patient, or the natural temper of the part of the body afflicted, for the Heart is hot, but the Brain temperate.

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Effect 4. Laftly, Medicines hot in the first degree, cherish hear in the internal parts, help concoction, breed good blood, and keep it good in tem-

per, being bred.

Of Medicines hot in the fecond Degrec.

Having spoken of medicines hot in the first degree, it follows now in order to speak of those that are hot in the fecond: These are something horter than the natural temper of a

use. Their use is for such whose ftomachs are filled with moisture, because their faculty is too her and dry; they take away obstructions or stoppings, upon the pores of the skin, but not in the same manner that such do as are hot in the first degree, for they do it without force, by a gentle hear concocting, and expelling the humors, by strengthening & helping nature in the work; but these cut tough humors, and scatter them by their own force and power when nature cannot.

Of Medicines hot in the third degree.

Those which attain the third degree of hear, have the same Faculties with those before mentioned; but as they are hotter, so are they more powerful in their operations; for they are so powerful in heating and cutting, that if unadvisedly given, they cause Feavers. Use. Their use is to cut tough and compacted humors, to

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provoke swear abundantly, hence it comes to pass that all of them resist poyson.

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Of Medicines bot in the fourth degree.

Those Medicines obtain the highest degree of heat, which are so hot that they burn the body of man, being outwardly applyed to it, & cause Inflammations, or raise Blisters; as Crowfoot, Mustard-seed, Onions, &c. Of these more hereafter.

Of Cooling Medicines

Physicians have also observed four degrees of coldness in Medicines, which I shall briefly treat of in order.

Of Medicines cold in the first Degree.

Those Medicines which are least cold of all, obtain the first Degree of Coldness; and I beseech you take notice of this. That seeing our Bodies are nourished by hear, and we live by heat, therefore no cold Medicines are naturally, and per se (as Scholars call it) friendly to the Body, but what good they do our Bodies, they do it per accidens, viz. by removing an unnatural heat, or the Body heated above its natural temper.

The giving then of cold Medicines to a man in his natural temper, the feason of the year also being but moderately hor, extinguisheth Natural

hear in the body of man.

Yet have these a necessary use in them too, though not so frequent as hot Medicines have; and that may be the reason why an All-wise God hath surnished us with far more hot Herbs and Plants, &c. than cold.

use t. Their use is first, in Nourishment, that so the heat of sood may be qualified, and made for a weak stomach to digest, and therefore are Salads used in Summer.

Vse 2. Secondly, To restrain and asswage the heat of the bowels, and

to cool the blood in Feavers.

Therefore if the diftemper of hear be but gentle, Medicines cold in the first degree will suffice; also children and such people whose Stomachs are weak, are easily hurt by cold Medicines.

Of Medicines cold in the second and third Degrees.

Vse I. Such whose Stomachs are strong, and Livers hot, may easily bear such Medicines as are cold in the second degree, and in cases of extremity find much help by them: as also by such as are cold in the third degree, the extremity of the Disease considered; for by both these the unbridled heat of Choler is affwaged.

We 2. Also they are outwardly applied to hot swellings, due consideration being had, That if the inflammation be not great, use those that are less; if the inflammation be vehement, make use of Medicines cold in the second or third degree: Alwaies let the remedy correspond to the just proportion of the Affliction.

Vsc 3. Thirdly, Sometimes the spirits are moved inordinately through heat, thence follows immoderate watchings, if not deprivation of the senses: this also must be remedied with cold Medicines; for cold stops the pores of the skin, makes the humors thick, represent sweat, and keeps up the spirits from fainting.

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Of Medicines cold in the fourth Degree.

Laftly, The use of Medicines cold in the fourth degree, is, To mitigate desperate and vehement pains, stupifying the fentes, when no other course can be taken to fave life: Of the use of which more hereafter.

Of moistning Medicines.

There can be no fuch difference found amongst moistning medicines, that they flould surpais the second degree. For feeing all medicines are either hot or cold; neither heat nor cold, feeing they are extreams, can confift with moisture, for the one dries it up, the other condensates it.

ufc. Philosophers therefore call moisture and dryness, pifive qualities, yet have they their operation likewife; for moift medicines lenifie and make flippery, cafe the Cough, & belp the roughnels of the throat. These operations are proper to Medicines moist in the first degree.

Thole which are moifter, take away naturally firength, help the fharpness of humors, make both blood and spirit thicker, loofeth the belly, and less by burning, Gales means confit it for purgation.

The immoderate or indifcreet use of them dulls the body, and makes it unfit for action.

Of drying Medicines.

Drying Medicines have contrary Faculties to these, viz. To consume moisture, stop Fluxes, and make such parts dry as are flippery, they make the body and members firm, when they are weakned by too much moifture, that fo they may perform their first Qualities of Medicines, and in proper functions.

Yet although the members be strengthened by drying medicines, they have notwithstanding their own proper moisture in them, which ought to be conserved, and not destroyed, for without it they cannot confift, : It then this moisture be consumed by using, or rather over-use of drying medicines, the members can neither be nourished, nor yet perform their proper actions.

Such medicines as are dry in the third degree, being unadvisedly given, under the parts of the body they are appropriated to, of their nourishment, and by that means bring them

into Confumption.

Besides, There is a certain moisture in the body of Man, which is called Radical moisture, which being taken away, the parts must needs die, leeing natural heat and life also consists in it, and this may be dene by too frequent use of medicines dry in the fourth degree: And it may be this was the reason of Galen his writing, That things dry in the fourth degree, must of necessity burn; which is an effect of heat, and not of dryness, unfuming the Radical moisture.

The use then of drying medicines, is only to such bodies and parts of the body, as abound with moisture; in which observe these Rules:

1. If the moisture be not extreme, let not the medicine be extreme drying.

2. Let it be proper to the part of the body afflicted; for if the Liver be afflicted by moisture, and you go about to dry the Brain or Heart, you may fooner kill than cure.

Thus have we briefly spoken of the the general only, and but briefly,be-

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the min the Exposition of the other thens; and their reason is, Because Quaitties, in which you must alwayes have an eye to these.

SECT. II.

Of the Appropriation of Medicines to the Several. Parts of the Body.

A Neient Physicians also kept a grievous racket about this, some denying any specifical vermes at all in Medicine, or any congruity to certain parts of the Body, but were of opinion, that fuch as ftrengthen the lead, must needs streng. then the Bowels, and all other parts of the body, by the same rule : B:cause being ignorant of the Influence of the Heavens, they would give no resion for the contrary; and fo whatfoever is obnoxious to one part of the Body, must needs be obnexious to all the reft, by the fame I can. Tule.

Other shold them to be appropriated to the particular parts of the body, by an hidden property, as they call it, because their ignorance in Astronomy knew not what to make of it, or how the Medicines operated, and their experence testifying that they had distinct operations upon distinct parts of the Buiy.

Others have laboured to find out a middle way between both these, and they hold, That what Medicines strengthen one part of the Body, must nee s in some measure strengthen all the rest, yet so, as that it is preculiarly appropriated to that

thens; and their reason is, Because with the substance of that part of the Body which it strengthens, and every one almost that hath but wit enough to eat an Egg, knows that the substance of all parts of the Body are not alike. This argument hath lome weight in it, though in my opinion, it talls a little too low : for it is a certain truth, The Syma pathy and An ipathy in the Creation, is the cause both of all Diseases and also of the operations of all Medie nes. However, I may intertex my opinion of what Physicians call bidles qual ties, now and then with it & yet my scope shall be to treat chiefly of this at this time, till time and opportunity (together with the Will t my Creator) give me leave to digest what they call bidden Sullia ies, into fuch a form that others may understand it as well as my felf 2 I am fickly, and have no body to. help me, I can do things no faster than

That the Qualities and tile of these Medicines may be sound out; and understood by every one, and so my Country reap the benefit of my Labour, they shall find them presented to their view in this Order.

Medicines appropriated:

- I. To the Head.
- 2. To the Breaft and Lungs.
- 3. To the Heart.
- 4. To the Stomach;
- 5. To the Liver.
 6. To the Spleen.
- 7. To the Reins and Bladder, "
- 8. To the Womb.
- 9. To the Joynts.

to the Head

DY[Head] is usually understood Dall that part of the Body which is between the top of the Crown, and the uppermost joynt of the neck; yet are those medicines properly called Cephalical, which are appropriated to the Brain, not to the Eyes, Ears nor Teeth ; neither are those Medicines which are proper to the Ears, proper also to the Eyes; therefore (my intent being to write as plain as I can) I shall subdivide this Chapter into thele Parts :

Medicines appropriated :

1. To the Brain.

2. To the Eyes. 3. To the Mouth and Nostrils.

4. To the Ears.

5. To the Testh. For what medicines are appropriated to an unruly tongue, is not in my power at prefent to determine.

Of Medicines appropriated to the Biain.

Before we treat of medicines appropriated to the Brain, it is requifite that we describe what the nature and

affection of the Brain is.

The Brain which is the Seat of Apprehension, Judgment and Memory, the original of lense and motion, is by nature temperate; and if some heat it, some cool it, some fo then you will grant me that it ftrengthen it; but how they perform may easily be afflicted both by hear this Office peculiarly to the Brain, and cold, and it is indeed more fub- most Physitians confess they could ject to afflictions by either of them, neither comprehend by Reason, nor than'any other part of the Body, for describe by Precepts, only thus, they if it be afflicted by heat, fense and do it by an hidden quality, either reason, it is immoderately moved, if by strengthening the Brain, thereby cold they languish and are dul'd, by defending it from Diseases, or

to pals by other Symptoms which in-Chap. 1. Of Medicines appropriated | vade the head, if the Brain be altered from its proper temper.

> Also this is peculiar to the Brain, that it is delighted or offended by fmells, fights and founds : but I shall meddle no further with thefe here because they are not medicines.

Cephalical medicines may be found out from the affections of the Brain it felf. The Brain is usually oppresfed with moisture in fuch afflictions, therefore give fuch medicines as very gently warm, cleanse, cut and dry: but withal, let them be fuch as are appropriated to the head, fuch as Phyfitians fay [by an hidden quality] strengthen the Brain.

Again, if you confider the fituation of the Brain, you shall find it placed in the highest part of the Body, therefore it is eafily afflicted with hot vapors: this punisheth a man with watchings and head ach, as the former did with sortishness and fleepiness; in such cases use such Cephalects as gently cool the Brain.

To make Cephalects of Narcoticks, or stupifying Medicines, is not my intent, for I am confident they are inimical both to Brain and Senfes. Of these, and such medicines also as purge the Brain, I shall speak by and by. To return to my pur-

pole.

Some Cephalicks purge the Brain,

by

and the Diseases incident to the brain.

Laftly, for the use of Cephalicks, observe, if the Brain be much afflicted, you cannot well strengthen in before you have purged it, neither can you well purge the Brain before you have cleanled the rest of the Body, it is so subject to receive the vapours up to it; give cooling Ccphalicks when the Brain is too hors and hot Cpehalicks when it is too cold.

Beware of using cooling Medicines to the Brain when the Crisis of a disease is near: How that time may be known, I shall (God assisting me) instruct you hereafter, I cannot do all things at one time; let it luffice now, that according as the disease afflicting your head is, so let your remedy be.

> Of Medicines appropriated to the Eyes

Take fuch medicines as are appropriated to the Eyes under the name of [Ocular Medicines] I do it partly to avoid Multiplicity of words, and partly to instruct my Country men in the terms of Art belonging to Phylick, (I would have called them [Ophthalmicks] had not the word been troublesome to the reading, much more to the understanding of a Country man) as I even now call'd fuch medicines [Cephalicks] as were appropriated to the Brain.

Ocular medicines are two fold, viz. such as are referred to the Visive Vertues, and such as are referred to the Eyes themselves.

by a certain Antipathy between them (convey it to the Eyes (fay Doftors) do it by an hidden Vertue, into the reason of which no man can dive unless they should fetch it from the fimilitude of the substance: And yet they fay a Goats Liver conduceth much to make one fee in the night ; and they give this Reafor, Because Goats fee as well in the night as in the day. Yet is there no Affinity in temperature nor fubstance between the Liver and the Eyes: However Aftrologers know well enough, that all Herbs, Plants, &c. that are under the Dominion of either Sun of Moon, and appropriated to the head; be they hot or cold they strengthen the Visive vertue, as Eye-bright, which is hot: Lunaria or Moonwort, whrch is cold.

As for what appertains to the constitution of the Eyes themselves. feeing they are exact in fence, they will not endure the least inconvenience, therefore fuch medicines as are outwardly applied to them (for fuch medicinces as strengthen the Visive vertues are all given inwardly) let them neither hurt by their hardnels nor gnawing quality, nor be fo rough that they should stick to them. Therefore let Ocular medicines be neither in Powders not Oynements, because Oyl it felf is offensive to the Eyes, and how pleafing Powders are to them, you may perceive your felf by but going into the dust.

Medicines appropriated to the Mouth and Nofe.

Apply no stinking medicines to a disease in the Nole, for such offend not only the Nofe, but also the brain: Such as strengthen the Visive neither administer medicines of any vertues of the Optick Nerves which ill taft to a Disease in the mouth, for

that subverts the stomach, because the tunicle of the mouth and of the stomach is the same: And because both Mouth and Nostrils are wayes by which the Brain is cleaned: therefore are they insected with such vices as need almost continual cleaning; and let the Medicines you apply to them be either pleasant, or at least not ingrateful.

Medicines appropriated to the Ears.

The Ears are easily afflicted by Cold, because they are alwayes open, therefore they require hot medicines. And because they are of themselves very dry, therefore they require Medicines which dry much.

Medicines appropriated to the Teeth.

Vehement heat and vehement cold, are inimical to the Teeth, but they are most of all ussended by sharp and sour things, and the reason is, because they have neither Skin nor Flesh to cover them, they delight in such Medicines as are cleanfing and binding, because they are troubled with defluxions and Rheums upon every light occasion; and that's the reason the common use of fat and sweet things, soon rots the Teeth.

Chap. 2. Of Medicines appropriated

to the Breaft and Lungs.

The Medicines appropriated to the Breast and Lungs, you shall find called all along by the name of Pettorals, that's the term Physicians give them, when you hear them talk of Pettoral Syrups, Pettoral Rows, or Pettoral Oyntments, now you know their Use.

They are divers, some of which reregard the part asslicted, others the matter asslicting.

But although sometimes in Ulcers which is an Ulceration of the Lungs,

of the Lungs we are forced to use binding Medicines, to joyn the Ulcer: yet are not these called Pectorals, because binding medicines are extream hurtful in the Breast and Lungs, both because they hinder ones fetching his breath, and also because they hinder the avoiding that slegm by which the breast is oppressed.

Such Medicines are call'd Pessorals, which are of a *lenifying Nature, [*I he next Section will instruct you in the term] for by their operation is their breath the easier fetched, and what sticks to the stomach the

eafier spir out.

Neither yet is the way or manner of provoking the same spitting, alwayes one and the same; for sometimes the matter is so thin, that it cannot be cast up by the motion of the Lungs, but it slips besides. Again, Sometimes it is so thick, that it cannot be cast out by the narrow Arteries of the Lungs. These then are the genuine operations of Pestorals, viz. Some to make the thin matter thicker, others to make the thick matter thinner.

Besides those which make thin matter thicker, are of two sorts, viz. Some are mild and gentle, which may safely be administred; but the matter hot or cold which offendeth (the degrees of temperature will satissie, which such be among the Simples, neither shall you want instructions among the Compounds) Others are very cold, which are used onely when the matter offending is sharp.

But because such medicines as conduce to the Cure of the Phtisicks, which is an Ulceration of the Lungs,

and

and the Difease usually called, The Cordials, take them under that pam Consumption of the Lungs, are alio here. reckoned in amongst Pectorals. is not amils to speak a word or two of Spirit, the fountain of life, the orithem.

In the Cure of this Disease are tural affections of man. three things to be regarded.

1. To cut and bring away the Con- |der to the Heart. creted Blood.

2. To cherish and strengthen the out the Body.

3. To conglutinat the ulcer.

and indeed some particular Simples will perform all these, and Phy Heart, you will easily grant me, that ficians confess it; which thews the it is the property of Cordials to adwonderful Mystery the All-wife God hath made in the Creation, That ticulars. one and the same Simple should perform two contrary Operations on the same part of the Body; for the more fresh the Spirits thereof being decaya Medicine cleanseth, the more it conglutinats; and it is wifely done of Physicians to shut their Eyes against such a Mystery, and against to reveal it, they make a long Harvest of little Corn, and get the more cales first use Medicins which are more binding, and strengthen the Lungs all the time.

To conclude then, Pectoral Medicines are such as either cut and cleanse out the compacted humors from the fide my present scope. Arteries of the Lungs, or make thin Defluxions thick, or temper those that are sharp, help the Roughness of the Windpipe, or are gently lenitive and foftning, being outwardly apply-

ed to the Breaft.

Chap. 3. Of Medicines appropriated to the Heart.

Hele are they which are generally given under the notion of ed any hidden quality in Medicines.

The Heart is the feat of the viral ginal of infuled heat, and of the na-

So then these two things are pro-

I. By its beat to cherift life through.

To and Vigor to the Affections.

And if thele be proper to the minister to the heart in these Par-

Of Cordials, some chear the Mind, some strengthen the heart, and re-

Those which chear the Mind, are not one and the fame; for as the Heart is variously disturbed, either Aftrology also, which is one means by Anger, Love, Fear, Hatred, Sadnels, &c. So fuch things as flatter Lovers, or appeale the Angry, or money by it. They usually in such comfort the Fearful, or please the Hateful, may well be called Cordimore cleanling; Lastly, Medicines als; for the heart, seeing it is placed in the middle between the Brain and the Liver, is wrought upon by reason, as well as by digettion : yet thefe, because they are not Medicins are be-

And although it is true, That Mirth, Love, &c. are actions, or motions of the Mind, not of the Body; yet many have been induced to think fuch affections may be wrought in the Body by Medicines, which some hold is done by an bidden property (the old Bush ignorant Physicians have run into) others that deni-

held to be done by Enchantment, and that is the only way of a thou-fand to lead the people in ignorance, viz. To tell them (when they cannot give, nor will not study a reason of things) It is Diabolical, and done by Sorcery. I could give a reason of the former if it were my present scope to speak of hidden properties: a very short time will discover the later to be the greatest of fal-shoods. But to return to my purpose.

The Heart is chiefly afflicted by too much heat by Poyson, and by stinking Vapors, and these are remedied by the second fort of Cordials and indeed chiefly belong to our present

Scope.

According to these Three afflictions, viz.

1. Exceffive Heat.

2. Poyfon.

3. Melancholy Vapors.

Are Three kindes of Remedies which succor the afflicted Heart:

Such as,

1. By their cooling Nature mitigate the heat of Feavers.

2. Refift Poyfon.

3. Cherish the vital spirits when they languish.

All thefe are called Cordials.

1. such as cool the Heart in Feavers, yet is not every thing that cooleth, Cordial, for Lead is colder than Gold yet is not Lead cordial as Gold is; some hold it Cordial by hidden quality, others by Reason, Because it cheers a mans Heart to see he hath gotten Money; an Apish Reason, unbeseeming a Scholer; for Pearls, taken inwardly, cool the Heart, and cheer it exceedingly, and such a frigid Reason will no wayes hold in that; what Medicines do by hidden Quality, is not my task at present, it may be hereafter, only here let it suffice that cool Cordials are such Medicines as are appropriated to the Heart, and let the heart be afflicted with heat, else take them not, for fear of Cordials they prove ruptures, for the heart is maintained by heat and not by cold.

2. Such as Refift Poylon; There is a two fold refifting of Poylon.

1. By an Antipathy between the Medicine and Poyson.

2. By a Sympathy between the Medicines and the Heart.

Of the first we shall speak anon, in a Chapter by it self. The later belongs to this Chapter, and they are such Medicines, whose nature is to strengthen the heart, and fortise it against the Poyson, as Rew, Angelica, &c. For as the operation of the former is upon the Poyson, which afflicteth the heart, so the operation of the latter is upon the heart afflicted by the Poyson.

To this Classis may be referred all such Medicines as strengthen the heart either by Astral influence, or by likeness of substance, if there be such a likeness in Medicines for a Bullocks heart is of like substance to Mans, yet I question whether it be

cordial or not.

3. And lastly, Such as refresh the Spirits, and make them lively and active, both because they are appropriated to that Office, and also because they drive stinking and Melancholy vapours from the heart, for as the Animal spirits be refreshed by fragrant smels, and the Natural spirits by Spices: so are the vital Spirits refreshed by all such Medicines

as keep back melancholy vapours; from the heart, as Borrage, Buglos, Rolemary, Citron peels, the Compositions of them, and many others : which this Treatife will amply furnish you with.

Chap. 4. Of Medicines appropriated to the Stomach.

Y Stomach, I mean that Ventricle Which con ains the Food till it be concocted into Chyle.

Medicines appropriated to the stomach, are usually call'd stomachi-

The infirmities usually incident to the Stomach are three.

1. Appetite loft.

2. Digestion weakned.

3. The recentive Faculty corup-

When Appetite is loft, the man feels no hunger when his Body needs Nourishmenr.

When Digestion is weakned, it is not able to concost the meat received into the stomach, but it putrifies there.

When the retentive Faculty is spoiled, the stomach is not able to retain the Food till it be digefted, but either vomits it up again, or caufeth fluxes.

Such medicines then as remedy all thefe, are called Stomachicals. And

of them in order.

1. Such as provoke Appetite are usually of a sharp or sourish tast, and yet withal of a grateful tast to the Palate, for although loss of Appetite may proceed from divers causes, as from Choler in the stomach or putrified humors or the like, yet usual name Physicians give them, and such things as purge this Choler or thefe alfo are of Three forts.

Humors, are properly called Orc-Eticks, not Stomachicals; the formet ftrengthen Appetite after thefe are

expelled.

2. Such medicines help Digeftion as strengthen the stomach, either by convenient heat or Aromatical (viz. spicy) Faculty, by hidden property or congruity of nature; by which laft the inner skin of a Hens gizzard dried and beaten to powder and taken in Wine in the morning fasting, is an exceeding strengthener of Digestion, because those Creatures lave such strong Digestions themselves.

The retentive Faculty of the Romach is corrected by binding medicines, yet not by all binding medicines neither, for lome of them are adverse to the stomach, but by such binding medicines as are appropria-

ted to the stomach.

For the Use of these.

Ufe, I. Use not fuch medicines as provoke Appetite before you have cleanfed the stomach of what hinders

use 2. Such medicines as help Digestion (which the Greeks call merina) give them a good time before mear, that so they may pals to the bottom of the stomach (for the digestive Faculty lies there) before the Food come into it.

ule 3. Such as strengthen the retentive Faculty, give them a little before mear, If to ftay fluxes; a little after meat, if to ftay vomiting.

Chap. 5. Of Medicines appropriated to the Liver.

DE pleased to take these under the Dname of Heparicks, for that is the

I. Some

2. Others ftrengthen it. 3. Och rs help its vices.

The Palate is the feat of taft, and its Office is to judg what Food is agreable to the flomach, and what not, by hat, is both the Quality and Quantity of Food for the ft mach discerned : the very same Office the M feraik veins perform to the Liver.

Sometimes fuch Food pleafeth the Palace which the Liver likes not . but not often) and therefore the M le i veins retule it, and that's the rea on lome few men tancy fuch Food as makes them fick after the eating thereoi.

1. The Liver is delighted exceedingly wi h fweet things, drawes them greedily, and digesteth them as Swiftly, and that's the reason Honey

fo foon tu ned into Choler. 2. Such Medicines strengthen the Liver, as (being appropriated to it) very gently bind : for feeing the otfice of the Liver is to concoct, it meeds some addriction, that so both the heat and t'e humour to be conrocted may be stayed, that so the one Tip not away, nor the other be fcat-

gered.

Yet do not Hepaticall Medicines require so great a binding Faculty as Stomachicals do, because the paffages of the flomach are more open then those of the Liver, by which it either takes in Chyle, or fends ut b cod to the rest of the bos dy, therefore Medicines that are very bindin g are hurtful to the Liver, and either cause obstructions or hinder the distribution of the Blood, or both.

3. The Liver being very subject oo obstructions, Medicines which

I. Some the Liver is delighted in | withftand obstructions, or open them being made, are truly Hepatical, and they are fuch as cut and exter nuare without any vehement hears (to these we shall speak in their proper places) and yet they retain Faculty both gently binding and clean-

Sometimes Inflammations followed the obstruction, and then must you use Hepatical Medicines, which cool,

cleanse and extenuate.

In using these have a special care that your cooling Medicines be fo tempered with hear, that the digestive faculty of the Liver be not spo.led, and that the De phragma (which is very near unto it) but not fo cooled that it hinder the fetching of the breath.

And thus much for the Liver, the Office of which is to concoct Chyle (which is a white substance the stomach digefts the food into) into Blood and diffribute it by the Veins to every part of the body whereby the Body is nourished, and decaying flesh reftored.

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Chap. 6. Of Medicines appropriated to the Spleen.

IN the breeding of blood, are three Excre ments most conspicuous, viz. urin', Choler, and M. lancholy.

The proper feat of Choler is in the

Gall.

The Urin passeth down to the Reins or Kidneys, which is all one.

The Spleen takes the thickest or

Melancholy blood to it felf.

I hope shortly to give you the Exactest Piece of Anatomy now Extant, in your own Mother Tongue, wherein you may as perfectly fee these & all other internal operations

of your Body, as you can your Fa ces in a Looking-glafs. But to return.

This Excrement of blood is twofold : for either by excessive heat , it is aduft, and this is that the Litines call atia bili. : or eile it is thick and earth'y of it felt, and this properly is called Melenchily humor.

Hence then is the Nature of Splenical Medicines to be found out, and by these two is the Spicen usually afflice : for Atra buss (I know not what d.ft.net English name to give it) many times causes Madnels, and pure M lancholy cauteth obstructions of the Bowels and Tumors, whereby the co coction of the blood is viciated, and gropfies many times follow.

Spleen muft needs be twof ld alfo, Some approprised to Arra bis others to p.r. Melarcho'y; but of parging either of them, I shall omit till ! come to treat of Purging in a Chap

ter by it felt.

1. Such Medicines are Splenical, which by cooling and moiftening temper 4 ra bilis: let not thefe Medicines be too cold neither, for there is no fuch hear in Atra biles as there is in choler, and therefore it needs no fuch exceffive cooling : amongst the number of the are such as we mentioned amongst the Cordials to repel Mela choly Vapor from the Heart, such temper and asswage the Malice of Armbilis.

2 Those Medicines are also Splenical, by which Melaricholy humors they may the more easily be evacuated : tuch Medicine are cutting and opening, and they differ from Hepa-

That they are no ticals in this. wayes binding; for the Spleen being no wayes ado ated to concoction. son bas mrad si co enision M girbaic beog.

2. Sometimes the Spleen is not onlo ob tructed, but alto hardened by Meianchoiy humors, and in such cates Emolitent Medicines may be well called Spenicals, not fuch as are caken inwardly, for they operate upon the ft mach and bowels, but tuch as are outwardly appli'd to the Rogion of the sple.n.

And alth ugh tometimes Medicines are outwardly applied to hardnels of the Liver, yet they differ from Splenicals, because they are binding,

io are not Splenicals.

Medicines then peculiar to the Chap. 7. Of M'ci ines appropriated to the Reins and Bladder.

> THe Office of the Reins is, To make a separation between the Blood and Urin to receive this Urin thus separated from the Block, is the Bladder o dained, which is of a fufficient bignels to contain it, that fo a man may go ab out his business, and not be alwaies piffing.

> Both these parts of the Body officiating about the Urin, they are both ufully afflicted by the vices of the

Urin.

The Urin is of refled.

1. By Stores.

2. By I flam ation.

3. By thick Humors.

Medicines appropriated to the Reins and Bladder are usually called Nephriare corrected and fo prepared, that li I, and are threefold; fome cool, others cut gro's humors and a third fortbreaks the Stone.

In the use of all these, take notice, That the Constitution of the Reins and Bladder is such, that they abhor all binding Medicines, because they

cause stoppage of Urin.

The truth is, I shal speak of all these a part in so many Chapters by themselves, only let it suffice. That Phystrians confess some Medicines perform these by an hidden quality, and
even break the hardest stone; but no
man (they say, because they cannot
themselves) can give a Reason how,
or why they do it.

And secondly Take notice, That the Reins and Bladder being subject to Inflammations, endure not very hot

Medicines.
Thirdly, Because the bladder is further remote from the Centre of the
body then the Kidneys are, therefore
it requires stronger Medicines than
the Kidneys do, lest the strength of
the Medicine be spent before it be
come to the part afflicted.

Chap. 8. Of Medicines appropriated to the womb.

Hele Physicians call Hystericalls, and to avoid Multiplicity of words, take them in this discourse under that notion.

Take notice that such medicines as provokes the terms, or stop them when they flow immoderately, are properly Hystericals. But shall be spoken to by and by in a Chapter by

themselves.

As for the Nature of the Womb, it feems to be much like the Nature of the Brain and Stomach, for experience teacheth, that it is delighted with sweet and Arometical medicines, and flics from their contraries.

For Example: A Woman being troubled with the fits of the Mother, which is drawing of the Womb upwards.apply sweet things, as Civet or the like, to the place of Conception, it draws it down again; but apply stinking things to the Nose, as Assacrida or the like, it expels it from it, and sends it down to its proper place.

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Again, Sometimes the Womb of a Woman falls out ; in such cases , Iweet scents applied to the Nose, and stinking things to the privy passage, reduces it to its proper place again, and this made some Physitians of opinion, that the Womb of a Woman was capable of the sence of Smelling. For my part I believe nothing less: only it doth it by appropriation to that part of the body, for the stomach is also offended with stinking things, not because it smells them , but because they are obnoxious to that part. of the body; judge the like by the Womb; it is offended by flinking things, and strengthened by sweet: for smell is one of the touchstones by which Nature trieth what is convenient for its felf; yet, that the Womb hath much affinity with the Head is most certain and undenjable, by this Argument, Because most Cephalick medicines conduce to the cure of diseases in the Womb, neither is the Womb often afflicted, but the head principally fuffers with it.

Chap. 9. Of Medicines appropriated to the Joynts.

The Joynts are usually troubled with Cephalick diseases, and then are to be cured by Cephalick Medicines.

Me-

Toynts are called by the name of Arthritical medicines.

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The Toynts, feeing they are very nervous, require medicines which are of heating and drying Nature, with a gentle binding, and withal, fuch as by a peculiar vertue are appropriated to them, and add ftrength to them. It is true, most Cephalicks do fo, yet because the Joynts are more remote from the Center, they require stronger medicines.

For removing pains in the Joynts, this is the Method of proceeding.

Pain is either taken way or ealed; for the true cure is to take away the cause of the pain. tometimes the vehemency of the pain is so great, that you must be forced to use Anodines. (for lo Phylicians call fuch medicines as ease pain) before you can meddle with the cause, and this is usually when the part pained is inflamed, for those medicines which take away the cause of pain being very hot, if there be any Inflammation in the part pained, you must abstain from them till the Inflammation be taken away.

Also the manner of easing the pain is twofold, for if you regard only the pain, use Anodines, but if you regard the inflammation, use cooling medicines, because by them not only the heat is affwaged, but also the Flux of Blood to that part is stopped, especially if you mix some repelling medi-We shall speak of all cine with it, these in the next Section.

Only here take notice That fuch medicines a take away the cause of pain from the joints are of very thin substance, and forcible in cutting and drawing; and when you fee the cause

Medicines appropriated to the taken quite away, then use fuch as bind and strengthen the Joynes, that fo you may prevent defluxions for the time to come. And thus much for the fecond Section.

SECT. 3.

Of the Properties or Op erations of Medicines.

"Hat I may be as plain as can be in this (for I defire to be nnderstood of all) I shall divide the Section into these Chapters, 1 3.

Of Medicines.

Emellient.	Chap
Emoulent.	I
Hardning.	2
Leofaing.	3
Miking thin and thick.	4
Opening the Veffels.	5
Attenuating.	6
Drawing.	7
Discussing.	8
Repelling.	9
Birning.	10
Cleanfing.	11
Emplaisticks.	12
Suppuring.	19
Provoking urin.	14
Provoking the Terms.	15
Breeding Milk.	16
Regarding the feed.	17
Eising pain.	18
Dura i a Flatte	-
Gluti viv.	20
S arifying.	
B. Ch. an Dayfor	21
R-fift ng Poyfon.	22
Adorning the Body.	23
Purging.	24

Of all these in order, and in the same order they are set down

Chap. 1. Of Emellient Medicines.

The various mixtures of Heat, Cold, Drinels and Moisture in simples, must of necessity produce vareity of Faculties, and operations in them, which we now come to treat of,

beginning first at Emollients.

What is hard, and what is fost, most men know, but seware able to express. Philosophers define that to be hard, which yields not to touching, & soft to the contrary. An Emollient, or softning Medicine (which is all one) is such a Medicine as reduceth a hard substance to its proper tempesature.

But to leave Philosophy, and keep to Physick: Physitians describe hard-

nels to be two-fold.

I. A distention or stretching of a

part by too much fulness.

2. Thick humors which are destitute of heat, growing hard in that part of the Body into which they flow.

So many properties then ought Emollient medicines to have, viz. To moisten what is dry, to dicuss what is stretched, to warm what is congealed by cold; yet properly, that only is said to mollise, which reduceth a hard substance to its proper temper.

Drines and thickness of Humors being the cause of hardness, Emollient medicines must of necessity be hot and moist; and although you may peraceenture find some of them dry in the second or third Degrees, yet must this dryness be rempered & qualified with heat and moisture, for

Reason will tell you that dry Medicines make hard parts harder.

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Besides, Scirrhous Humors (in which Emoilients are most in use) various Symptomes appear, so that the hardness being not simple, the Emollients are net, nor ought not to be alwayes one and the lame : as for example, sometimes the swelling abounds with moisture, and then the Medicine must be aried, not to mollihe the swelling, but to consume the moisture; Somerimes the humor is lo tough, that temperate Medicines will not ftir it, then must the Medicine be the hotter, thefe things are accidental according as the hnmot offending is; it follows not for all this, that Emollient medicines should not be temperately hot and moist in their own Nature ; for general Rules, are not to be accounted falle, because a man must sometimes fwerve from them: for this is the true use of all Rules, viz. To vary them according the various Symptoms of the disease, and herein is the Judg. ment of the Phyfitians tried.

Lastly Mollifying Medicines are known, 1. By their tast. 2. By their

feeling.

1. In tast, they are neer unto sweet, but fat and Oyly, they are neither sharp, nor austere, nor sour, nor falt, neither do they manifest either binding, or vehement heat, or cold to be in them.

2. In feeling you cannot perceive no roughnels, neither do they stick to your Fingers like Birdlime, for they ought to penetrate the parts to be mollified, and therefore many times if occasion be, are cutting medicines mixed with them.

Chap. 2. Of bardning Medicins.

Galen in lib. 5. de simpl. med. facult. cap. 10. determins hardming Medicines to be cold and moist: and he brings some arguments to prove it, against which other Physitians contest.

I shall not here stand to quote the Dispute, only take notice, That if softning Medicines be not and moist (as we shewed even now) then hardning Medicines must needs be cold and dry, because they are con-

trary to them.

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The universal Course of Nature will prove it: for driness and moisture are passive qualities, neither can extremities consist in moisture as you may know, if you do but consider that driness is not attributed to the Air nor Water, but to the Fire and Earth.

2. The thing to be congealed must needs be moist, therefore the medicine congeating must of necessity be dry: for if cold be joyned with driness, it contracts the Pores, that so the humors cannot be scattered.

Yet you must observe a difference between medicines drying, making thick, hardning and congealing; of which differences, a few words will

not do amiss.

1. Such medicines are said to dry, which draw out, or drink up the moitture, as a Spunge drinks up Water.

2. Such medicines are faid to make thick, as do not consume the moisture, but add driness to it, as you make Syrups into a thick Electuary by adding pouders to them.

3. Such as congeal, neither draw which later is scarce English.

out the moisture, nor make it thick by adding driness to it but contract it by vehement cold, as Water is frozen into Ice.

4. Hardness differs from all theses for the parts of the body swell, and are filled with flegmatick humors, or melancholy blood, which at last grows hard.

That you may clearly understand this observe but these two things.

I. What it is which worketh,

2. What it workerh upon. That which worketh is outward That which is wrought upon. is a certain thickness and driness of humors : for if the humor were fluid as water i, it might properly be faid to be congealed by cold, but not for properly hardned. Thus you see cold and driness to be the cause of hardning. But enough of this perhaps some may think too much) This hardning being so far from being uleful, that it is obnoxious to the body of man. I pals it without more words. I suppose when Galen wrote of hardning medicines, he intended fuch as make thick, and therefore amongst them he reckons up Fleawort, Purslain, Honsleck, and the like which affwage the hear of the humors in Swellings, and ftop fubtil and sharp defluxions upon the Lungs: but of these more anon.

Chap. 3. Of Loofning Medicines.

BY Loofning here, I do not mean Purging nor that which is oppofite to Aftringency: but that which is opposite to firetching. I knew not suddenly what fitter English Name to give it, then loofning and laxation, which later is scarce English.

The

times by cold, fometimes by reple- heat, there by mosture. tion or fulness; tometimes by Swellings, and fometimes by fome of difference is not much, nay, scarce these joyned together. I avoid terms of Art as much as I can, because it would profit my Country but little, to give them the Rules of Phylick in such English as they uncerstand not.

I confess the Opinion of ancient Phylicians hath been various about the'e Looining Medicines. Galens Opinion was, That they might be referred either to moistning, or heating, or mollifying, or evacuating Medicines; and therefore ought not to be referred to a Chapter by them-Telves,

'Tis like they may, and lo may all other medicines be referred to hear, or coldness, or driness, or moisture. But we speak not here of the particular properties of Medicines, but of their joyned properties, as they hear and moisten.

Others they question how they can be distinguished from such as mollifie, feeing fuch as are loofning. them hot and moift.

ning are alcribed to the moveable speake of those Faculties. parts of the Body, as to the Muscles and their Tendons, to the Ligaments to thefe : thefe are cold, and ftop the and Membrane: but loftnels and Pores of the Skin. hardness to such parts of the body as I frings are loofned being stretched. thick.

And if you fay that the difference

The niembers are diftended or | true difference, then take notice that ftretched divers waies, and ought to fuch medicines which loofen, are less be loofned as many : for they are hor, and more moistning than fuch Aretched fometimes by drinefs, fome- as foften : for they operate most by

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The truth is, I am of opinion the finfible between emollient and loofning Medicines, only I quote this in a Chapter by it felf, not so much because some Authors do, as because it conduceth to the increase of knowledg in Physick, for want of which this poor Nation is almost spoiled.

The chief use of Loolning Medicines is in the Convulsions & Cramps, and fuch like infirmities which cause diftention or firetching.

They are known by the very same marks and tokens that emollient medicines are.

Chap. 4. Of Medicines making thin and thick.

Edicines which rarifie or make ' Medicines which which open the Pores of the Skin, and make them They are not to moift as Ewider. mollient medicines are, but of thin and subtil parts. They are hot, but and fuch as are emollient, are both of not fo hot, that they should draw the matter to them, or discuss it, as we To that, thus: Stretching and loof- | shall shew them when we come to

Such as make thick, are contrary

These Galen would have to be may be felt with the hand. I shall moilt, neither is there any difference make it clear by a similitude: Wax between his Description of hardis softned being hard, but Fiddle- ning medicines, and such as make

ufe T. The use of rarifying Melying only in parts of the bedy is no dicines is, to open the Pores of the Skin Skin, and make them wider, that so the vapors arising from blood overheated, may pass out, and that was the reason Wrastlers in ancient times came to their Exercise with their Bodies anointed, that so the vapors caused by stirring their bodies, might pass out, and not cause Feavers, or other mischief to the Bowels by being kept in.

2. Rarifying Medicines conduce much to the mitigation of pain; for the Pores of the Skin being opened, the matter causing the pain is the ea-

fier expelled.

Again, In Swellings, it is not only the plenty of Humors that causeth pain, but the driness, hardness, or stretching of the skin; therefore seeing medicines which rarifie or make thin, do both loosen and molline, they must of necessity by these operations mitigate pain.

Also there is much profit in the use of thickning medicines, for they make the skin firm, thereby not only the better resisting cold, but also they stop too much sweating, and dissolution of the Spirits that way, which often happens to them that

are weak.

Chap. 5. Of Medicines opening the Months of the Vessels.

These Galen thought to be hot, but of thick parts and biring.

Let none admire that thickness should be attributed to medicines of an opening substance, seeing thickness seems rather to stop than to open. For answer to this, you must consider the manner of opening obstructions, and of opening the mouths of the Vessels, is different. Obstructions

tequire cutting medicines, by which the thickness of the matter obstructing is made thinner; therefore the medicine ought not to be thick, but of thin substance, that it may the better penetrate (I do not mean of a thin body, like water, for that caufeth Obstructions rather than take them away, but of thin parts, viz. making thin) But those medicines which are faid to open the mouths or passages of the vessels, are of thick parts, that they may not only penetrate, but also strengthen the paffages by which they pals, therefore Galen besides heat, appoints thickness of parts and tharpnels, or biting, as Pepper bites: for such a sharp hear is very effectual to penetrate, and cannot stop in the least. For although the skin be easily contracted by gentle medicines, the Vestels cannot be thut but by things vehemently binding; and therefore let these medicines of thick substance be also moift : for moifture cannot fo forcibly bind as stop the mouths of the Veffels.

use. The use of opening Medicines may be easily gathered from the use of the Vessels to be opened. For seeing their use is to hold blood, which sometimes offend in quainty, sometime in quality, such infirmities are to be remedied by opening Medicines.

They are easily known by tast, being sharp and piercing, and bite the Tongue: but such as are stopping, are cold and binding, and contract the Tongue in tasting of them,

Chap.

Chep. 6. Of Attenuating Medi-CIACS.

"He use of attenuating Medicines is to open the Obstructions of the Bowels.

The Bowels are obstructed or stopped by tough and vicous Humors; hence then it is clear, that attenuasing or extenuating medicines ought to be thin of substance: but whether they ought all to be hot or not, i some question. For indeed many sold medicins cut tough humors, and open obstructions, as Vinegar, Endive, Succory, and the like. shall not enter into the Dispute here, whether all cold things bind or not; and therefore fome hold Vinegar to be hot in it felf, and cool only by accident. We know Wine is hot, and Vinegar is nothing elfe but corrupputrifaction turns things usually into a contrary quality: and befides, if you ask Physicians how one Simple can perform two contrary operations, they presently run into the old Bush, It doth it (lay they) by a hicden quality.

The use of attenuating Medicines

bad.

Tiet.

Chap. 7. Of Drawing Medicines.

The Opinion of Phylitians is concerning thefe, as it is concerning other Medicine, viz. Some draw by a manitest quality some by a hidden, and to (quoth they) they d'aw to themselves both humors and Thorns, or Splincers, that are gotten into the flesh; however this is certain, they are all of them hot, and of thin parts. Hot, because the Nature of heat is to draw off thin parts, that fo they may penetrate to the humors chat are to be drawn out.

Their use is various, Viz.

ufe 1. That the Bowel may be disburdened of corrupt humor.

2. Outwardly used by them the offending humor (I thould have faid the pecc on humo , had I written only to Scholars) is called from the inted Wine; and we know as well that | ternal parts of the body to the superncies.

> 3. By them the Crifis of a disease is much helped forward

> 4. they are exceeding p ofirable to draw forth poylon out of the body.

5. Parts of the body over-cooled are cured by these medicines, viz. By applying them outwardly to the is to open the Bowels, to cleanfe the place, not only because they heat, Breast of flegm, to expel the Terms but also because they draw the Spirits, by which life and heat are che-Your best course is, first to cleanse rished, to the part of the body which the body by some gentle Purge be- is destruce of them. You cannot but fore you use attenuating medicines, know that many times parts of the least they seize upon the blood, and body fall away in flesh, and their cause Feavers, or other mischiefs as strength decaies, as in some peoples Arms or Legs, or the like, the usual They are in taft, sharp, four, or reason is, Because the vital Spirit bitter : yet such as being tasted, di- decries in those parts, to which use late the Tongue, and contract it fuch Plaisters or Oyntments as are attractive (which is the Physical term

They are known almost by the Same tokens that attenuating Medicines are, feeing hear and thinnels of parts is in them both, they differ only in respect of quantity, thinness of parts being most proper to attenuating medicines; but attractive medicines are hotter.

Chap. 8. Of Discuffive Medicines.

OY Discussive Medicines, I intend D fuch as the Greeks call Stapopultice, commonly Physitians call them by the names of Diaphoreticks; in plain English , they are such medicines as provoke Sweat, or as work by infenfible Transpiration, which is another term they give to Sweating. I quote these terms, and explain them, because I would not have my Countrey-men hood-wink'd with strange terms I am half of opinion it is one way by which they are trained up in flavery.

The nature of discussing (or sweating) Medicines, is almost the same with attractive. For there are no difcuffive medicines, but are attractive; nor scarce any attractive medicine, but is in some measure or other discusting. The difference then is only this, That discussive medicines are hotter than attractive, and therefore quality, they being very hot, and of nothing else need be written of their thin parts, void of any biting quality. Nature.

use. Their use may be known even in tasting of them, from their very name. For Diseases that come by repletion or fulnels,

for drawing medicines) for they do | are cured by Evacuation or emptynot only cherish the parts, by their ing : yet neither blood nor groffe own proper heat, but draw the vital humors are to be expelled by fweate and natural Spirits thither, whereby ing, or infensible transpiration (as they are both quickned and nourish- they call it) but the one requires Blood-letting, the other Purgation : but ferous or thin humours and filthy, vapours, and fuch like superfluities, are to be expelled by fweat; and be wary in this too : for many of them. work violently, and violent medicines are not rashly to be given.

Caut. 2. Befides, Swellings are fometimes made fo hard by fweating medicines, that afterwards they can never be cured. For what is thing being by fuch medicines taken aways nothing but what is perfectly hard remains. If you fear such a thing, mix Emollients with them.

Caut 3. Again, Sometimes by using Discussives, the humours offending (which Physicians usually call the peccant Humour) is driven to some more noble part of the Belly, or elfe it draws more than it discuffeth. In fuch cases, concoct and attenuate the matter offending before you go about to discuss it.

From hence may eafily be gathered at what time of the difeafe discussive medicines are to be used, viz. about the declining of the difeafe, although in diseases arising from heat of blood we fometimes use them in the increase and state of them.

They are known by the fame marks and tokens attenuating Medicines are, viz. by their burning and biting therefore they contract not the tongue

Chap. 9. Of Repelling Medicines. R Epelling Medicines are of con-trary operation to these three last mentioned, viz. attenuating, drawing and discussive Medicines. Tis true, there is but little difference between these three, some hold none at all; and if you will be fo nice, you may oppose them thus. And so medicines making thick, corresport to attenuating medicines, or fuch as make thin : repelling medicines are oppoled to luch as draw, and fuch as retain the humours, and make them tough, are opposite to such as discuss. Some hold this nice ress needless.

2. The sentence of Authors about repullive medicines, is various.

For feeing an Influxion may be caused many waies: a repulsive, hath

got as many definitions.

For fach things as cool, bind, ftep, and make thick, stay Influxions, and therefore Repullives are by Authors opposed, not only to attractives, but alfo to attenuating and discussing medicines.

But properly fuch things are called Repullives, which do not only Stay Influxions (for so do such medicines which stop and make thick) but fuch as drive the humours flowing to, or inherent in the place, to some other place.

The truth is, Binding is inherent to Repullives, fo is not coldness nor making thick. Yet luch as are binding, cold, and thin in operation, are

moft effectual.

Your tafte will find Repulfives to be tart, or sharp, or austere, with a certain binding which contracts the Tongue.

ufe I. Their use is manifold , as in hot Tumours, Head-aches, or the like.

ufe 2. By thele in Feavers are the vapors driven from the Head : Vinc-

gar of Roses is notable.

Time of giving. They are most commodious in the beginning and increase of a Disease, for then Influx-

ions are most rife.

But feeing that in the cure of Tumours there are two scopes. 1. That that which flows to it may be repelled. 2. That that which is already in it may be discussed. Repulsives are most commodioully used in the beginning, Discussives in the later end.

In the middle, you may mix them with this Proviso, That Repulfives exceed in the beginning, Discussives

in the late, end.

Caut. 1. if the matter offending be of a venomous quality, either abftain from Repulfives altogether, or use purging firft, left the matter flie to the Bowels, and prove dangerous, especially if the bowels be weak,

2. Also forbear Repullives, if the

pain be great.

3. Laftly, Have a care left by Repulfives you contract the Pores fo much, that the matter cannot be removed by Discussives.

Chap. 10. Of Burning Medicines.

Cuch Medicines are called by the Greeks Tugorina, that are fo vehement hor, that they burn the skin like fire of scalding water. Phyfirians, to keep the people in ignorance, that fo they may the better make Slaves of them, use the Greek Name [Pyroticks.]

Yet these also are distinguished by their

their degrees : for some are milder, away by fluxion, as a man washeth and only cause redness too, or Bli- the dirt off from a thing. fters upon the Skin. Others burn both Skin and Flesh, and are used to roughness or nitrous quality, carries make Iffues.

use I. The milder are many times used to such Limbs as are wasted

away.

ufe z. To burn off Hair , to diffolve hard and callous Tumours, to confume Warts and Polypus, which is a flethy excrescence growing in the Nose, in the Care of Gouts and Lethargies.

uf: 3. Fiftu'aes and malignant Ulcers are restrained this way, and dangerous defluxions of Humours to the Superficies of the Body, and many things of the like nature.

Caut. 1. Yet must this fort of medicines be used very circumspectly, lest it cause either Feavers or Conyulfions ; therefore ule it not at all till the body be first well purged.

Caut. 2 If you use it to reftore limbs, temper it with milder things. Caut. 3. Laftly, have a care left the parts adjacent be inflamed, which you may both prevent and remedy by anointing them with cool Oyntments.

Chap. 11. Of Cleanfing Medicines.

Leanling medicines can neither be defined by heat nor coldnesse, because some of both forts cleanfe.

A cleanfing Medicine then is of a terrene quality, which takes away the filth with it. and carries it out.

Definition.] Here to avoid confufion, a difference must be made between washing and cleanting.

A thing which washeth, carries

A cleanting medicine by a certain away the compacted filth with it.

This also is the difference between cleanfing and discussing medicines the one makes thick humours thin, and fo scatters them : but a cleanfing medicine takes the most renacious humour along with it, without any alteration.

Besides, Of cleansing medicines, some are of a gentler Nature, which the Greeks cali pulina, fome are more vehement, cailed nadasen nas

These are not known one and the fame way : for fome are fweet, fome falt, and some bitter.

The use of cleansing is external, as the use of Purges internal.

They are used to cleanse the Sanies and other filth of Ulcers, yea, and to confume and eat away the flesh is felf, as burnt Allum, Precipitate,&c.

When these must be used, not only the effects of the Ulcers, but also the temperature of the Body. will tell you.

For if you see either a Disease of fulness, which our Physitians call [Plethora] or corrupted humours which they call [cacochymia] you must empty the Body of these, viz. fulnels by bleeding, and corrupt humours or evil state of the Body, by purging before you use cleanling medicines to the ulcer, elfe your cure will never proceed prosperously.

In the Ulcer, pain to be caseds some part of the Ulcer to be ripened, Flux to be stopped, or Inflammation to be ceased, will indruct a prudent Artificer.

Chap.

Chap. 12. Of Emplaifters.

BY survasing here, do I mean things glutinative, and they are clean contrary to things cleanling.

They are of a far glutinous and

tenacious substance.

They differ from things stopping because they do not stop the Pores so much, as stick to them like Birdlime.

They have a certain glutinous heat, tempered both with coldness and moisture.

From these, Plaisters take their

Names.

Their tast is either none at all, or not discernable whether hor or cold, but fat, insipid, or without tast, or sweet, viscous in feeling.

Their use is to stop flowing of Blood, and other Fluxes, to cause Suppuration, to contain in the heat, that so Tumors may be ripened.

Also they are mixed with other Medicines that they may the better be brought into the form of an Emplaister, and may stick the better to the Members.

Chap. 13. Of Suppuring Medicines.

Hese have a great affinity with Emollients, like to them in temperature, only Emollients are something hotter.

Yet is there a difference as apparent as the Sun is, when he is upon the Meridian, and the use is mani-

fest. For,

Emollients are to make hard things foft: but what suppurates, rather makes a generation than an alteration of the humor.

" Natural heat is the efficient caufe

of Supputation, neither can it be done by any external means.

Therefore such things are said to suppure, which by a gentle heat che-

rish the inbred heat of man.

This is done by fuch Medicines which are not only temperate in heat, but also by a gentle viscosity, fill up or stop the Pores, that so the heat of the part affected be not scattered.

For although such things as bind, hinder the diffipation of the Spirits, and internal heat: yet they retain not the moisture as suppuring medicines properly and especially do.

The hear then of suppuring medicines, is like the internal heat of our

Bodies.

As things then very hot, are ingrateful either by biting, as Pepper, or bitterness: in suppuring medicines, no biting nor binding; no nitrous quality is perceived by the tast (I shall give you better satisfaction both in this and others by and by.)

For Reason will tell a man, that such things hinder rather then help the work of Nature in maturation.

Yet it follows not from hence, that all suppuring Medicines are grateful to the tast, for many things grateful to the tast provoke vomiting, therfore why may not the contrary be?

The most frequent use of Suppuration is, to ripen Phlegmone, a general term Physicians give to all Swellings proceeding of Blood, because Nature is ever apt to help such cures, and Physick is an Art to help, not to hinder Nature.

The time of use is usually in the height of the disease, when the Flux is staied; as also to ripen matter that it may be the easier purged away.

Chap.

Chap. 14. Of Medicines provoking Wrin.

He Causes by which Urin is supprefled, are many.

1. By too much drying or sweat-

ing, it may be confumed.

2. By heat or Inflammation of the Reins, or passages whereby it passes from the Reins, it may be stopped by compression.

Urin is the thinnest part of blood separated from the thickest part in

the Reins.

If then the Blood be more thick and viscous than ordinary, it cannot cafily be separated without cutting and cleanfing Medicines.

This is certain, that Blood can neither be separated nor distributed

without heat.

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Yet amongst Diureticks, are some cold things, as the four great cold Seeds, Winter-cherries, and the like.

Although this icems a wonder, yet it may be, and both stand with truth.

For cool Diureticks, though they further not the separation of the Blood one jot: yet they cleanle and purge the passages of the Urin.

Diureticks then are of two forts.

1. Such as conduce to the leparation of the Blood.

2. Such as open the urinal passages, The former are * biting [* 1 know not a better word for Acer, than biting like Pepper] (and are known by that taft) very hot and cutting, whence they penetrate to the Reins, and cut the grois humors there.

Bitter things, although they be very hot, and cut gross humors: yet are they of a more dry and terrene substance, then is convenient to pre-

voke Urin.

Hence then we may fafely gathers: that bitter things are not lo moift nor penetrating, as fuch as bite like Pepper.

Those cold things which provoke Urin, though they bite not : yet have they a nitrous quality whereby they

open and cleanfe.

For the use of these, the Title wil instruct you; only , least they carry the humors they find in the Veins to the Reins, and so make the stoppage the greater, purge thole places they must pass through, before you administer them.

Chap. 15. Of Medicines provoking the Terms.

Hele Medicines have a great affinity with those aforegoing. For luch as provoke the Terms,

provoke also Urin, their Nature is almost the same, viz. hot and of thin Effence.

Only thus much, to provoke the Terms, not only the Blood is to be attenuated, but the mouths of the Veffels also to be opened.

Such as open thefe Veffels carry a certain terrene quality with thems whereby they not only penetrate; but also penetrating, dilate the Vestels, and carry away the filth with them.

Things provoking the terms, ought to be hot in the third degree, and yet

not very dry.

That there is an appointed time for the Terms to come down, every Woman that is but fixteen years old can tell you.

Be fure you administer the Medicine at the time they should come down, elle you will do no other good than weaken Nature.

Neither must those things be neglected glected, which may bring the body into a fit temper for such a business.

purge them out first before you adm nister hot things, lest you thrust the crude hu nours into the veins.

By avoiding the Menstruz the body is made lighter, and Nature disburdened, Health secured, Alacrity

procured.

The retaining of them breeds Dropfics, Falling-fickness, and other cruel Diseases; yea, sometimes madness. Hypocrates denies any women have the Gout so long as they have the Terms.

Chap. 16. Medicines breeding, or taking away Milk.

Seeing Milk is bred of blood, there is no question to be made but the way to increase Milk, is to increase the blood.

Yet though blood be very copious, it doth not alwaies follow that milk must of necessity be so too: for the blood may be naught, or not fit to be turned into milk, or impedited, that it cannot.

Those things are properly said to breed milk, which breed much blood, and is good, and have a moderate

cutting faculty alfo.

Such things then as breed milk, are hot, and of thin parts: yet differ much from those that provoke urine, or the Terms. The other being vehemently hot, these which breed milk temperately hot.

And if driness be adverse to the provoking of the Terms, certainly it is most adverse to breeding milk.

Medicines which breed milk, are in tast either fat or sweet.

For seeing both Blood and Milk are temperate, or at least very moderately hot, they must be bred of such things as are not unlike to them in Nature.

Such things as lessen milk, must needs be contrary to such things as

encroase it.

This is done by drying or thick-

ning the Blood.

They are known by tast, bitter, sharp, tart, austere, &c. and what-seever is excessive either in the heat or cold.

If the body be full of evil Juice, purge it before you go about to breed milk: for the more you nourish impure bodies, the more you offend them.

Chap. 17. Of Medicines regarding the Seed.

A 5 Milk, so also Seed takes his Original from Blood.

Therefore of necessity nourishing Meats beget much Seed, because

they beget much Blood.

This is the difference between such things as breed milk. and such as breed Seed. Seed requires a more windy blood than the other doth.

For this faculty ought to be in Seed, that being heated with Spirits, it may cause the Yard to stand

Such Medicines are temperately

hot and moift.

Also to provoke one to the sports of Venus, we use such things as stir up the Venerial faculty.

These are hotter than those that encrease Seed: yet not so dry, that they should confume the Seed.

Take notice of this also, That some things dull Venus by cold, and some over-power her by heat.

The

The one of those consumes the Seed, the other makes it torpid and fluggish, staies the Itching.

For the Seed of man is subject to as many contingents as the man him-

felf is.

It is not my scope here to treat of them : for such things as make Seed either thinner or thicker, are not properly said to breed Seed.

be increased, I need say nothing, unless I should say, when a man hath

got a pretty Wench.

If the body be vicious, let it first be purged, let the Seed be increased

before it be provoked.

Biting things leffen the Seed, ftir up the Venerial parts to expulsion, cause itching, or tickling of the Privities; therefore they are good to be uled a little before the act, otherwise the constant use of them, consumes and Scatters the Seed.

Observe thus much, That one and the same medicine doth not fuit with every Complexion. For example. If the person be flegmatick, let the me-

dicine be the horter.

The use of these medicines is the propagation of mankind. For the defire of Children incites many to Copulation: but the pleasure that is in the Act, ten times more.

Chap. 13. Of Medicines eafing Pain.

THere is no dispute of the story, but that which causeth the Disease caufeth pain; as also what cureth the reduced to their natural state.

Difease, easeth the pain.

Yet are those properly called Anodines (which is the Physical term for besides our present Scope. fuch medicines) which barely regard the pain, both cause and discase remaining.

These are temperate for hear, and thin for essence.

For feeing they are to be applied both to hot and cold Effects, they ought not to vary much from temperature.

They fomething excell in hear, and fo they cause pain, because they open the Pores, and loofen the Skin.

But they also cool, because they ·For the time, when Seed should let out those hot fuliginous Vapours

which cause the pain.

Such things as case pain by stupefaction, are called vapualina, not avediva; inielina, not waenyweixa.

They do not take away the pains at all, but either cause fleep, or so dull the Senses, that they cannot feel it.

They are administred at such times when the Symptoms are lo grievous, that they threaten a greater danger that the dilease is.

If in giving them, you fear a greater Fluxion will come to the part afflicted, mix some things with them. which are medicinal for the difeafe.

If the pain lie in the Skin, let the Anodines be liquid, the deeper it lies, the more folid let them be, left their vertue be discussed before they come at the part afflicted.

Chap. 18. Of Medicines breeding

Here are many things diligently to be observed in the Cures of Wounds and Ulcers, which incur and hinder that the Cure cannot be fpredily done, nor the separated paris

Viz. Fluxes of Blood, Inflamation, Hardnels, Pain, and other things

Our present scope is, To shew how the Cavity of Ulcers may be filled with flefh. Such Such medicines are called capro-

TINE Sarcoticks.

This, though it be the work of Nature: yet it is helped forward with Medicines, that the blood may be prepared, that it may the easier be turn d into flash.

These are not medicines which breed good blood, nor which correct ahe intemperature of the place afflicted, but which defend the blood and the Ulcer it self from corruption in breeding Flesh.

For Nature in breeding Flesh produceth two forts of Excrements, viz. ferosous humors, & purulentous dross.

Those medicines then which cleanse and consume, these by drying are said to breed Flesh, because by their helps, Nature performs that office.

Also take notice, that these medicines are not so drying, that they should consume the blood also, as well as the Sanies; nor so cleanling, that they should consume the Flesh with the dross.

Let them not then exceed the first degree, unless the ulcer be very moist.

Their difference is various, according to the part wounded, which ought to be restored with the same Flesh.

The foster then, and tenderer the place is, the gentler let the medicines be.

Chap. 20. Of Glutinative Medicines.

That is the true Cure of an Ulcer, which joyns the mouth of it together.

That is a Glutinative Medicine, which couples together by drying and binding the fides of an Ulcer before brought together. These require a greater drying Faculty than the former, not only to consume what flows out, but what remains liquid in the flesh: for liquid flesh is more subject to flow abroad than to stick together.

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The time of using them, any body may know without teaching, viz. when the Ulcer is cleansed and filled with Flesh, and such Symptomes as

hinder, are taken away.

For many times Ulcers must be kept open, that the Sanies, or fords that lie in them, may be purged out, whereas of themselves they would heal before.

Only beware, left by too much binding, you cause pain in tender parts.

Chap. 21. Of Scarrifying Medicines.

The last part of the Cure of an ulcer, is to cover it with skin, and restore the place to its pristine Beauty.

Such Medicines the Greeks call

Epulotica.

This also is done by things drying

and binding.

They differ from the former thus, in that they meddle with the flesh no further than only to convert it into Skin.

Before you administer Epuloticks, let not only the Ulcer, but the places adjacent be diligently viewed, lest ill Symptomes follow.

Chap: 22. Of Medicines resisting Poyson.

Such Medicines are called Alexiteria and Alexipharmaca, which relift Poyson,

Some

Aftral influence, and Some Phyficians brace them round with a viscous (though but few) can give a reason |quality. of it.

Ranks.

I. Such as strengthen Nature, that so it may tame the Poyson the cafier.

2. Such as oppose the Poyson by

a contrary quality.

3. Such as violently thrust it out

of doors.

Such as strengthen Nature against Poyson, either do it to the Body universally, or else strengthen some Sweat.

particular part thereof.

For many times one particular part of the Body is most afflicted by the Poylon, suppose the Stomach, Liver, Brain, or any other part; luch as cherish and strengthen those parts being weakned, may be faid to refift Poylon.

Such as strengthen the Spirits,

Atrengthen all the Body.

Sometimes Poyfons kill by their quality, and then are they to be cor-

rected by their contraries.

They which kill by cooling, are to be remedied by heating, and the contrary; they which kill by corroding, are to be cured by lenitaves, luch as temper their crimony.

Thole which kill by Induration, or Coagulation, require cutting me-

dicines.

motion, neither stay they in one Physicians confess is hid from their till they have se zed and oppressed eyes; that belongs to my own Mothe Fountain of Life, therefore they | del, which I truft in God I shall have invented another faculty to stay live to perfect. This is that that their motion, viz. Terrene and Em- cure Difeafes per fe, the other per plastick.

Some of these refist poylon by upon these medicines, they em-

Also they say the wayes and pal-These have they forted into three fages are stopped by such means, to hander their proceeding; take Terra

Lemnia for one.

Truly if these Reasons be good, which I leave to future time to determine, it may be done for a little coft.

Some are of opinion, that the fafest way is to expell the Poyson out of the Body fo foon as may be, and that is done by Vomit, or Purge, or

You need not question the time, but de it as foon as may be ; for there is no parlying with Poylon.

Let Vomiting be the first, Purging the next, and Sweating the last. This is general. But,

If thou dost but observe the Nature and Motion of the Venom, that

will be thy best Instructer.

In the stomach it requires Vomiting; in the Llend and spirits, Sweating; if the Body be plethorick, bleeding; if full of evil humours, Purging.

Lally, The Cure being ended,

Arengther he parts afflicted.

Thus our common Phyficians. But out of question, Medicines whose operations by Aftral influence, are both fafeft and spredieft, not only in this but in all other Difeales; but Alto because all Poysons are in this is beside my present icope, and accidens; This Modern's quite neg-For they judge, if the Poylon light lected : fome Ancients were groping ping at it, though left it not to posterity.

Chap. 23. Of Medicines adorning the Body.

Such Medicines as adorn the Body, adding comelines and beauty to it, are called in Greek x00 µs-

Beauty is a bleffing of God, and every one ought to preferve it; they offend as much that neglect it, as they do that paint their Faces.

They are appropriated to the Skin,

Hair and Teeth.

The Skin is peftered with spots, pimples, freckles, wrinkles and Sunburning.

The Hair either falls off, or hangs

not as it should do.

The Teeth are either loofe, or fall

out, or flink, or are black.

Spots and Sun-burning, as also blacknesse of the Teeth, are to be taken away by cleansing Medicines: of which before.

Redness of the Face proceedeth from divers causes, therefore to be

remedied as divers.

If of hear, cool the blood: if it be impacted to the Skin, use extenuating medicines; if of both, use both,

If the failing be extrinsecal, use extrinsecal medicines; if intrinsecal,

let the Remedy be so also.

Wrinkles are taken away by Larative, Lenitive and Emollient me-

For falling off of Hair, correct the pravity of the humour that causeth it.

Gentle heat breeds Hair, and cor-

Drying and binding medicines

Cleanfing things make the Teeth clean, binding things strengthen them, but have a care they have not a blackish quality with them, which is incident to many binding medicines.

Cleaning and discussing medicines take scurf or dandrif from the Head. I

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In all these, see the Bowels clean, else local medicines are applied in vain.

In preserving Hair, only two things are considerable.

1. To contract the Pores.

2. To see that the Hair have nou-

Chap. 24. Of Purging Medicines.

Much jarring hath been amongst Physicians about Purging medicines, namely, whether they draw the humours to them by a hidden quality, which in plain English is, they know not how; or whether they perform their office by manifest quality, viz. By heat, driness, coldness or moisture: It is not my present scope to enter the Lists of a Dispute about the business, neither seems it such a hidden thing to me, that every like should draw its like, only to make the matter as plain as I can, I subdivide this Chapter into these following parts.

1. Cautions concerning Purging.

2. Of the choice purging mediciae;

3. Of the time of taking them.

4. Of the correcting them.

5. Of the manner of Purging.

Cantions

Cantions concerning Purging.

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IN this, first consider diligently, and be exceeding cautious in it too, what the matter offending is, what part of the Body is afflicted by it, and which is the best way to bring it out.

Only here by the way first, have a care of giving Vomits, for they usually work more violently, and afflict the Body more than Purges do, therefore are not fit for weak bodies; be sure the matter offending lie in the tunicle of the stomach, else is a Vomit given in vain.

Secondly, Vomits are more dangerous for Women than Men, especially such as are either with Child, or subject to the Fits of the Mother. This is the first Caution.

Secondly, What Medicine is appropriated to the purging of fuch a humour, for feeing the offending matter is not alike in all, the purging Medicine ought not to be the fame to all. I shall speak more of this anon. As also of the divers waies whereby Medicines draw our or cast our humours, viz. By lenifying, cleanfing, provoking Nature to expulsion, and (which is stranger than the Doctors bidden Quality) some purge by binding, but indeed and in truth such as are properly called purging Medicines, which besides these faculties have gutten another, by which they draw or eall out the humours from the most remote parts of the body, whether thefe do it by hear or by an hidden

quality, Physitians are scarce able to determine, it being very well known to modern Physitians, though the ancient denyed it, that many cold Medicines purge; for my part I shall forbear the Dispute here, not because I am not able to answer it; but because I would train up my Countrymen first a little better in the Grounds of Physick, it being my epinion, That young Physitians as well as young Christians ought not to be led into doubtful Disputations, This is my second Caution.

Thirdly, There is this faculty in all the Purges of Galen's Model (because he gives the whole Simple which must needs consist of divers qualities, because the Creation is made up of and confifts by a a harmony of contraries) there is (Ifay) this Faculty in all Purges of that Nature, that they contain in them a substance which is inimical both to the Stomach and Bowels; And some are of opinion this doth good, namely, Provokes Nature the more to expulsion; the reason might be good if the Foundation of it were so, for by this Reason Nature her felf should purge, not the Medicine; and a Physician who takes his name from ovois, which fignifies Nature, should help Niture in her bufiness, and not hinder her. But to forbear being critical, this substance which I told you was inimical to the Stomach, muft be corrected in every Purge. And this is my third Caution.

Fourthly, The choice of Purging Medicines is very difficult, they are not Physick for every Ignoramus to prescribe, for some purge greatly,

ome

ted to Flegm, some to Choler, some in, and consideration of the business to Melancholy, and some to Water, or serosous humors. Consider this but duly, and withall, what mifchief may accrue by giving a Medicine purging Choler in a Disease proceeding of Flegm or watry humors, you may eafily fee without a pair of Spectacles, that it cannot but weaken the Spirits exceedingly, and abate Natural heat, which is all Nature hath to help her felf in such a cafe, as also hinder the clarification of the Blood which is done by Choler, thereby encreasing the Disease, and opening a gap to let out life, and let in death; It were vain to recite what mischief may follow the giving of violent Purges to weak bodies, or to strong Bodies where the humor offending is not tough and viscous, but flu d and easie to be carried away, I shall touch upon them by and by, only here you may fee reason enough why I am so long upon this inbject.

Laftly, when you perfectly know the humor offending, the convenient medicine, and fit correction for it, the time and manner of using it re-

mains to be inquired into.

These I thought to premile by way of Cantion, before I come to the matter it self intended, and so much the rather, because people from one Generation to another have been fo trained up in ignorance by Physicians, who have absconded the Method of Phylick from them, that new like mad-men (oppression having almost, if not altogether, made them fo) when they aile any thing, they take any Purge what their next can of their Properties. Neighbour adviser them to, right

Some violently , some are appropria- for wrong 'tis no matter, their wit being much at one.

Of the choyce of Purging Medicines.

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X7E told you before, That purging Medicines were appropriated to certain humors, the redundancy or overflowing of which causeth Diseases in the Body of Man; of these such as proceed from Blood, are not to be remedied by Purging.

The Humors to be purged are

Four, Viz.

Flegm. Watery Hamor. Choler. Melancholy.

According to the quality thele, are Purging Medicines to be chosen.

Before I come to them, give me leave to premise one word or two, I shall only here quote purging Simples; before I come now upon the Simples, I shall touch upon the Purging Compounds when I come unto them; and i. any ask why I meddle with no other Medicines than what the Colledg makes use of, tell them the reason is, Because the Colledg have so ordered the matter, that a man can buy no other for his mony.

The most noted qualities of Purging

Medicines.

I shall first give you a Symposis of Joynt-view of purging Simples usually to be had.

Secondly. Speak as briefly as I

Purging Sim- & Gently. ples work & Strongly.

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, Such as work gently, either purge Choler : As

Wormwood, Centaury, Aloes, Hops, Mercury, Mallows, Peach leaves and flowers, Damask Roses, blew Violets, Castia Fistula, Citron Mirobolans, Prunes, Tamarinds, Rhubarbs, Rhapontick, Man-

Purge Flegm. As Hylop, Hedg Hylop, bastard Saffron, Broom flowers, Elder flowers, Myrobalans, Bellerick, Chebs and Emblicks, the feed of baftard Saffron and Broom, Jallap and Mechozean.

watry Humors. The Leaves, Bark and Roots of Elder and Dwarf-Elder or Walwort, Elder flowers, Broom flowers, Agrick, Jallap, Mechoacan, Orris, or Flower-de-luce Roots.

Melancholy. Senna, Fumitory, Dodder, Epithimum, Indian Miro-Lazuli, &c.

Violent Simples purge Choler. As, The Seeds of Spurge, the Bark and Root of the same, Scammony, Elaterium.

Flegm and Water. Elaterium, Euphorbium, Spurge, Opopanax, Sarcocolla, Briony Roots, Turbith, Hermodaails, Colocynthis, wild Cucumers, Sowbread, Mezereon, Squills.

Melancholly. Hellebore white and black.

Secondly, In all these observe, That fuch as are gentle are only to be given to delicate and tender bo-

dies, whether the body be weak naturally, or caused so by fickness; above all, give no Vomits to weak stomachs, for the Fundament is ordained by Nature to avoid the Excrements, and not the mouth, which was ordained to take in, not to yomit out; therefore use Vomits as feldom as may be.

But for the Election of Purges, Let fuch as are appropriated to Flegm and Melancholy be mixed with such things as are thin in substance, and of a cutting quality, because these humors are tough, gentle Medicines will ferve to evacuate Water and Choler usually; I say [ufually] because sometimes water. requires such Medicines, as are of force to call them from the extream parts of the body, and such must needs be violent in operation.

I entreat all young Students in Phylick to be very careful in administring violent Medicines, and that never without the preparation of the balans, Polypodium, Whey, Lapis body beforehand, never unless the humor be so repugnant that it will not vield too gently: And oh! that simple people would learn to be but fo wife as to let them alone, and not take them themselves, the evil they may do them (if not regulated by an abler Brain than dwells in their Skulls) is certain, the good very uncertain; for fuch violent medicines as purge Choler, if immoderately taken, first draw the Choler, then the Flegm, afterwards the melancholy, then they cause Corrolions, and draw the blood: Such as purge Flegm and Water violently when they have drawn that, then they draw the Choler, then Mclan-

Melancholly, they then corrode, | nion, which in no wife holds true and fo either by excoriation or open- in the General, though in some Paring the mouths of the Veins, bloody | ticulars it may. Fluxes also follow, and many times the Discase ends in the Grave; and to also the immoderate Purgation of Melanchely , first draws the Choler (I mean after the Melancholly is evacuated) then Flegm, and ends as the other do. But I think this is enough to wife men. To return.

If you prepare the body beforehand, you will not want inftructions how to do it in the COM-POUNDS) then gentler Medicines will ferve the turn, and therefore such Medicines as purge water, add but cutting medicines to them,

and they purge flegm.

And then again, I defire you to take notice, That such Medicines as have a binding quality in them, are very hurtful to tough Hegm and melancholy, because the humours themselves being tough, they make them the tougher, but they are most proper for Choler and putrified flegm , because the first of them often caufeth defluxions, the second a loofenels.

Again, Another thing I thought good to give notice of , and fo much the rather, because I have feen it printed in English, and heard it contended for by Students in Phyfick, yet is the conceit very dangerous, viz. That the operations of purging medicines may be known by their colours; for, lay they, white medicines purge Flegm; black, Melancholy; and yellow, Choler. I confess, some ancient Physitians were of this Apish Opi-

Of the time of Purging.

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TT was the Opinion of Hypocra-1 205, to prepare the body with hot and cutting Syrups before the purging medicine be given, with this Provise, That the matter be not fo hot that it be thrust into the Veins, and cause Feavers.

If your Purge must be strong, take some lenitive Purge, or elle a Clyfter before you take it, left the paff ges being not opened, the matter being violently expelled, be stopped in its paffage, and so either Cholicks, or vehement Belly-ach, or

worse mischief follow.

Let it be two hours ere you drink, and four or five ere you eat after you have taken a Purge, and let your Stomach be empty when you take them.

1. Lest being mixed with the nourishment they lose their force, and so Nature convert them into nourithment, thereby corrupting the blood.

2. All Purges are enemies to Nature, and if you mix them with food, nature derains them the longer, and by confequence is the more prejudiced them.

3. It is very unfitting to moleft Dame Nature with two several motions at one time, viz. To expell the Purge and the obnoxious humors with it, and also the same time to nourish the body.

As for Lenitives or gentle Purges, and many Pills, they may fafely be taken taken at night, as you were taught in the first part of my Directory, to which I refer you for Directions in all Purges, and I shall have a word for two to say concerning Vomits before I have done this Book: I referre it therefore to its proper place.

I shall here conclude with this Caveat, Never take sweet things after Purges, because the Liver draws them so greedily, that they soon turn the Purge to Aliment, which if any thing will bring mischiefs more than enough to the body, this will.

Of the correcting of Purging Medicines.

IN Purging Medicines are many things considerable, which are either to be helped forwards or corsected; for of Purges, some work too slowly, others too violently.

Or to be a little more distinct, some vices of a Purge may be known before it is given, and others not till after. I shall begin with the first.

There is this almost Properly in all Purges, that they are obnoxious to the Stomach, and indeed to Nature it self, therefore mix some things with them which strengthen the Heart and Stomach.

Again, The gentlest Purges that are, have one discommodity in them, That they are easily turned to wind; therefore mix such things with them as expell wind (the former Rules amongst the Simples, will furnish you with enough, and more than enough of either) for although

taken at night, as you were taught they be not windy of themselves, yet in the first part of my Directory, to by their heat they stir up wind, which I refer you for Directions in though they meet with Flegm or all Purges, and I shall have a word Melancholy.

Violent Purges by their acrimony or sharp gnawing quality, are inimical to the bowels, which must in no wise be corrected with Physicks, for that will mend them as the Fletcher mends his Bolt, viz. Spoil all, and that by keeping them so long in the body: such things as make slippery, lenisie, and something thicken, are proper corrigents for them; such are Quince seeds, Mallows, Gum Tragacanth, and the like.

After the Purge is given, it may offend on either hand, viz. By working either not at all, or not violently: If it work not at all, take hot Broths; If they will not do the deed, use a Clyster.

Various and manifold are the evils that a Purge working too violently, may afflict upon the body of Man; and very dangerous; for such may produce these, or any of these consequences, and poor silly people that take them, never know whence they come.

- I. Feavers.
- 2. Vehement Head-ach.
- 3. Vertigo, or Diziness in the Head.
- 4. Weakness of Sight.
- 5. Weakness of Digestion.
- 6. Loss of Appetite.
- 7. Ulcers in the Bowels.
- 8. Hiccoughs.
- 9. Bloody Fluxes.
- 10. Tenalmus.
- 11. Weakness of the Body.
- 12. Convulsions.

If you feel these, or any of these Symptomes after purging, you may give a shrewd guels, either your Purge was not proper for your Disease, or else wrought too violently.

It is not my present Task to shew you how to remedy these, the Table at the lower end will instruct you with medicines for each, and you cannot be more unwilling to pay for one thing twice, than I am

to write it.

For preventing such evils as these are, (or others which perhaps a man might find in Authors) accept of these following Aphorisms.

i. Be sure you strengthen the heart, for if that fail, all will be

manghr.

2. When you perceive your Purge works too violently, you may then know nature hath got an enemy that is too hard for her , therefore make as much haft as you can en expel him , case your body of the purge fo foon as you can, for the longer it stayes in your body, the more inimical it proves, either poiforing it, or leaving fuch lymptoms behind it, as we mentioned even now, which may be done by drinking much Barley-water (or for want of it, take any warm water that is clean, as Spring water, or the like) wherein the feeds of flower, or Quince feeds, or Gum Tragacanth is diffolved, for that makes she paf-Sages Slippery, and hinders excuriation of the Bowels: Country people that know not how to get thele, may boil two handfuls of Mallows in a quart of water to a pint, and drink it up, if that help not, let them, drink another.

3. If you find the mouths of the the veins be opened, which you may know if much blood come from you without any skins, then take a Clyafter made only of new milk, a dram of Mastick in powder being added to it.

4. Oil of sweet Almonds taken inwardly, an ounce at a time, and as often as you will, is excellent in such a case, but let it be new drawn.

5. Juice of Quinces, Syrup of Quinces, preserved Quinces, or that which in Suffex the Gentry call Marmalade, is very good: according to Mesue in such a case to be taken often.

6. Anoint the Belly and Stomach with Oil of Roses as hot as can be endured, after which sprinkle the powder of Mastich, or for want of it, Powder of Galls, or red Rose leaves upon them; if you apply any Rose Cake to the Belly in such a ease, it would do good.

Lastly, If for all this the matter grow desperate, and will not be stopped, Mesue leaves two remedies more, which he desires may be the last that are used; and truly so do I, only I shall quote his last first, because I hold it (of the two) the safest.

His last (but my first) is this: To take three grains of Laudanum, or if your body be weak, but

two.

The Second is, To take a Vomit, thereby to divert the Humours from their-unbridled Course downwards.

Of the Way, or Manner of Purging.

/Arious is the way and manner of Purging, according to the variety of the Humor offending; concerning which take thele few and brief Rules, which may ferve you as a Cardle and Lanthorn to light you through the dark Mist of your which Physicians have inverse in, till fuch time as : " Sun agat begin to rife upo. o.

I. : mors be to be drawn r's of the Body, as from re the lind, orm . Feet, or the like, let the Perg se made up in a hard form, as Puls are, for by that means it states the I nger in the Body, and is in all Resfor therefore the better

able to perfor mir. Ofice.

2. If the afflicting humer lye in the Bowels, or parts adjacent, use liquid medicines, for they operate speedieft, and the bowels are foon hurt by purging medicines.

3. The Infution of fuch medicines! as leave a binding Quality behind | concerning Compounds.]

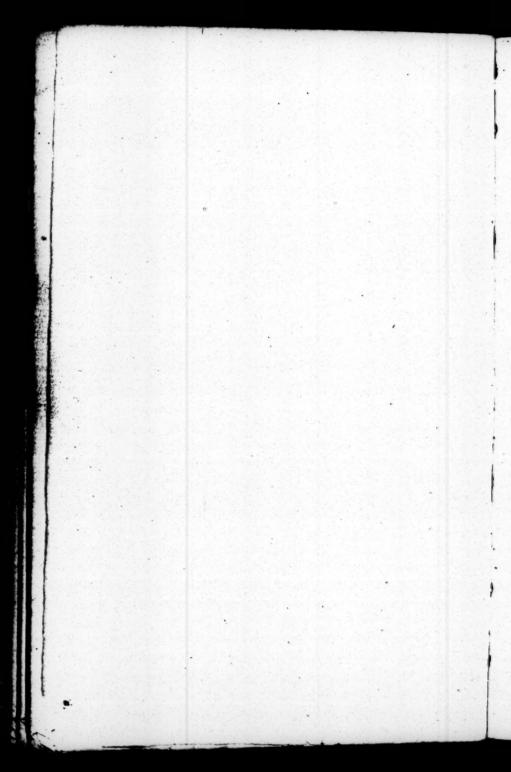
them, or their decoction is most fitting to be used, for it is the earthy quality of them which binds, much of which is cast away in an Infusion or Decoction, but all of it taken if you take the body of the simple.

Such purging medicines as do leave a binding quality behind them, the chiefest of them are these: Alves, Wormwood, Dimask Rofes, Rhubarb. Rhapontick, all the five forts of Mirobalans, Prines, Tamariads, &c.

If the matter be tough, vicous, and of long continuance, it is impossible to carry it away all at once; your way then is to take gentle purges, and take them often; for if the purge be too ftrong, it will weaken Nature fo, that the House (I mean the Body) will fall down betere you can cleanse it of the filth; and of fuch a nature usually is Melancholy.

As for the doses of Purges, it is impossible to prescribe such general Rules, but they must of necessity do far more harm than good : for particulars, you may if you please, find them in the first part of the Book concerning Simples, and in that part

FINIS.



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ken of in that Page. And so is the rest.

FINIS.